

# Interpretation of Higgs data within the SMEFT

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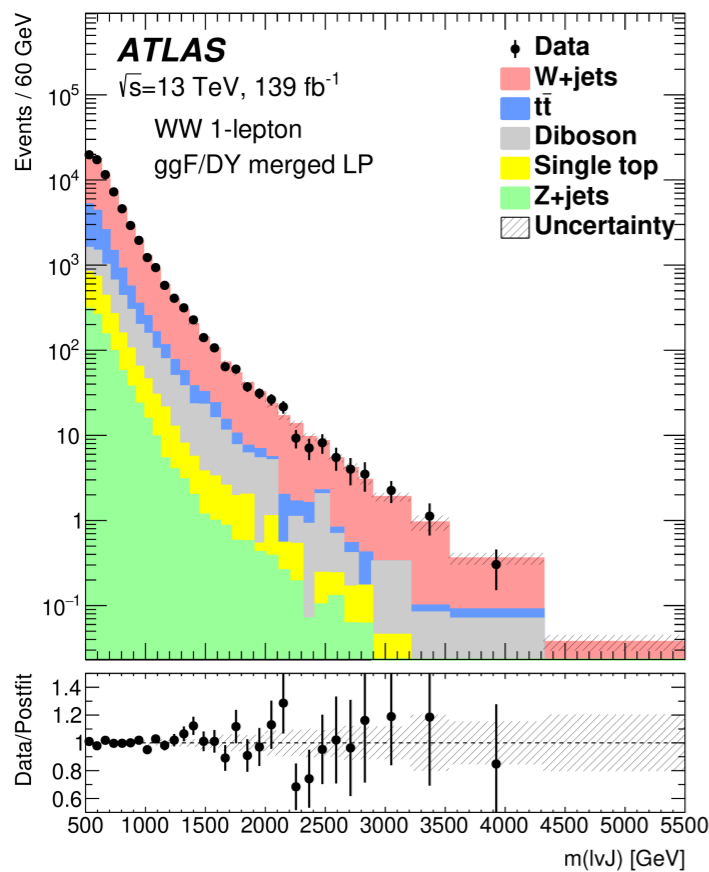
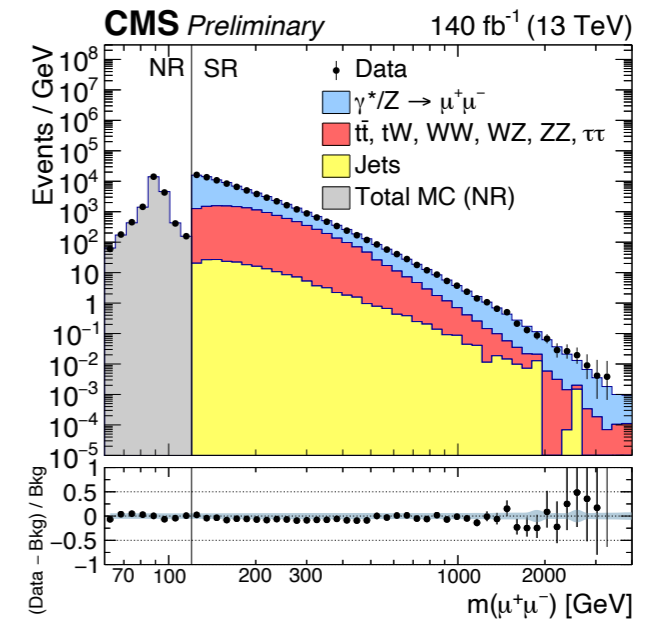
[J. Ellis, M. Madigan, KM, V. Sanz & T. You; JHEP 04 (2021) 279]

*fitmaker* <https://gitlab.com/kenmimasu/fitrepo>

# Where are we?

10 years since the Higgs discovery

- No clear sign of new physics at the TeV scale
- Direct searches are saturating the energy frontier



[CERN-EP-2020-049]

## ATLAS Exotics Searches\* - 95% CL Upper Exclusion Limits

Status: May 2020

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (3.2 - 139) \text{ fb}^{-1}$

ATLAS Preliminary

$\sqrt{s} = 8, 13 \text{ TeV}$

Model	$\ell, \gamma$	Jets <sup>†</sup>	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Limit	Reference
<b>Extra dimensions</b>						
ADD $G_{KK} + g/q$	$0 e, \mu$	$1-4 j$	Yes	36.1	$M_D$ 7.7 TeV	$n=2$
ADD non-resonant $\gamma\gamma$	$2 \gamma$	-	-	36.7	$M_S$ 8.6 TeV	$n=3$ HLZ NLO
ADD QBH	-	$2 j$	-	37.0	$M_{\text{th}}$ 8.9 TeV	$n=6$
ADD BH high $\Sigma p_T$	$\geq 1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	-	3.2	$M_{\text{th}}$ 8.2 TeV	$n=6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV, rot BH}$
ADD BH multijet	-	$\geq 3 j$	-	3.6	$M_{\text{th}}$ 9.55 TeV	$n=6, M_D = 3 \text{ TeV, rot BH}$
RS1 $G_{KK} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$2 \gamma$	-	-	36.7	$G_{KK} \text{ mass}$ 4.1 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{\text{pl}} = 0.1$
Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WW/ZZ$	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	$G_{KK} \text{ mass}$ 2.3 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{\text{pl}} = 1.0$
Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow WV \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$	$1 e, \mu$	$2 j / 1 J$	Yes	139	$G_{KK} \text{ mass}$ 2.0 TeV	$k/\bar{M}_{\text{pl}} = 1.0$
Bulk RS $G_{KK} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 J/2 j$	Yes	36.1	$G_{KK} \text{ mass}$ 3.8 TeV	$\Gamma/m = 15\%$
2UED / RPP	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 b, \geq 3 j$	Yes	36.1	$KK \text{ mass}$ 1.8 TeV	Tier (1,1), $\mathcal{B}(A^{(1,1)} \rightarrow t\bar{t}) = 1$
<b>Gauge bosons</b>						
SSM $Z' \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2 e, \mu$	-	-	139	$Z' \text{ mass}$ 5.1 TeV	
SSM $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$2 \tau$	-	-	36.1	$Z' \text{ mass}$ 2.42 TeV	
Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	-	$2 b$	-	36.1	$Z' \text{ mass}$ 2.1 TeV	
Leptophobic $Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	$0 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 2 J$	Yes	139	$Z' \text{ mass}$ 4.1 TeV	$\Gamma/m = 1.2\%$
SSM $W' \rightarrow \ell\nu$	$1 e, \mu$	-	Yes	139	$W' \text{ mass}$ 6.0 TeV	
SSM $W' \rightarrow \tau\nu$	$1 \tau$	-	Yes	36.1	$W' \text{ mass}$ 3.7 TeV	
HVT $W' \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow \ell\nu q\bar{q}$ model B	$1 e, \mu$	$2 j / 1 J$	Yes	139	$W' \text{ mass}$ 4.0 TeV	$g_V = 3$
HVT $V' \rightarrow WV \rightarrow qq\bar{q}\bar{q}$ model B	$0 e, \mu$	$2 J$	-	139	$V' \text{ mass}$ 3.8 TeV	$g_V = 3$
HVT $V' \rightarrow WH/ZH$ model B	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	$V' \text{ mass}$ 2.93 TeV	$g_V = 3$
HVT $W' \rightarrow WH$ model B	$0 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 2 J$	-	139	$W' \text{ mass}$ 3.2 TeV	$g_V = 3$
LRSM $W_R \rightarrow t\bar{b}$	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	$W_R \text{ mass}$ 3.25 TeV	
LRSM $W_R \rightarrow \mu N_R$	$2 \mu$	$1 J$	-	80	$W_R \text{ mass}$ 5.0 TeV	$m(N_R) = 0.5 \text{ TeV, } g_L = g_R$
<b>CI</b>						
CI $qq\bar{q}\bar{q}$	-	$2 j$	-	37.0	$\Lambda$ 21.8 TeV	$\eta_{LL}$
CI $\ell\ell q\bar{q}$	$2 e, \mu$	-	-	139	$\Lambda$ 35.8 TeV	$\eta_{LL}$
CI $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$	$\geq 1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	$\Lambda$ 2.57 TeV	$ C_{41}  = 4\pi$
<b>DM</b>						
Axial-vector mediator (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	$1-4 j$	Yes	36.1	$m_{\text{med}}$ 1.65 TeV	$g_q = 0.25, g_\ell = 1.0, m(\chi) = 1 \text{ GeV}$
Colored scalar mediator (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	$1-4 j$	Yes	36.1	$m_{\text{med}}$ 1.67 TeV	$g = 1.0, m(\chi) = 1 \text{ GeV}$
$VV\chi\chi$ EFT (Dirac DM)	$0 e, \mu$	$1 j, \leq 1 j$	Yes	3.2	$M_\chi$ 700 GeV	$m(\chi) < 150 \text{ GeV}$
Scalar reson. $\phi \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (Dirac DM)	$0-1 e, \mu$	$1 b, 0-1 j$	Yes	36.1	$m_\phi$ 3.4 TeV	$y = 0.4, \lambda = 0.2, m(\chi) = 10 \text{ GeV}$
<b>LQ</b>						
Scalar LQ 1 <sup>st</sup> gen	$1, 2 e$	$\geq 2 j$	Yes	36.1	$LQ \text{ mass}$ 1.4 TeV	$\beta = 1$
Scalar LQ 2 <sup>nd</sup> gen	$1, 2 e$	$\geq 2 j$	Yes	36.1	$LQ \text{ mass}$ 1.56 TeV	$\beta = 1$
Scalar LQ 3 <sup>rd</sup> gen	$2 \tau$	$2 b$	-	36.1	$LQ \text{ mass}$ 1.03 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^+ \rightarrow b\bar{r}) = 1$
Scalar LQ 3 <sup>rd</sup> gen	$0-1 e, \mu$	$2 b$	Yes	36.1	$LQ \text{ mass}$ 970 GeV	$\mathcal{B}(LQ_3^+ \rightarrow t\bar{r}) = 0$
<b>Heavy quarks</b>						
VLQ $TT \rightarrow Ht/Zt/Wb + X$	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	$T \text{ mass}$ 1.3 TeV	SU(2) doublet
VLQ $BB \rightarrow Wt/Zb + X$	multi-channel	-	-	36.1	$B \text{ mass}$ 1.34 TeV	SU(2) doublet
VLQ $T_{5/3} T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt + X$	$2(SS) \geq 3 e, \mu \geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	$T_{5/3} \text{ mass}$ 1.64 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(T_{5/3} \rightarrow Wt) = 1, c(T_{5/3} Wt) = 1$	
VLQ $Y \rightarrow Wb + X$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	36.1	$Y \text{ mass}$ 1.85 TeV	$\mathcal{B}(Y \rightarrow Wb) = 1, c_R(Wb) = 1$
VLQ $B \rightarrow Hb + X$	$0 e, \mu, 2 \gamma$	$\geq 1 b, \geq 1 j$	Yes	79.8	$B \text{ mass}$ 1.21 TeV	$x_B = 0.5$
VLQ $QQ \rightarrow WqWq$	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 4 j$	Yes	20.3	$Q \text{ mass}$ 690 GeV	
<b>Excited fermions</b>						
Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow qg$	-	$2 j$	-	139	$q^* \text{ mass}$ 6.7 TeV	only $u^*$ and $d^*$ , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$
Excited quark $q^* \rightarrow q\gamma$	$1 \gamma$	$1 j$	-	36.7	$q^* \text{ mass}$ 5.3 TeV	only $u^*$ and $d^*$ , $\Lambda = m(q^*)$
Excited quark $b^* \rightarrow b\gamma$	-	$1 b, 1 j$	-	36.1	$b^* \text{ mass}$ 2.6 TeV	
Excited lepton $\ell^*$	$3 e, \mu$	-	-	20.3	$\ell^* \text{ mass}$ 3.0 TeV	$\Lambda = 3.0 \text{ TeV}$
Excited lepton $\nu^*$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	-	-	20.3	$\nu^* \text{ mass}$ 1.6 TeV	$\Lambda = 1.6 \text{ TeV}$
<b>Other</b>						
Type III Seesaw	$1 e, \mu$	$\geq 2 j$	Yes	79.8	$N^0 \text{ mass}$ 560 GeV	
LRSM Majorana $\nu$	$2 \mu$	$2 j$	-	36.1	$N_R \text{ mass}$ 3.2 TeV	$m(W_R) = 4.1 \text{ TeV, } g_L = g_R$
Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\ell$	$2, 3, 4 e, \mu$ (SS)	-	-	36.1	$H^{\pm\pm} \text{ mass}$ 870 GeV	DY production
Higgs triplet $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau$	$3 e, \mu, \tau$	-	-	20.3	$H^{\pm\pm} \text{ mass}$ 400 GeV	DY production, $\mathcal{B}(H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \ell\tau) = 1$
Multi-charged particles	-	-	-	36.1	multi-charged particle mass 1.22 TeV	DY production, $ q  = 5e$
Magnetic monopoles	-	-	-	34.4	monopole mass 2.37 TeV	DY production, $ g  = 1g_D, \text{spin } 1/2$

[ TeV ] : 1 3 5 10

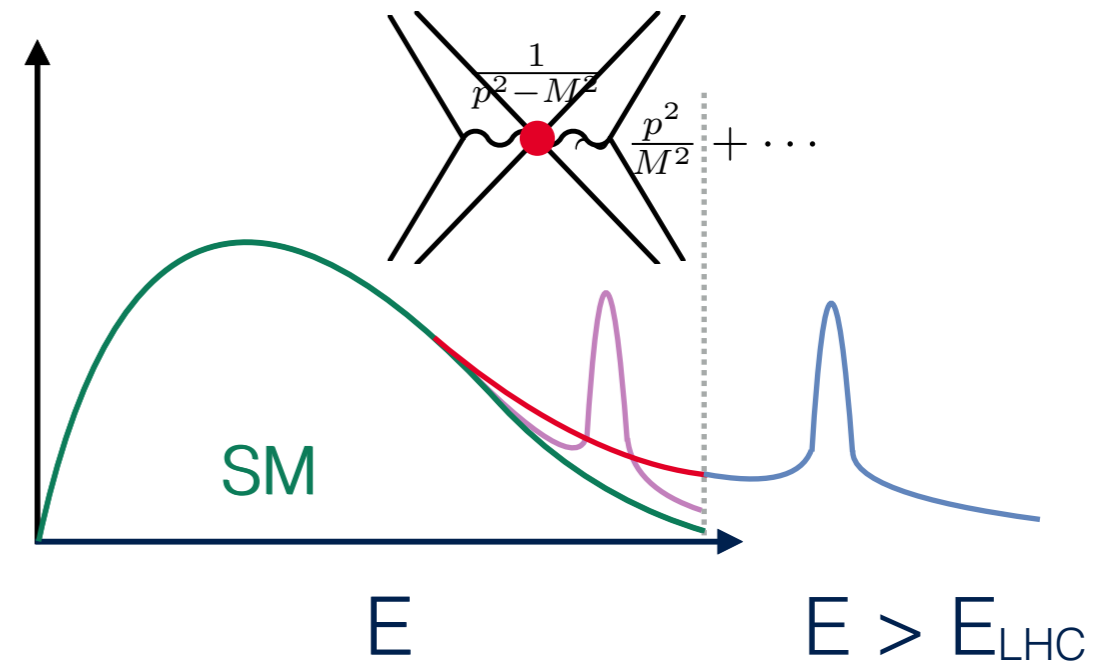
# Energy & precision

Paradigm shift at the energy frontier for BSM searches

Direct (bumps)

Indirect (tails)

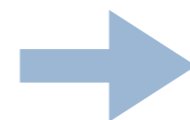
⇒ New physics is heavy



Heavy new physics

Precision measurements

High energy



**Standard Model  
Effective Field Theory  
(SMEFT)**

A QFT parameter space for BSM interactions between SM particles

# SMEFT: SM v2.0

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \sum_i \frac{c_i \mathcal{O}_i^D}{\Lambda^{D-4}}$$

SM is low energy effective description

- Supplemented by a tower of irrelevant operators
- Respecting low energy field content & symmetries

$$\text{SU}(3)_c \times \text{SU}(2)_L \times \text{U}(1)_Y$$

$$\varphi = \begin{pmatrix} G^+ \\ v + h + iG^0 \end{pmatrix} : \mathbf{2}_{\frac{1}{2}}$$

aTGC

$$X^3 : \epsilon_{IJK} W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{J,\nu\rho} W_{\rho}^{K,\mu}$$

$$X^2 H^2 : (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^2 G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$$

ggh(h)

$\lambda_h$

$$H^6 : (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$$

$$H^4 D^2 : (\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)$$

$\delta M_Z$

$y_f$

$$\psi^2 H^3 : (\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^2 (\bar{q}_i u_j \tilde{\varphi})$$

$$\psi^2 XH : (\bar{q}_i \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_j \tilde{\varphi}) B_{\mu\nu}$$

'dipole'

ffV

$$\psi^2 H^2 D : (\varphi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^\mu q_j)$$

$$\psi^4 : (\bar{q}_i \gamma^\mu q_j) (\bar{q}_k \gamma_\mu q_l)$$

4F

More than 'just' a parametrisation of ignorance

- **Unlike** anomalous couplings
- **Renormalisable** QFT (order-by-order)
- **Finite energy range** ( $\sim \Lambda$ )
- Well defined **matching** procedure



# SMEFT is...

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \sum_i \frac{c_i \mathcal{O}_i^D}{\Lambda^{D-4}}$$

## Model independent

- Underlying assumptions

*Heavy new physics:  $M > E_{\text{exp}}$   
SM field content & gauge symmetries  
Linear EWSB: Higgs = doublet*

## Systematically improvable

- Double expansion *higher dim.*  $\frac{E^2}{\Lambda^2}$  &  $\{g_s, g, g'\}$  *more loops*

## Global

- *Model independence*: we don't know what operators NP will generate
- *Patterns & correlations* among operators & observables are key
- *Ultimate goal*: complete SMEFT likelihood confronted with HEP data

EWPO, Higgs, multiboson, top, DY, flavor, ...

## Established part of LHC programme

# SMEFT interpretation

Ingredients:

$$\Delta o_n = o_n^{\text{EXP}} - o_n^{\text{SM}} = \sum_i \frac{a_{n,i}^{(6)}(\mu) c_i^{(6)}(\mu)}{\Lambda^2} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^3}\right)$$

## Global nature

As many observables as possible

Identify patterns & correlations in fits

Exploit energy-growth

## Sensitivity

*Experiment:*

Best measurements & understanding of uncertainties and correlations

*Theory:*

Best available predictions for observables (NLO, NNLO, N3LO,...)

## Interpretation

Relies on accurate knowledge of the size & correlation among  $a_i$

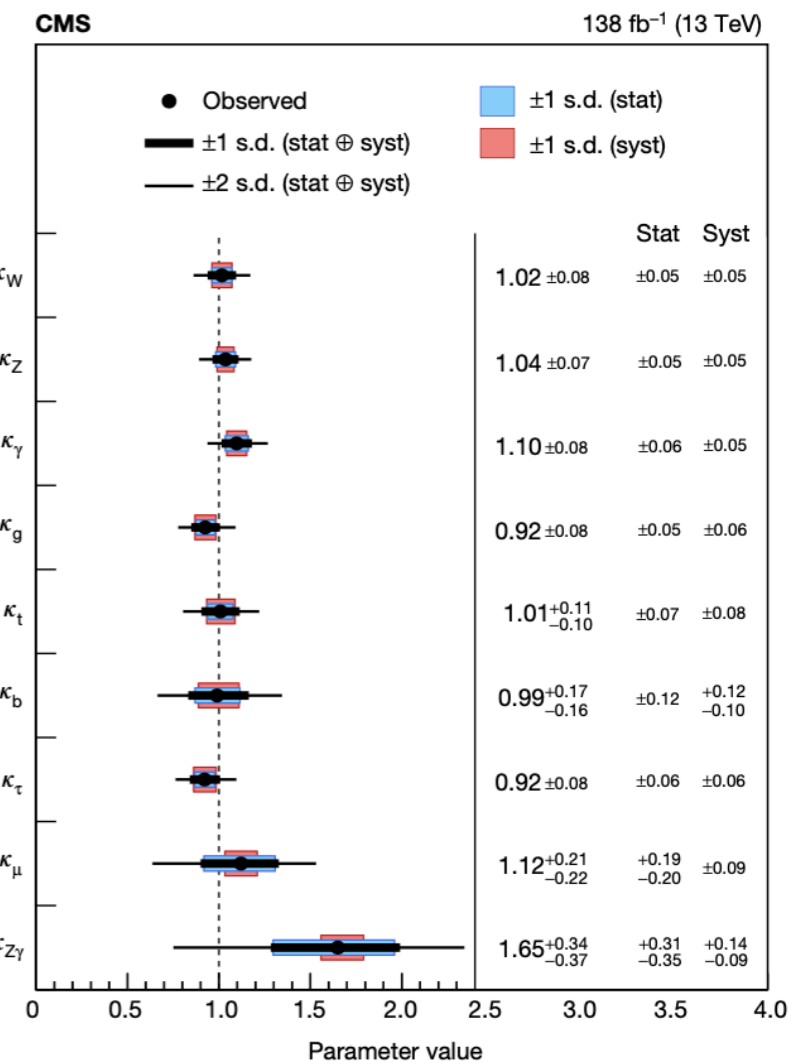
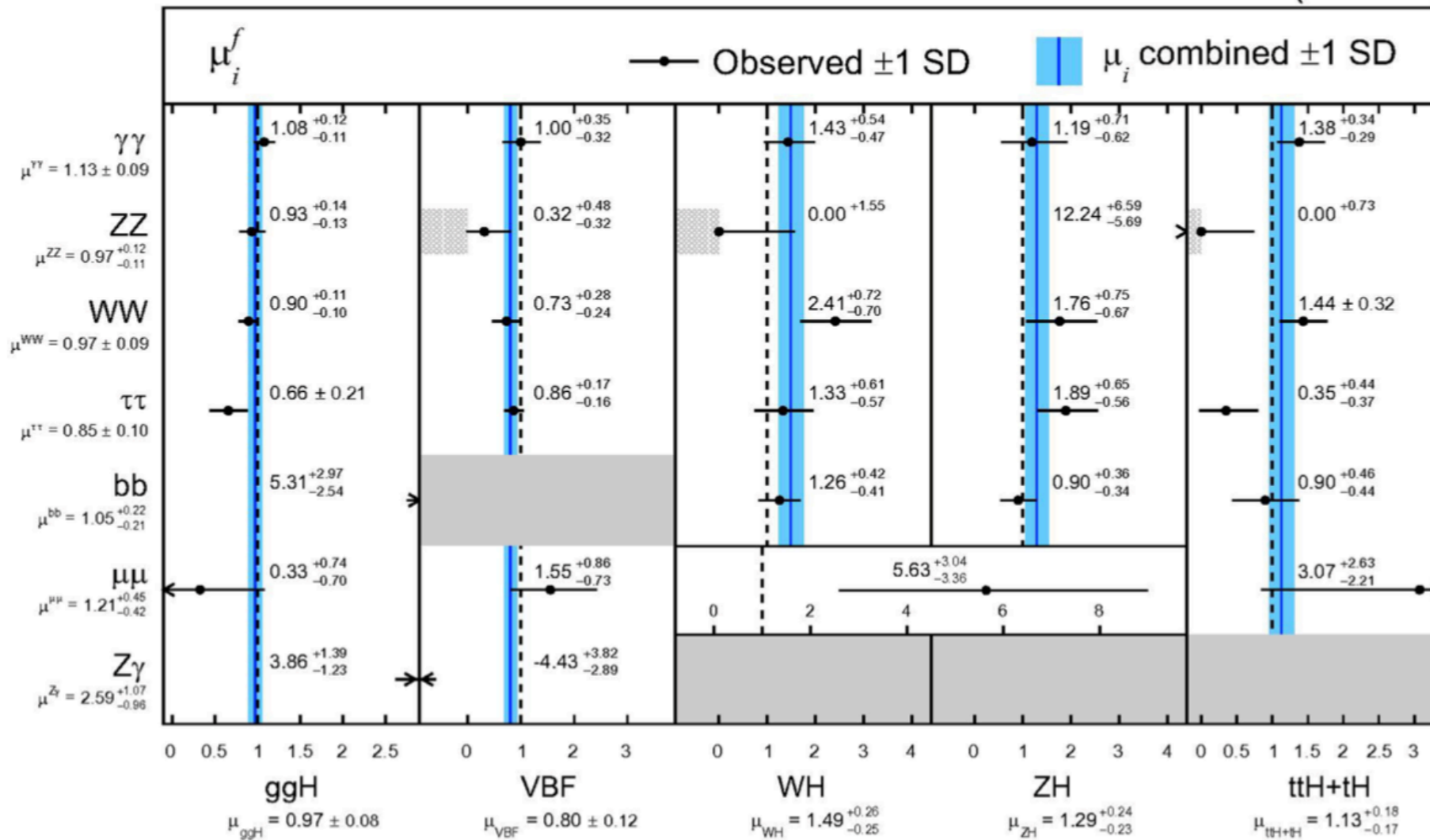
Determining  $c_i^{(6)}$  requires most precise available SMEFT predictions

# Higgs data

Signal strengths,  $\mu_{i \rightarrow f} \sim \frac{\sigma_{i \rightarrow H} \times \text{BR}_{H \rightarrow f}}{\sigma_{i \rightarrow H}^{\text{SM}} \times \text{BR}_{H \rightarrow f}^{\text{SM}}}$

$\kappa$ -framework interpretation

**CMS** [CMS; Nature 607 (2022) 7917, 60-68] 138 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)



+ correlations

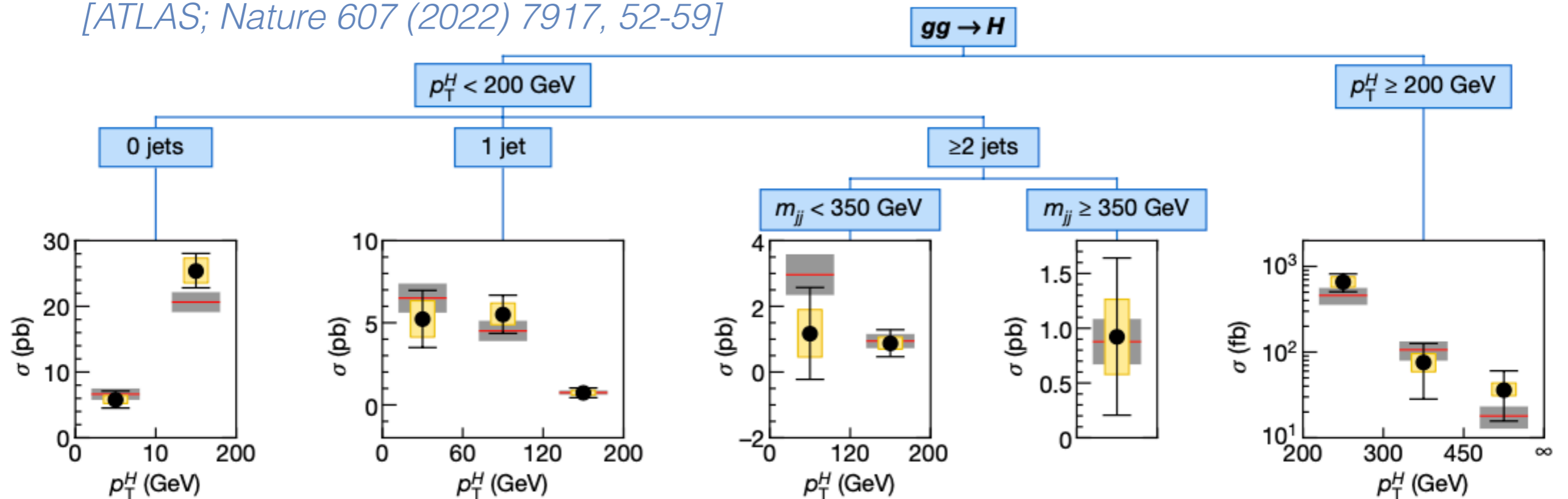
$\mu_{\text{tot}} = 1.002 \pm 0.057$

$\mu_{i \rightarrow f} \propto \kappa_i^2 \kappa_f^2$

# Higgs data

## Simplified Template Cross Sections (STXS)

[ATLAS; Nature 607 (2022) 7917, 52-59]



- Production binned in Higgs/associated particle kinematics (unfolded to SM)

$ggF : \{p_T^H, n_{\text{jet}}, m_{jj}, \dots\}$      $EW qqH : \{p_T^H, n_{\text{jet}}, m_{jj}, \dots\}$      $VH \rightarrow \text{leptons} : \{p_T^V, n_{\text{jet}}, \dots\}$      $t\bar{t}H : \{p_T^H, \dots\}$

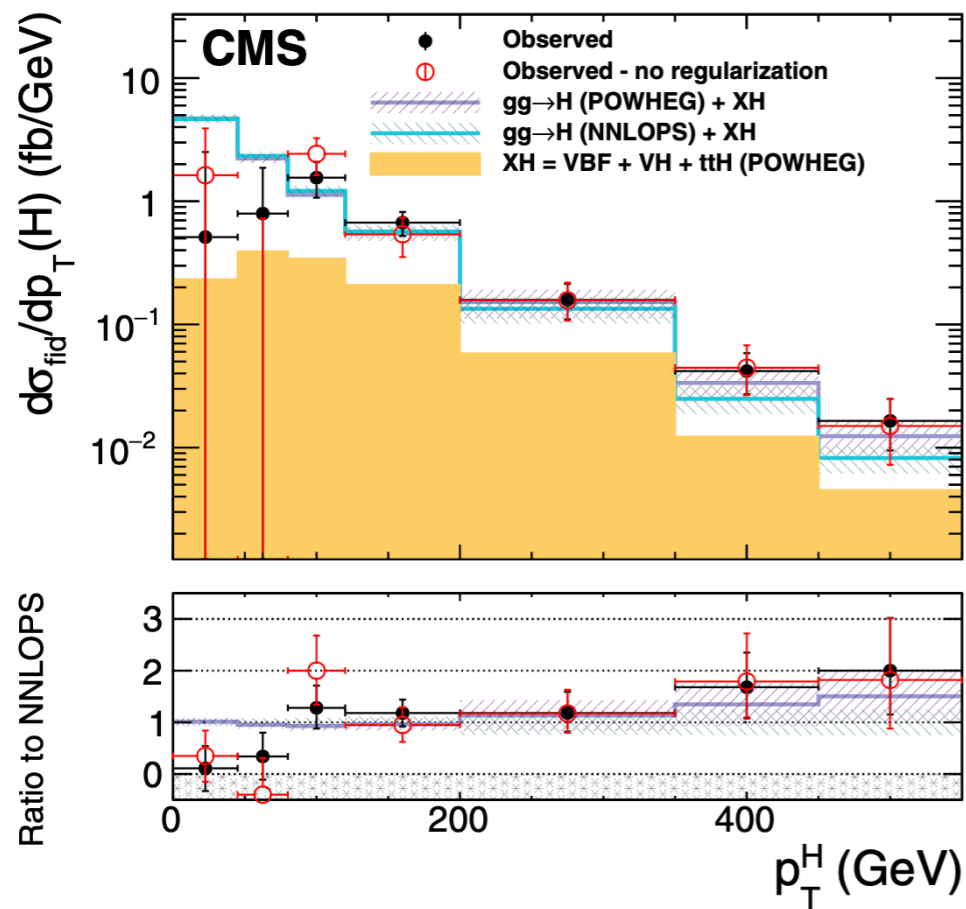
- Measured for each decay mode:  $b\bar{b}, \gamma\gamma, \tau\tau, 4\ell, \dots$

- Detailed correlation information for consistent combination

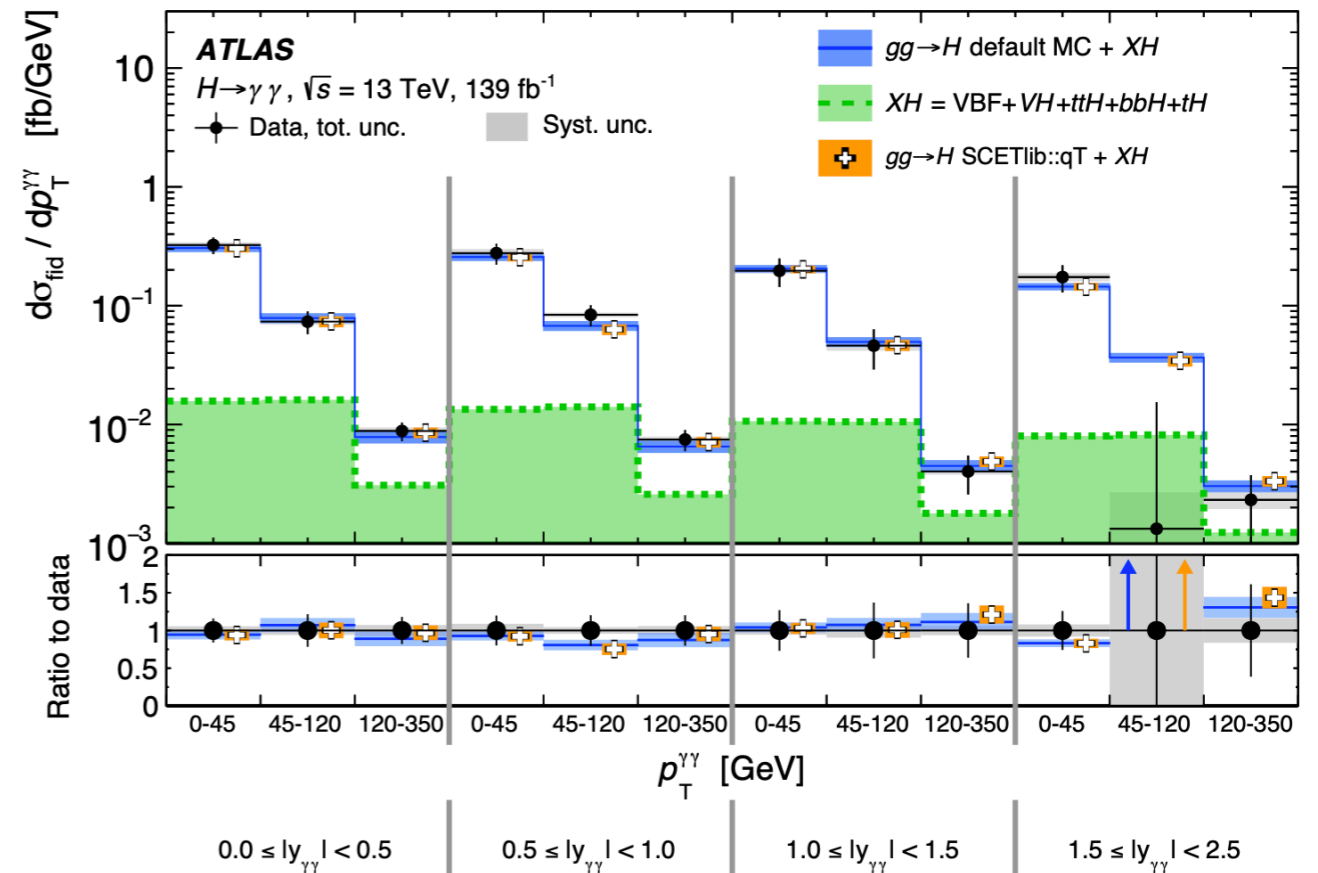
# Higgs data

## Differential cross sections

[CMS; PRL 128 (2022) 081805]



[ATLAS; JHEP 08 (2022) 027]

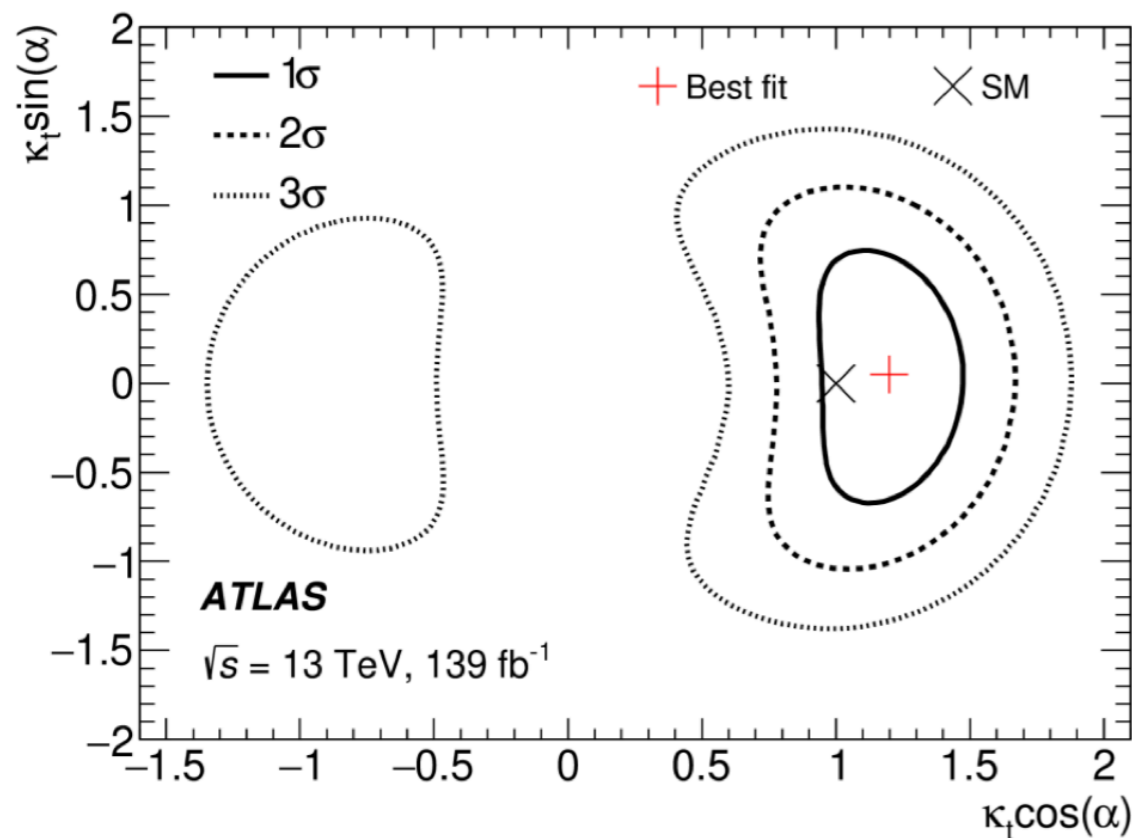


- Most fine-grained binning → best individual sensitivity
- No correlation information with other channels
- Statistical overlap with, e.g., STXS

# Higgs data

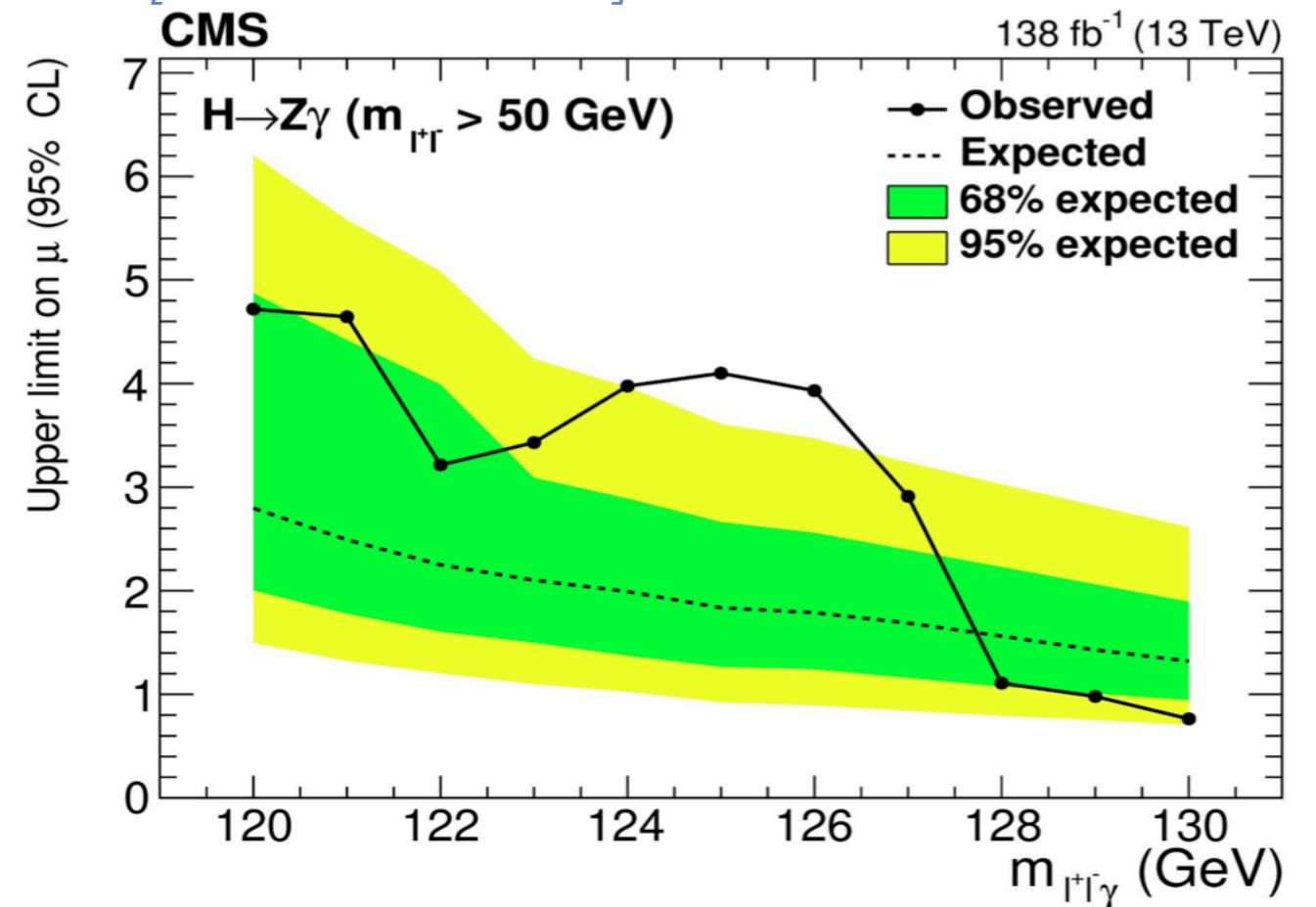
## CP properties

[ATLAS; PRL 125 (2020) 061802]



## Rare decays

[CMS-HIG-19-014]



## Breadth of SMEFT framework

- All measurements can be interpreted in a **global** analysis
- Data  $\Leftrightarrow$  Wilson coefficients: search of hints of heavy new physics

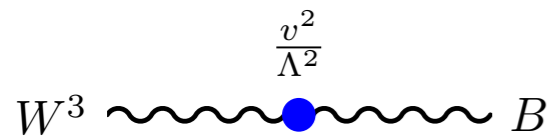
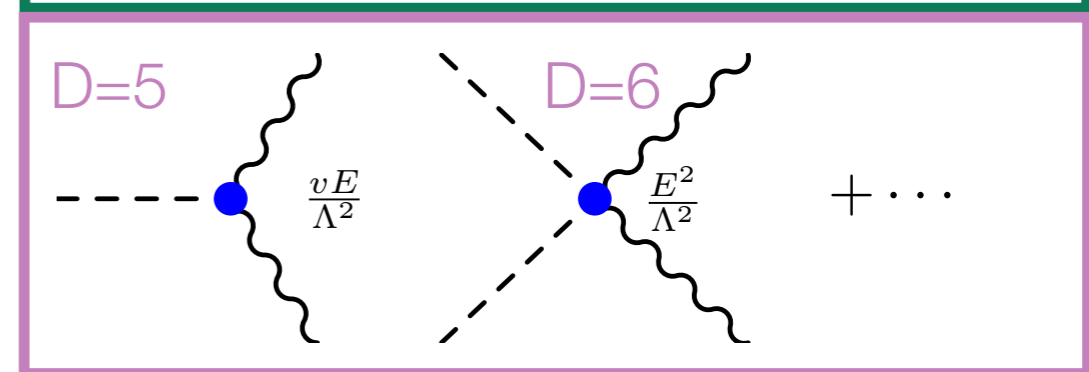
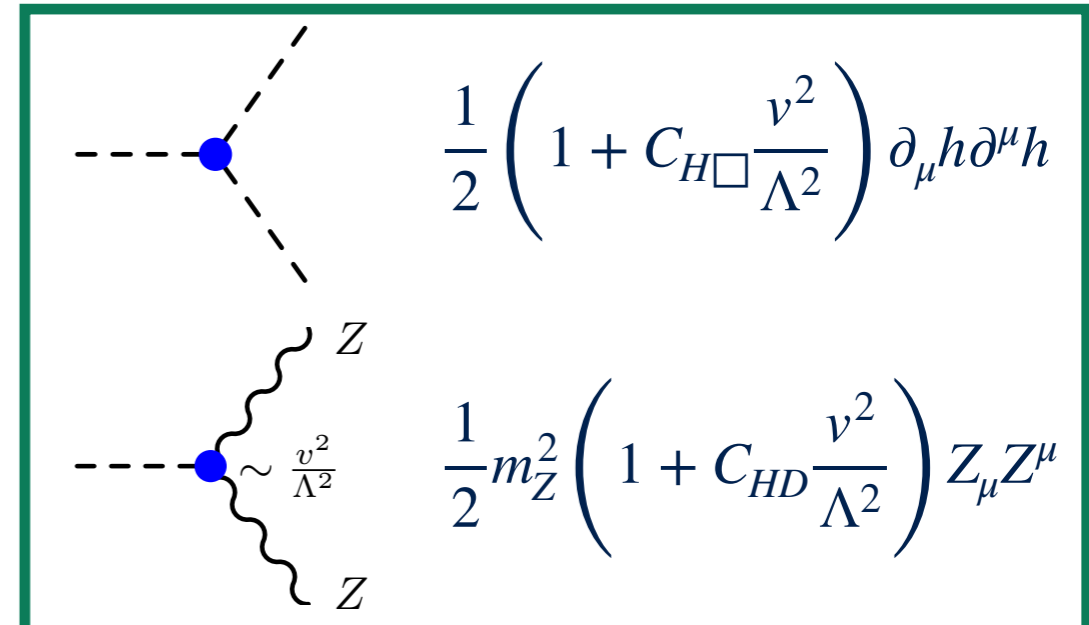


# Bosonic operators

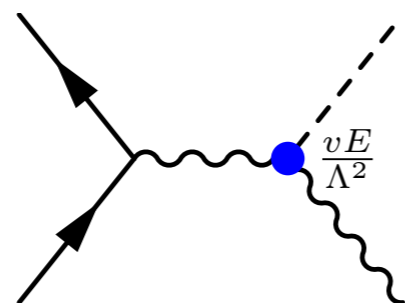
$\phi^n D^m$

[Grzadkowski et al.; JHEP 10 (2010) 085]

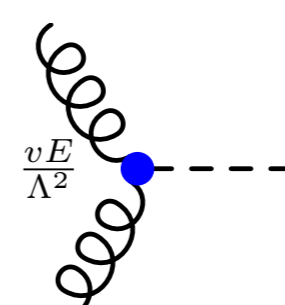
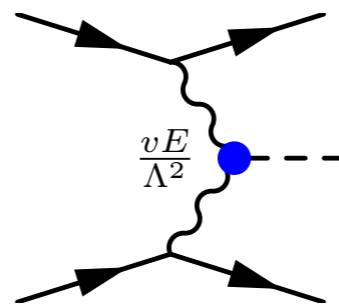
$X^3$		$\varphi^6$ and $\varphi^4 D^2$		$\psi^2 \varphi^3$	
$Q_G$	$f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$Q_\varphi$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$	$Q_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{l}_p e_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\tilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \tilde{G}_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\Box}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)\Box(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)$	$Q_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{q}_p u_r \tilde{\varphi})$
$Q_W$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$	$Q_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{q}_p d_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\tilde{W}}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \tilde{W}_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu}$				
$X^2 \varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X \varphi$		$\psi^2 \varphi^2 D$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$Q_{eW}$	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$Q_{eB}$	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uG}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi e}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{e}_p \gamma^\mu e_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uW}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uB}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dG}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r) \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dW}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{d}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{W}B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dB}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi ud}$	$i(\tilde{\varphi}^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$



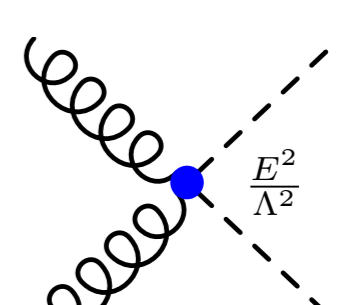
EW precision tests



EW Higgs production & decay



Gluon fusion: Higgs, di-Higgs

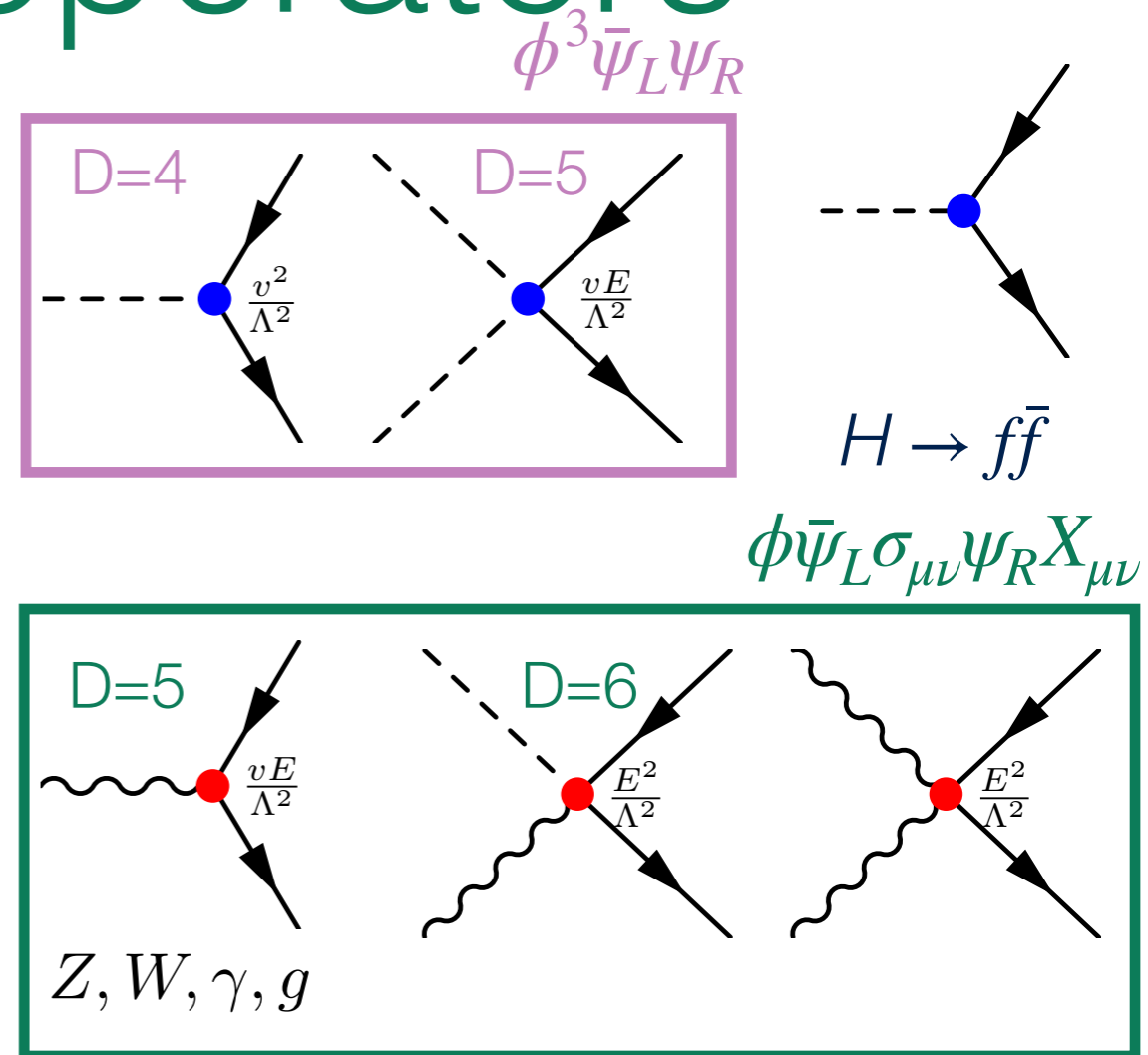


$\phi^2 X_{\mu\nu}^2$

# Yukawa/dipole operators

[Grzadkowski et al.; JHEP 10 (2010) 085]

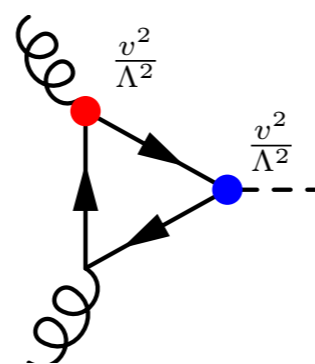
$X^3$		$\varphi^6$ and $\varphi^4 D^2$		$\psi^2 \varphi^3$	
$Q_G$	$f^{ABC} G_{\mu}^{A\nu} G_{\nu}^{B\rho} G_{\rho}^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$	$Q_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{l}_p e_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\tilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \tilde{G}_{\mu}^{A\nu} G_{\nu}^{B\rho} G_{\rho}^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\Box}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)\Box(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)$	$Q_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{q}_p u_r \tilde{\varphi})$
$Q_W$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_{\mu}^{I\nu} W_{\nu}^{J\rho} W_{\rho}^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$	$Q_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{q}_p d_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\tilde{W}}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \tilde{W}_{\mu}^{I\nu} W_{\nu}^{J\rho} W_{\rho}^{K\mu}$				
$X^2 \varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X \varphi$		$\psi^2 \varphi^2 D$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$Q_{eW}$	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$Q_{eB}$	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uG}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi e}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{e}_p \gamma^\mu e_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uW}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uB}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dG}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r) \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dW}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{d}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{W}B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dB}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi ud}$	$i(\tilde{\varphi}^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$



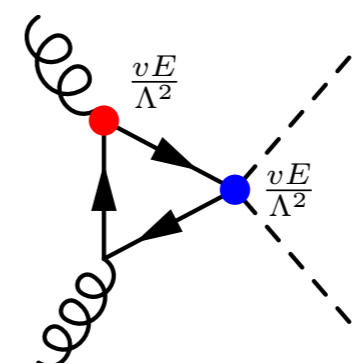
Chiral flip:  $f_L f_R$

⇒ Leading effects  $\propto m_f$

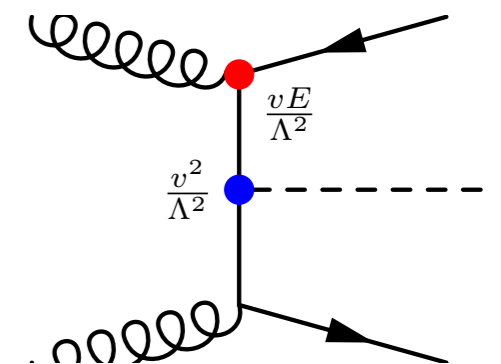
⇒ 3rd generation couplings



ggH



ggHH



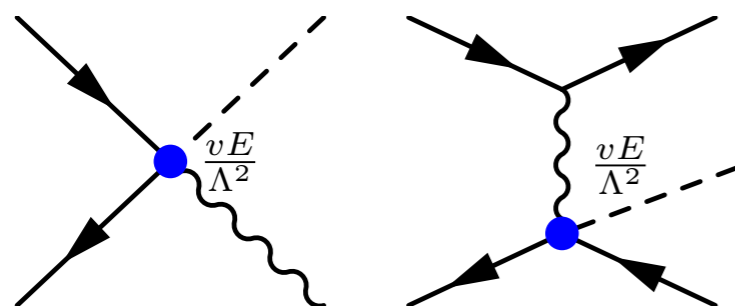
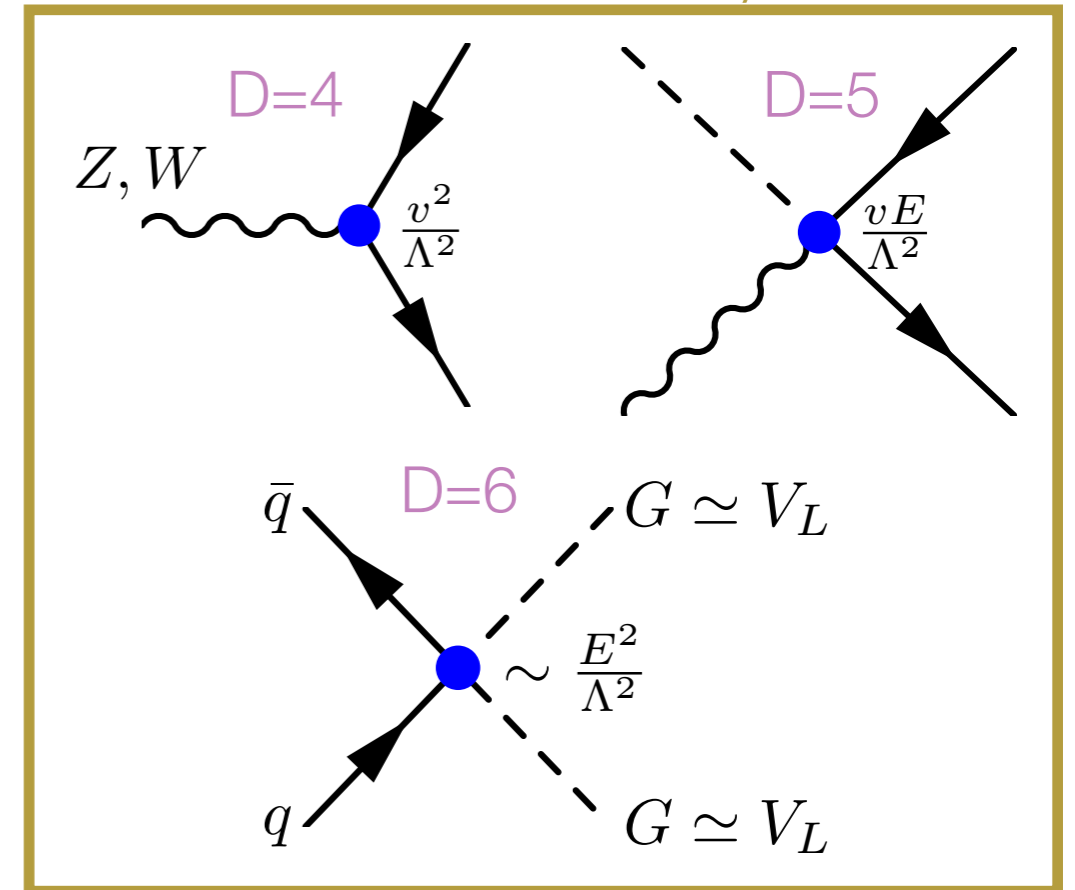
ttH

# Current operators

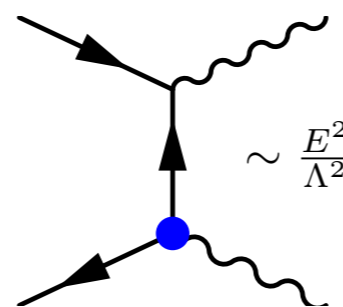
[Grzadkowski et al.; JHEP 10 (2010) 085]

$X^3$		$\varphi^6$ and $\varphi^4 D^2$		$\psi^2 \varphi^3$	
$Q_G$	$f^{ABC} G_{\mu}^{A\nu} G_{\nu}^{B\rho} G_{\rho}^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$	$Q_{e\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{l}_p e_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\tilde{G}}$	$f^{ABC} \tilde{G}_{\mu}^{A\nu} G_{\nu}^{B\rho} G_{\rho}^{C\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi\Box}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)\Box(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)$	$Q_{u\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{q}_p u_r \tilde{\varphi})$
$Q_W$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} W_{\mu}^{I\nu} W_{\nu}^{J\rho} W_{\rho}^{K\mu}$	$Q_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D^\mu \varphi)^* (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$	$Q_{d\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)(\bar{q}_p d_r \varphi)$
$Q_{\tilde{W}}$	$\varepsilon^{IJK} \tilde{W}_{\mu}^{I\nu} W_{\nu}^{J\rho} W_{\rho}^{K\mu}$				
$X^2 \varphi^2$		$\psi^2 X \varphi$		$\psi^2 \varphi^2 D$	
$Q_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$Q_{eW}$	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu}$	$Q_{eB}$	$(\bar{l}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi l}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{l}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu l_r)$
$Q_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uG}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u_r) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi e}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{e}_p \gamma^\mu e_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uW}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tau^I \tilde{\varphi} W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(1)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{uB}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} u_r) \tilde{\varphi} B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi q}^{(3)}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I \varphi)(\bar{q}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu q_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dG}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A d_r) \varphi G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$Q_{\varphi u}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu u_r)$
$Q_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dW}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \tau^I \varphi W_{\mu\nu}^I$	$Q_{\varphi d}$	$(\varphi^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \varphi)(\bar{d}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$
$Q_{\varphi \tilde{W}B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \tau^I \varphi \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{dB}$	$(\bar{q}_p \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_r) \varphi B_{\mu\nu}$	$Q_{\varphi ud}$	$i(\tilde{\varphi}^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)(\bar{u}_p \gamma^\mu d_r)$

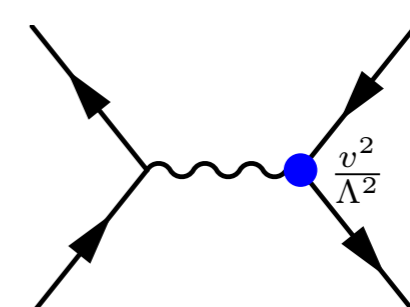
$$(\phi^\dagger D_\mu \phi)(\bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \psi)$$



EW Higgs production

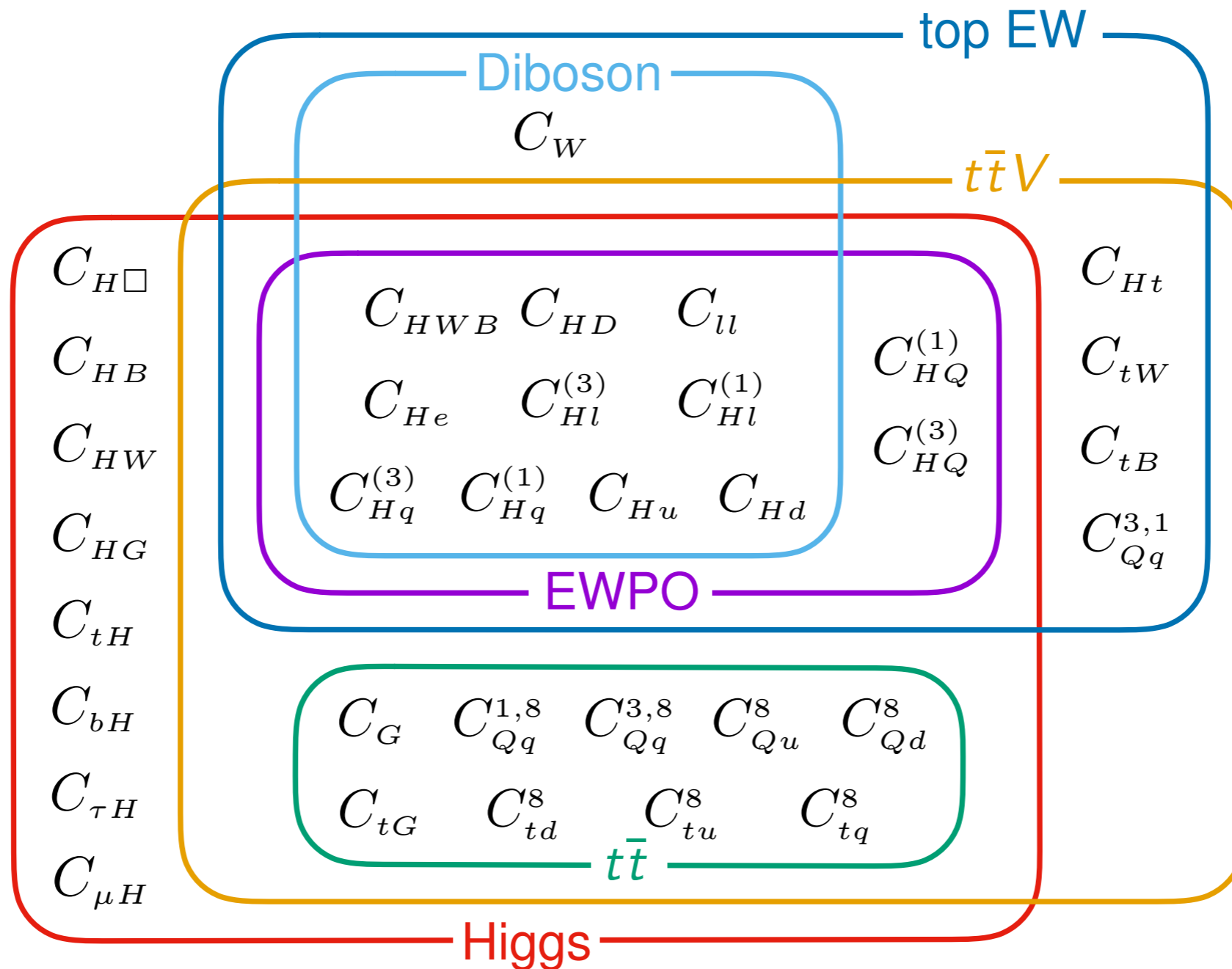


Diboson production



Precision EW on the Z peak (LEP)

# Interplay



[Ellis, Madigan, KM, Sanz & You; JHEP 04 (2021) 279]

# Status in a nutshell

Global new physics searches via high precision/energy

- **Z & W-pole data:** handle on the EW gauge sector [Han & Skiba; PRD 71 (2005) 075009]  
[Falkowski & Riva; JHEP 02 (2015) 039]
- **LHC:** thriving Higgs & top programmes
- Probing gauge interactions at high energy (**VV, VBS, VVV, ...**)

## How much cross-talk? Where does being global matter?

We know that Higgs data greatly complements LEP

- Access **unconstrained directions** in parameter space
- Allows for a **closed fit** to flavor-universal SMEFT
- Crucial to combine EWPO, Diboson & Higgs data

[Corbett et al.; PRD 87 (2013) 015022]

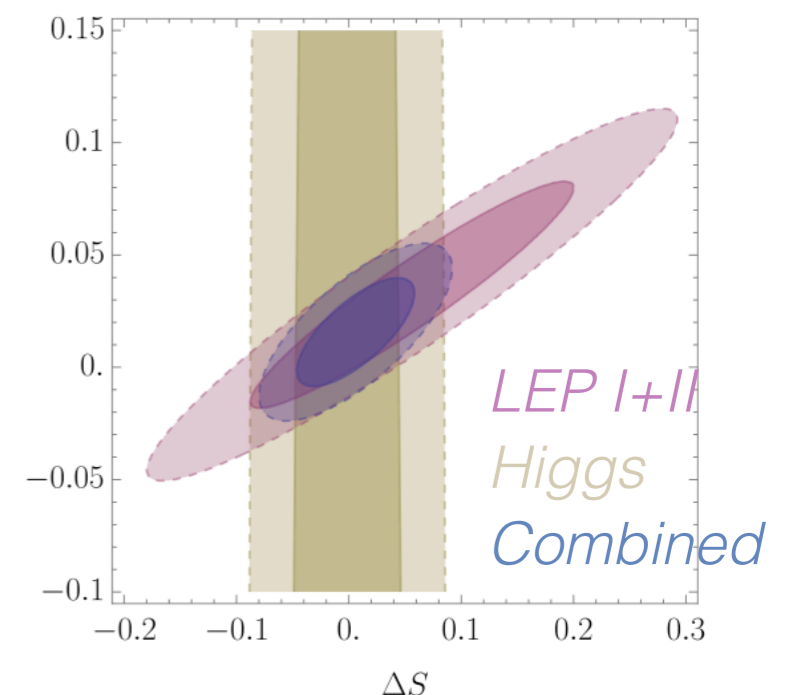
[Pomarol & Riva; JHEP 01 (2014) 151]

[Ellis, Sanz & You; JHEP 03 (2015) 157]

[Biekötter Corbett & Plehn; SciPost Phys 6 (2019) 6, 064]

[Anisha et al; arXiv:2111.05876].....

[Ellis et al.; JHEP 06  
(2018) 146]





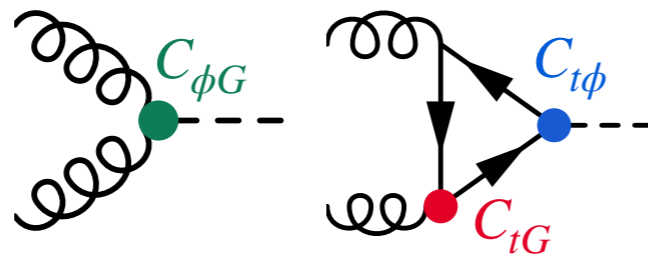
# Top/Higgs interplay

[Maltoni, Vryonidou &

$C_{\phi G}$  Point-like

$C_{t\phi}$  Yukawa

$C_{tG}$  Dipole



$gg \rightarrow h$  is well measured now...

⚠ Can't exclude top partners/anomalous Yukawa

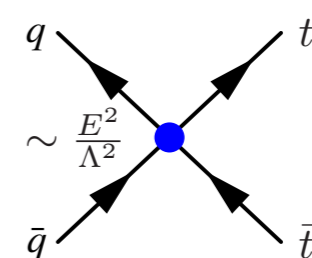
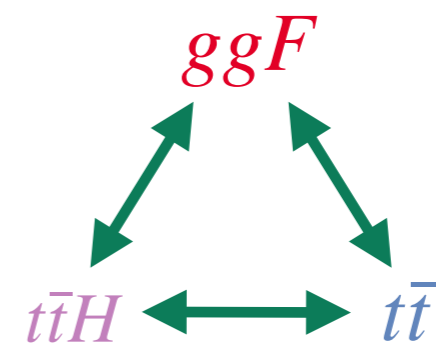
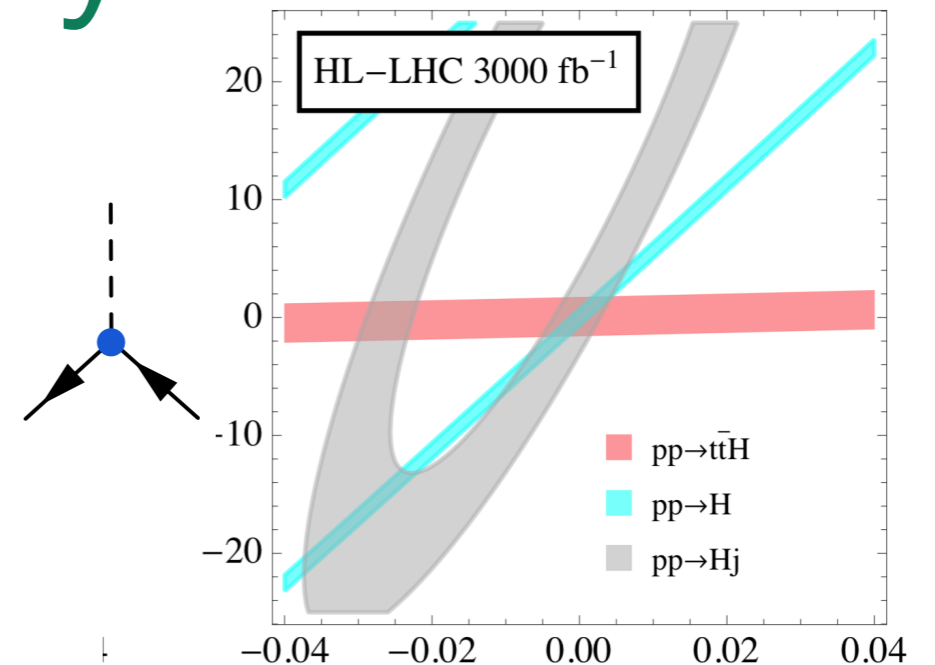
- Degeneracy in coefficient/model space

Need more data!

- $t\bar{t}H$  production for direct Yukawa measurement
- $t\bar{t}$  data to constrain dipole

Several other new interactions can affect  $t\bar{t}$

- Notably  $q\bar{q}t\bar{t}$  operators, of which there are many (14)
- To what extent do these limit ultimate NP sensitivity in top/Higgs sector?





# Answer: do the fit

## Top, Higgs, Diboson and Electroweak Fit to the Standard Model Effective Field Theory

John Ellis,<sup>a,b,c</sup> Maeve Madigan,<sup>d</sup> Ken Mimasu,<sup>a</sup> Veronica Sanz<sup>e,f</sup> and Tevong You<sup>b,d,g</sup> [JHEP 04 (2021) 279]

## Global SMEFT interpretation of 4 categories of data

*Based on*

- 14 • Electroweak Precision Observables (EWPO): Z-pole & W-mass [Ellis et al.; JHEP 06 (2018) 146]
- 118 • LEP2 & LHC diboson production: differential WW, WZ, Zjj
- 72 • Higgs measurements: signal strengths & STXS
- 137 • Top data: single-top, ttbar & asymmetries, ttV, tZ, tW

*Big thanks to authors of SMEFiT analysis [JHEP 04 (2019) 100] for sharing some of their top predictions*

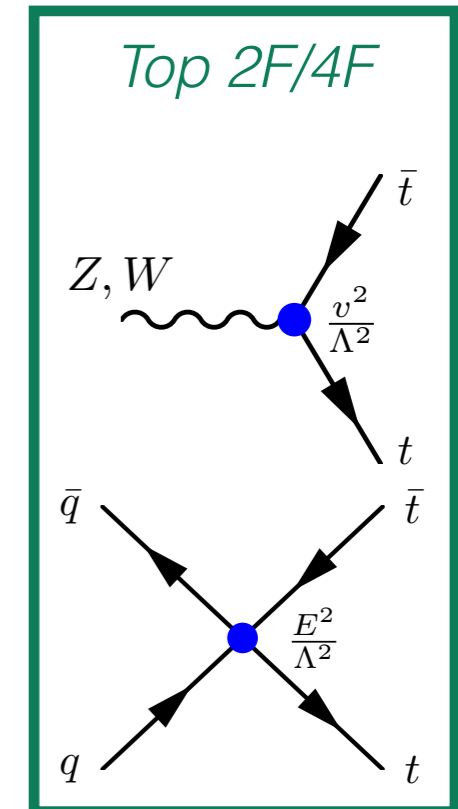
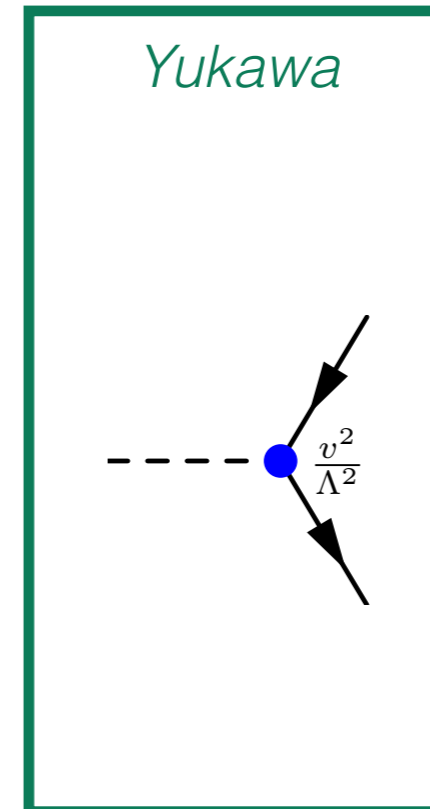
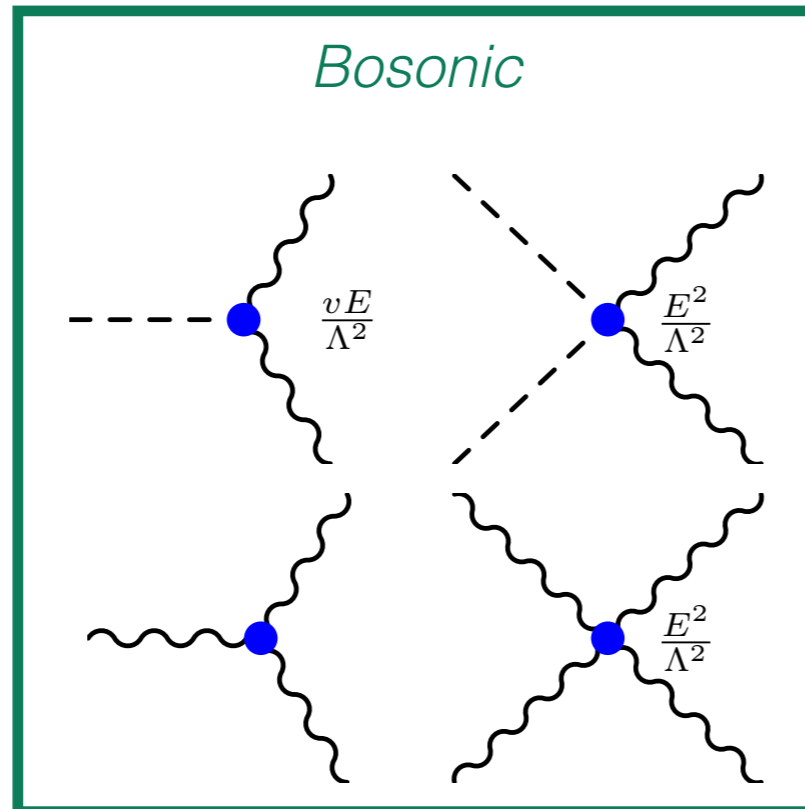
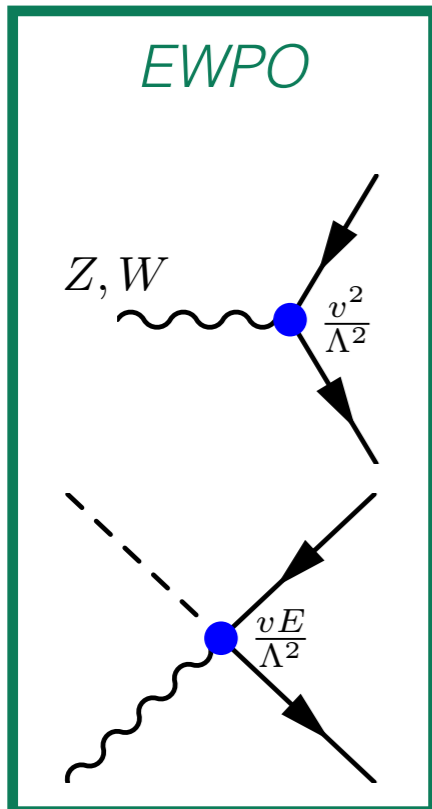
## 341 measurements across categories

- Chosen to be statistically independent & maximise reach
- Correlations included when publicly available (mostly are)

Linear EFT approximation: 
$$\mu_X \equiv \frac{X}{X_{SM}} = 1 + \sum_i a_i^X \frac{C_i}{\Lambda^2} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

# Degrees of freedom

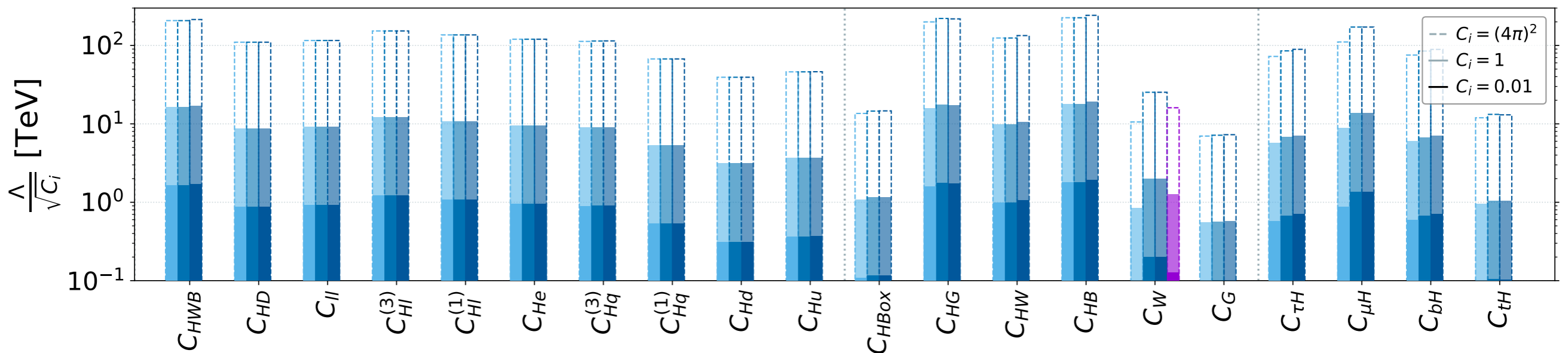
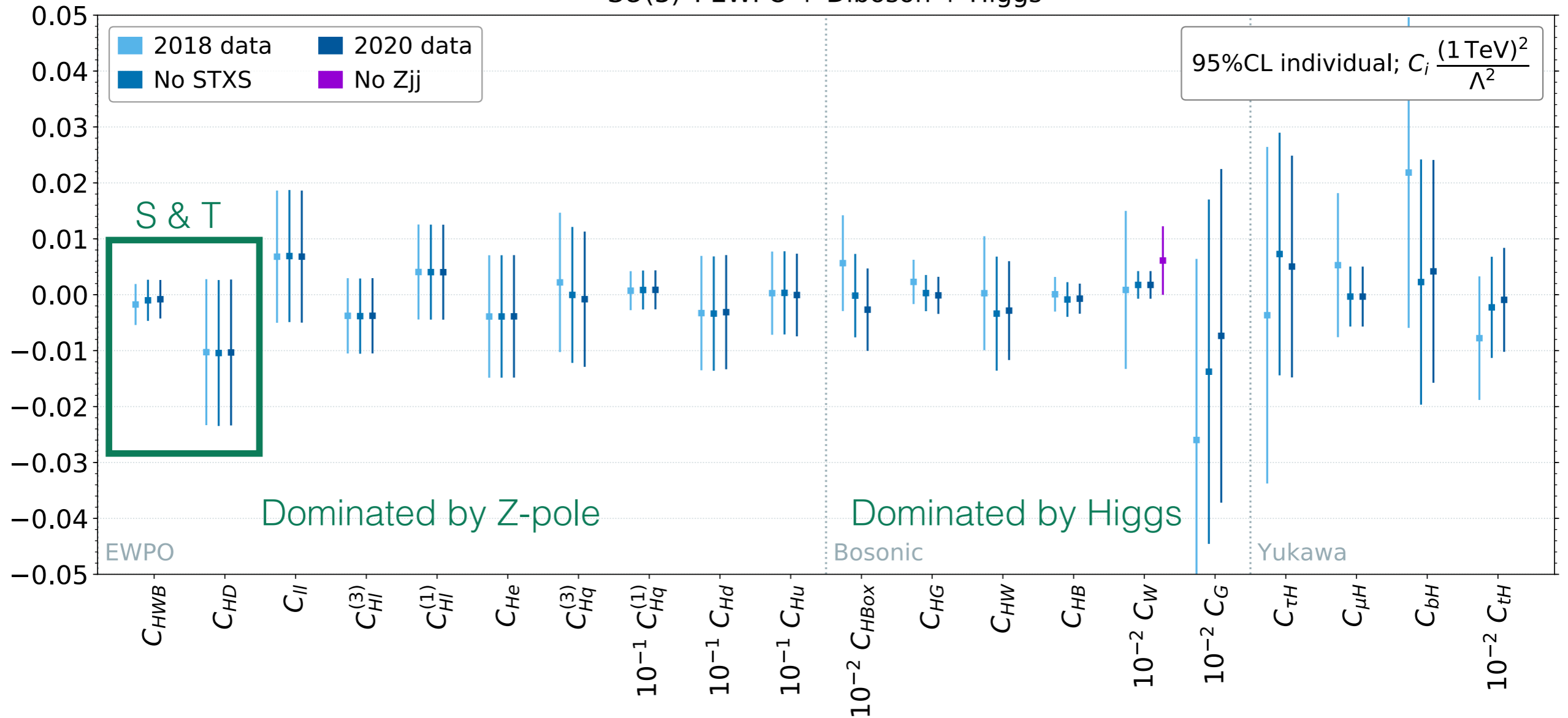
EWPO:	$\mathcal{O}_{HWB}, \mathcal{O}_{HD}, \mathcal{O}_{ll}, \mathcal{O}_{Hl}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{Hl}^{(1)}, \mathcal{O}_{He}, \mathcal{O}_{Hq}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{Hq}^{(1)}, \mathcal{O}_{Hd}, \mathcal{O}_{Hu}$	
Bosonic:	$\mathcal{O}_{H\Box}, \mathcal{O}_{HG}, \mathcal{O}_{HW}, \mathcal{O}_{HB}, \mathcal{O}_W, \mathcal{O}_G$	
Yukawa:	$\mathcal{O}_{\tau H}, \mathcal{O}_{\mu H}, \mathcal{O}_{bH}, \mathcal{O}_{tH}$	20
Top 2F:	$\mathcal{O}_{HQ}^{(3)}, \mathcal{O}_{HQ}^{(1)}, \mathcal{O}_{Ht}, \mathcal{O}_{tG}, \mathcal{O}_{tW}, \mathcal{O}_{tB}$	
Top 4F:	$\mathcal{O}_{Qq}^{3,1}, \mathcal{O}_{Qq}^{3,8}, \mathcal{O}_{Qq}^{1,8}, \mathcal{O}_{Qu}^8, \mathcal{O}_{Qd}^8, \mathcal{O}_{tQ}^8, \mathcal{O}_{tu}^8, \mathcal{O}_{td}^8$	+14



# Individual limits: $U(3)^5$

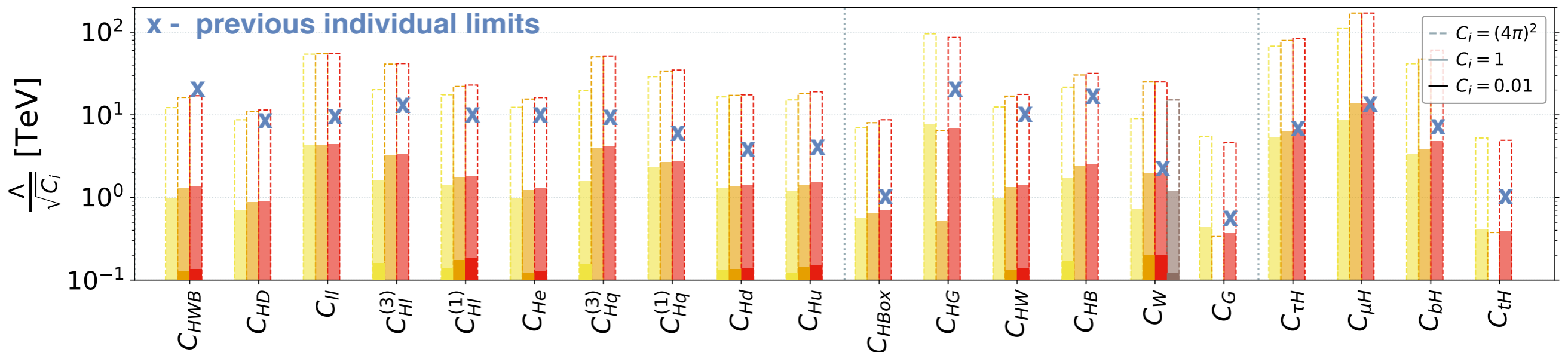
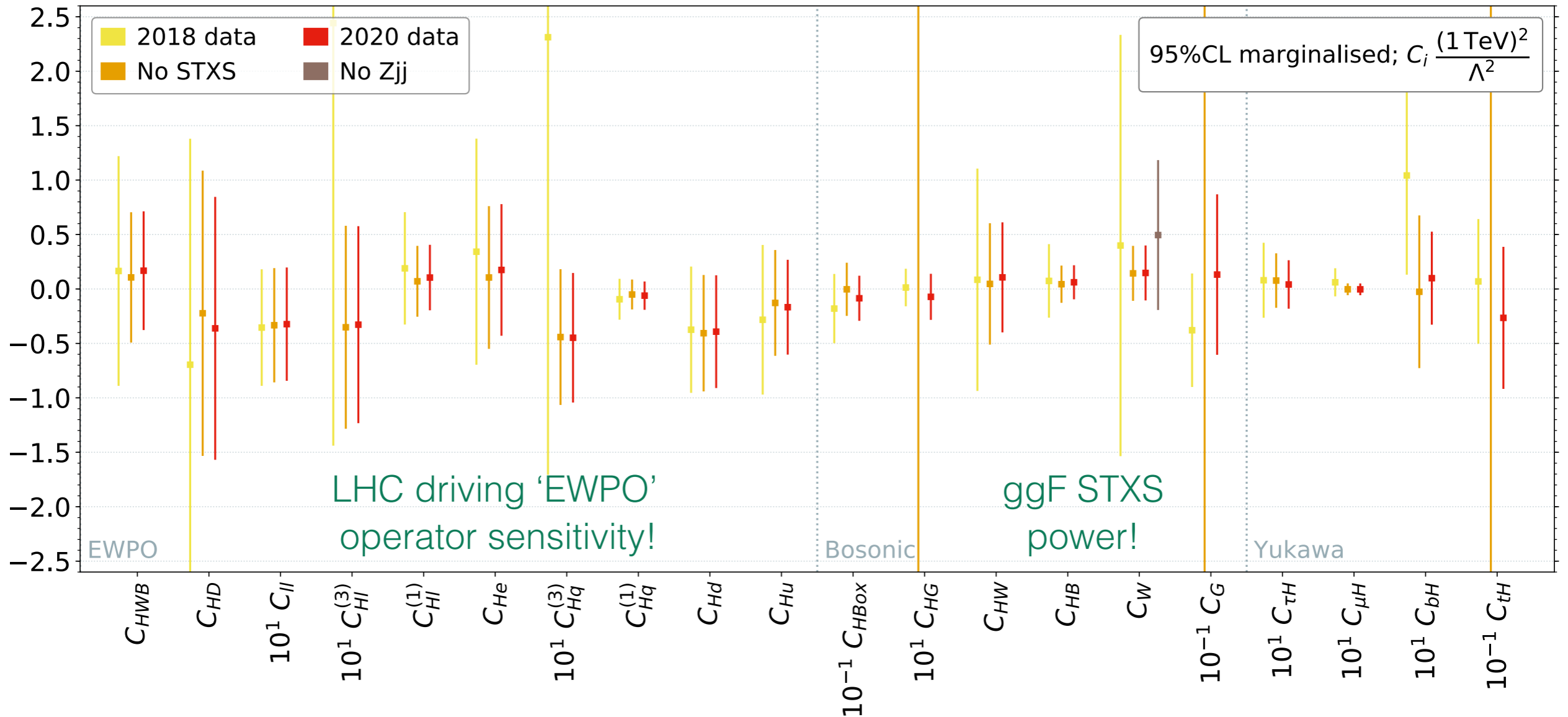
2018 data: [Ellis et al.; JHEP 06 (2018) 146]

$SU(3)^5$ : EWPO + Diboson + Higgs



# Marginalised limits: $U(3)^5$

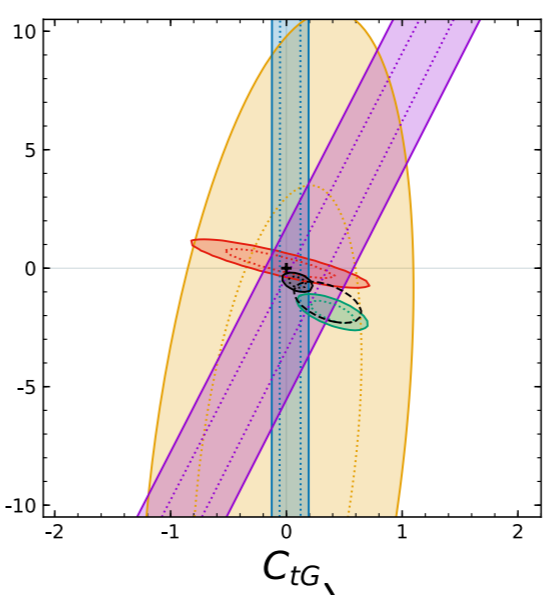
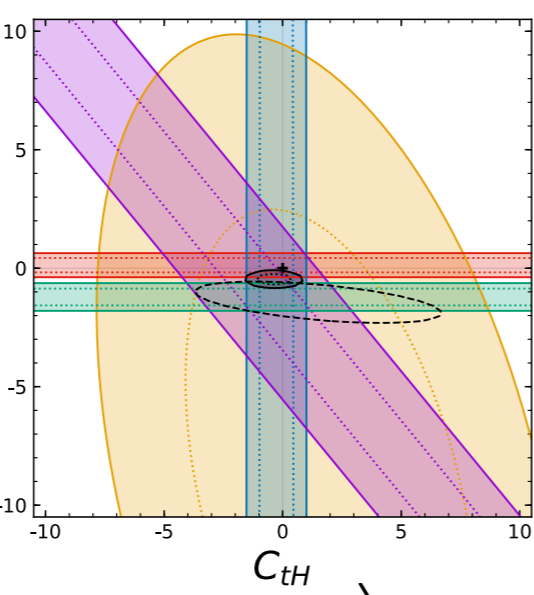
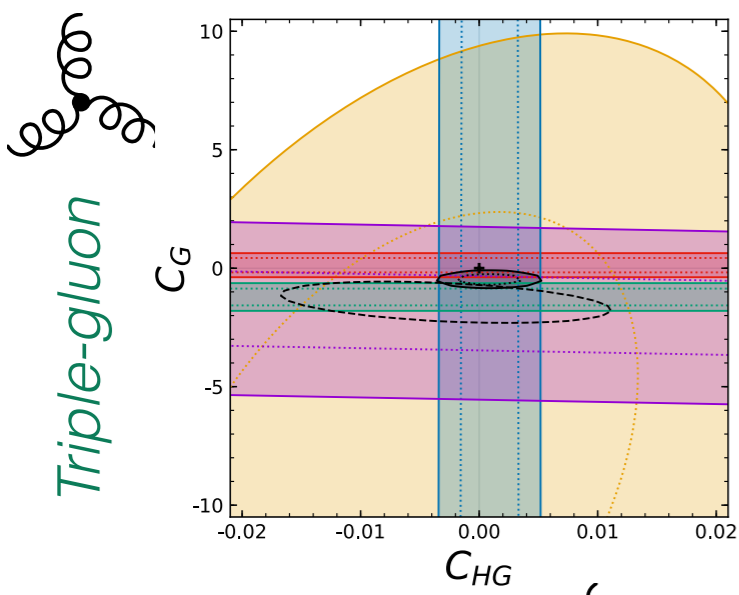
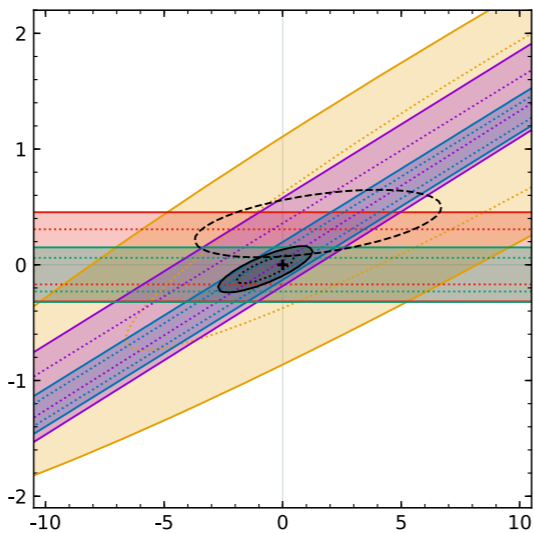
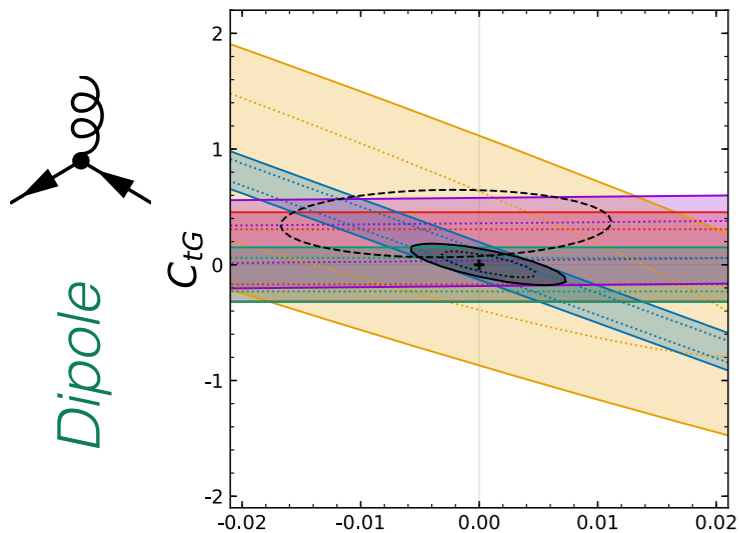
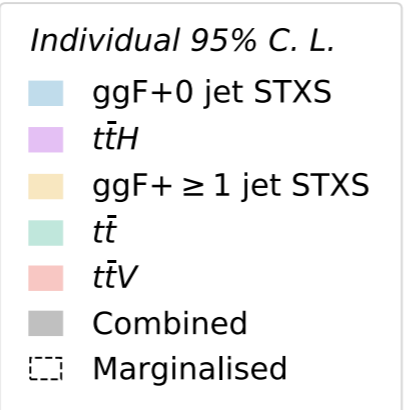
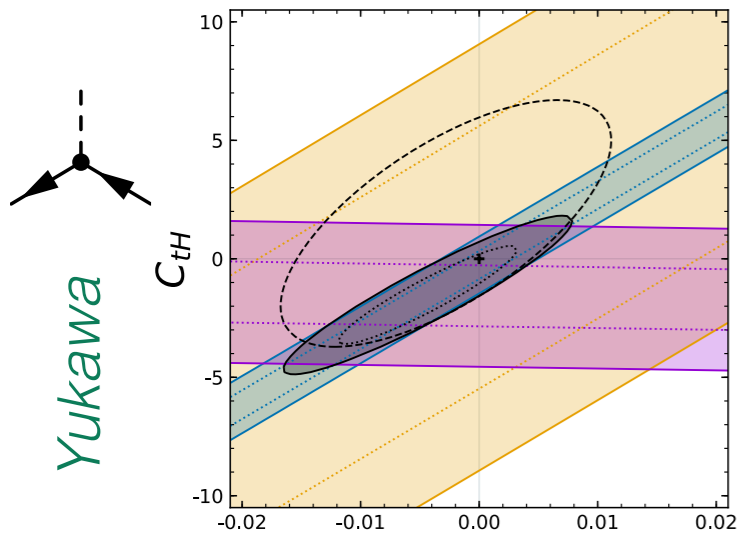
2018  $\Rightarrow$  2020: only LHC data changed



# Top-Higgs interplay

## 2D constraints

- $ggF/t\bar{t}H$  complementarity for  $(C_{HG}, C_{tH})$
- H+jets STXS &  $t\bar{t}V$  not yet competitive
- Strong impact of  $t\bar{t}$  evident for  $(C_{tG}, C_G)$
- Tension with SM  $\sim 2\sigma$
- Significant correlations remain
- Large marginalisation effects



Point-like



Yukawa



Dipole

What is the concrete impact of 4F?

# 4F impact

Fit to 'Higgs-only' subspace

$$C_{H\Box}, C_{HG}, C_{HW}, C_{HB}, C_{tH}, C_{bH}, C_{\tau H}, C_{\mu H} + C_{tG} \text{ \& } C_G$$

- Allow a closed fit to Higgs data only
- Emphasises impact of  $t\bar{t}H$  &  $t\bar{t}$

Now add in  $t\bar{t}$  4F operators

$$+ C_{Qq}^{3,8}, C_{Qq}^{1,8}, C_{Qu}^8, C_{Qd}^8, C_{tq}^8, C_{tu}^8, C_{td}^8$$

- Relatively mild impact
- Preferred  $t\bar{t}$  phase space is different

$C_{tG}$  : low  $m_{t\bar{t}}$

$4F$  : high  $m_{t\bar{t}}$

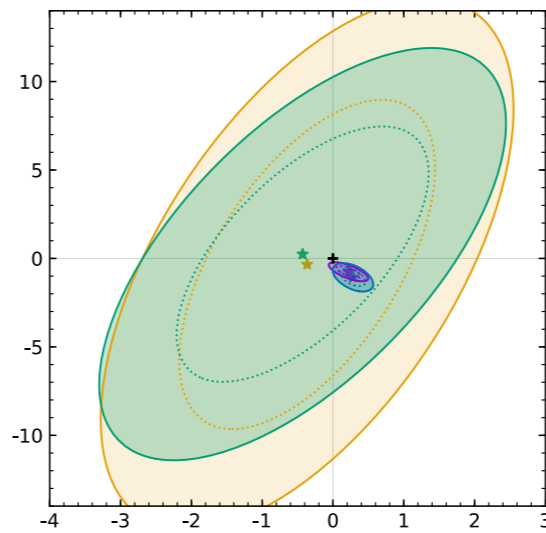
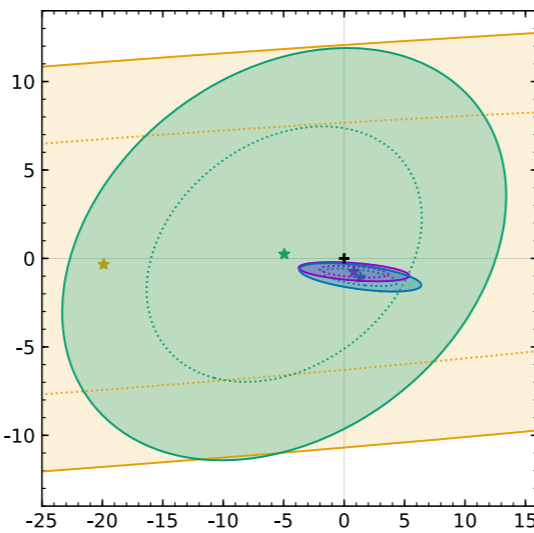
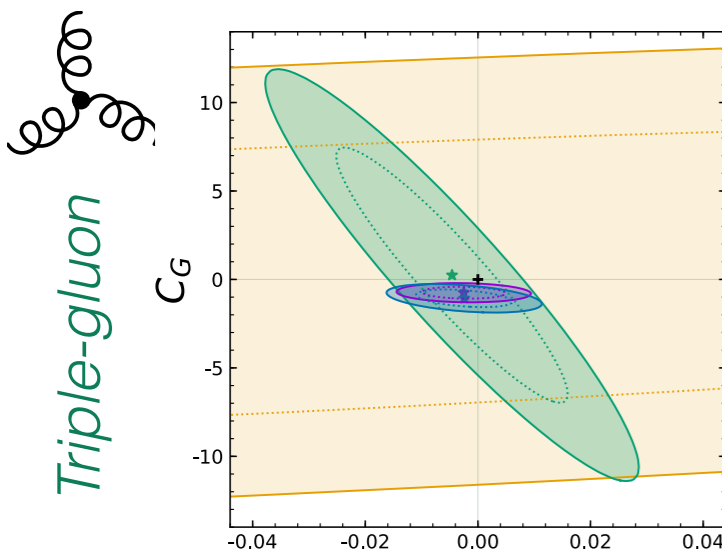
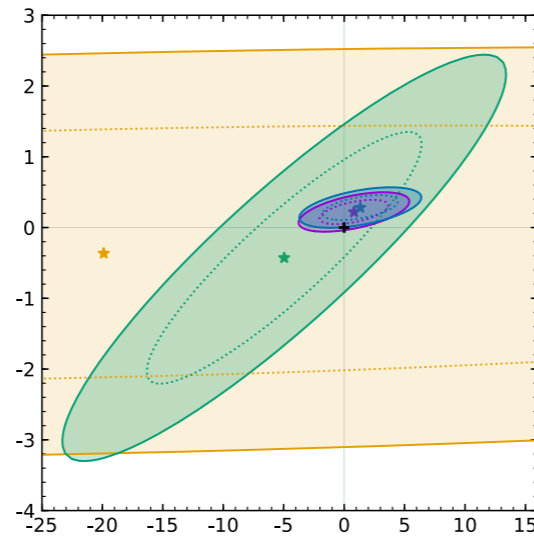
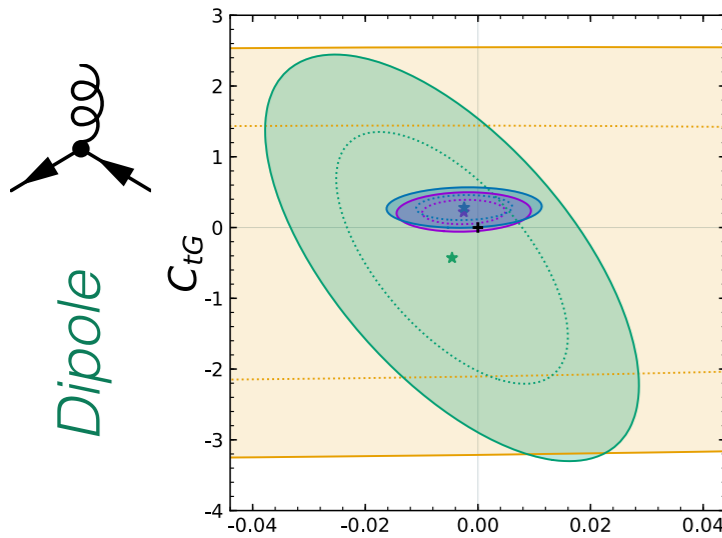
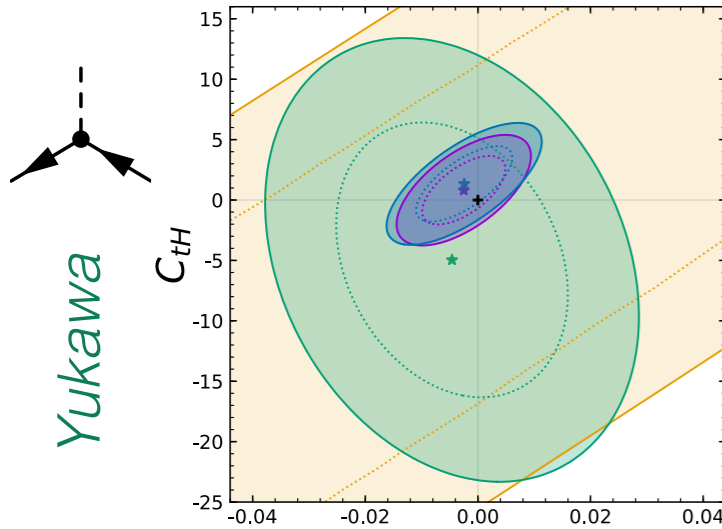
- Able to constrain them independently

[ATLAS-CONF-2021-031]

Marginalised

Marginalised 95% C. L.

- Higgs data (no  $t\bar{t}H$ )
- Higgs data
- Higgs & Top data
- Higgs & Top data (+4F)
- + SM



Point-like

Yukawa

Dipole

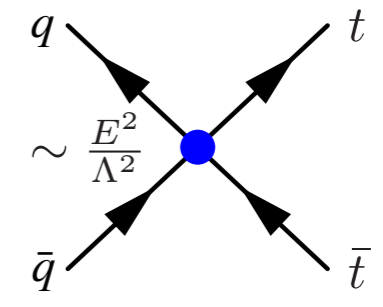


# More top/Higgs interplay

[Ethier et al.; JHEP 11 (2021) 089]

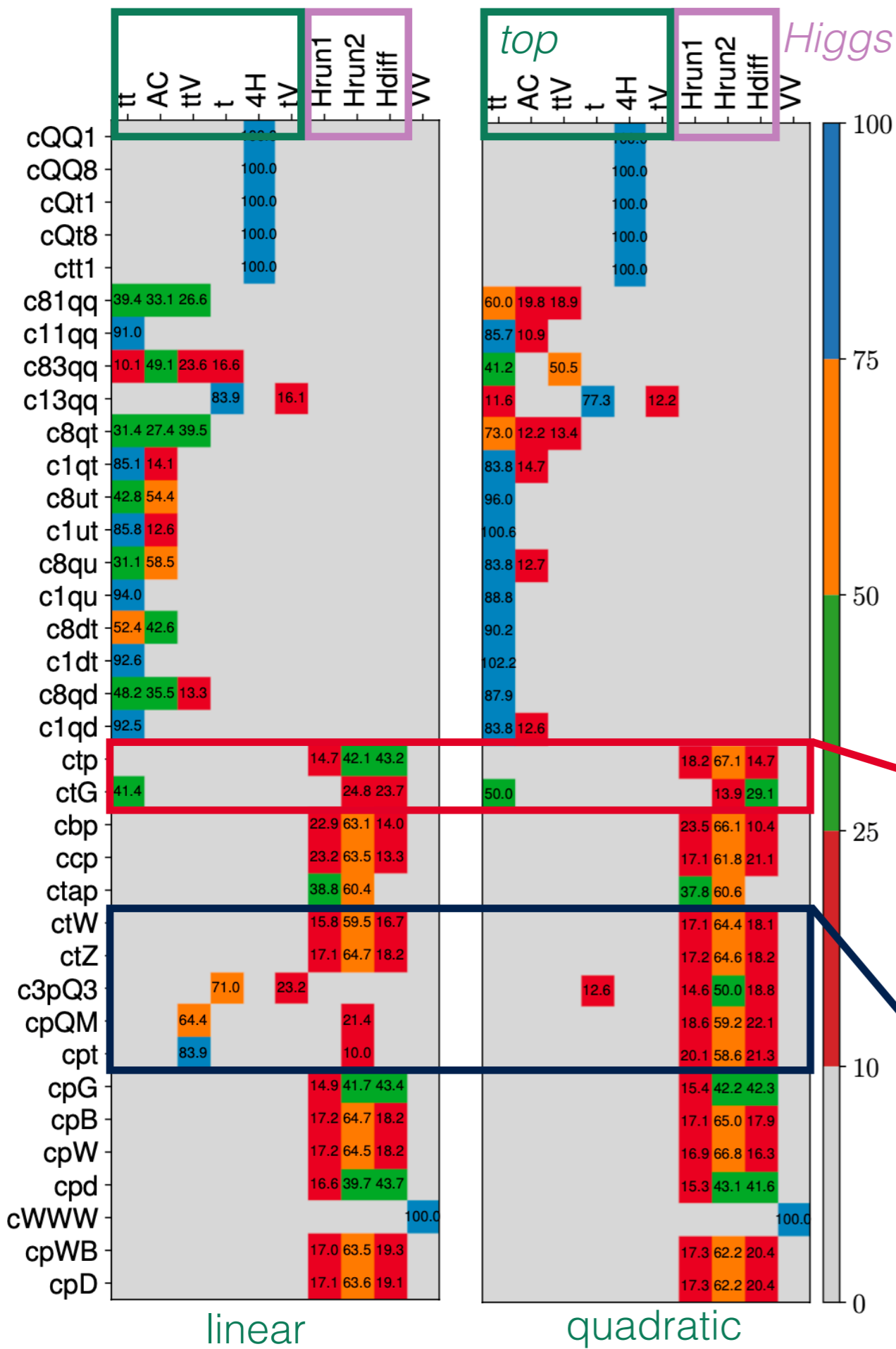
## Fisher Information:

Hessian of Log-likelihood  
at the best-fit point



4F operators:  
mostly top data

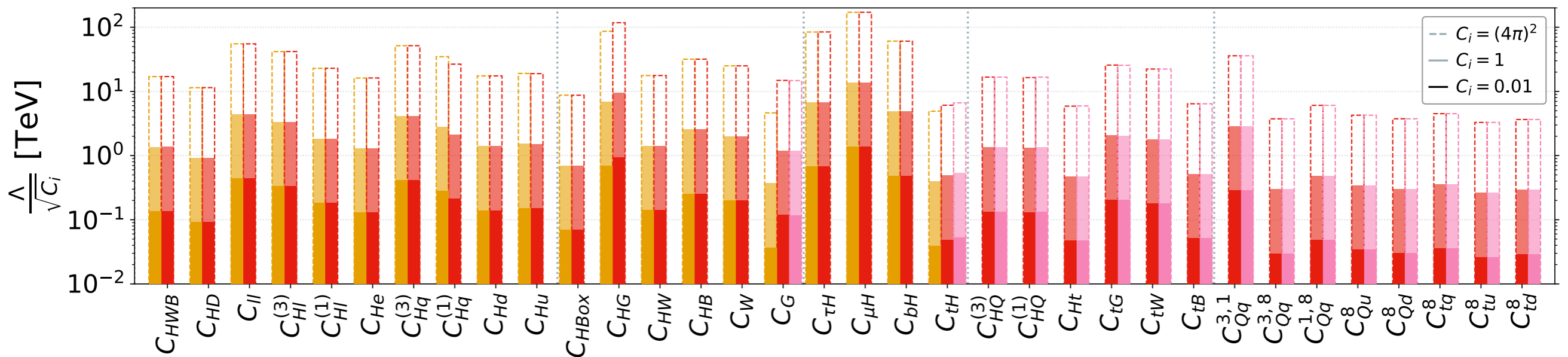
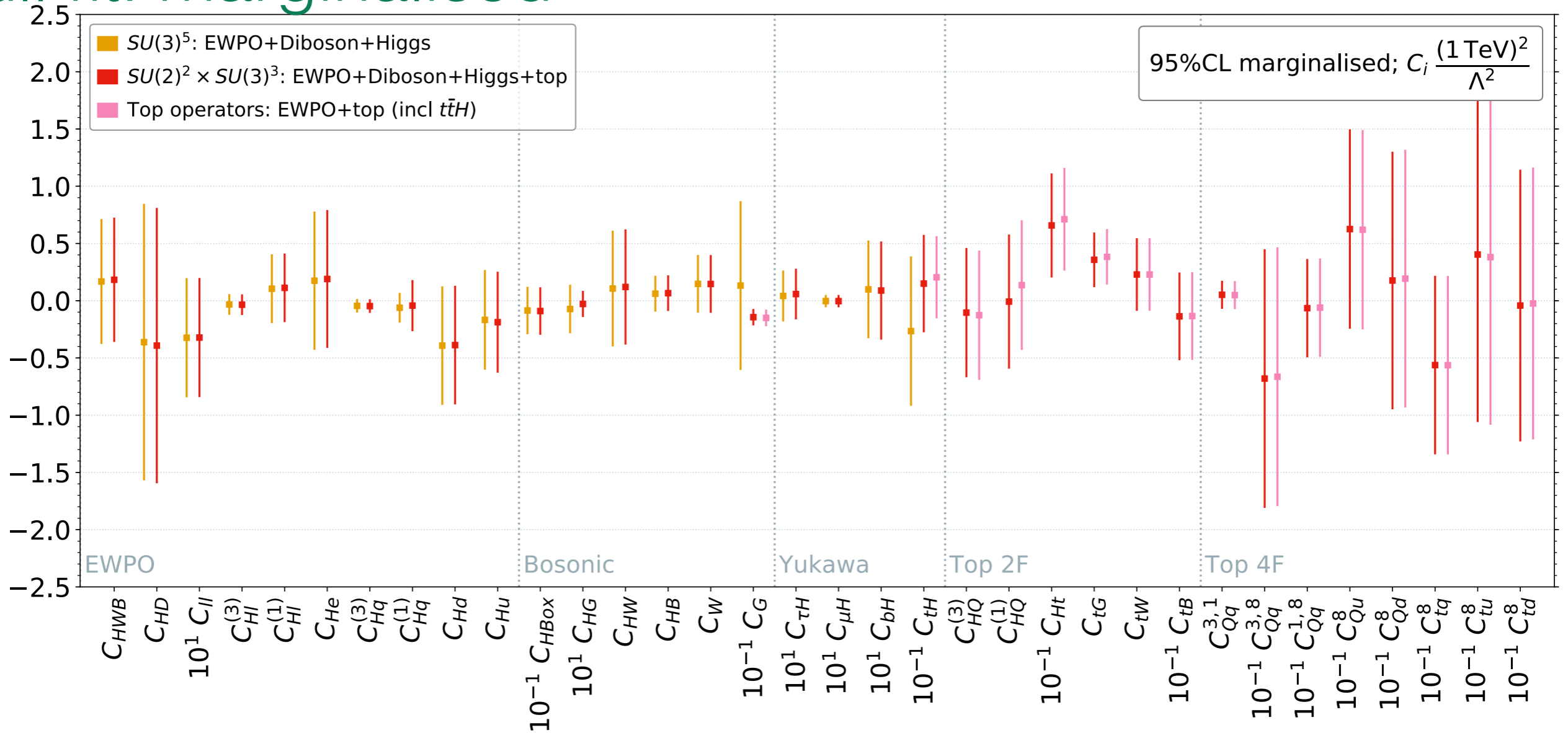
Normalized Fisher Value



Yukawa & Chromo-dipole

$t\bar{t}V$  couplings

# Full fit: marginalised



# Correlations

Block diagonal:  
correlations *within*  
'sector'

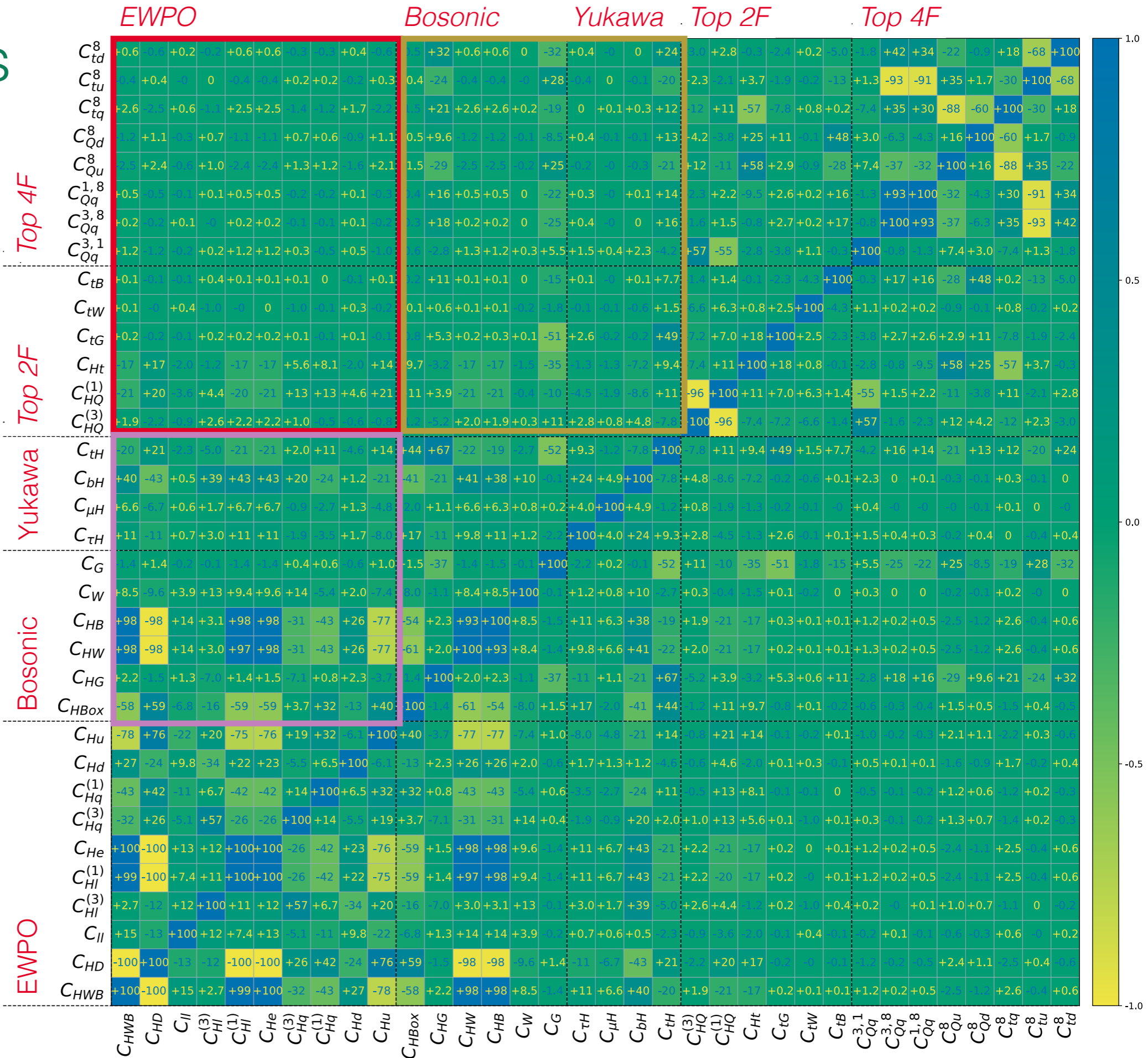
Block off-diagonal:  
correlations *among*  
'sectors'

EWPO & top  
~uncorrelated

EWPO-Higgs  
 $C_{HB}, C_{HW}, C_{H\Box}$   
& Yukawa  
with EWPO

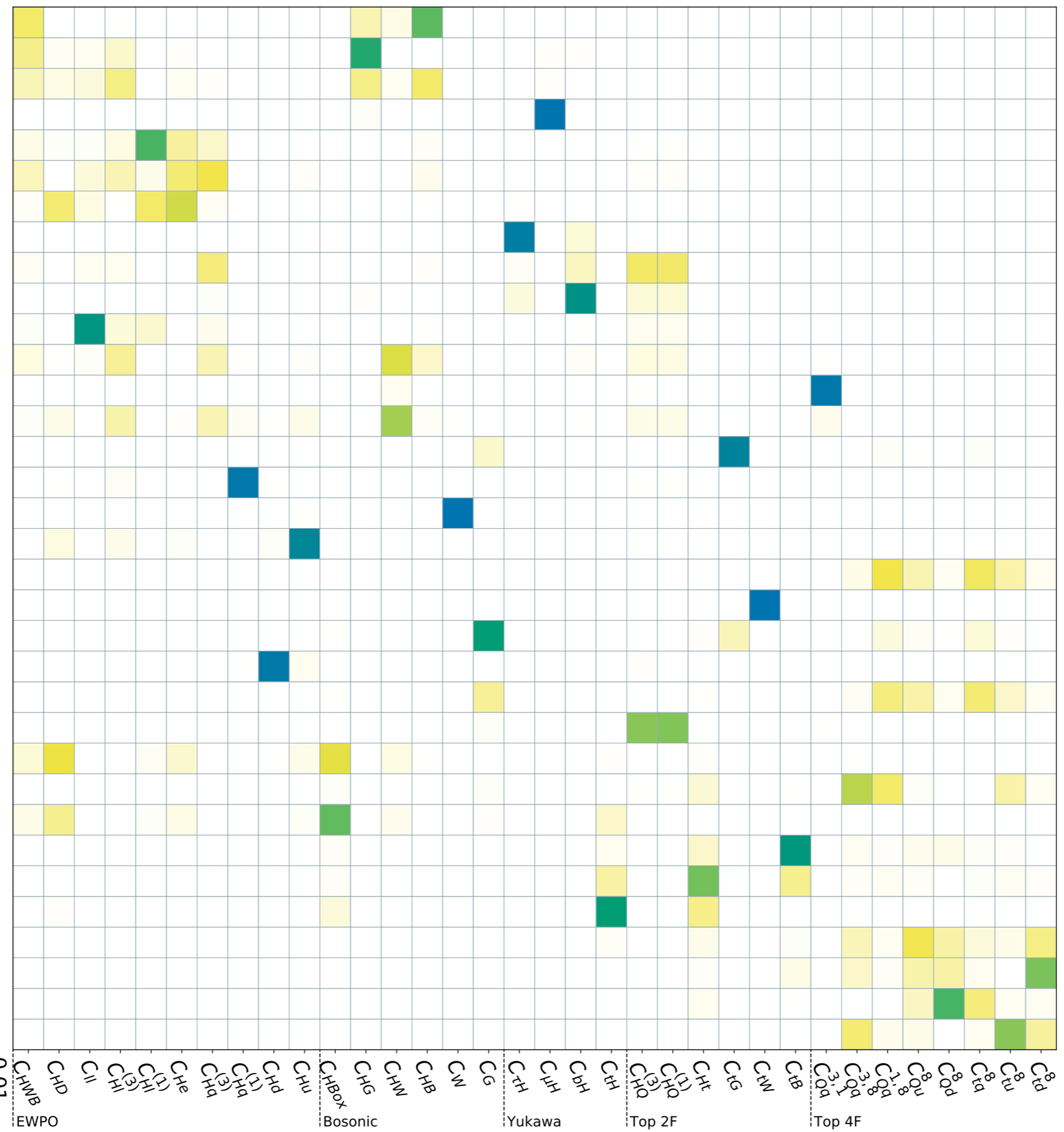
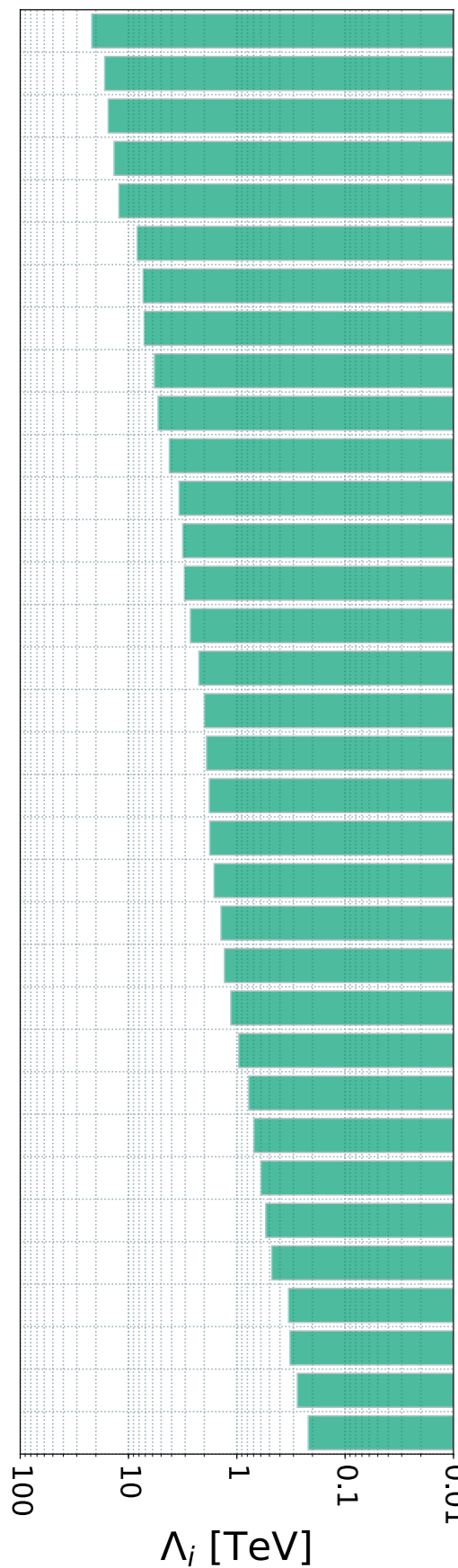
Higgs precision  
rivalling LEP

Top-Higgs  
 $C_{HG}, C_G, C_{tH}$   
with 4F



# PCA

$2\sigma$  bound on  $\Lambda_i, a_{ij}c_j = 1$



Relative constraining power (%)

6	-	15	29	50	-	-	-	-	-
35	-	13	28	23	-	-	-	-	-
59	-	7	16	18	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	5	94	1	-	-	-	-	-
99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
95	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	21	45	33	-	-	-	-	-
74	-	2	4	14	6	-	-	-	-
18	-	8	19	55	-	-	-	-	-
73	22	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
7	2	5	53	4	29	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	96	-
7	-	2	39	2	46	-	-	3	-
-	-	-	10	4	-	-	57	-	28
94	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-
-	2	-	-	-	11	86	-	-	-
65	14	2	4	10	4	1	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	15	-
-	-	-	13	6	-	-	48	-	32
90	5	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	5	2	-	-	79	-	13
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	78	18
2	3	27	40	12	6	-	4	-	4
-	-	1	2	-	-	-	15	4	77
4	4	14	33	23	7	1	12	-	2
-	-	1	3	1	-	-	4	-	89
-	-	3	10	4	-	-	28	2	53
1	-	8	27	16	2	-	32	-	12
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	41
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	10
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	-	38
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	-	5

Higgs

Run 1, Hf  
Run 2, Hf  
STXS

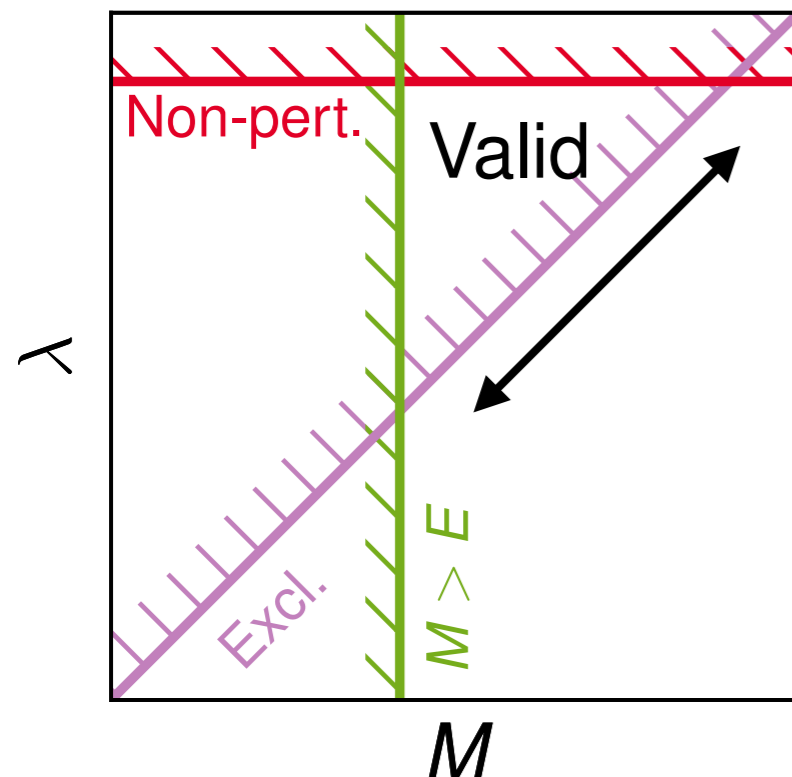
# BSM implications

SMEFT-UV connection is model dependent by construction

- New physics implications & EFT validity are ***a posteriori***
- Depends on **sensitivity** & **energy scale** probed by data
- Bottom-up philosophy: new physics scale unknown

arbitrary dimensionful parameter  $\frac{c_S}{\Lambda^2} = \frac{\lambda^2}{M^2}$  coupling/mass scale of new physics

**constraint:  $c/\Lambda^2 < X$**

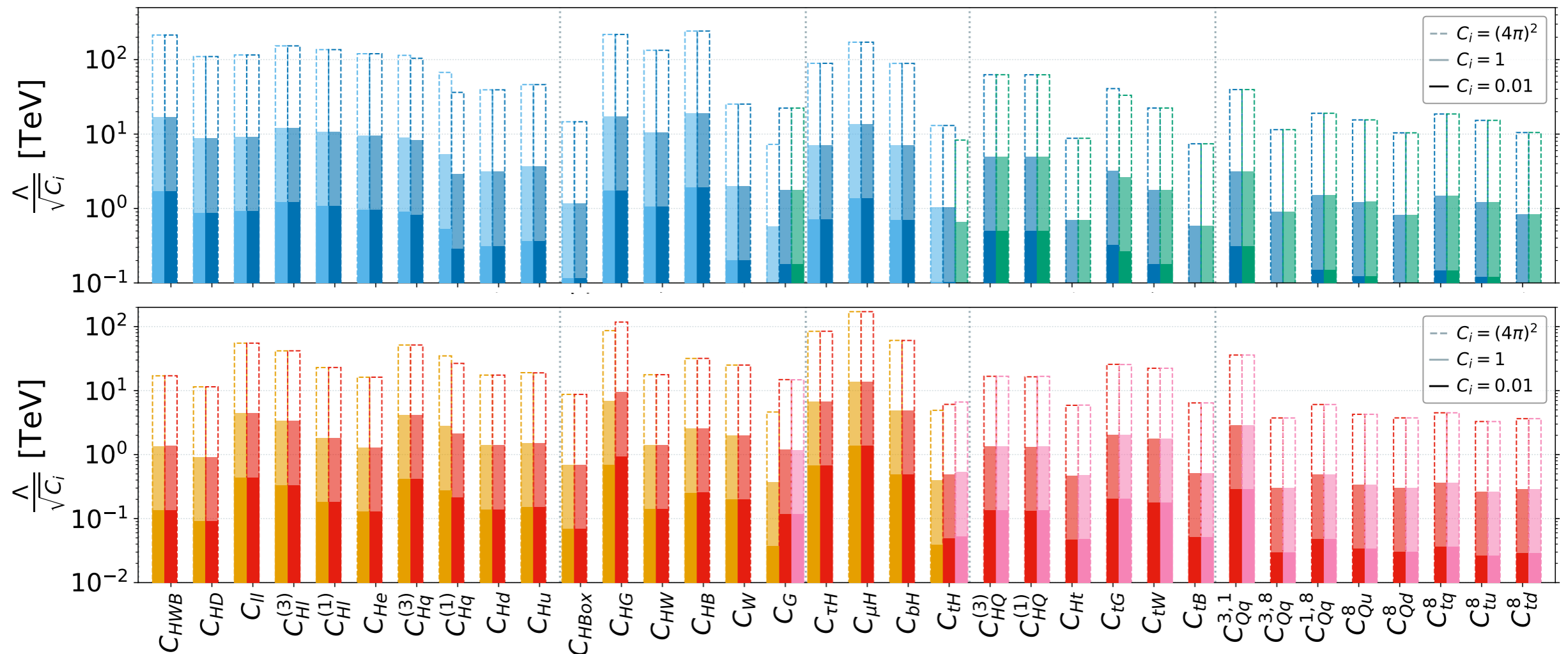


Difficult to address in a general way

- Today we are probing TeV scale new physics
- Hierarchies in sensitivity EWPO  $\gtrsim$  Higgs  $>$  top (EW)
- Moderate-to-strong coupling scenarios most safe
- **Generic NP in loops** looks challenging for the LHC



# BSM implications



Individual/marginalised = optimistic/pessimistic

- Real models should lie somewhere in between
- Less underlying parameters - more correlations
- Need to 're-run' the fits to infer on underlying model parameters



# Single field extensions

Name	Spin	SU(3)	SU(2)	U(1)	Param.	Name	Spin	SU(3)	SU(2)	U(1)	Param.	
$S$	0	1	1	0	$(M_S, \kappa_S)$	$\Delta_1$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$(M_{\Delta_1}, \lambda_{\Delta_1})$	VLL
$S_1$	0	1	1	1	$(M_{S_1}, y_{S_1})$	$\Delta_3$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$(M_{\Delta_3}, \lambda_{\Delta_3})$	
$\varphi$	0	1	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	$(M_\varphi, Z_6 \cos \beta)$	$\Sigma$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	3	0	$(M_\Sigma, \lambda_\Sigma)$	
$\Xi$	0	1	3	0	$(M_\Xi, \kappa_\Xi)$	$\Sigma_1$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	3	-1	$(M_{\Sigma_1}, \lambda_{\Sigma_1})$	
$\Xi_1$	0	1	3	1	$(M_{\Xi_1}, \kappa_{\Xi_1})$	$U$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	$\frac{2}{3}$	$(M_U, \lambda_U)$	VLQ
$B$	1	1	1	0	$(M_B, \hat{g}_H^B)$	$D$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$(M_D, \lambda_D)$	
$B_1$	1	1	1	1	$(M_{B_1}, g_{B_1})$	$Q_1$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$\frac{1}{6}$	$(M_{Q_1}, \lambda_{Q_1})$	
$W$	1	1	3	0	$(M_W, \hat{g}_H^W)$	$Q_5$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$-\frac{5}{6}$	$(M_{Q_5}, \lambda_{Q_5})$	
$W_1$	1	1	3	1	$(M_{W_1}, \hat{g}_{W_1}^\varphi)$	$Q_7$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$\frac{7}{6}$	$(M_{Q_7}, \lambda_{Q_7})$	
$N$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	0	$(M_N, \lambda_N)$	$T_1$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	3	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$(M_{T_1}, \lambda_{T_1})$	VLL
$E$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	-1	$(M_E, \lambda_E)$	$T_2$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	3	$\frac{2}{3}$	$(M_{T_2}, \lambda_{T_2})$	
$T$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	$\frac{2}{3}$	$(M_T, s_L^t)$	$TB$	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$\frac{1}{6}$	$(M_{TB}, s_L^{t,b})$	VLQ

## Considered single field extensions of the SM

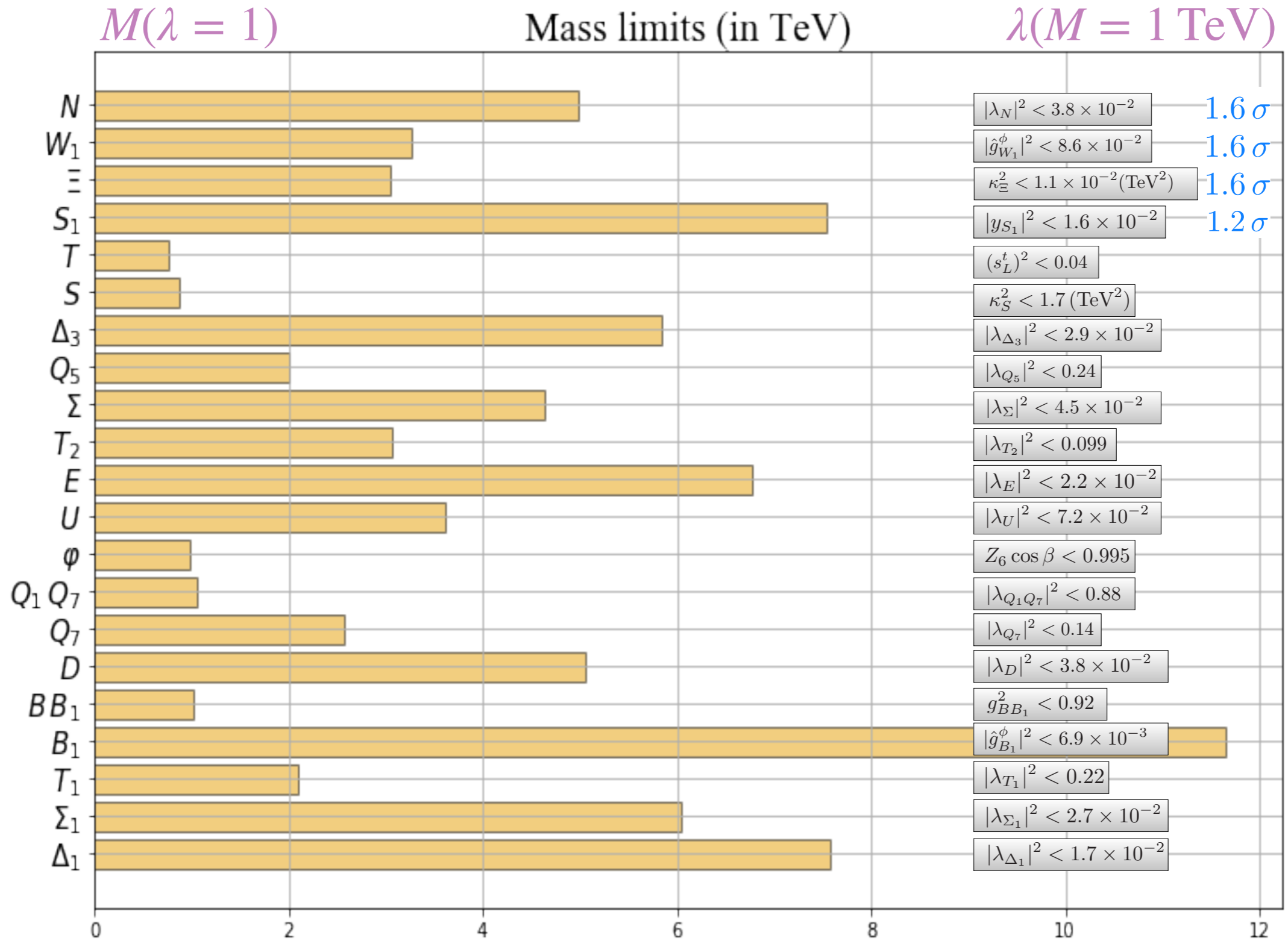
- Complete tree-level matching dictionary is known *[de Blas et al.; JHEP 03 (2018) 109]*
- Interpret in terms of simplified 1 & 2 parameter versions of the models

# One parameter models

Model	$C_{HD}$	$C_{ll}$	$C_{Hl}^3$	$C_{Hl}^1$	$C_{He}$	$C_{H\Box}$	$C_{\tau H}$	$C_{tH}$	$C_{bH}$
$S$						$-\frac{1}{2}$			
$S_1$		1							
$\Sigma$			$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$			$\frac{y_\tau}{4}$		
$\Sigma_1$			$-\frac{1}{16}$	$-\frac{3}{16}$			$\frac{y_\tau}{8}$		
$N$			$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$					
$E$			$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$			$\frac{y_\tau}{2}$		
$\Delta_1$					$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{y_\tau}{2}$		
$\Delta_3$					$-\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{y_\tau}{2}$		
$B_1$	1					$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{y_\tau}{2}$	$-\frac{y_t}{2}$	$-\frac{y_b}{2}$
$\Xi$	-2					$\frac{1}{2}$	$y_\tau$	$y_t$	$y_b$
$W_1$	$-\frac{1}{4}$					$-\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{y_\tau}{8}$	$-\frac{y_t}{8}$	$-\frac{y_b}{8}$
$\varphi$							$-y_\tau$	$-y_t$	$-y_b$
$\{B, B_1\}$						$-\frac{3}{2}$	$-y_\tau$	$-y_t$	$-y_b$
$\{Q_1, Q_7\}$								$y_t$	
Model	$C_{Hq}^3$	$C_{Hq}^1$	$(C_{Hq}^3)_{33}$	$(C_{Hq}^1)_{33}$	$C_{Hu}$	$C_{Hd}$	$C_{tH}$	$C_{bH}$	
$U$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$			$\frac{y_t}{2}$		
$D$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$				$\frac{y_b}{2}$	
$Q_5$						$-\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{y_b}{2}$	
$Q_7$					$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{y_t}{2}$		
$T_1$	$-\frac{1}{16}$	$-\frac{3}{16}$	$-\frac{1}{16}$	$-\frac{3}{16}$			$\frac{y_t}{4}$	$\frac{y_b}{8}$	
$T_2$	$-\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$	$-\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$			$\frac{y_t}{8}$	$\frac{y_b}{4}$	
$T$			$-\frac{1}{2} \frac{M_T^2}{v^2}$	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{M_T^2}{v^2}$			$y_t \frac{M_T^2}{v^2}$		

$$\times \frac{\lambda^2}{M^2}$$

# One parameter models

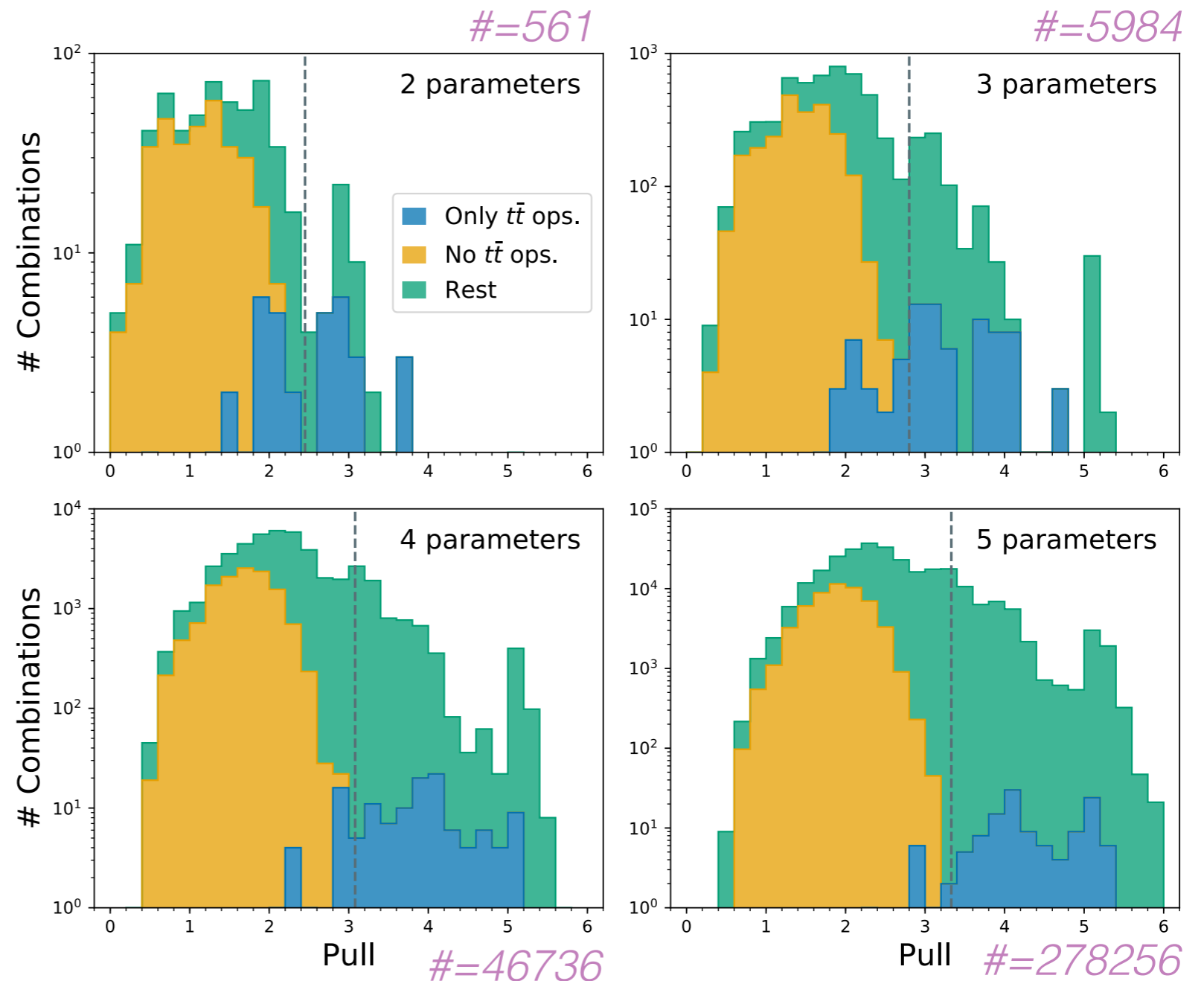


# Pull-ology

Brute force: fit to all combinations of n-coefficients

$$P \equiv \sqrt{\chi_{SM}^2 - \chi_{fit}^2}$$

- Agnostic search for improved fit w.r.t SM
- NP hints could show up in this way
- Advantage of fast, linear fit method
- Highlights tension in  $t\bar{t}$  data
- No conclusive NP hints so far...



# Conclusions

Presented first EWPO, Higgs, Diboson & Top fit in SMEFT

- Higgs data are driving global sensitivity beyond EWPO
- Top & Higgs sector are starting to talk to each other
- Interplay is robust against 4F operators in  $t\bar{t}$

Analytic, linear analysis has many benefits

- Simple likelihood described by best fit+correlations, PCA exact
- Easy to interpret/combine with other likelihoods
- Fast: repeat for subsets, BSM interpretations

Drawbacks

- Potentially important quadratic effects, especially in top data
- Gaussian priors only, not really appropriate for th. errors

# Outlook

## Much more to be done

- Explore the likelihood further - how? opportunity for exp/th exchange
- Compare results to a quadratic fit to test validity
- SMEFT theory errors?
- Explore impact of new observables: VBS, VVV, rare top modes

## Impact of loops

- Top operators in loops: Higgs decays + EWPO
- NLO corrections

## BSM implications

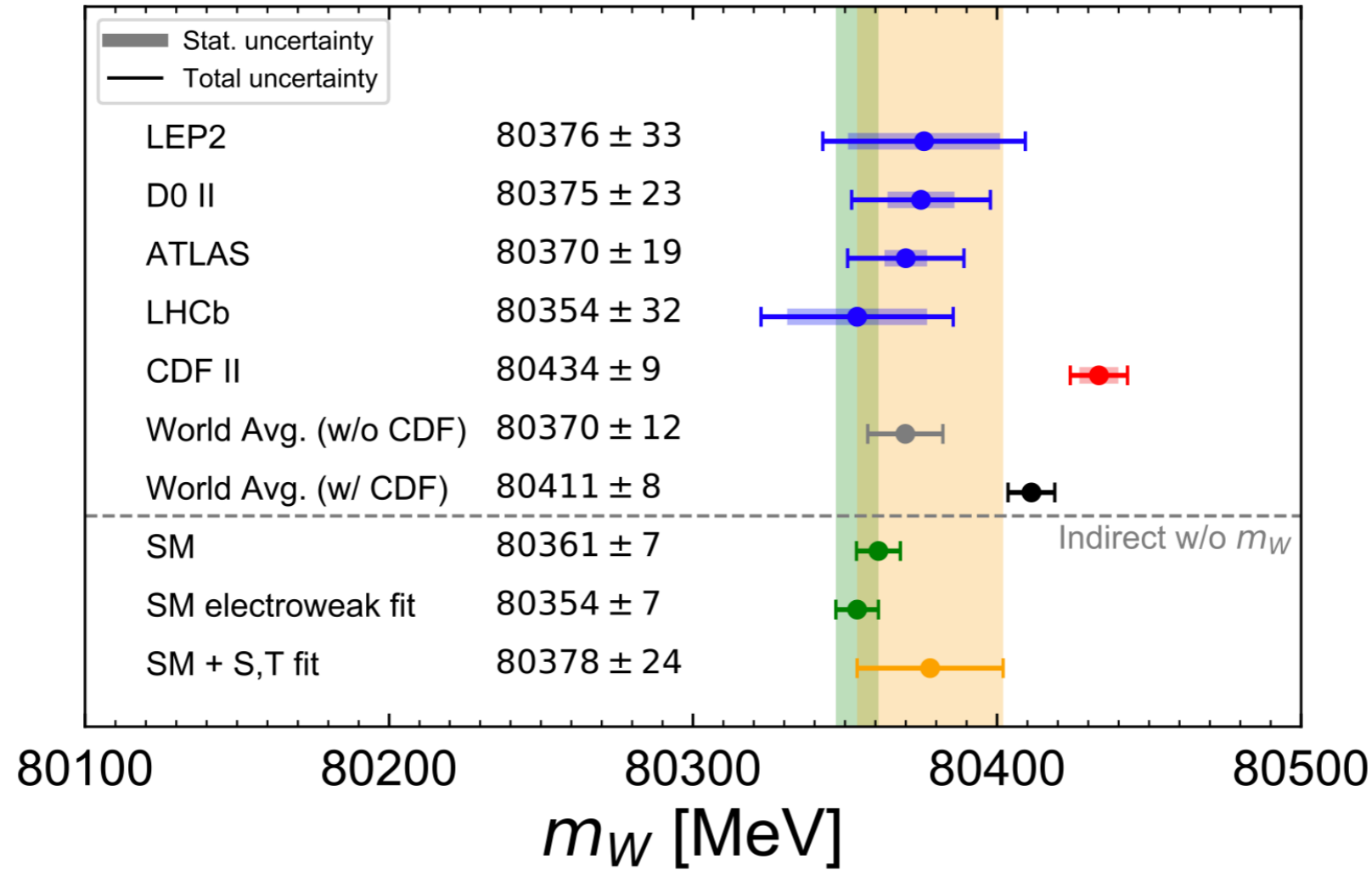
- Go beyond 1 particle benchmarks towards realistic models
- Are there compelling top/Higgs scenarios that admit a valid EFT interpretation with LHC data?



Bonus:  $m_W$  interpretation



# The result

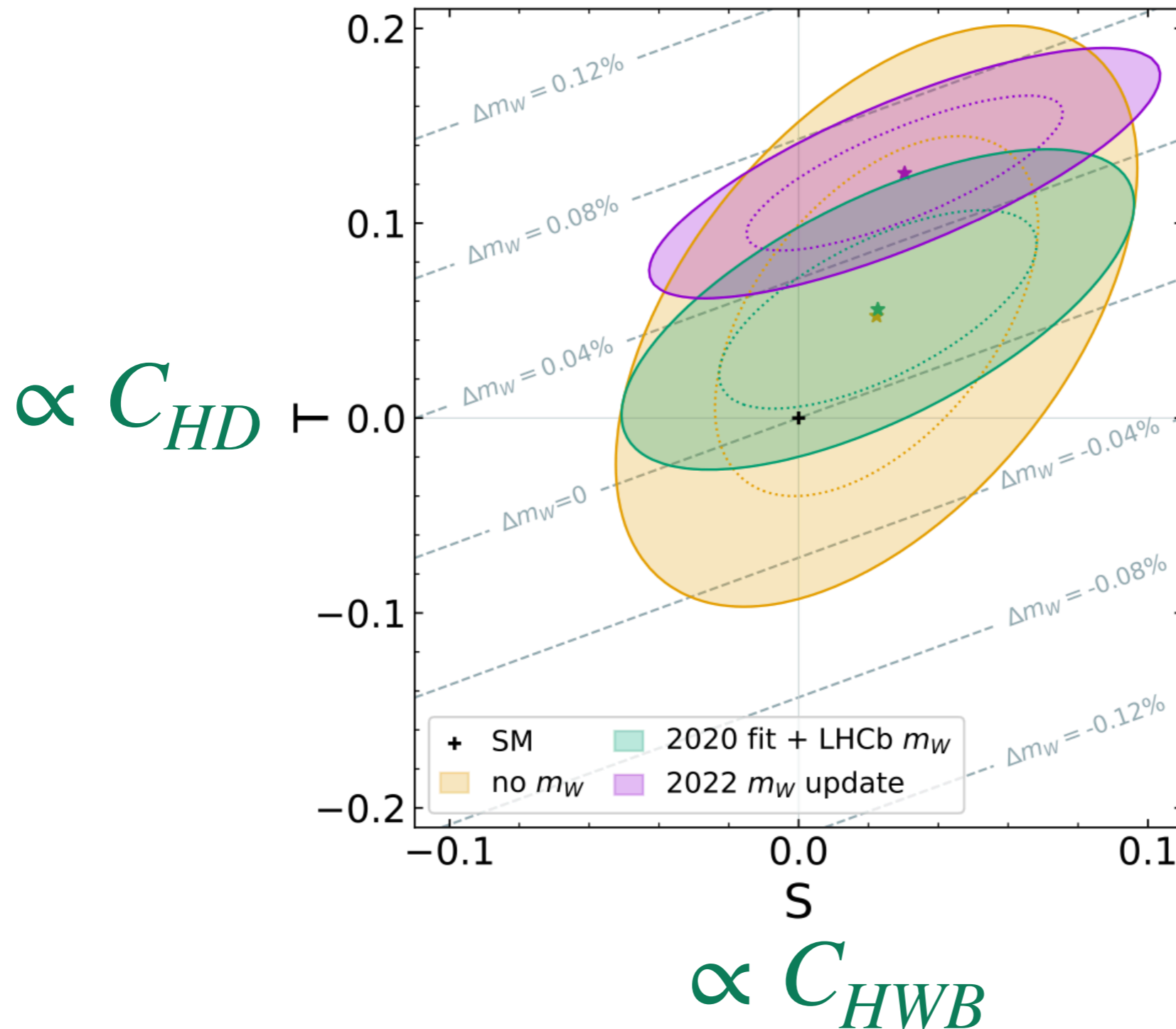


$$\mathcal{O}_{HWB} \equiv H^\dagger \tau^I H W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu}, \quad \mathcal{O}_{HD} \equiv \left( H^\dagger D^\mu H \right)^* \left( H^\dagger D_\mu H \right)$$

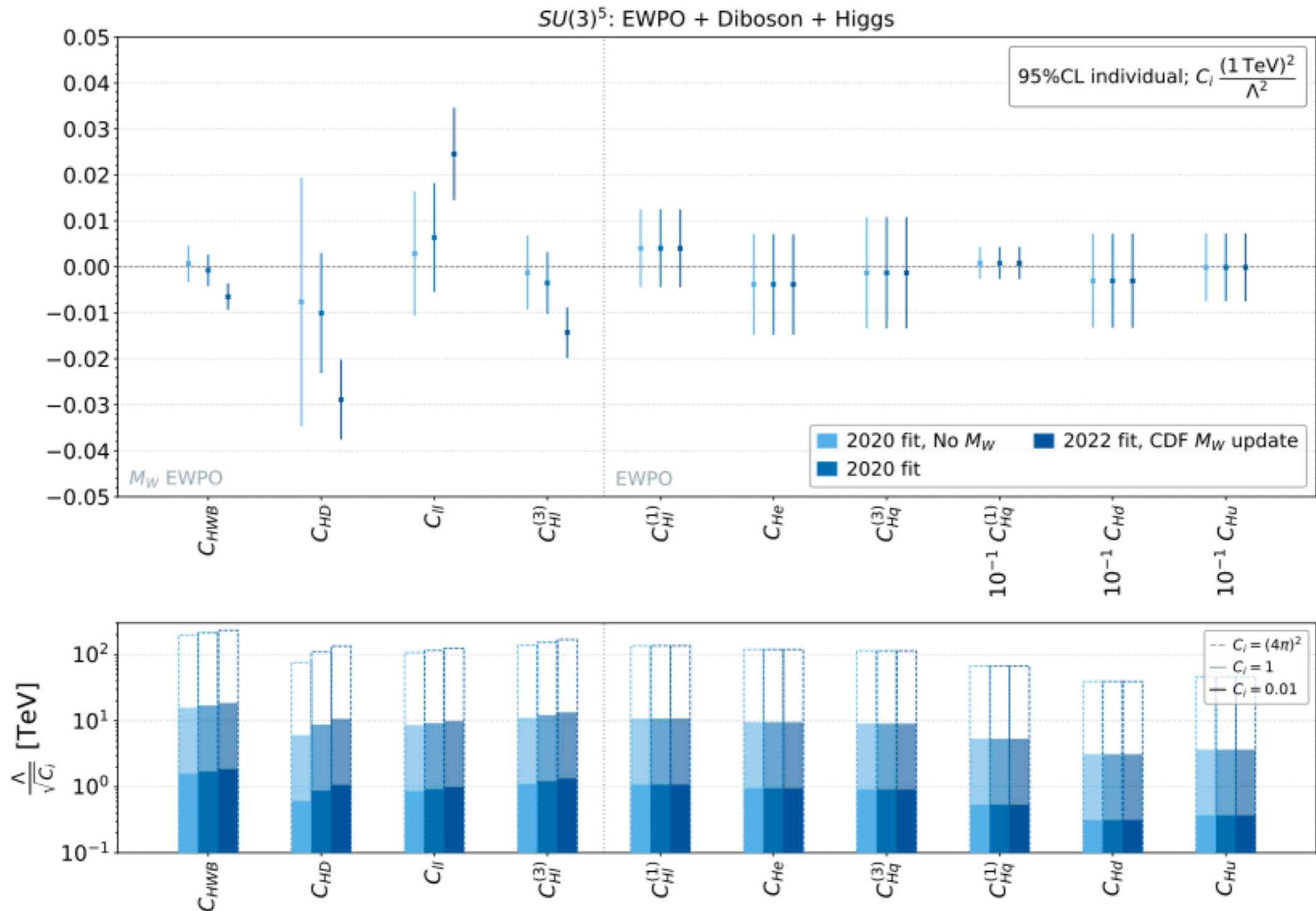
$$\mathcal{O}_{\ell\ell} \equiv \left( \bar{\ell}_p \gamma_\mu \ell_r \right) \left( \bar{\ell}_s \gamma^\mu \ell_t \right), \quad \mathcal{O}_{H\ell}^{(3)} \equiv \left( H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H \right) \left( \bar{\ell}_p \tau^I \gamma^\mu \ell_r \right)$$

$$\frac{\delta m_W^2}{m_W^2} = -\frac{\sin 2\theta_w}{\cos 2\theta_w} \frac{v^2}{4\Lambda^2} \left( \frac{\cos \theta_w}{\sin \theta_w} C_{HD} + \frac{\sin \theta_w}{\cos \theta_w} \left( 4C_{H\ell}^{(3)} - 2C_{\ell\ell} \right) + 4C_{HWB} \right)$$

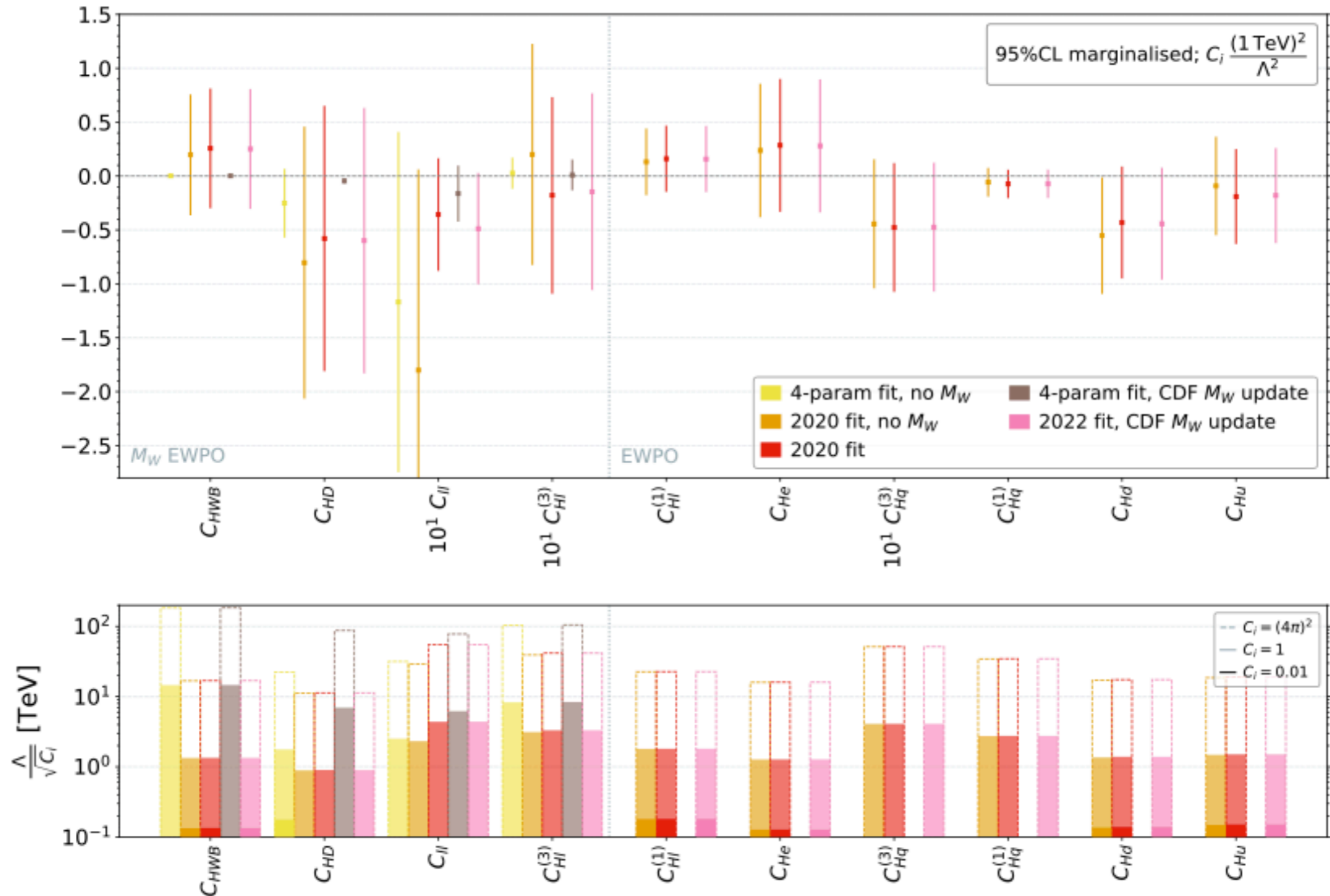
# S & T parameters



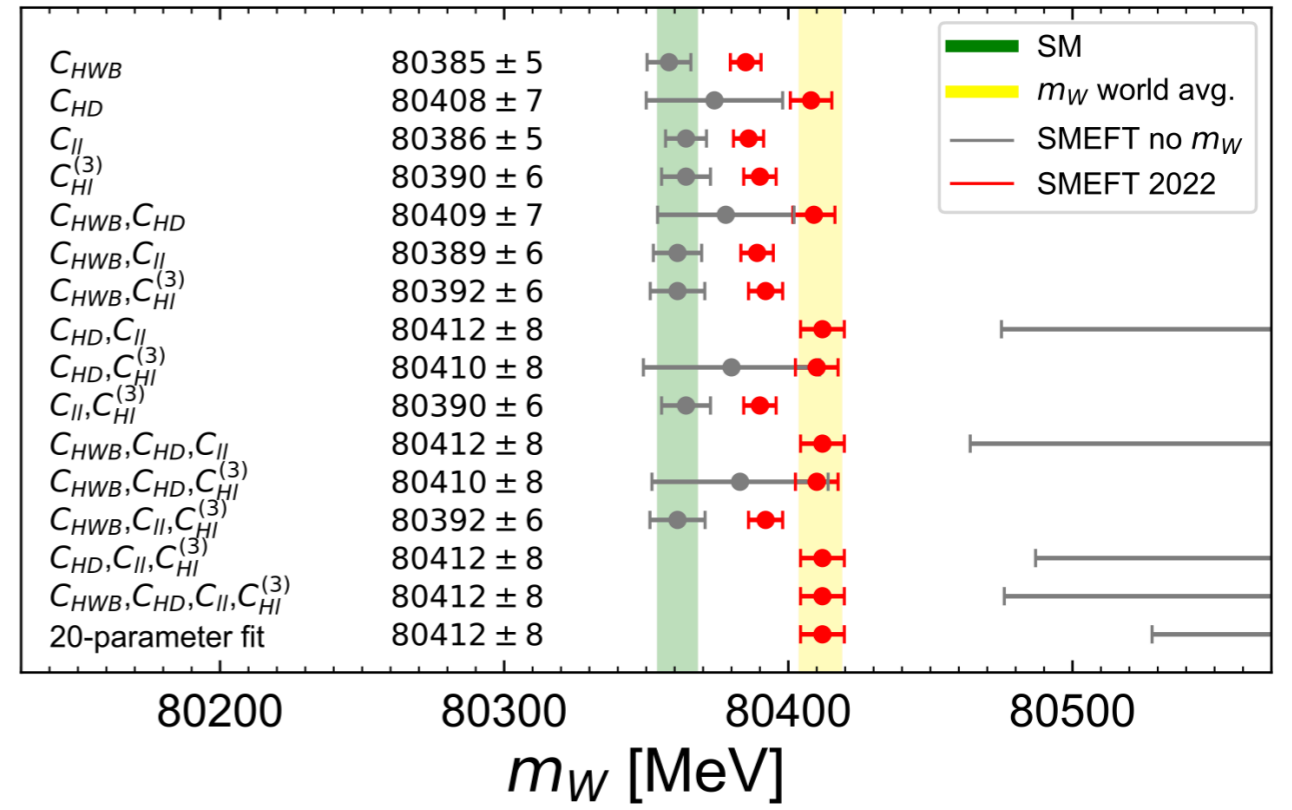
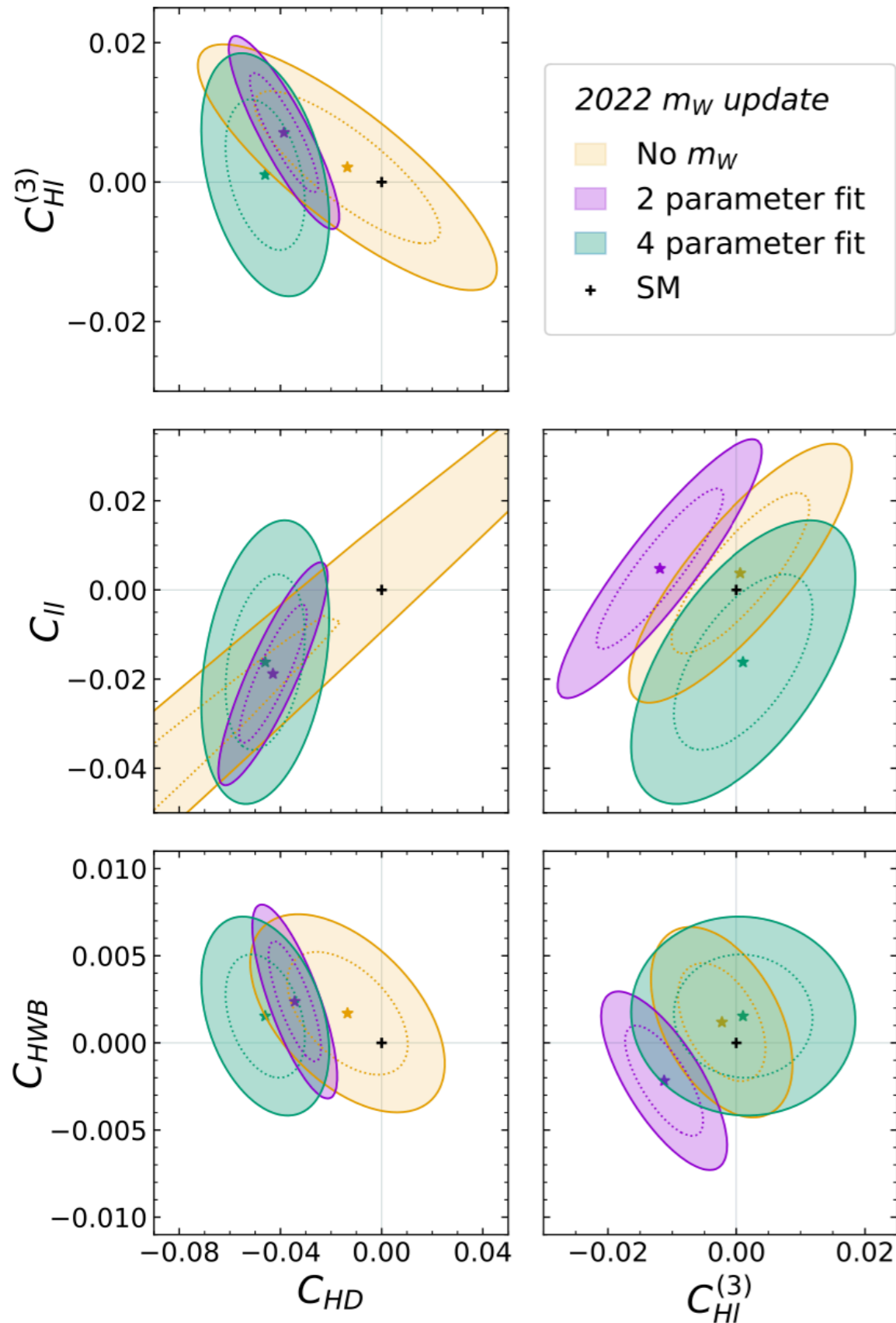
# Global fit (20 parameters)



# Global fit (20 parameters)



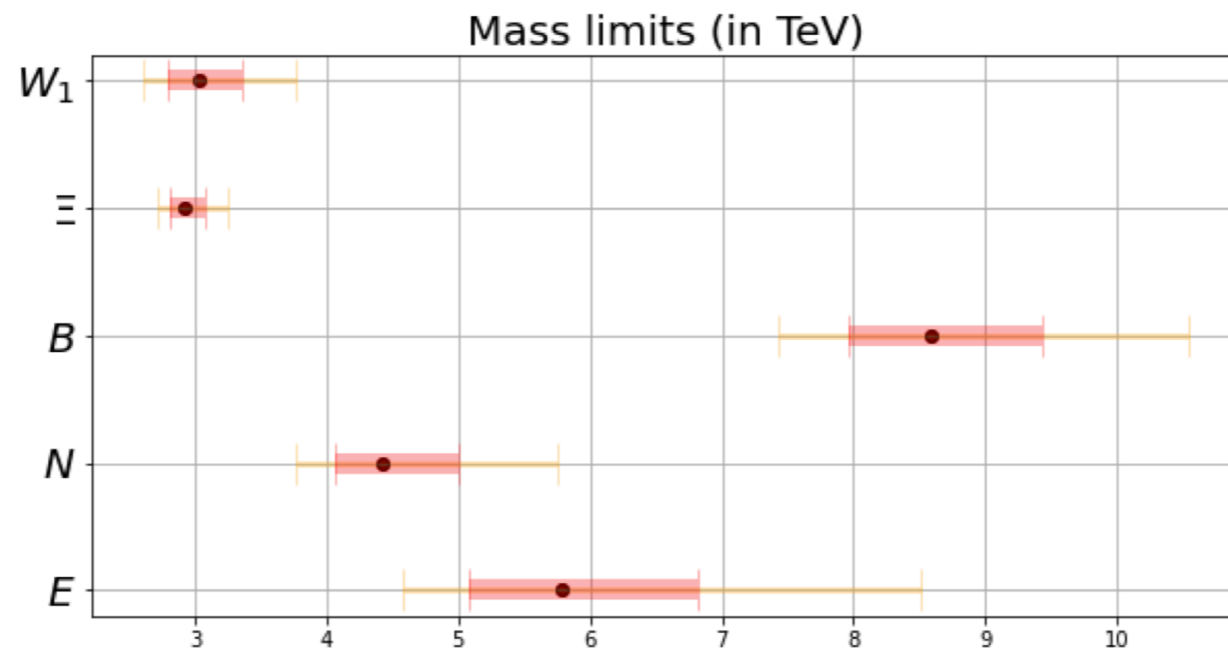
# Subsets





# Single field extensions

Model	$C_{HD}$	$C_{ll}$	$C_{Hl}^{(3)}$	$C_{Hl}^{(1)}$	$C_{He}$	$C_{H\Box}$	$C_{\tau H}$	$C_{tH}$	$C_{bH}$
$S_1$		-1							
$\Sigma$			$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{3}{16}$			$\frac{y_\tau}{4}$		
$\Sigma_1$			$\frac{1}{16}$	$-\frac{3}{16}$			$\frac{y_\tau}{8}$		
$N$			$-\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$					
$E$			$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$			$\frac{y_\tau}{2}$		
$B_1$	1					$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{y_\tau}{2}$	$-\frac{y_t}{2}$	$-\frac{y_b}{2}$
$B$	-2						$-y_\tau$	$-y_t$	$-y_b$
$\Xi$	$-2 \left(\frac{1}{M_\Xi}\right)^2$					$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{M_\Xi}\right)^2$	$y_\tau \left(\frac{1}{M_\Xi}\right)^2$	$y_t \left(\frac{1}{M_\Xi}\right)^2$	$y_b \left(\frac{1}{M_\Xi}\right)^2$
$W_1$	$-\frac{1}{4}$					$-\frac{1}{8}$	$-\frac{y_\tau}{8}$	$-\frac{y_t}{8}$	$-\frac{y_b}{8}$
$W$	$\frac{1}{2}$					$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-y_\tau$	$-y_t$	$-y_b$



Backup



# Data: EWPO & Diboson

<b>EW precision observables</b>	$n_{\text{obs}}$
Precision electroweak measurements on the $Z$ resonance. $\Gamma_Z, \sigma_{\text{had.}}^0, R_\ell^0, A_{FB}^\ell, A_\ell(\text{SLD}), A_\ell(\text{Pt}), R_b^0, R_c^0, A_{FB}^b, A_{FB}^c, A_b$ & $A_c$	12
Combination of CDF and D0 $W$ -Boson Mass Measurements	1
LHC run 1 $W$ boson mass measurement by ATLAS	1
<b>Diboson LEP &amp; LHC</b>	$n_{\text{obs}}$
$W^+ W^-$ angular distribution measurements at LEP II.	8
$W^+ W^-$ total cross section measurements at L3 in the $l\nu l\nu, l\nu qq$ & $qqqq$ final states for 8 energies	24
$W^+ W^-$ total cross section measurements at OPAL in the $l\nu l\nu, l\nu qq$ & $qqqq$ final states for 7 energies	21
$W^+ W^-$ total cross section measurements at ALEPH in the $l\nu l\nu, l\nu qq$ & $qqqq$ final states for 8 energies	21
ATLAS $W^+ W^-$ differential cross section in the $e\nu\mu\nu$ channel, $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{\ell_1}^T}$ , $p_T > 120$ GeV overflow bin	1
ATLAS $W^+ W^-$ fiducial differential cross section in the $e\nu\mu\nu$ channel, $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{\ell_1}^T}$	14
ATLAS $W^\pm Z$ fiducial differential cross section in the $l^+ l^- l^\pm \nu$ channel, $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_Z^T}$	7
CMS $W^\pm Z$ normalised fiducial differential cross section in the $l^+ l^- l^\pm \nu$ channel, $\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{dp_Z^T}$	11
ATLAS $Zjj$ fiducial differential cross section in the $l^+ l^-$ channel, $\frac{d\sigma}{d\Delta\varphi_{jj}}$	12

# Data: Higgs

<b>LHC Run 1 Higgs</b>	$n_{\text{obs}}$
ATLAS and CMS LHC Run 1 combination of Higgs signal strengths. Production: $ggF, VBF, ZH, WH$ & $ttH$ Decay: $\gamma\gamma, ZZ, W^+W^-, \tau^+\tau^-$ & $b\bar{b}$	21
ATLAS inclusive $Z\gamma$ signal strength measurement	1
<b>LHC Run 2 Higgs (new)</b>	$n_{\text{obs}}$
ATLAS combination of signal strengths and stage 1.0 STXS in $H \rightarrow 4\ell$ including ratios of branching fractions to $\gamma\gamma, WW^*, \tau^+\tau^-$ & $b\bar{b}$ Signal strengths coarse STXS bins  fine STXS bins	16 19 25
CMS LHC combination of Higgs signal strengths. Production: $ggF, VBF, ZH, WH$ & $ttH$ Decay: $\gamma\gamma, ZZ, W^+W^-, \tau^+\tau^-, b\bar{b}$ & $\mu^+\mu^-$	23
CMS stage 1.0 STXS measurements for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ . 13 parameter fit   7 parameter fit	13 7
CMS stage 1.0 STXS measurements for $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	9
CMS stage 1.1 STXS measurements for $H \rightarrow 4\ell$	19
CMS differential cross section measurements of inclusive Higgs production in the $WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ final state. $\frac{d\sigma}{dn_{\text{jet}}}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_H^T}$	5 6
ATLAS $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ signal strength.	1
ATLAS $H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ signal strength.	1



# Data: Tevatron, LHC Run 1 & 2 top

Tevatron & Run 1 top	$n_{\text{obs}}$	Ref.	Run 2 top	$n_{\text{obs}}$	Ref.
Tevatron combination of differential $t\bar{t}$ forward-backward asymmetry, $A_{FB}(m_{t\bar{t}})$ .	4	[7]	CMS $t\bar{t}$ differential distributions in the dilepton channel. $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}}$	6	[46, 50]
ATLAS $t\bar{t}$ differential distributions in the dilepton channel. $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}}$	6	[31]	CMS $t\bar{t}$ differential distributions in the $\ell$ +jets channel. $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}}$	10	[53]
ATLAS $t\bar{t}$ differential distributions in the $\ell$ +jets channel. $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d y_{t\bar{t}} }$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_t^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d y_t }$	7 5 8 5	[24]	ATLAS measurement of differential $t\bar{t}$ charge asymmetry, $A_C(m_{t\bar{t}})$ .	5	[55]
CMS $t\bar{t}$ differential distributions in the $\ell$ +jets channel. $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dy_{t\bar{t}}}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_t^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dy_t}$	7 10 8  10	[25, 34]	ATLAS $t\bar{t}W$ & $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section measurements. $\sigma_{t\bar{t}W} \sigma_{t\bar{t}Z}$	2	[58]
CMS measurement of differential $t\bar{t}$ charge asymmetry, $A_C(m_{t\bar{t}})$ in the dilepton channel.	3	[33]	CMS $t\bar{t}W$ & $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section measurements. $\sigma_{t\bar{t}W} \sigma_{t\bar{t}Z}$	1 1	[48]
ATLAS inclusive measurement $t\bar{t}$ charge asymmetry, $A_C(m_{t\bar{t}})$ in the dilepton channel.	1	[32]	CMS $t\bar{t}Z$ differential distributions. $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_z^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta^*}$	4 4	[60]
ATLAS & CMS combination of differential $t\bar{t}$ charge asymmetry, $A_C(m_{t\bar{t}})$ , in the $\ell$ +jets channel.	6	[38]	ATLAS $t\bar{t}\gamma$ differential distribution.	11	[62]
CMS $t\bar{t}$ double differential distributions in the dilepton channel. $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}dy_t}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}dy_{t\bar{t}}}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{t\bar{t}}dp_{t\bar{t}}^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dy_t dp_{t\bar{t}}^T}$	16 16  16 16	[18, 35]	CMS measurement of differential cross sections and charge ratios for $t$ -channel single-top quark production. $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{t+\bar{t}}^T}$   $R_t(p_{t+\bar{t}}^T)$	5 5	[56]
ATLAS & CMS Run 1 combination of $W$ -boson helicity fractions in top decay. $f_0, f_L$ & $f_R$	3	[40]	CMS measurement of $t$ -channel single-top and anti-top cross sections. $\sigma_t, \sigma_{\bar{t}}, \sigma_{t+\bar{t}}$ & $R_t$ .	4	[42]
ATLAS measurement of $W$ -boson helicity fractions in top decay. $f_0, f_L$ & $f_R$	3	[30]	CMS measurement of the $t$ -channel single-top and anti-top cross sections. $\sigma_t \sigma_{\bar{t}} \sigma_{t+\bar{t}} R_t$ .	1 1 1 1	[45]
CMS measurement of $W$ -boson helicity fractions in top decay. $f_0, f_L$ & $f_R$	3	[29]	CMS $t$ -channel single-top differential distributions. $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{t+\bar{t}}^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d y_{t+\bar{t}} }$	4 4	[44]
ATLAS $t\bar{t}W$ & $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section measurements. $\sigma_{t\bar{t}W} \sigma_{t\bar{t}Z}$	2	[23]	ATLAS $tW$ cross section measurement.	1	[43]
CMS $t\bar{t}W$ & $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section measurements. $\sigma_{t\bar{t}W} \sigma_{t\bar{t}Z}$	2	[26]	CMS $tZ$ cross section measurement.	1	[47]
ATLAS $t\bar{t}\gamma$ cross section measurement in the $\ell$ + jets channel.	1	[36]	CMS $tW$ cross section measurement.	1	[52]
CMS $t\bar{t}\gamma$ cross section measurement in the $\ell$ + jets channel.	1	[37]	ATLAS $tZ$ cross section measurement.	1	[49]
ATLAS $t$ -channel single-top differential distributions. $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_t^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{\bar{t}}^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d y_t }$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d y_{\bar{t}} }$	4 4 4 5	[39]	CMS $tZ$ ( $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ ) cross section measurement	1	[54]
CMS $s$ -channel single-top cross section measurement.	1	[28]	ATLAS four-top search in the multi-lepton and same-sign dilepton channels.	1	[63]
CMS $t$ -channel single-top differential distributions. $\frac{d\sigma}{dp_{t+\bar{t}}^T}$   $\frac{d\sigma}{d y_{t+\bar{t}} }$	6  6	[19]	ATLAS four-top search in the single-lepton and opposite-sign dilepton channels.	1	[51]
CMS measurement of the $t$ -channel single-top and anti-top cross sections. $\sigma_t \sigma_{\bar{t}} \sigma_{t+\bar{t}} R_t$ .	1 1 1 1	[20]	CMS four-top search in the multi-lepton and same-sign dilepton channels.	1	[61]
ATLAS $s$ -channel single-top cross section measurement.	1	[27]	CMS four-top search in the single-lepton and opposite-sign dilepton channels.	1	[59]
CMS $tW$ cross section measurement.	1	[21]	CMS $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ cross section measurement in the all-jet channel.	1	[57]
ATLAS $tW$ cross section measurement in the single lepton channel.	1	[41]	CMS $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ cross section measurement in the dilepton channel.	1	[64]
ATLAS $tW$ cross section measurement in the dilepton channel.	1	[22]			



# Fisher information breakdown

$C_i$	EWPO	LEP WW	Run 1 SS	Run 2 SS	STXS	LHC WW	WZ	Zjj	$t\bar{t}$	$W_{\text{hel.}}$	$tX$	$t\bar{t}V$
$C_{HWB}$	51	—	7	14	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{HD}$	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{ll}$	99	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Hl}^{(3)}$	99	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Hl}^{(1)}$	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{He}$	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Hq}^{(3)}$	89	1	—	—	2	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Hq}^{(1)}$	99	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Hd}$	99	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Hu}$	98	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{H\Box}$	—	—	22	46	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{HG}$	—	—	22	42	36	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{HW}$	—	—	14	29	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{HB}$	—	—	14	29	57	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_W$	—	3	—	—	—	—	13	84	—	—	—	—
$C_G$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	43	—	—	56
$C_{\tau H}$	—	—	22	45	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{\mu H}$	—	—	5	95	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{bH}$	—	—	19	35	47	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{tH}$	—	—	21	45	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{HQ}^{(3)}$	99	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{HQ}^{(1)}$	100	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
$C_{Ht}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100
$C_{tG}$	—	—	13	29	24	—	—	—	24	—	—	9
$C_{tW}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	84	15	—
$C_{tB}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100
$C_{Qq}^{3,1}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100	—
$C_{Qq}^{3,8}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	87	—	—	13
$C_{Qq}^{1,8}$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	82	—	—	17
$C_{Qu}^8$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	91	—	—	7
$C_{Qd}^8$	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	92	—	—	6
$C_{tq}^8$	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	89	—	—	10
$C_{tu}^8$	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	96	—	—	3
$C_{td}^8$	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	92	—	—	5

# Technical details

$$\mu_X \equiv \frac{X}{X_{SM}} = 1 + \sum_i a_i^X \frac{C_i}{\Lambda^2} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

Exp. data: `HEPdata`, `WebPlotDigitizer`, ...

- Construct ‘signal strength’, w.r.t. SM prediction from exp. paper
- Otherwise computed with `MG5`, `fastnlo`, directly from theory papers
- Combine all sources of uncertainty in quadrature (stat., syst., th.)

Theory predictions: `MG5 (SMEFTsim & SMEFTatNLO)`

- LO, parton-level, linear dependence in  $(\alpha, G_F, M_Z)$  scheme
- Tree-level + 1-loop gluon fusion Higgs production
- $a_i$ : Effects from production, decays, total width
- No theory error from EFT, assume SM error dominant

# The code

*fitmaker* <https://gitlab.com/kenmimasu/fitrepo>  
public-friendly version w/ example notebooks in progress

Main analysis: linearised least-squares fit

$$\chi^2(C_i) = (\vec{y} - \vec{\mu}(C_i))^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} (\vec{y} - \vec{\mu}(C_i)) \quad \mu_\alpha(C_i) = \mu_\alpha^{\text{SM}} + \mathbf{H}_{\alpha i} C_i$$

Best fit  $\hat{\vec{C}} = (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{H})^{-1} \mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} (\vec{y} - \vec{\mu}^{\text{SM}}) \equiv \mathbf{F}^{-1} \vec{\omega}$

$$\mathbf{F} \equiv \mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{H} \quad , \quad \vec{\omega} \equiv \mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} (\vec{y} - \vec{\mu}^{\text{SM}}) \quad ,$$

Fisher information

$\mathbf{F}^{-1} \equiv \mathbf{U}$  Covariance matrix of least-squares estimators

$(\chi_{SM}^2, \hat{\vec{C}}, \mathbf{U})$  fully characterise likelihood

- Individual, profiled/marginalised bounds & correlations
- Principal component analysis (eigensystem of F)

Implemented as part  
of the **fitmaker**  
framework

Also nested sampling routine for general likelihoods

# The code

*fitmaker* <https://gitlab.com/kenmimasu/fitrepo>  
public-friendly version w/ example notebooks in progress

Database of input measurements encoded in `.json` format

- Values, errors, metadata,...

Python-class based definition of theoretical models

- Predictions for observables can be hard-coded
- ...or read-in from a `.json` file

$$\mu_{H \rightarrow 4\ell}^{ggF} = 0.98^{+0.12}_{-0.11}$$

```
{
  "observable_name": "mu_ggF_H_ZZ_13",
  "measurement_name": "mu_ggF_H_ZZ_CMS_Run2",
  "CDS": "http://cds.cern.ch/record/2706103",
  "reportnumber": "CMS-PAS-HIG-19-005",
  "DOI": "",
  "date": "2020/01/10",
  "experiment": "CERN LHC Run 2, CMS",
  "description": "Higgs boson signal strength for",
  "value": 0.98,
  "uncertainty": {
    "tot": [0.12, 0.11]
  },
  "uncertainty_sigma": 1,
  "th_flat": true
}
```

$$\mu^{ggF} = 1 + 35.8C_{HG} - 0.122C_{tH} - 0.959C_{tG} - 0.121C_{H\Box} + \dots$$

```
{
  "observable": "ggF0j",
  "params": ["CHG", "CuH", "CuG", "CHbox"],
  "constant": 1.0,
  "linear": [35.8, -0.122, 0.959, -0.121],
  "quadratic": [
    [321.0, -1.095, 8.45, -1.085],
    [-1.095, 0.00371, -0.02925, 0.003695],
    [8.45, -0.02925, 0.23, -0.0291],
    [-1.085, 0.003695, -0.0291, 0.00367]
  ],
  "lambda_gen": 1000.0
}
```

# SMEFT@NLO

Loops & SMEFT: active field in recent years

- Non-universal K-factors in EFT space  $\Leftrightarrow$  new information at NLO
- Loop-induced sensitivity (e.g.  $gg \rightarrow H$ )
- Control theoretical uncertainties
- Experimental interest in higher precision for SMEFT analyses/interpretations

Challenge: many processes x many operators

- LO  $\Rightarrow$  NLO = more cross-talk/operators/complexity
- Automated tools for fixed-order/NLO+PS are essential to the LHC programme

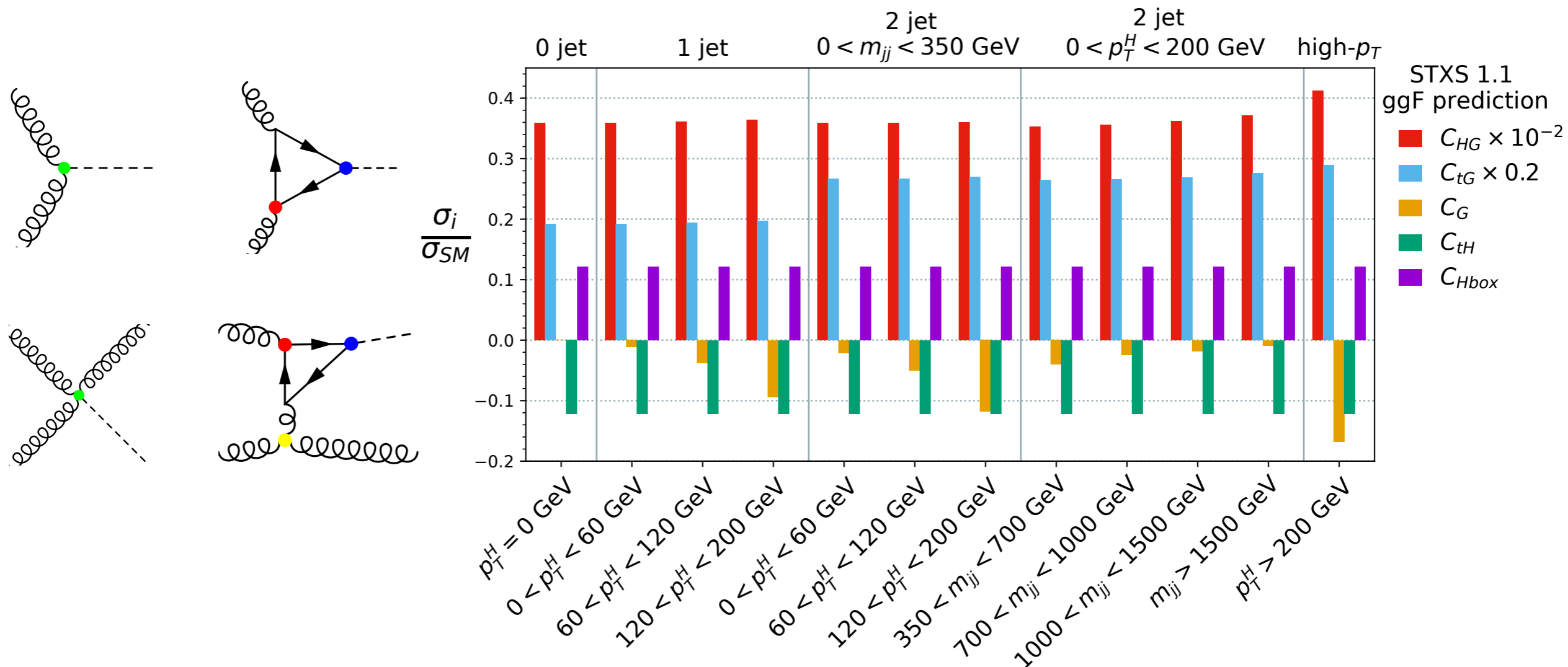
Solution: SMEFT@NLO

- UFO model for MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO
- Process-independent implementation: SMEFT in top-specific flavor limit

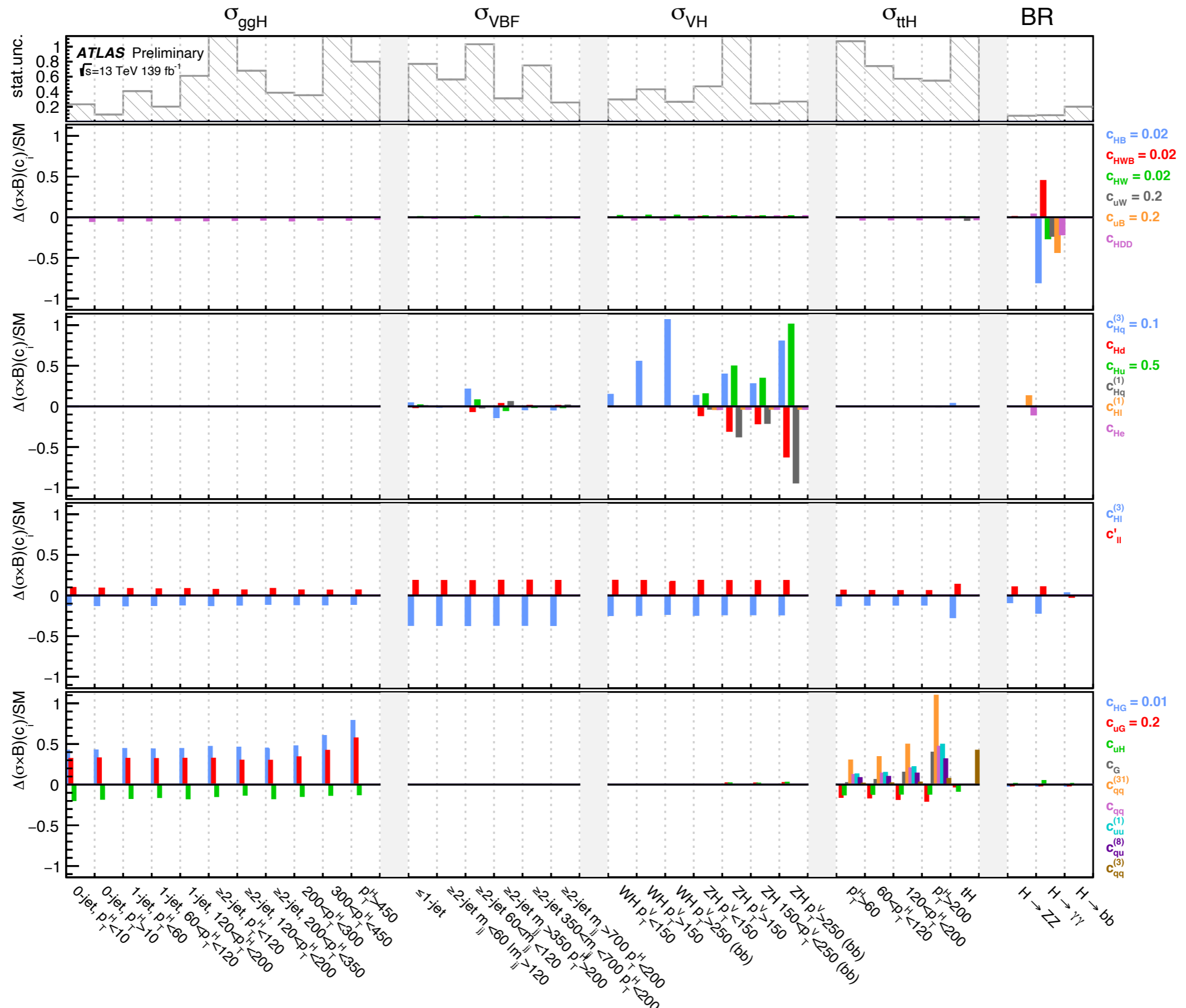
# SMEFT@NLO in STXS

## Gluon fusion Simplified Template Cross Section bins

- LO in the SM is one-loop
- Tree-EFT x loop-SM + loop-EFT x loop-SM interference terms
- Heavy top limit is OK for 0-jet, breaks down at high- $p_T$








Céline Degrande, Gauthier Durieux, Fabio Maltoni, Ken Mimasu, Eleni Vryonidou & Cen Zhang, [arXiv:2008.11743](#)

The implementation is based on the Warsaw basis of dimension-six SMEFT operators, after canonical normalization. Electroweak input parameters are taken to be  $G_F$ ,  $M_Z$ ,  $M_W$ . The CKM matrix is approximated as a unit matrix, and a  $U(2)_q \times U(2)_u \times U(3)_d \times (U(1)_l \times U(1)_e)^3$  flavor symmetry is enforced. It forbids all fermion masses and Yukawa couplings except that only of the top quark. The model therefore implements the five-flavor scheme for PDFs.

A new coupling order, `NP=2`, is assigned to SMEFT interactions. The cutoff scale `Lambda` takes a default value of  $1 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$  and can be modified along with the Wilson coefficients in the `param_card`. Operators definitions, normalisations and coefficient names in the UFO model are specified in [definitions.pdf](#) . The notations and normalizations of top-quark operator coefficients comply with the LHC TOP WG standards of [1802.07237](#). Note however that the flavor symmetry enforced here is slightly more restrictive than the baseline assumption there (see the [dim6top](#) page for more information). This model has been validated at tree level against the `dim6top` implementation (see [1906.12310](#) and the [comparison details](#)).

### Current implementation

UFO model: [SMEFTatNLO\\_v1.0.tar.gz](#) 

The current implementation imposes CP conservation. In the quark sector, it focuses primarily on top-quark interactions. The light-quark current operator, qqHDH, uuHDH, ddHDH, with coefficients `cpq3i`, `cpqMi`, `cpu`, `cpd` are however included. The triple-gluon operator, with coefficient `cG`, is currently not available (see the loop-capable [GGG](#) implementation). Vertices including more than four scalars or four leptons are not included. Scalar and tensor `QQ11` operators, with coefficients `ct1S3`, `ct1T3`, and `cb1S3`, break our flavor symmetry assumption and are not available for one-loop computations. Top-quark flavor-changing interactions, not compatible with the imposed flavor symmetry, are not included (see the loop-capable [TopFCNC](#) implementation).

Unlike prescribed by the LHC TOP WG, the top quark chromomagnetic-dipole operator coefficient `ctG` is normalized with a factor of the strong coupling,  $g_s$ . This normalization factor temporarily ensures compatibility with the 2.X.X series of MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO but may be dropped in the future. As with every other appearance of this coupling in MadGraph5\_aMC@NLO, its value is renormalisation-group evolved to the QCD renormalization scale (set in the `run_card`).

```
MG5_aMC>import model SMEFTatNLO
```

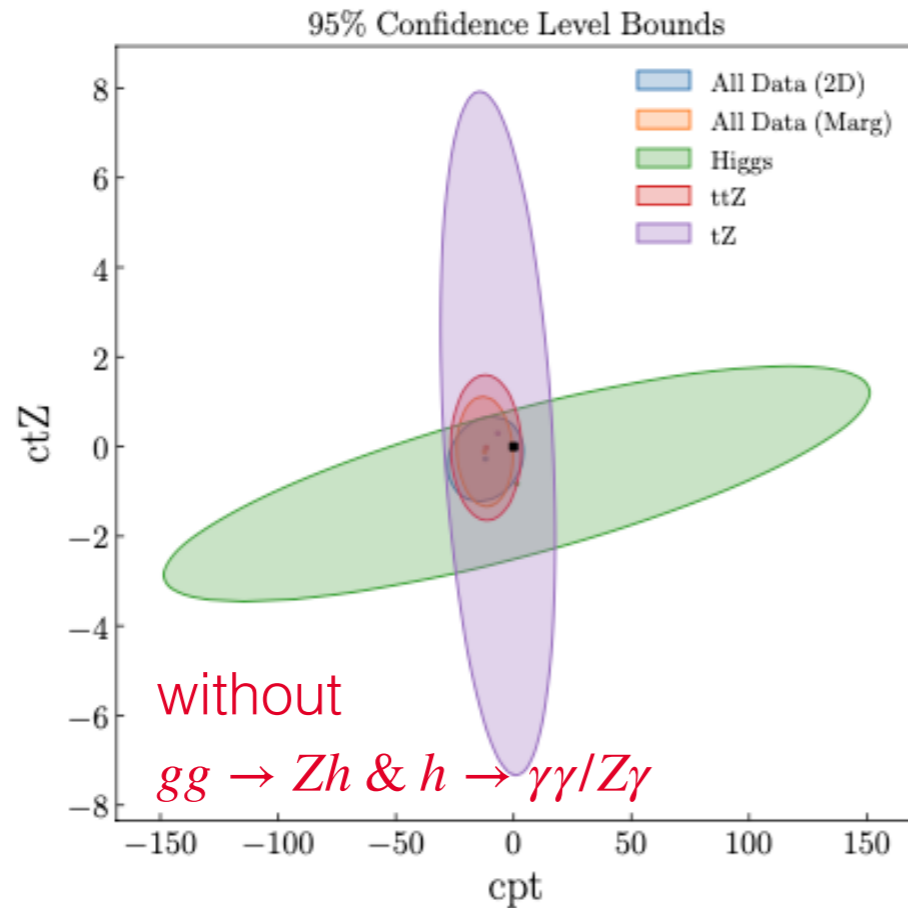
```
MG5_aMC>generate p p > t t~ NP=2 [QCD]
```

```
MG5_aMC>output
```

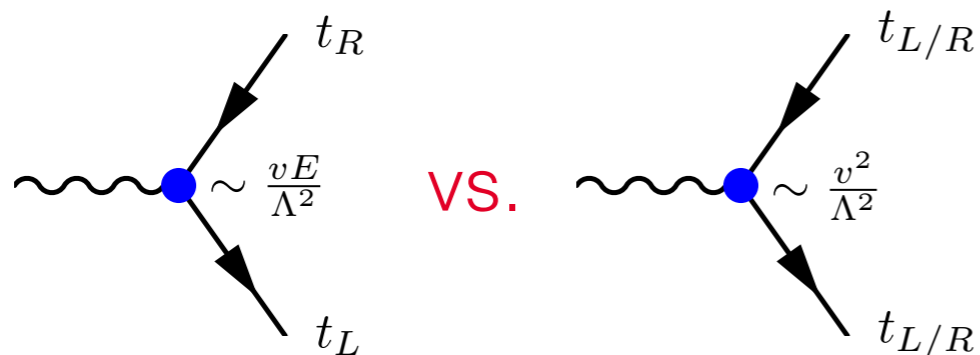
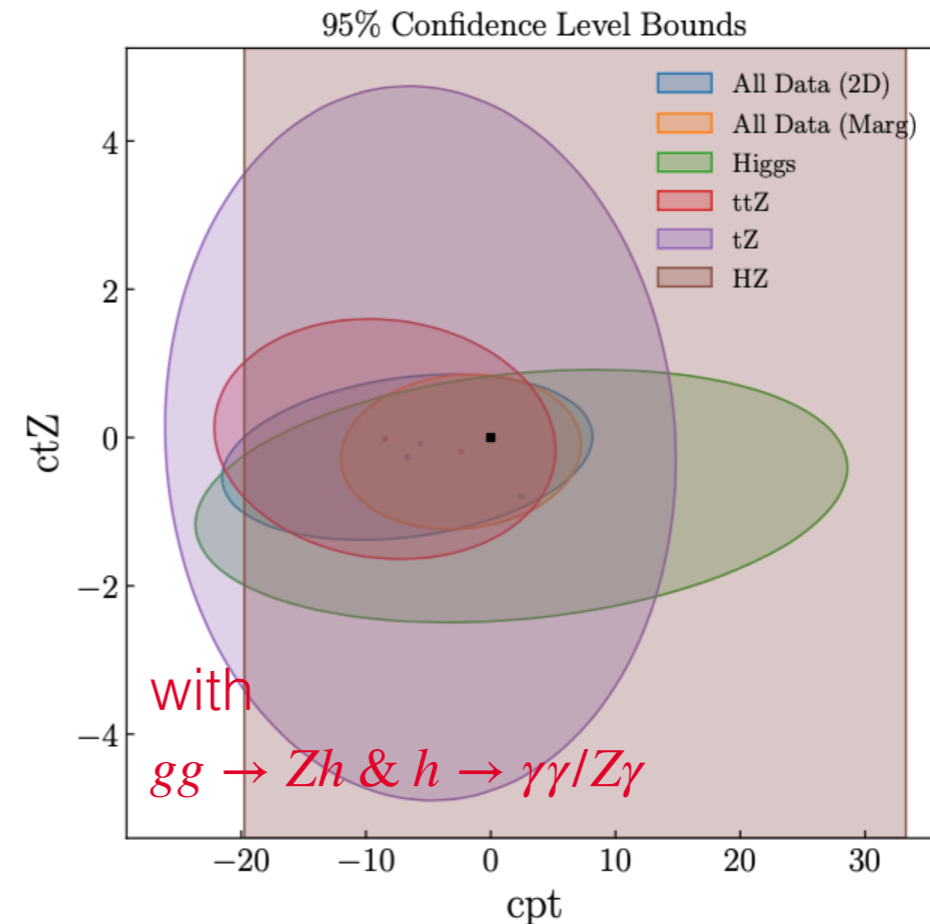
```
MG5_aMC>launch
```

# Top couplings via Higgs

Tree



Loop



- Significant effects on individual observable sensitivities, e.g.,  $tZ$
- Loop-induced processes bring new constraints ( $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma/\gamma Z$ )