





Event-Sourced Monitoring of Your HTCondor Cluster

Kevin Retzke **HTCondor Week** 23 May 2019

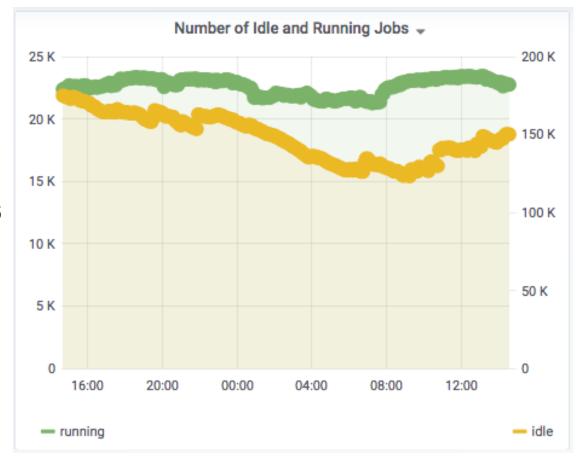
"Traditional" Sample-Based Monitoring

Collect metrics (e.g. how many jobs are running) at regular

intervals

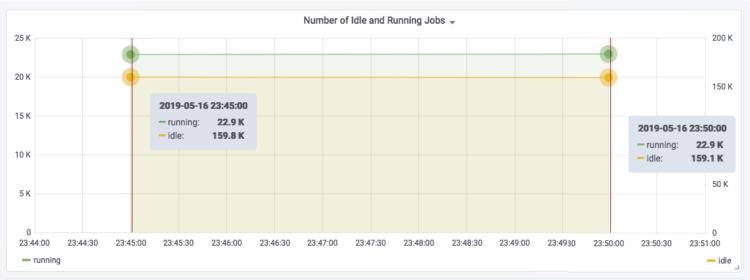
- Historical trends
- Throughput
- Usage by user
- Health
- You already do this



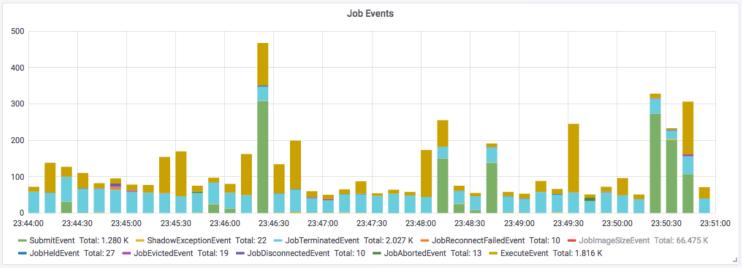




What happens between samples?



A Lot!





Event-Based Monitoring

- Event Sourcing: collecting and storing every *change* to the state of a system instead of or in addition to storing the current state.
 - "realtime" data with minimal collection lag. Collecting thousands of metrics for hundreds of thousands of jobs can take a while.
 - "infinite" granularity, down to the precision of your timestamps (I can has millis?).
 - Numerous open-source tools for working with event data, e.g.
 - Kafka https://kafka.apache.org/
 - Spark Streaming https://spark.apache.org/streaming/
 - Faust https://faust.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
 - State can be determined at any point of time...



Tracking State

... if you have the state corresponding to some *exact* known point in your events.

... and you aren't missing any events.



...let's focus on using events directly

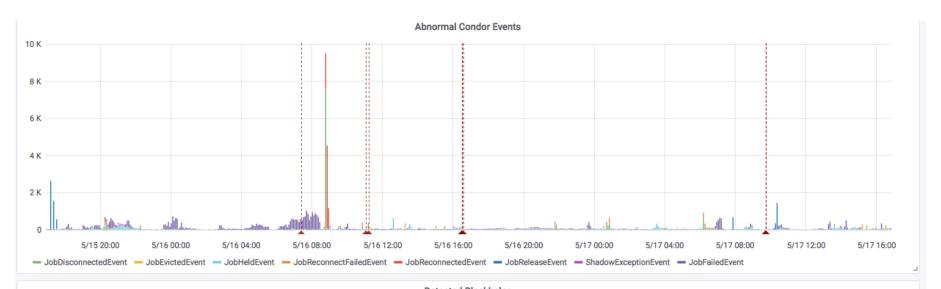
(for now – there are some interesting tools in this area, e.g. https://eventstore.org/ that I want to explore more)

Use Case: "Blackhole" Node Detection

- Fact: computers break
- How can we detect a bad worker node (often at another site*), that is causing jobs to fail, and stop sending jobs there before it sucks up the entire queue (hence "blackhole")?
- Events provide the perfect data set to monitor for blackholes.
 - Lots of failing jobs
 - No successful jobs
 - Held jobs
 - Shadow exceptions
 - Disconnections
 - No events



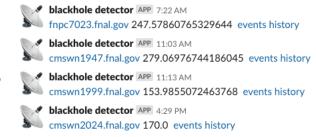
^{*} But never at UW



Detected Blackholes			
Time ▼	name	reason	
2019-05-17 09:42:48	cmswn2025.fnal.gov	{"no_successful_jobs": 11.0, "disconnections": 0, "fail": 0.0, "hold_manual": 0.0, "hold_other": 11.0, "hold_resources": 0.0, "hold_starter": 0}	
2019-05-17 09:42:48	cmswn2021.fnal.gov	{"no_successful_jobs": 0.0, "disconnections": 0, "fail": 0.0, "hold_manual": 0.0, "hold_other": 11.0, "hold_resources": 0.0, "hold_starter": 0}	
2019-05-17 09:42:48	cmswn2019.fnal.gov	{"no_successful_jobs": 11.0, "disconnections": 0, "fail": 0.0, "hold_manual": 0.0, "hold_other": 11.0, "hold_resources": 0.0, "hold_starter": 0}	
2019-05-17 09:42:48	cmswn2023.fnal.gov	{"no_successful_jobs": 0.0, "disconnections": 0, "fail": 0.0, "hold_manual": 0.0, "hold_other": 11.0, "hold_resources": 0.0, "hold_starter": 0}	

Monitor in Grafana

Send alerts to Slack (or email, or ticket, etc)





Use Case: Is My Submission Done Yet?

- How do you quickly determine the status of hundreds of submissions (a cluster or DAG) with thousands of jobs each, as fast as a user can push F5, without overwhelming your schedds?
- Count the events:

Ah! Ah! I love to count!

SubmitEvents <= JobTerminatedEvents+JobAbortedEvents

 Or if you want to consider it done when all the jobs are terminated or held:

SubmitEvents <= JobTerminatedEvents+(JobHeldEventsJobReleaseEvents)+JobAbortedEvents</pre>



HOWTO: Enable in HTCondor

 Enable global event log in schedd, just set the path and file name:

```
EVENT_LOG = /var/log/condor/EventLog
```

 Add additional ClassAd attributes (optional, but recommended, and required for our logstash config):

- Note that this adds a second "information" event for every trigger event.
- May need to add machine attributes to job ClassAds:

```
SYSTEM_JOB_MACHINE_ATTRS = Machine
```

Job event log code reference:
 http://research.cs.wisc.edu/htcondor/manual/current/JobEventLogCodes.html#x181-1245000B.2



Sample Event

Job ID Timestamp

```
001 (18938569.000.000) 05/20 12:14:51 Job executing on host:
<131.225.167.107:9618?addrs=131.225.167.107-
9618&noUDP&sock=13725 c970 3>
028 (18938569.000.000) 05/20 12:14:51 Job ad information event
triggered.
Proc = 0
MachineAttrMachine0 = "fnpc7212.fnal.gov"
EventTime = "2019-05-20T12:14:51"
TriggerEventTypeName = "ULOG_EXECUTE"
Jobsub Group = "sbnd"
MachineAttrGLIDEIN Site0 = "FermiGrid"
TriggerEventTypeNumber = 1
ExecuteHost = "<131.225.167.107:9618?addrs=131.225.167.107-
9618&noUDP&sock=13725 c970 3>"
JobCurrentStartDate = 1558372490
MyType = "ExecuteEvent"
Owner = "aezeribe"
MachineAttrGLIDEIN ResourceName0 = "GPGrid"
Cluster = 18938569
Subproc = 0
EventTypeNumber = 28
```

Job Execute Event "trigger event"

Information Event



HOWTO: Collect Events

- Logstash: Swiss Army Knife of data
 - https://www.elastic.co/products/logstash
 - Config: https://github.com/fifemon/logstash-config/blob/master/condor.logstash.conf
- File input

```
path => "/var/log/condor/EventLog"
```

Split events

```
delimiter => "
```

 Combine multiple lines: any line that doesn't begin with a number belongs to the previous event.

```
codec => multiline {
    pattern => "^[^\d]"
    what => "previous"
}
```



HOWTO: Process events

Grok filter to match events

```
match => {
     "message" => [
          "%{CONDOR EVENT:event}
%{DATA:event message}\n%{GREEDYDATA:event body}",
           "%{CONDOR EVENT:event} %{DATA:event message}"
```

Grok patterns to get job ID and timestamp from each event

```
CONDOR TIMESTAMP %{MONTHNUM}/%{MONTHDAY} %{TIME}
CONDOR EVENT %{INT:event code}
\(%{INT:cluster:int}\.%{INT:process:int}\.%{INT:subprocess:int}\)
%{CONDOR TIMESTAMP:condor timestamp}
```

https://github.com/fifemon/logstash-config/blob/master/patterns/condor

HOWTO: Combine Events

Aggregate filter: Save trigger event

```
task_id => "%{cluster}.%{process}.%{subprocess}"
code => "map['trigger_event_message']=event['message']"
map_action => "create"
```

Aggregate filter: Add trigger event to information event

```
task_id => "%{cluster}.%{process}.%{subprocess}"
code => "event['trigger_event_message']=map['trigger_event_message']"
map_action => "update"
end_of_task => true
timeout => "60"
```

Grok patterns to pull interesting fields from trigger event

```
match => {
    "trigger_event_message" => [
        "%{CONDOR_EVENT_001}",
        "%{CONDOR_EVENT_006}",
        ...
```

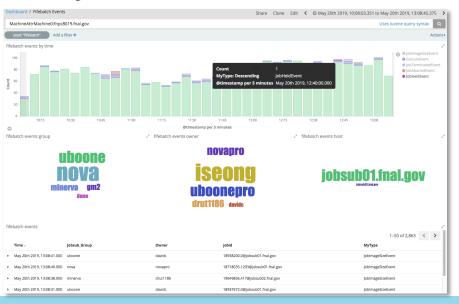


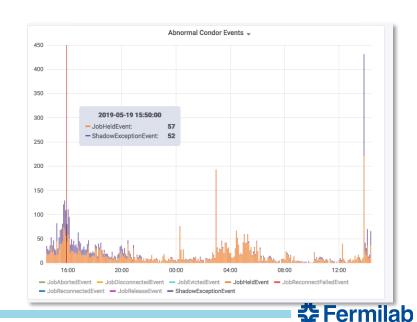
HOWTO: Store and Analyze Events

Store in Elasticsearch

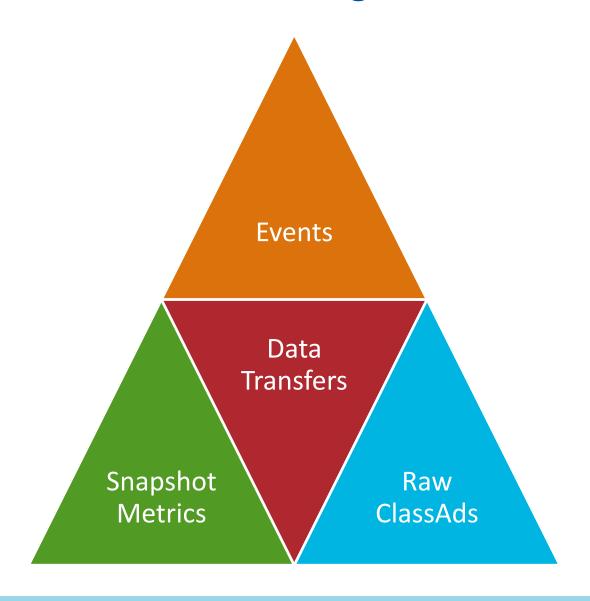
```
Output {
    elasticsearch {
        hosts => [ "localhost:9200" ]
        index => "condor-events-%{+YYYY.MM}"
```

Analyze in Kibana and Grafana





Holistic HTCondor Monitoring





Other Parts of Holistic Monitoring at Fermilab

- Snapshot metrics to time-series database
 - https://github.com/fifemon/probes
 - (several forks with different features, some efforts to merge)
- Job history collection to elasticsearch with filebeat and logstash
- Raw classad collection to elasticsearch with condorbeat
 - https://github.com/retzkek/condorbeat
- Data transfers very little through HTCondor itself
 - Client log (IFDH) through rsyslog to elasticsearch with logstash
 - dCache transfer history to elasticsearch with logstash
- Everything routed through Kafka for resilience, replaying, testing, etc.



