

Understanding the EMC effect with tagged DIS measurements

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EMC Effect: Need New Observables

- A lot of inclusive data but still a lot of models („every model is cool“)
- Previous Drell-Yan measurements excluded a set of models
- New observables:
 - PVDIS (see John's talk)
 - EMC effect on polarized target
 - Tagged DIS measurements \rightarrow directly probes EMC-SRC correlation and isospin dependence

Why Tagged DIS Measurements?

Weinstein et al., PRL 106, 052301 (2011)
Hen et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. 89, 045002 (2017)

- Assume: EMC effect driven by DIS scattering off SRC nucleon

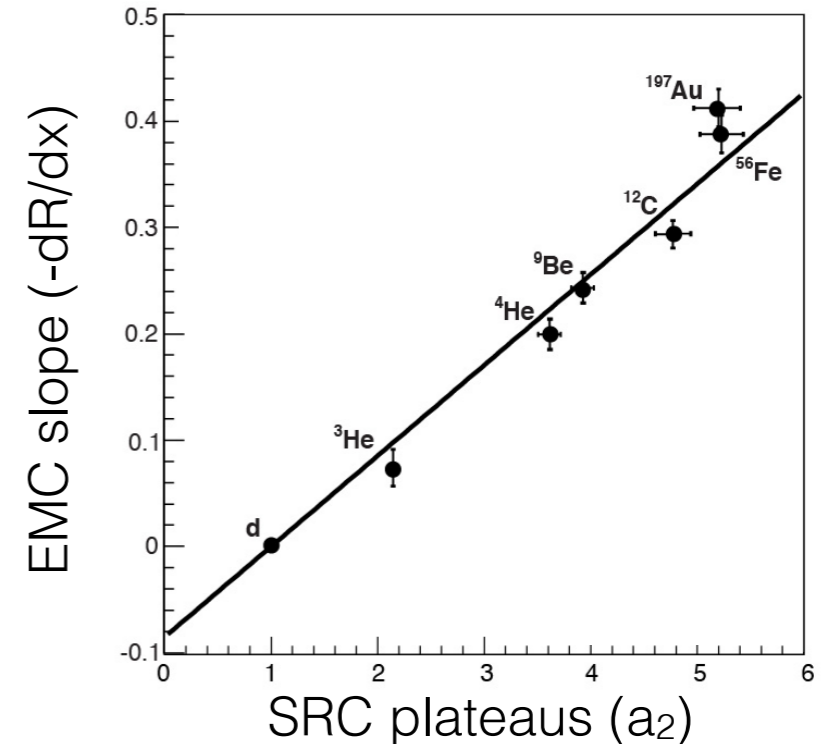


- „Tag“ SRC nucleon not part of the interaction to select initial state

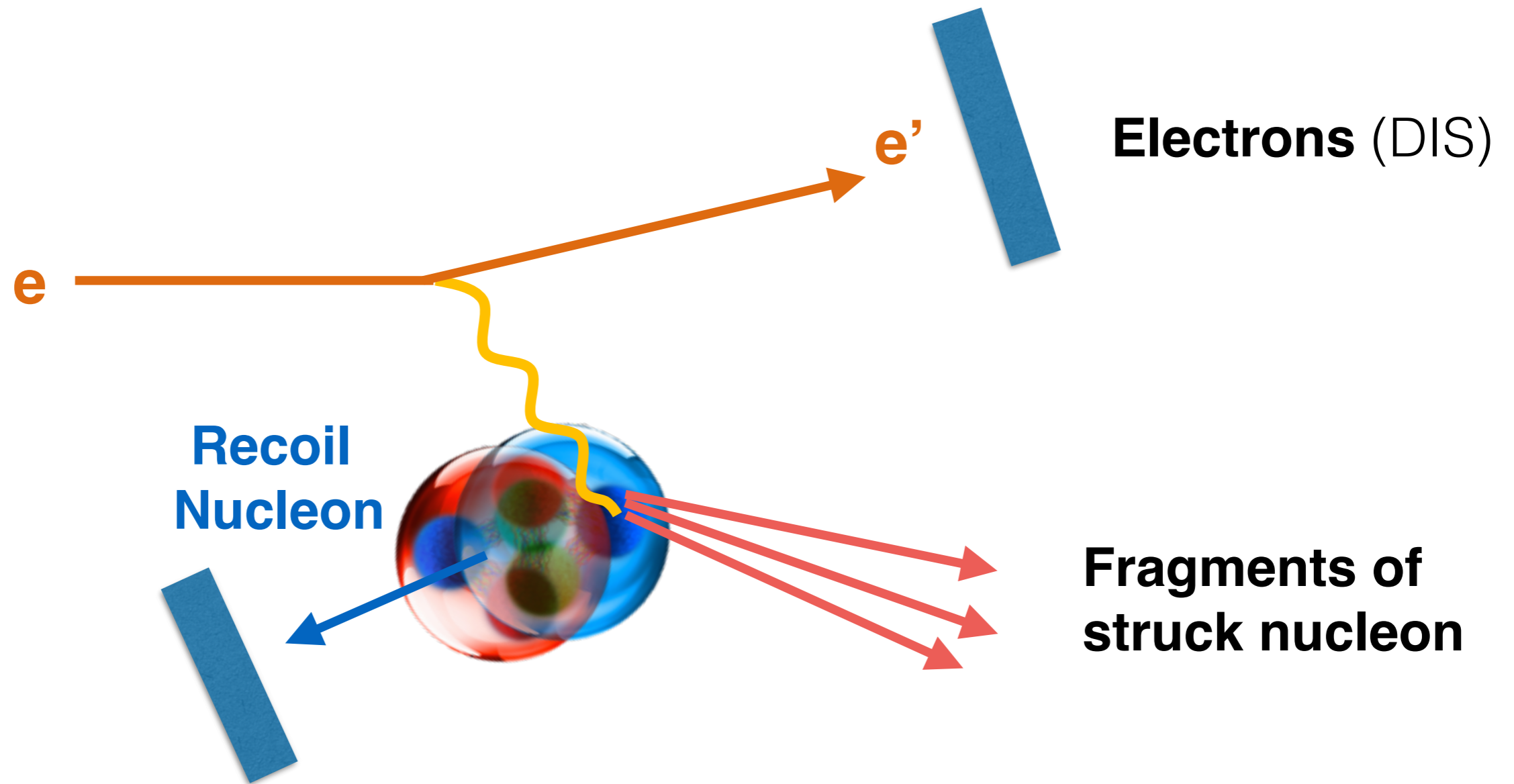


- Determine nucleon modification for high nucleon momentum

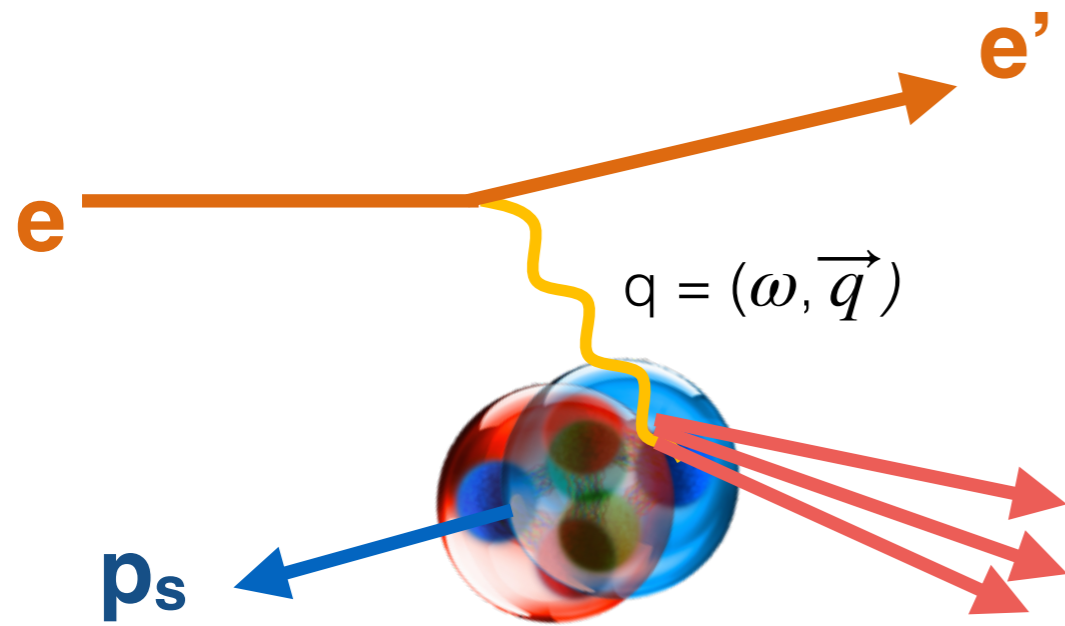
—> New observable, expect strong modification



Simplest Case: Tagged DIS with Deuterium



Tagging Kinematics 101



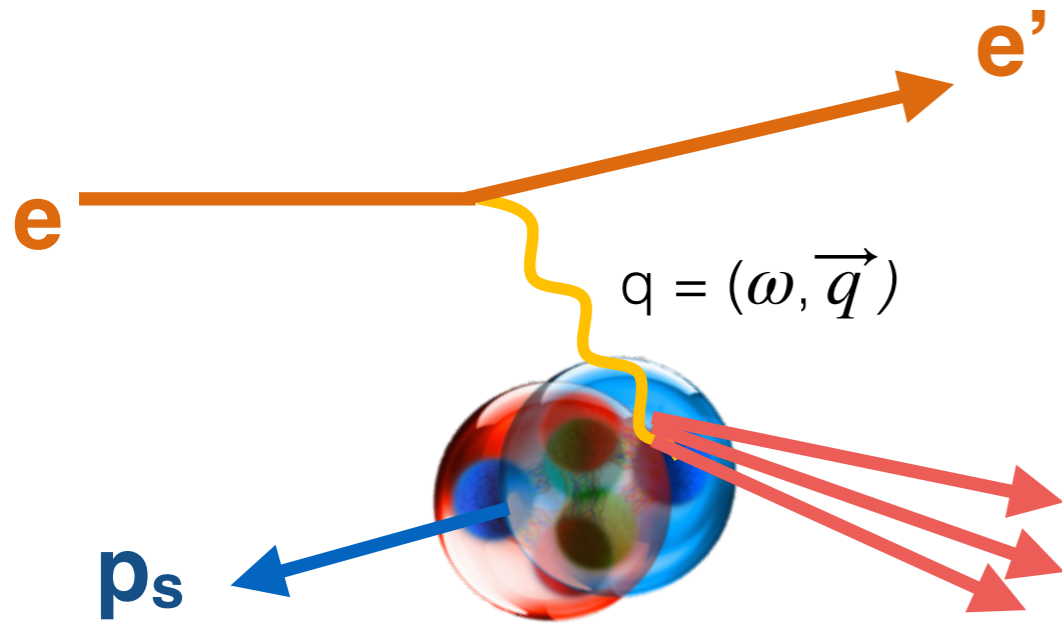
$$Q^2 = -q^2 = |\vec{q}|^2 - \omega^2$$

Standing nucleon $P_0 = (m_n, 0)$

$$(W)^2 = (P_0 + q)^2$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2m_n\omega}$$

Tagging Kinematics 101



$$Q^2 = -q^2 = |\vec{q}|^2 - \omega^2$$

Standing nucleon $P_0 = (m_n, 0)$

$$(W)^2 = (P_0 + q)^2$$

$$x = \frac{Q^2}{2m_n\omega}$$



Moving nucleon $P_\mu = (E, -\vec{p}_s)$

$$(W')^2 = (P_\mu + q)^2$$

$$x' = \frac{Q^2}{(W')^2 - m_n^2 + Q^2}$$

$$\alpha_S = \frac{E_s - |p_s| \cos \theta_{sq}}{m_n}$$

Measure Tagged Ratio

$$R_{tag} = \frac{\sigma_{tag}^{exp} (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / \sigma_{tag}^{exp} (Q_0^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}{\sigma_{tag}^{theory} (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / \sigma_{tag}^{theory} (Q_0^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}$$
$$\approx \frac{\text{bound nucleon } F_2^*}{\text{free nucleon } F_2}$$

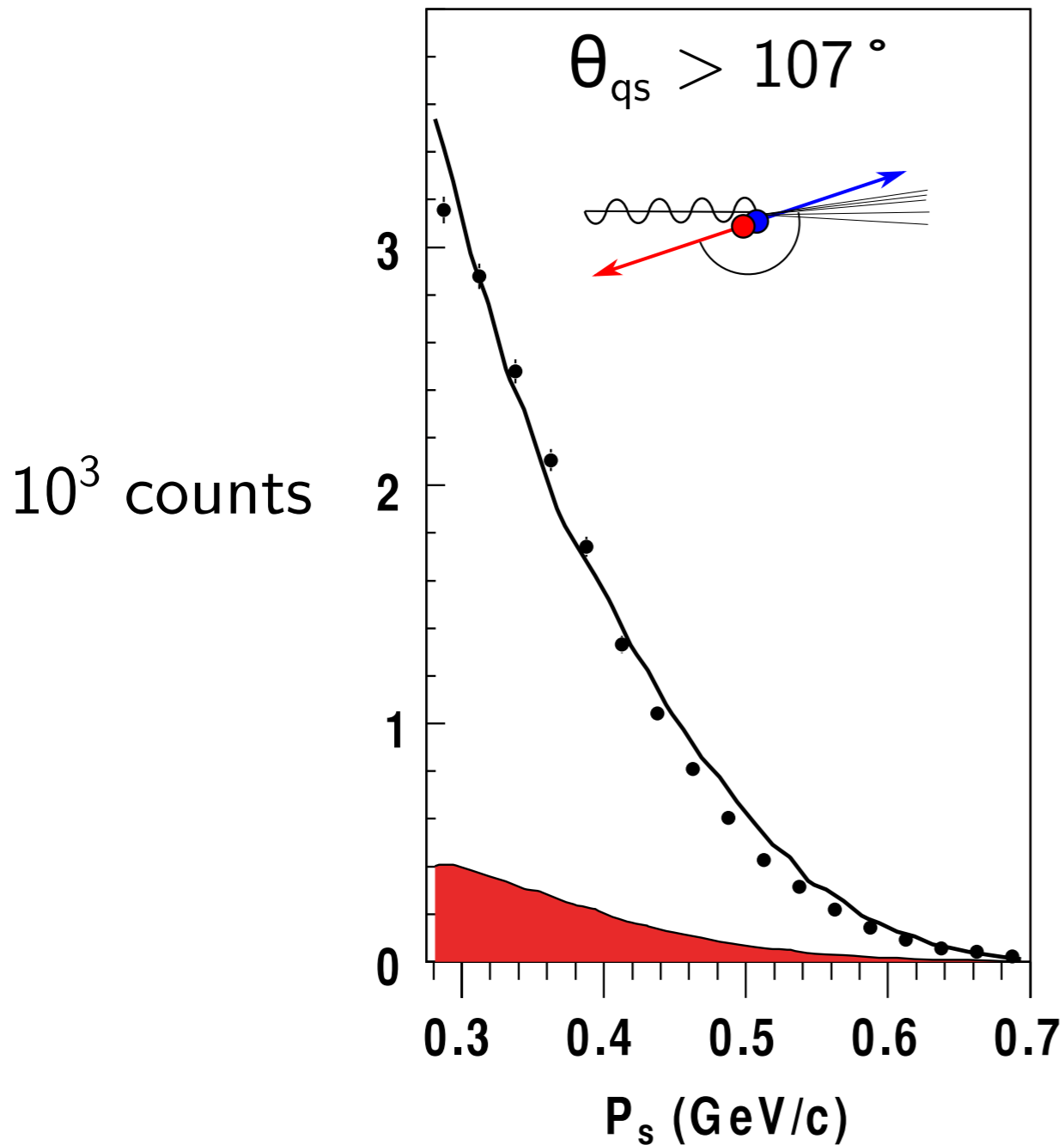
Theory assumptions:

- Plane Wave Impuls Approximation
 - Factorization
 - no spectator rescattering (final state interaction)

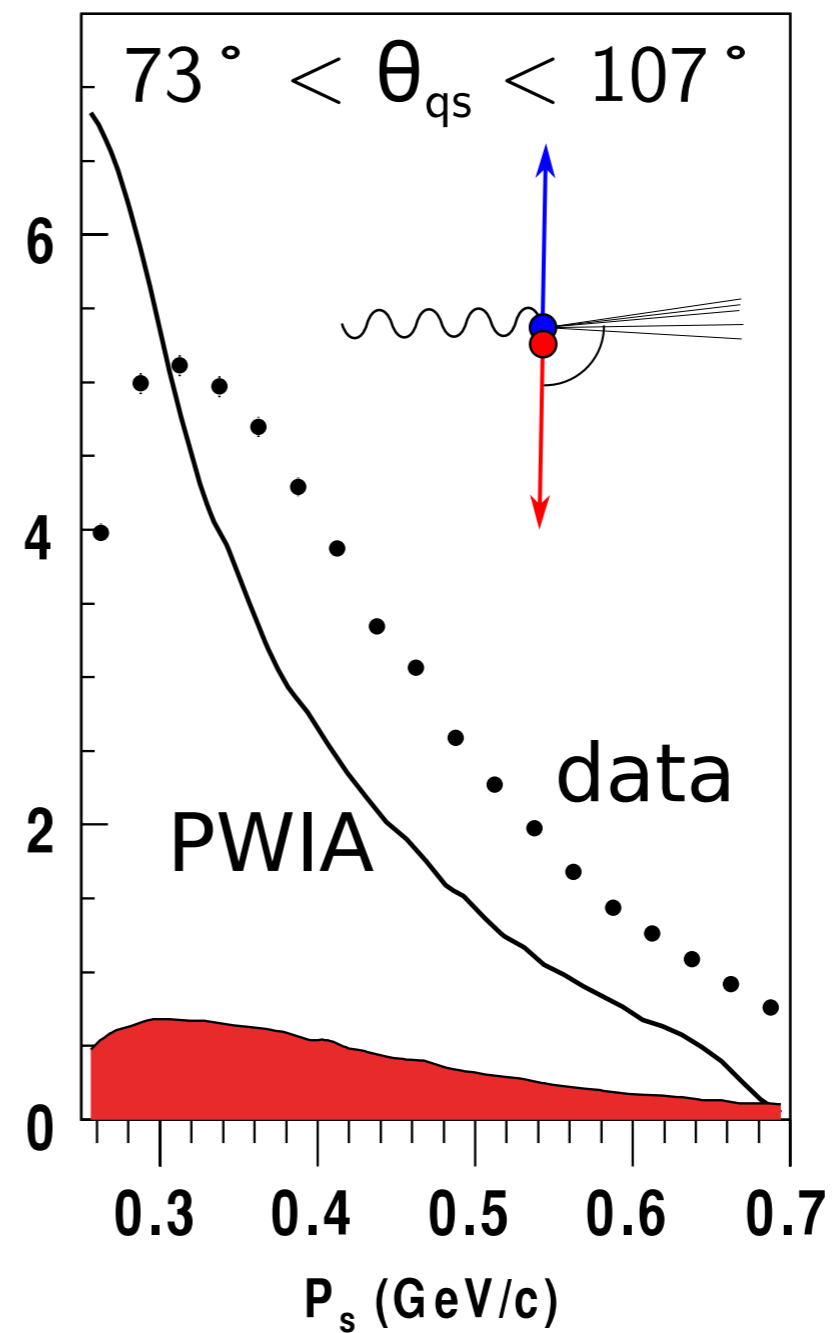
Minimize Final-State-Interaction in Tagged DIS

Klimenko et. al, PRC73, 035212 (2006)

Anti-Parallel



Transverse

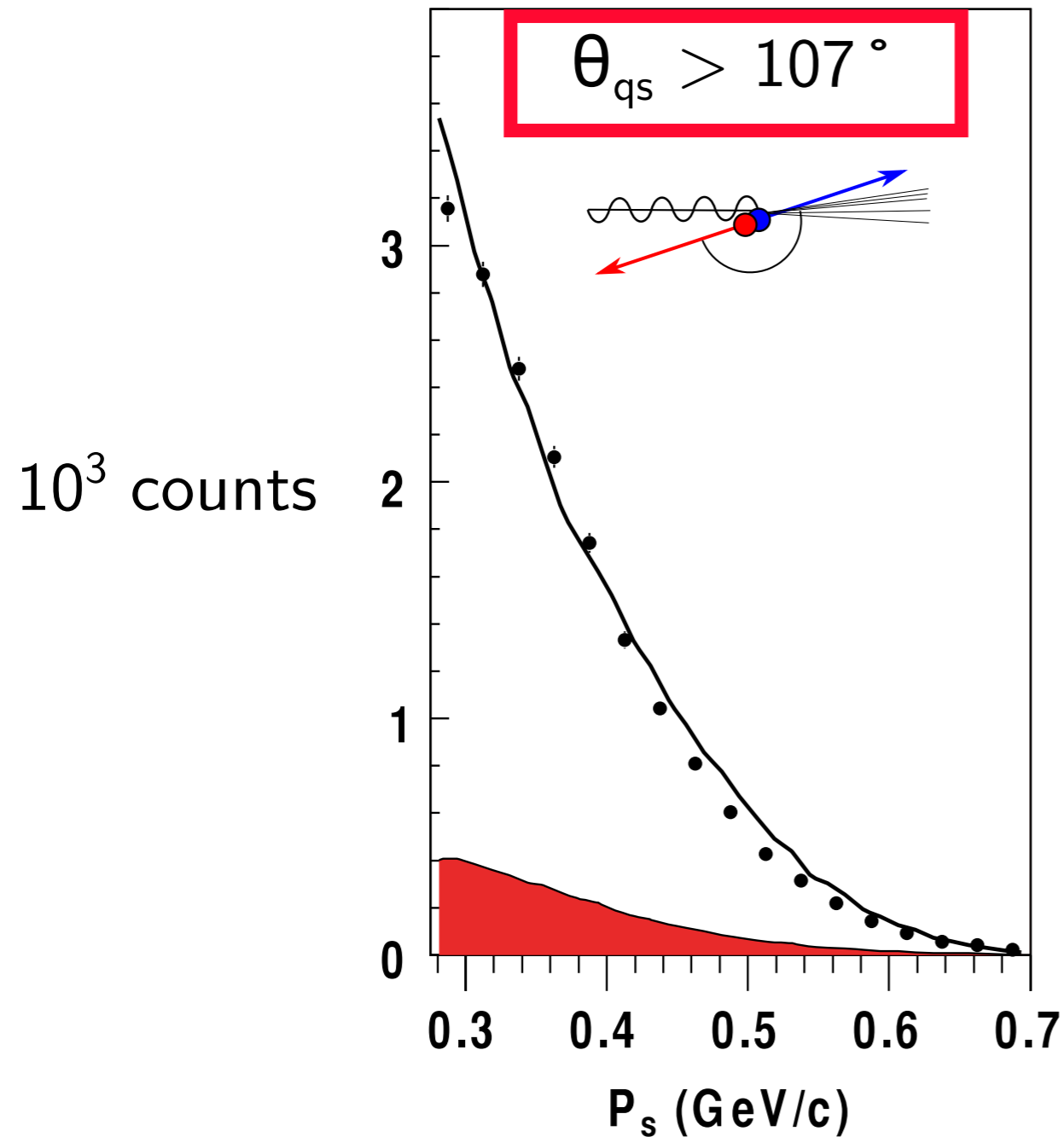


$d(e, e'p_s)X$

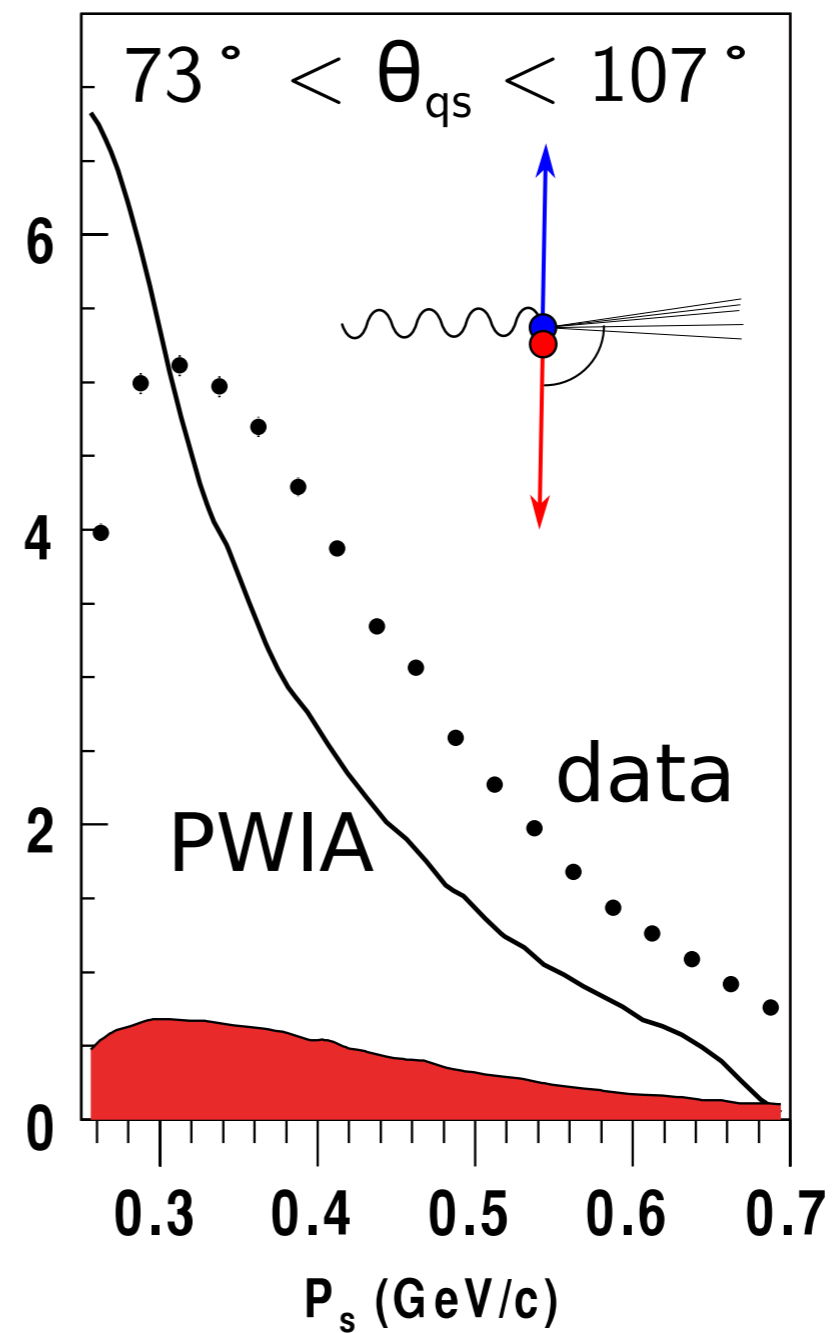
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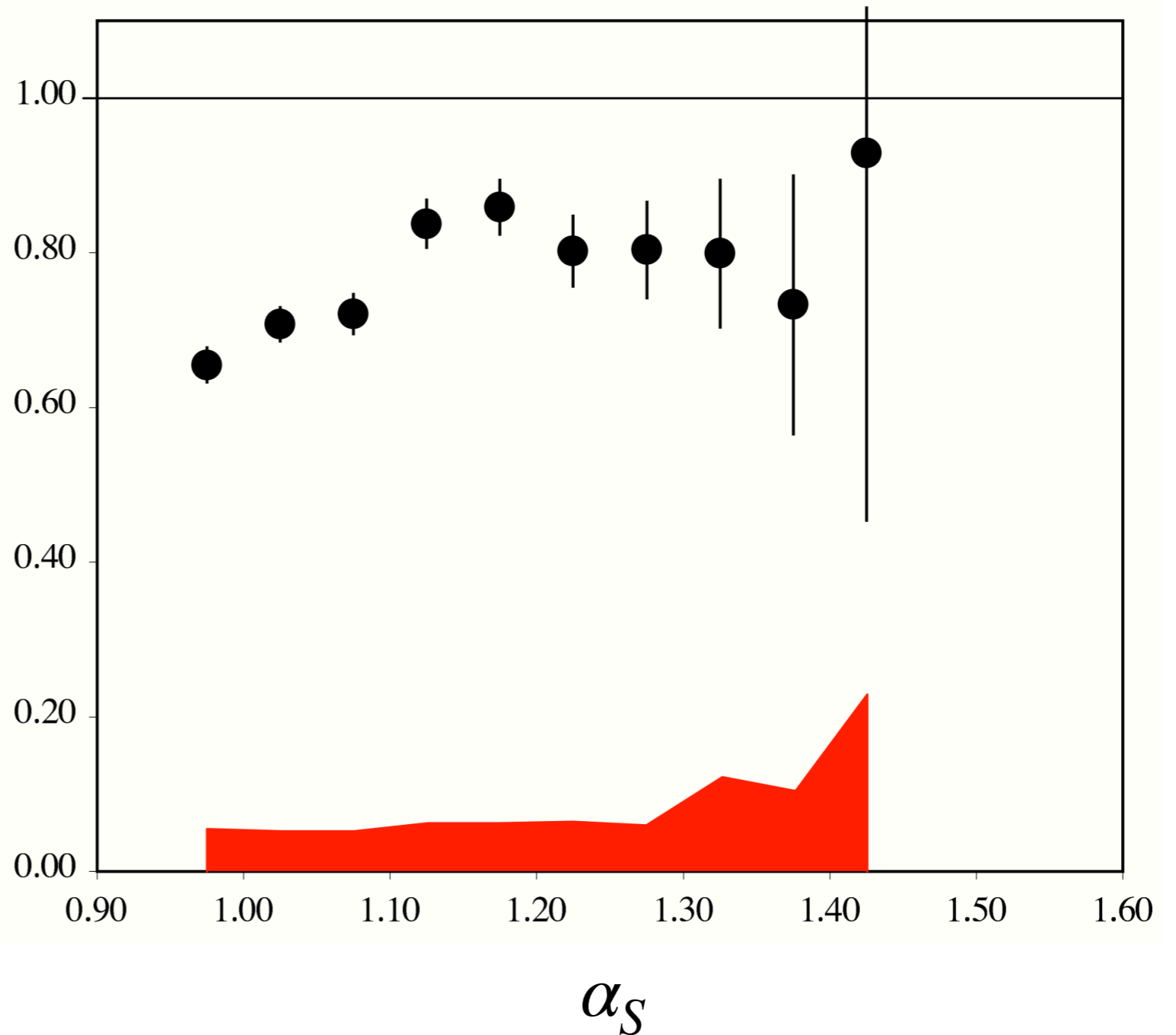


$d(e, e'p_s)X$

Previous Results $d(e, e'p_s)X$

$$\frac{F_2^{n*}(x' = 0.55, Q^2 = 2.8)}{F_2^{n*}(x' = 0.25, Q^2 = 1.8)}$$

$$\frac{F_2^n(x = 0.55, Q^2 = 2.8)}{F_2^n(x = 0.25, Q^2 = 1.8)}$$



Non ideal kinematics

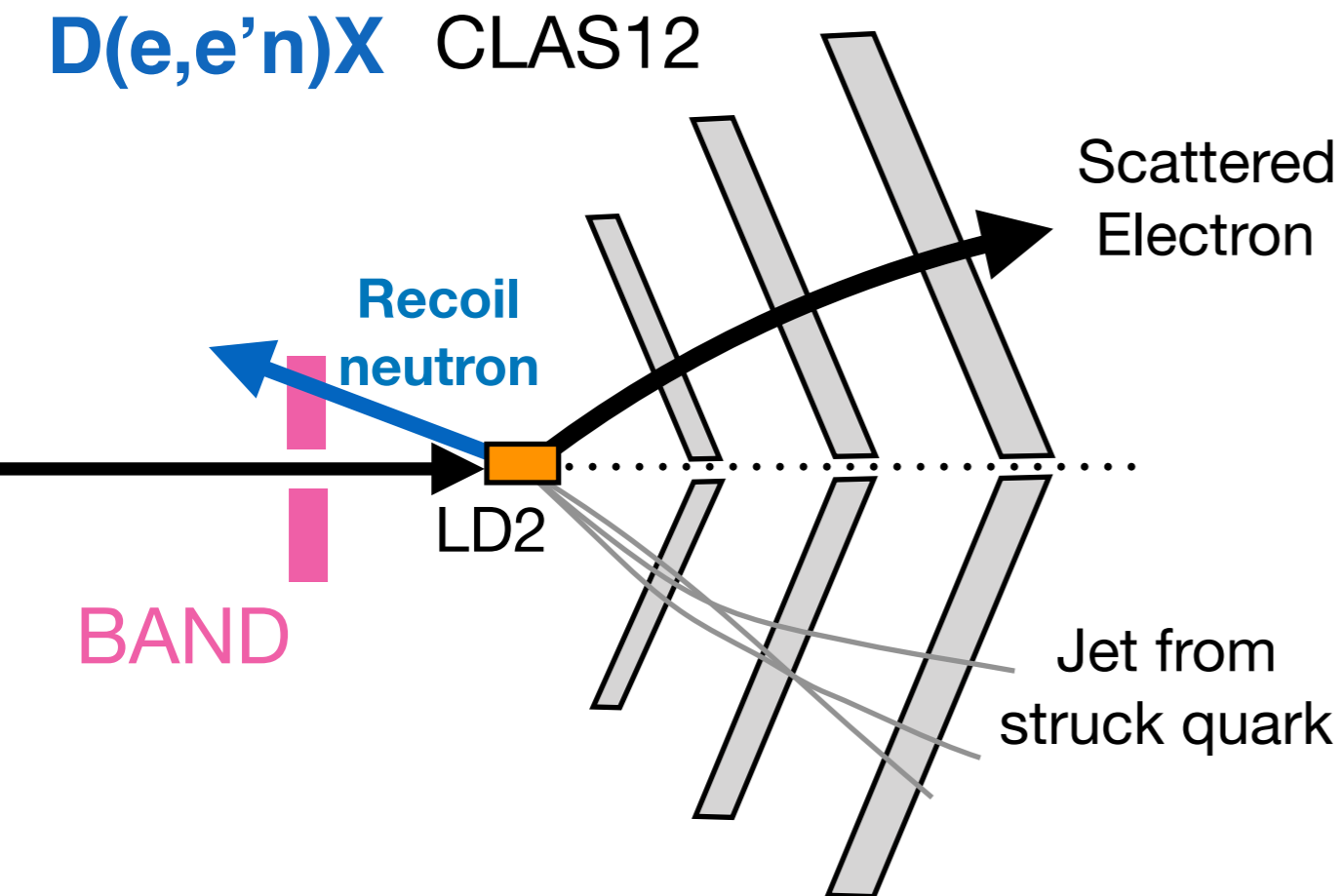
- Not so high in Q^2
- Low α_S has $\theta_{nq} \sim 90$ deg
- $p_T = [0.25 - 0.35]$ [GeV/c]

A. V. Klimenko *et al.* Phys. Rev. C **73**, 035212 (2006)

Tagged Experiments at JLab

Hall B:

CLAS 12 + Backward Angle
Neutron Detector (BAND)

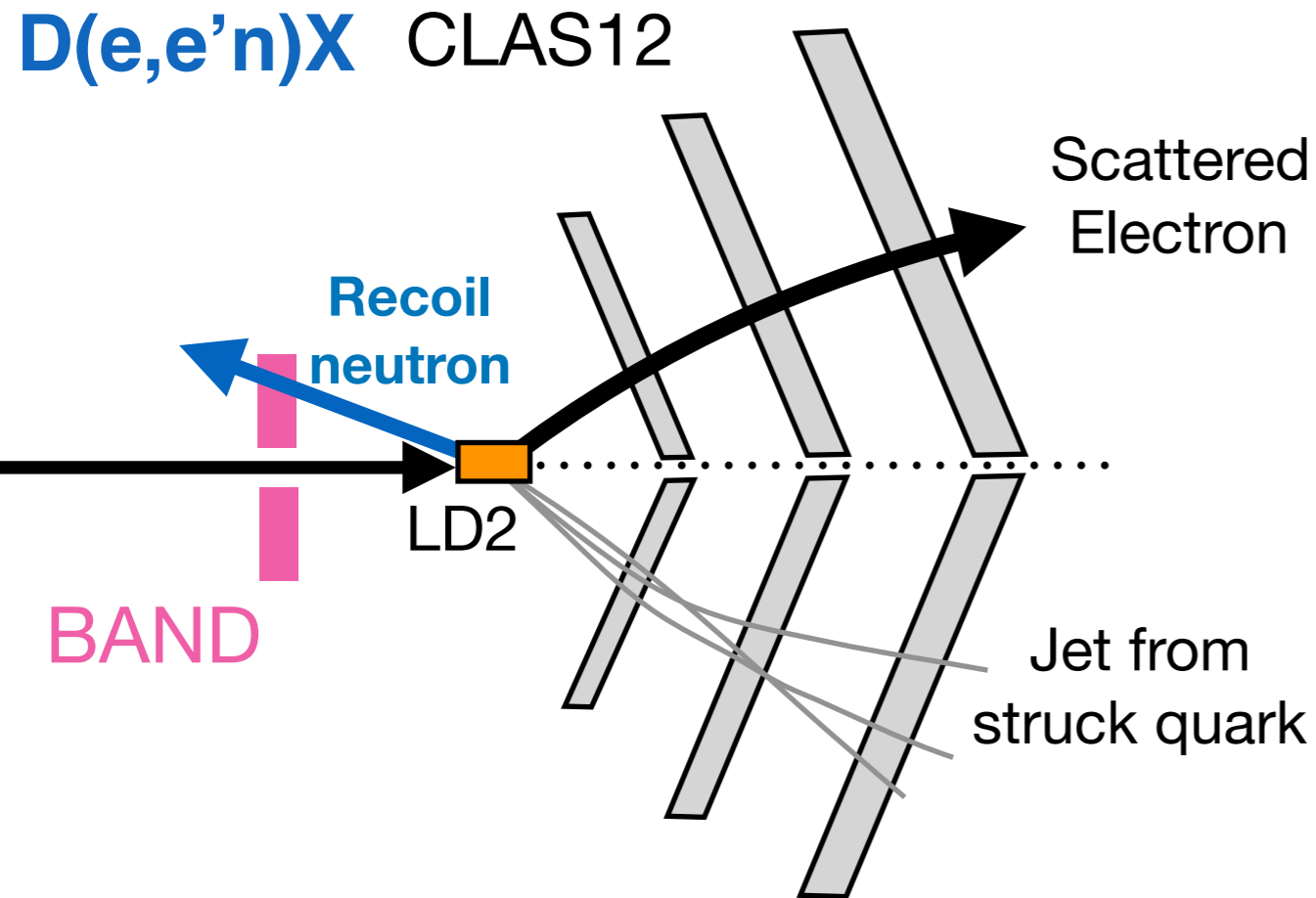


- Run Group B
- Analysis under review

Tagged Experiments at JLab

Hall B:

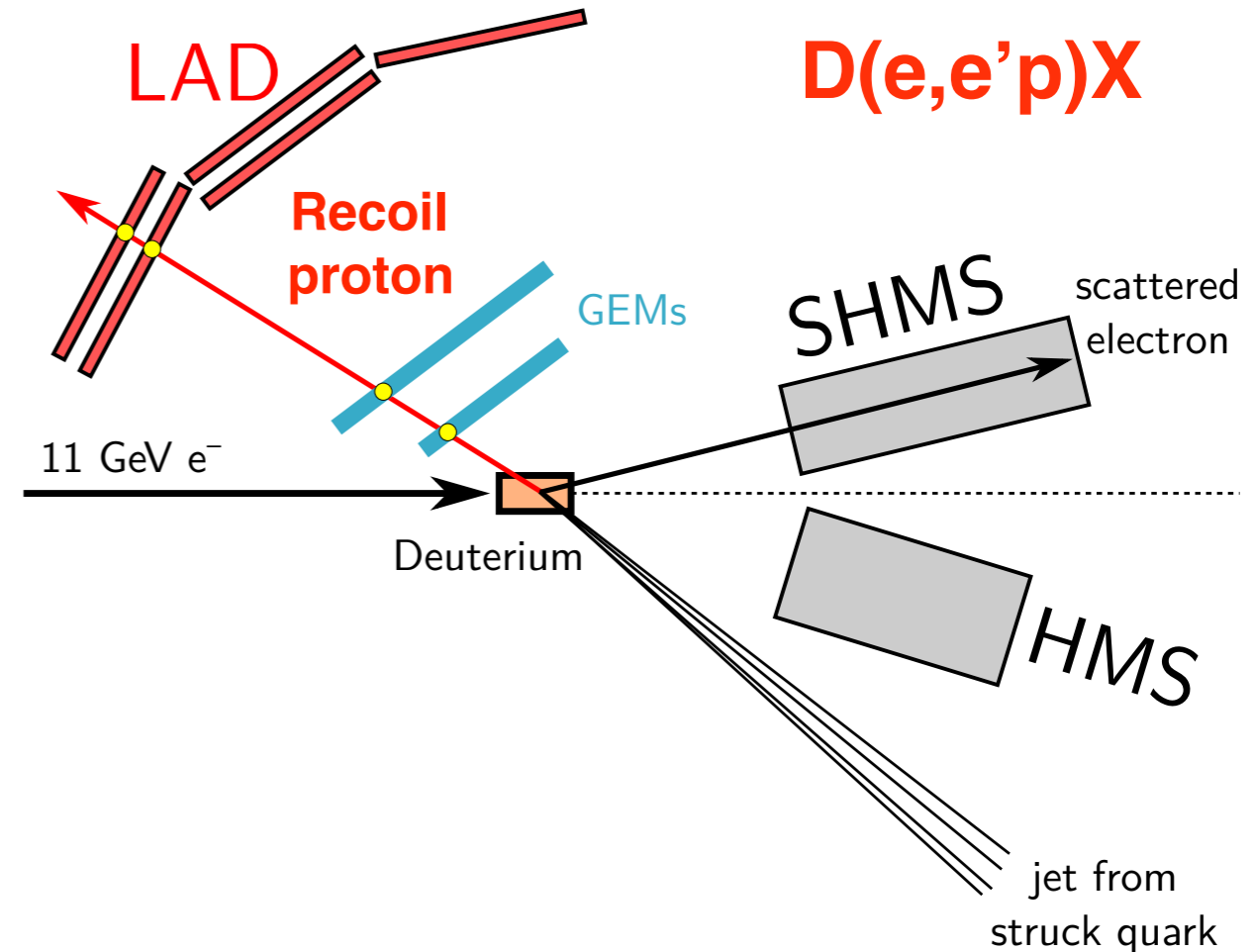
CLAS 12 + Backward Angle Neutron Detector (BAND)



- Run Group B
- Analysis under review

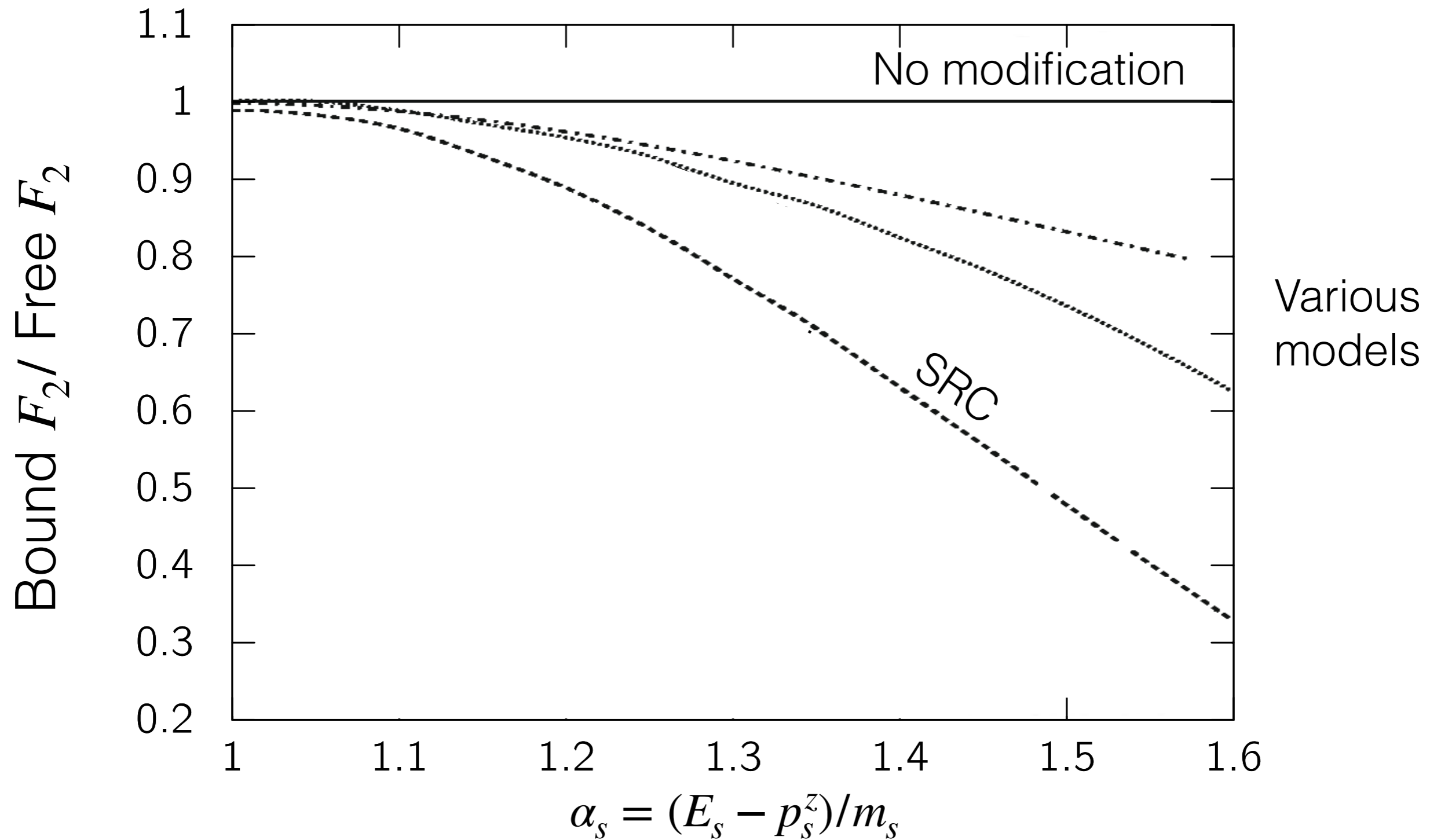
Hall C:

SHMS/HMS + Large Angle Detector (LAD)



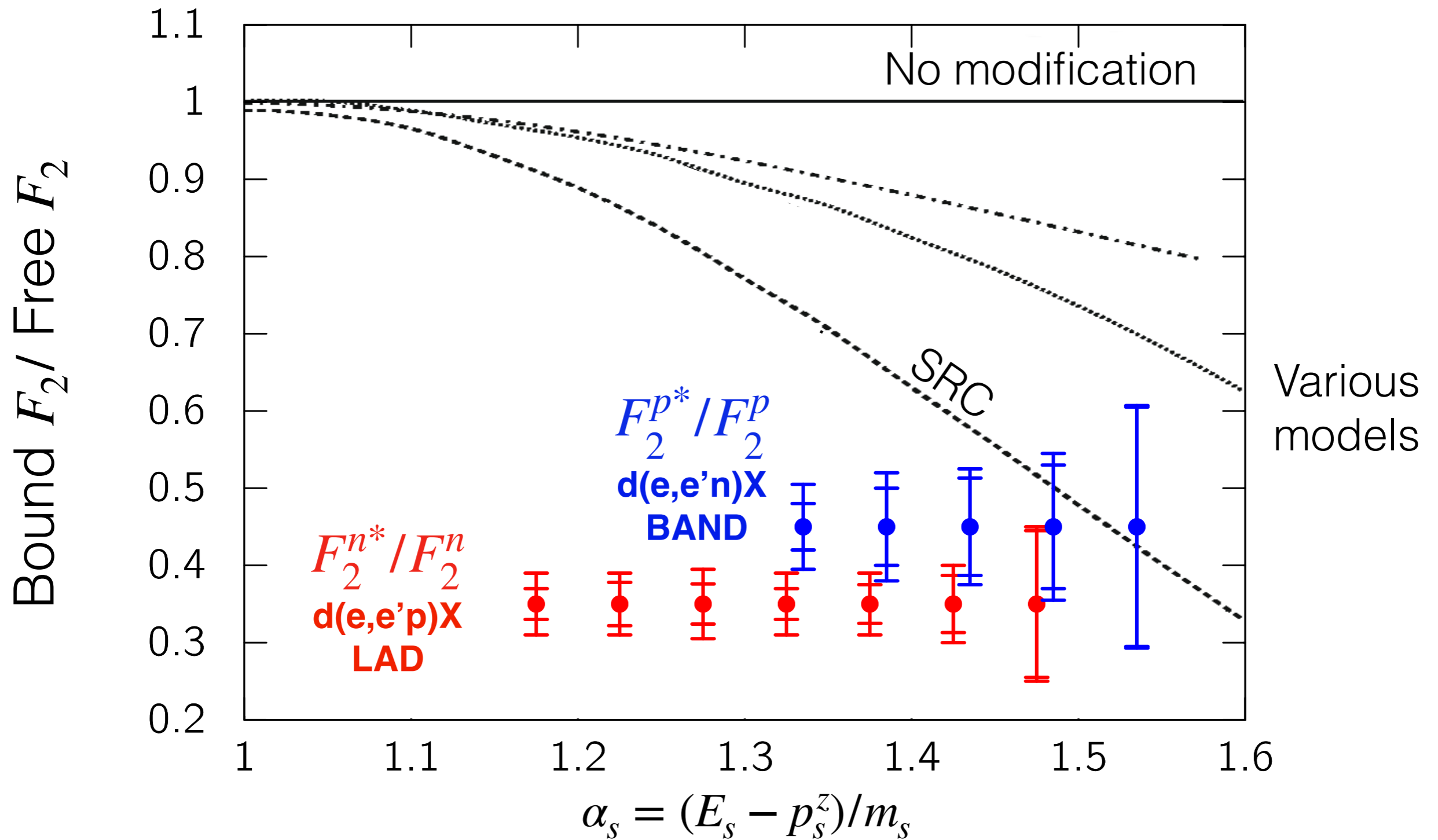
- Experiment ready
- Run in 2024?

d(e,e'N)X - Expected Results



Melnitchouk, Sargsian, Strikman, Z.Phys. A359, 99 (1997)

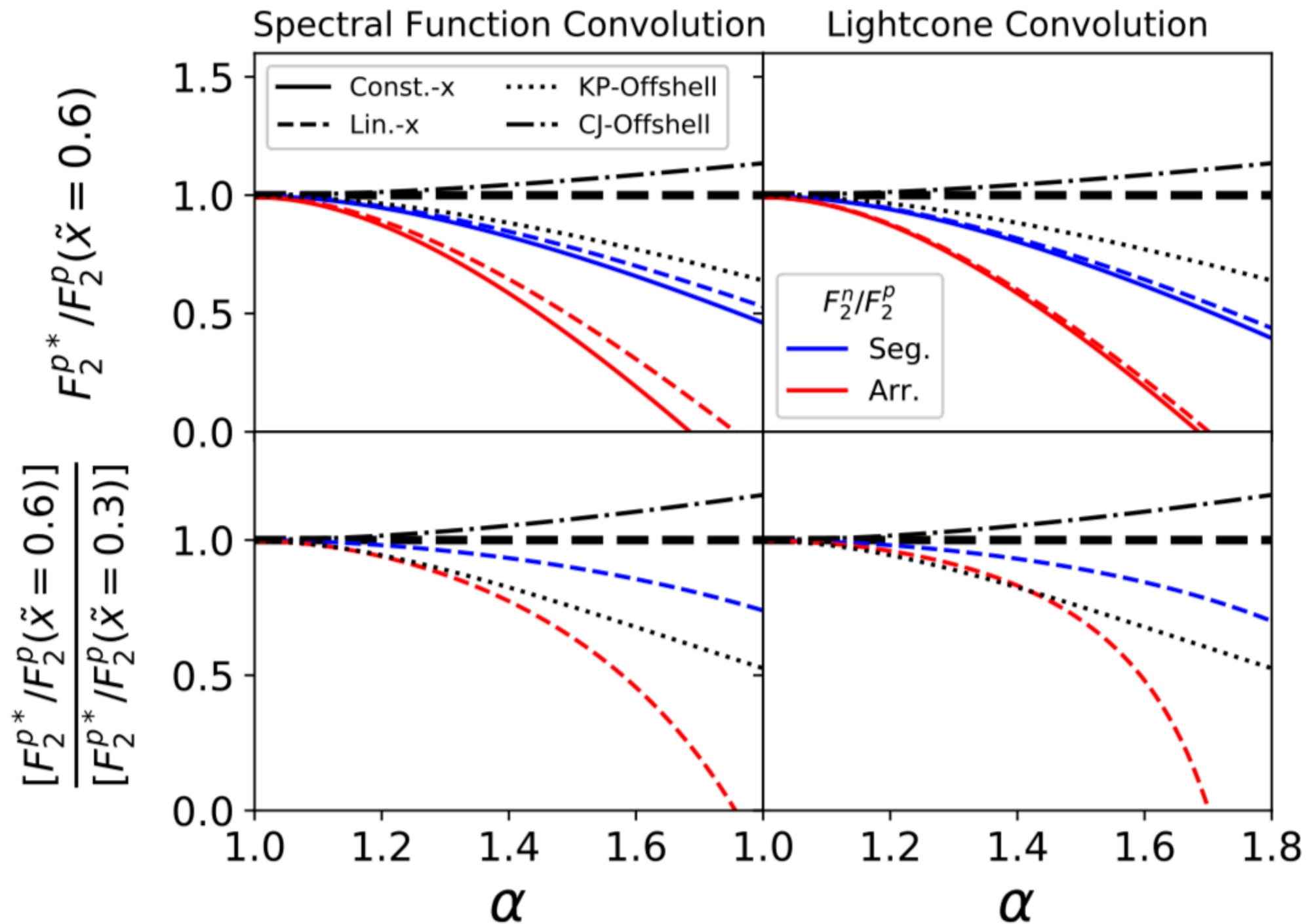
d(e,e'N)X - Expected Results



Melnitchouk, Sargsian, Strikman, Z.Phys. A359, 99 (1997)

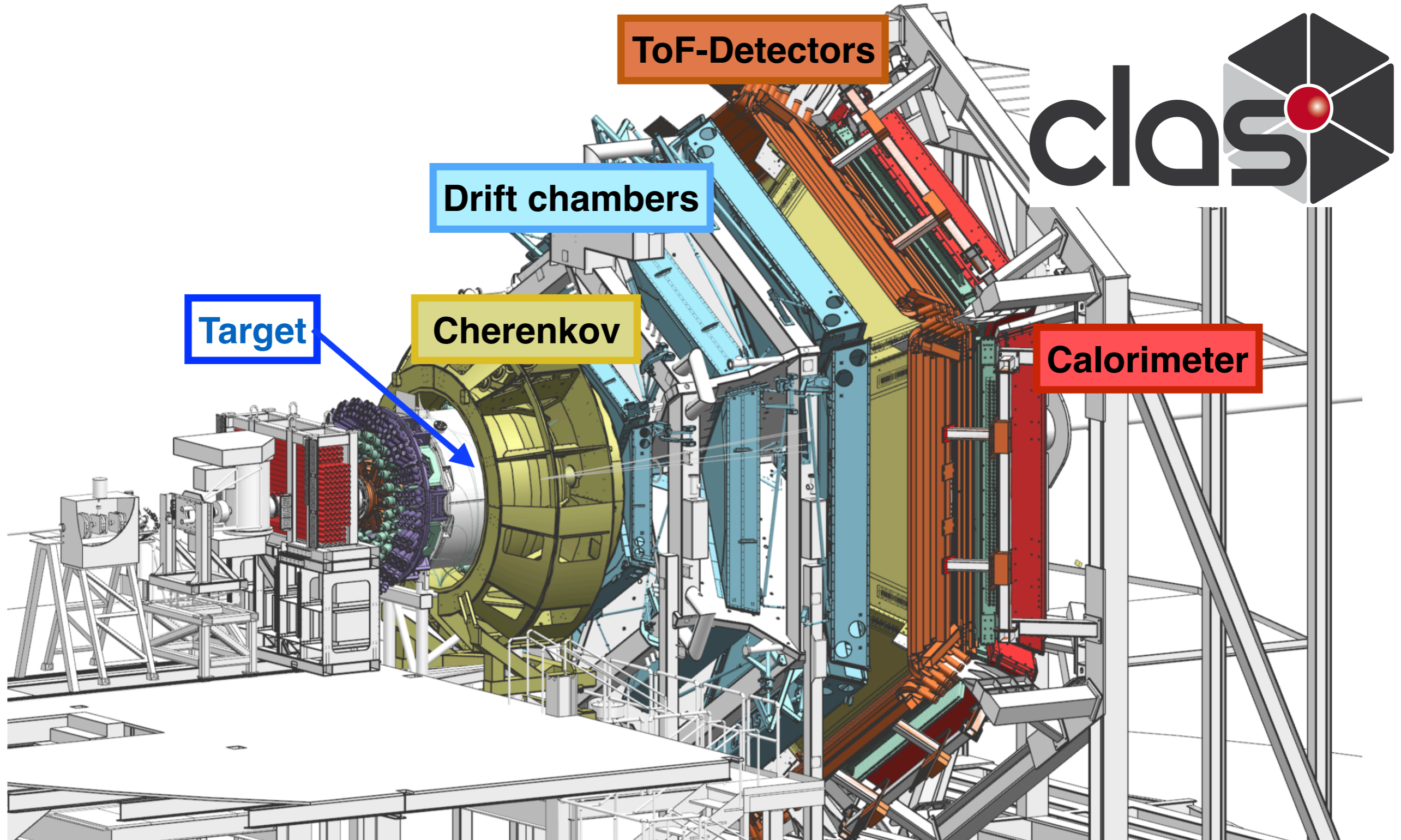
Tagged Predictions for Different Models

Segarra et al, Phys. Rev. Research 3 (2021)



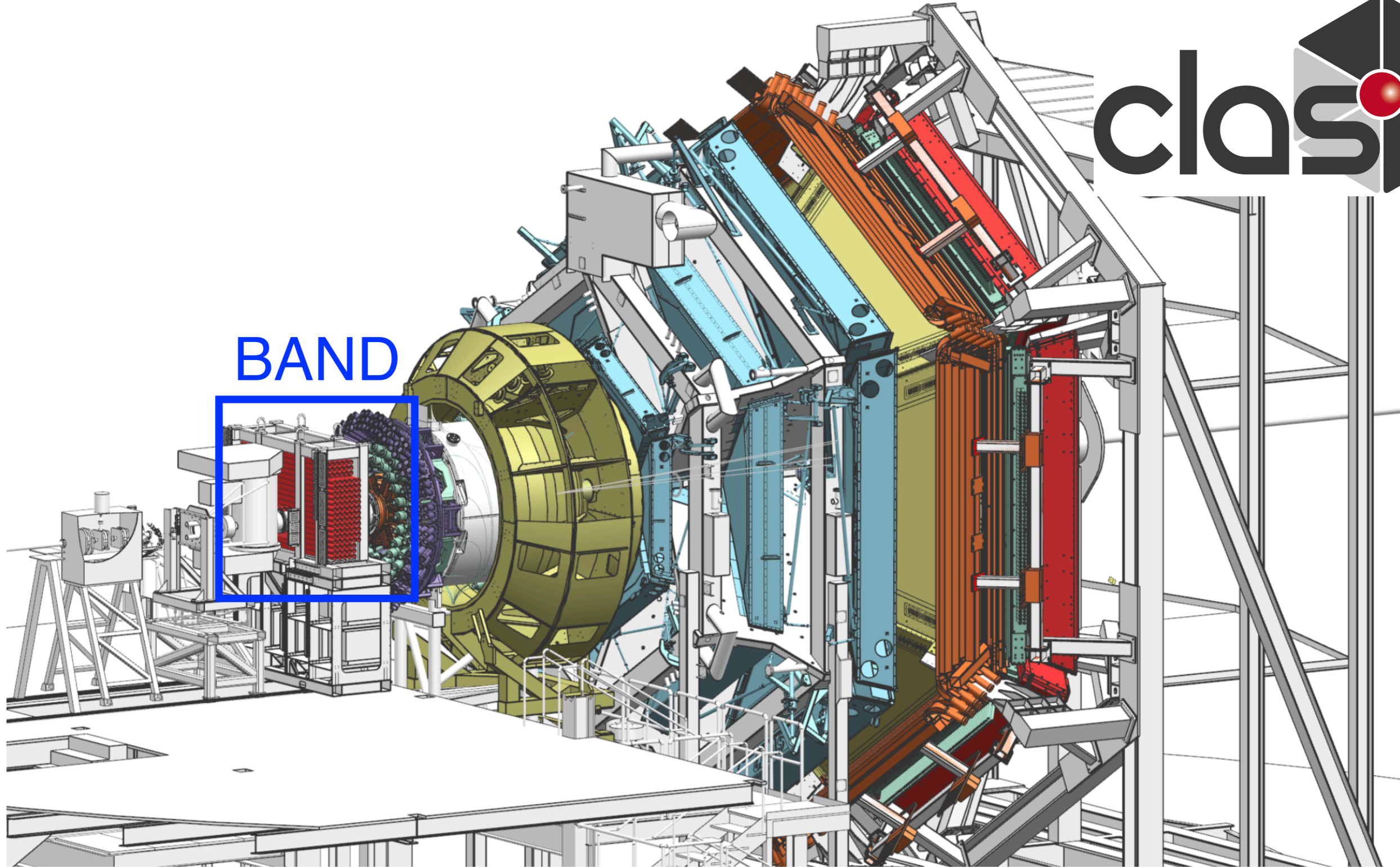
Predictions from convolution model fits to data

CLAS12 in Hall B



V. Burkert et al., NIMA 959 (2020), 163419

BAND in HallB

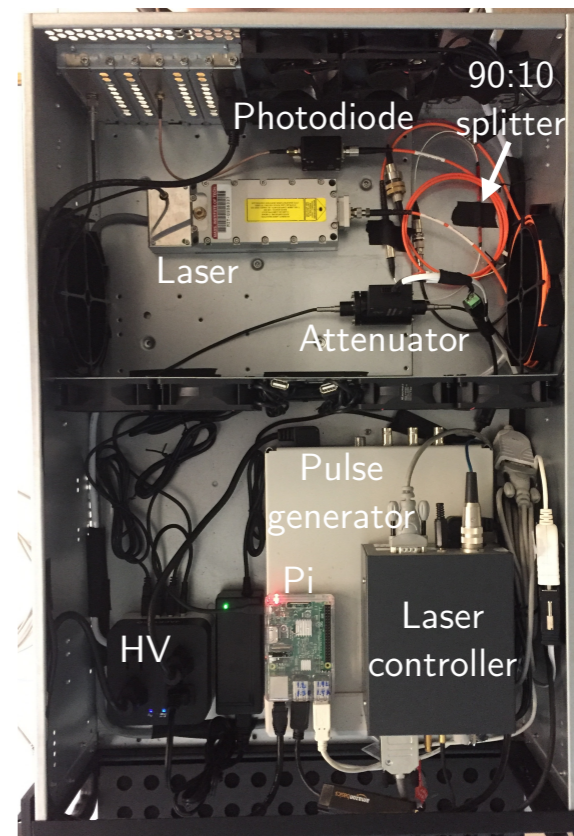
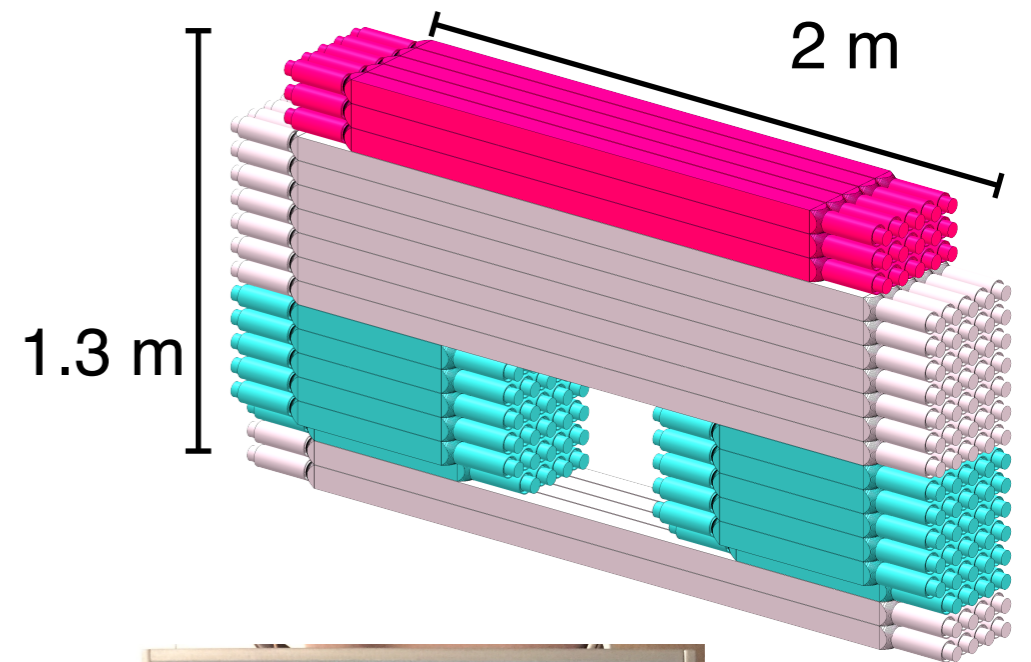


E.P. Segarra et al., NIM A978 (2020), 164356

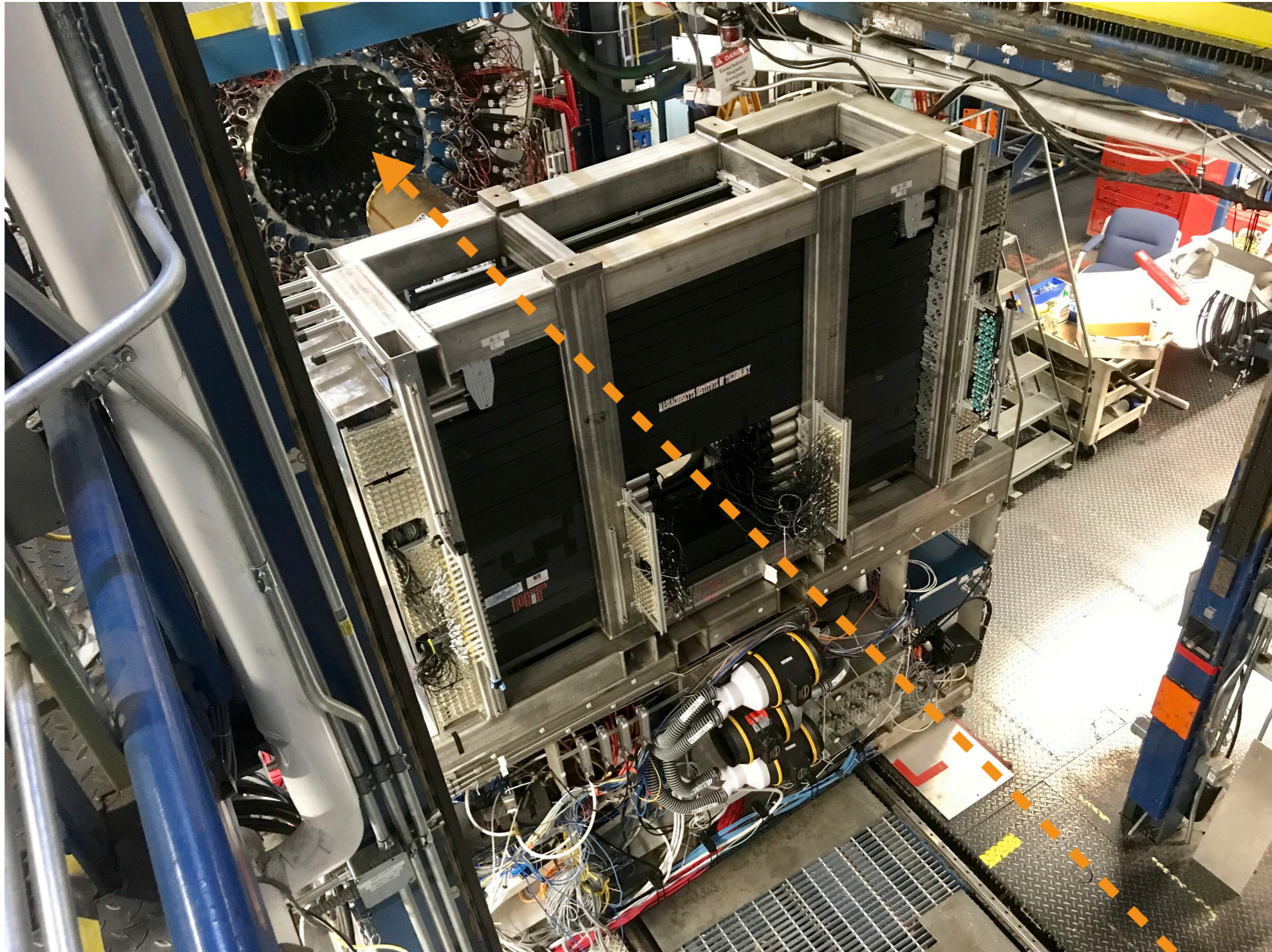
Overview of BAND

Segarra et al., NIM A978 (2020)

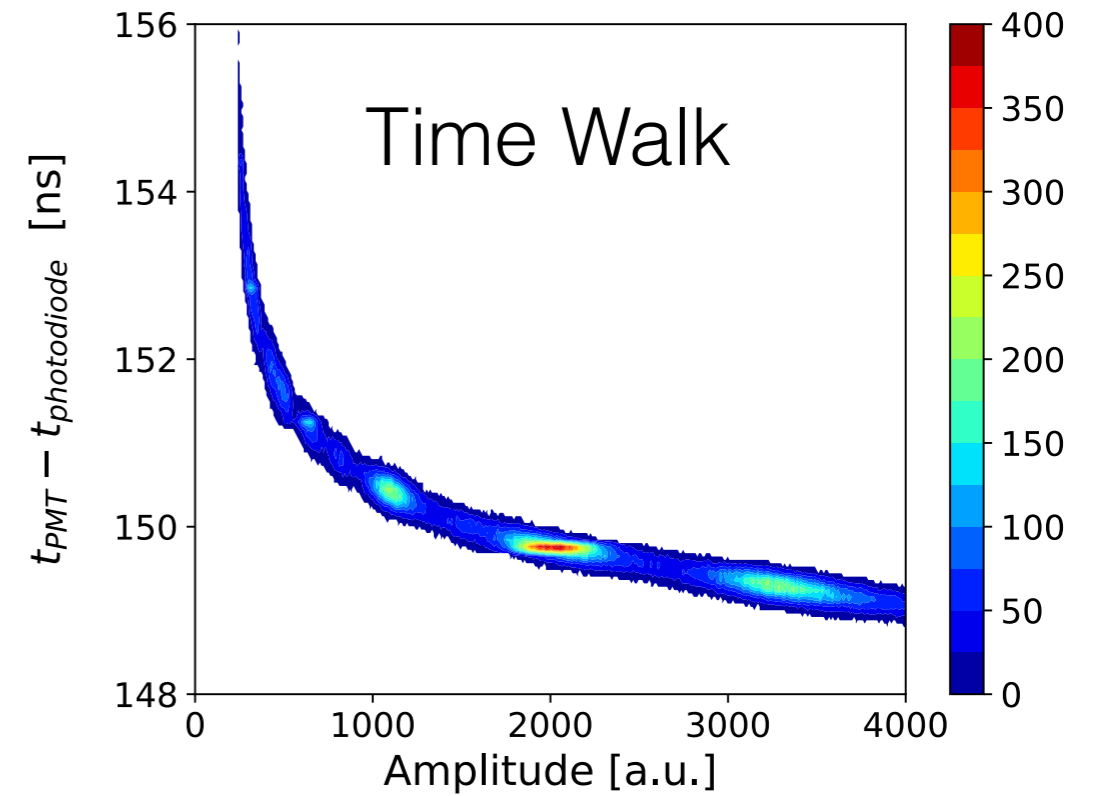
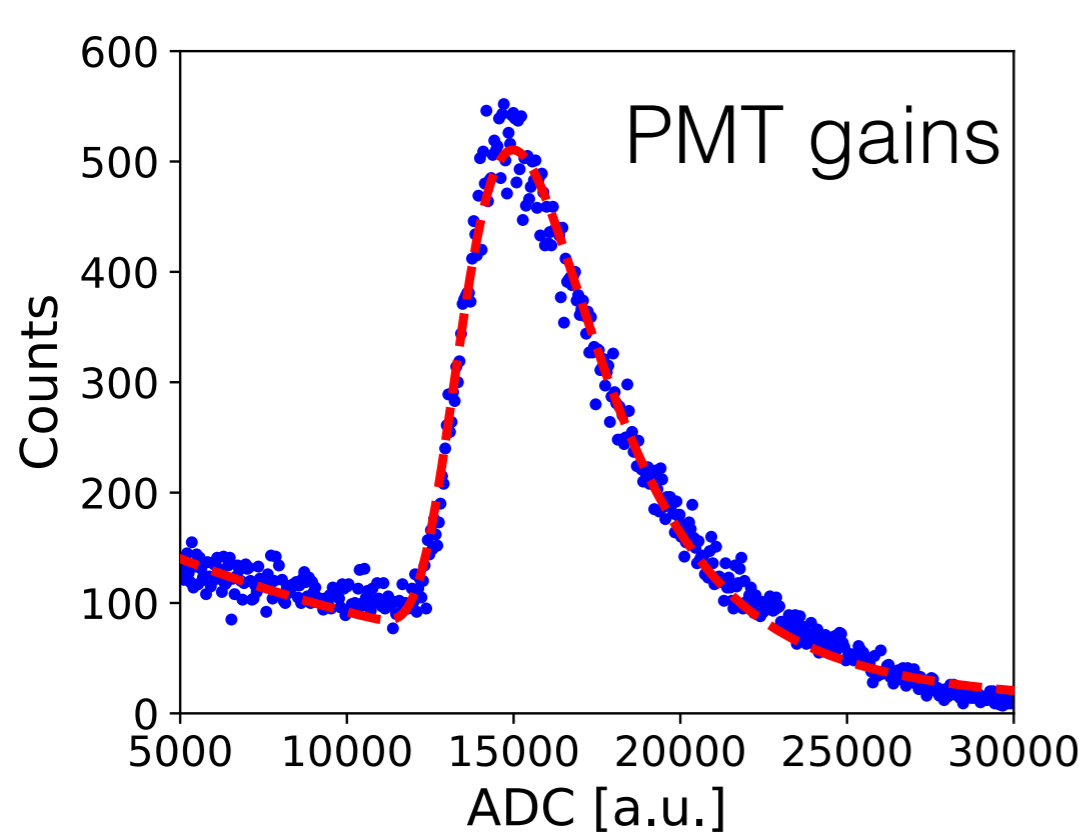
- 140 scintillator bars
 - 5 layers (36cm total thickness)
 - veto layer (1cm thick)
 - time resolution < 250 ps
- 3 meters upstream of target
- coverage in $\theta \sim 155\text{-}176^\circ$
- Lead wall (downstream)
- Laser system for calibrations
[Denniston et al., NIM A973 (2020)]



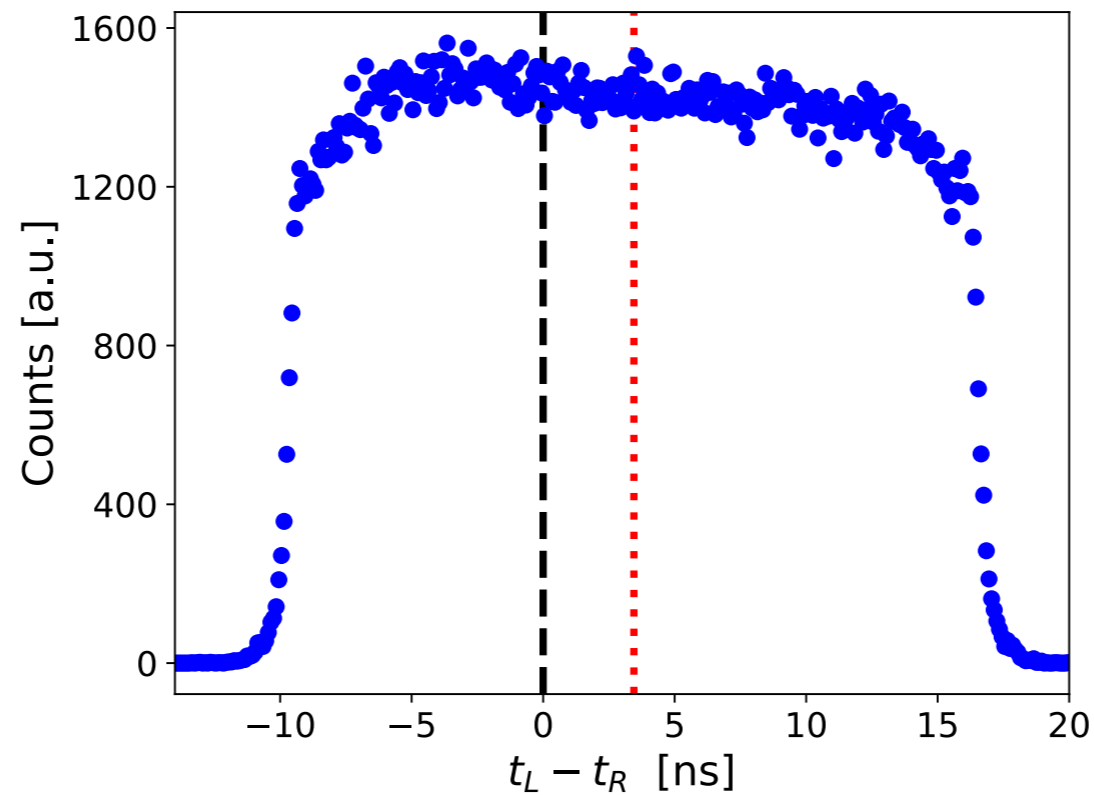
BAND in HallB



BAND Calibrations



Timing Offsets

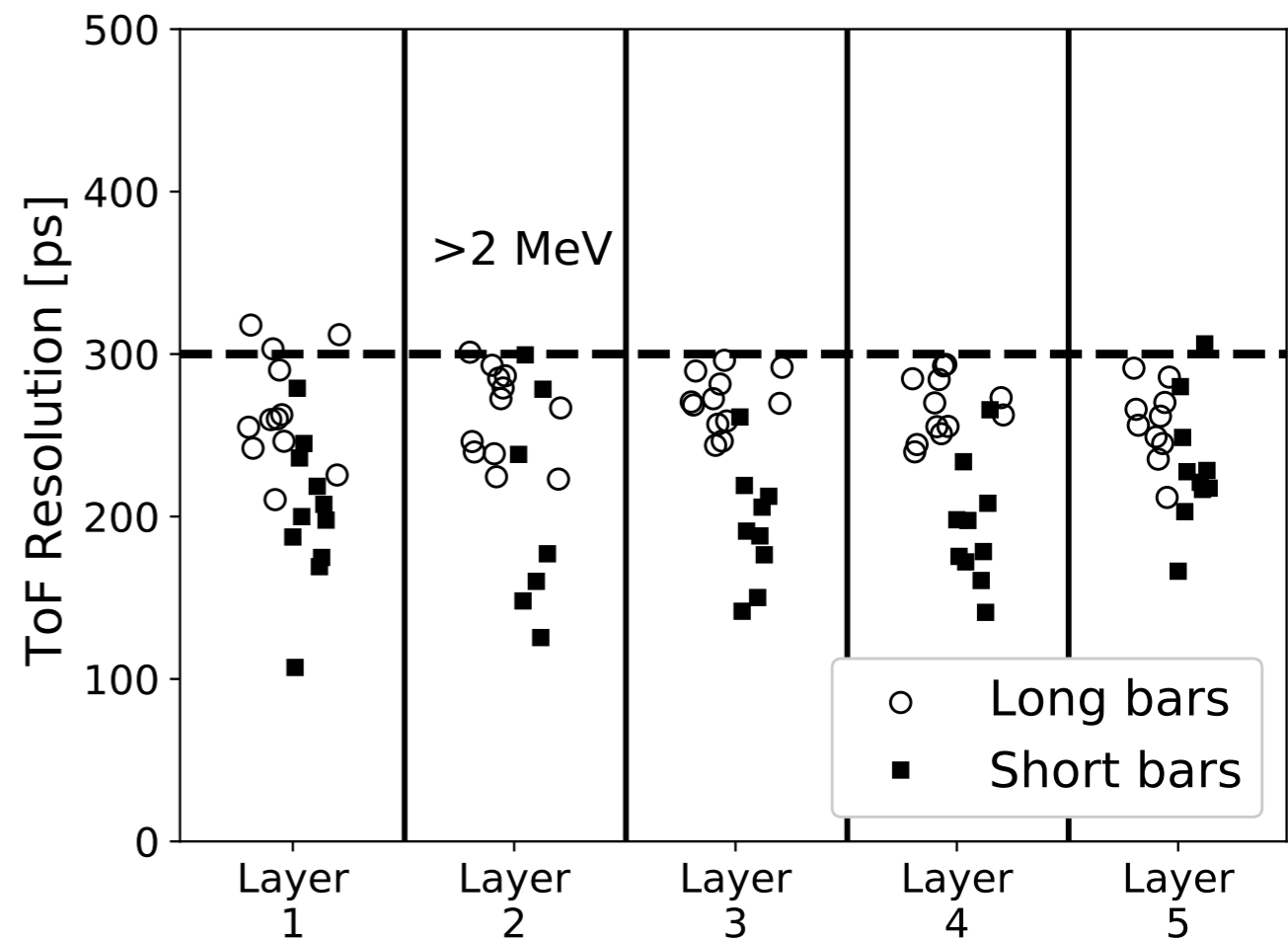
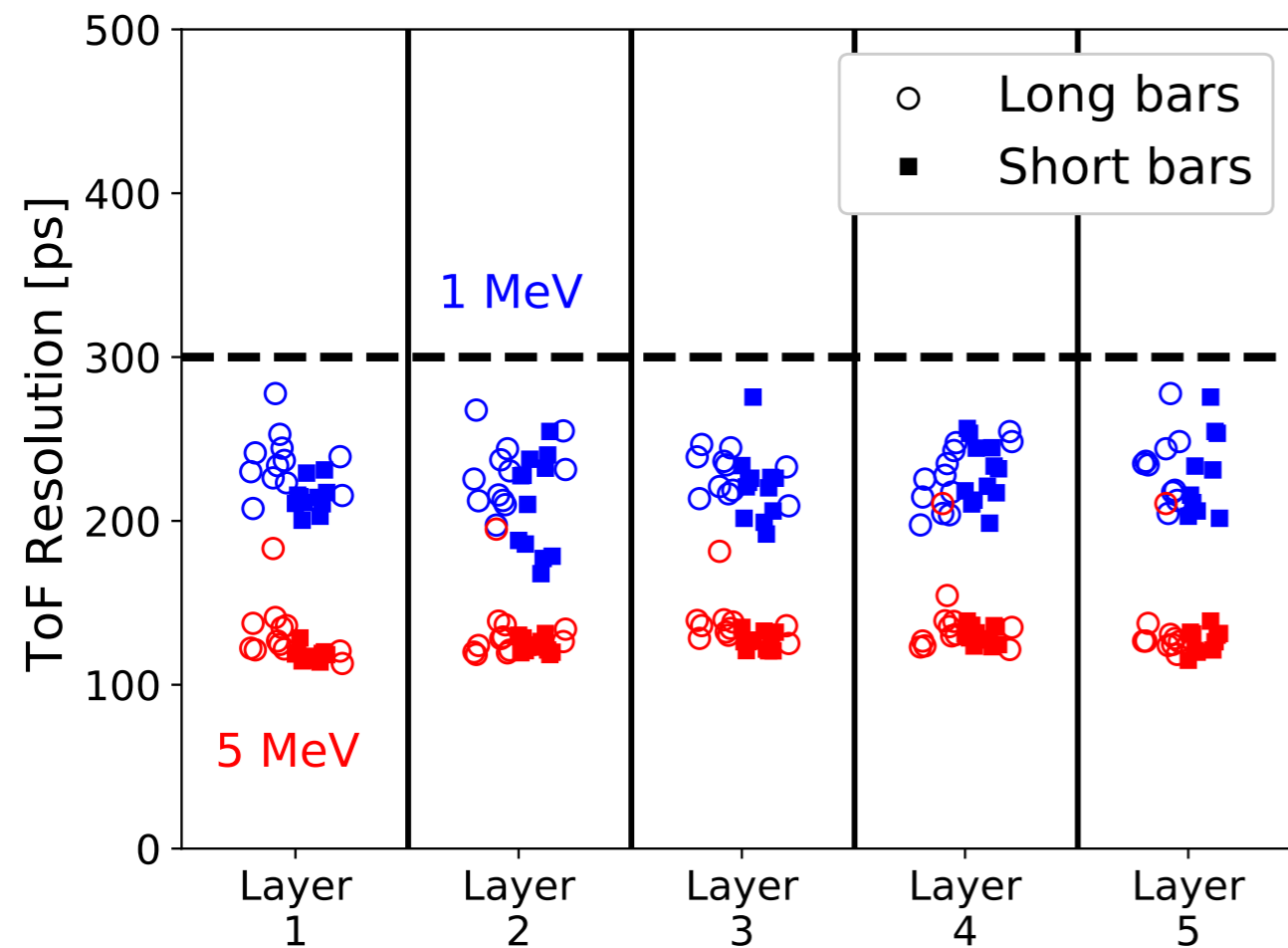


Time Resolutions of BAND Bars

Segarra et al., NIM A978 (2020)

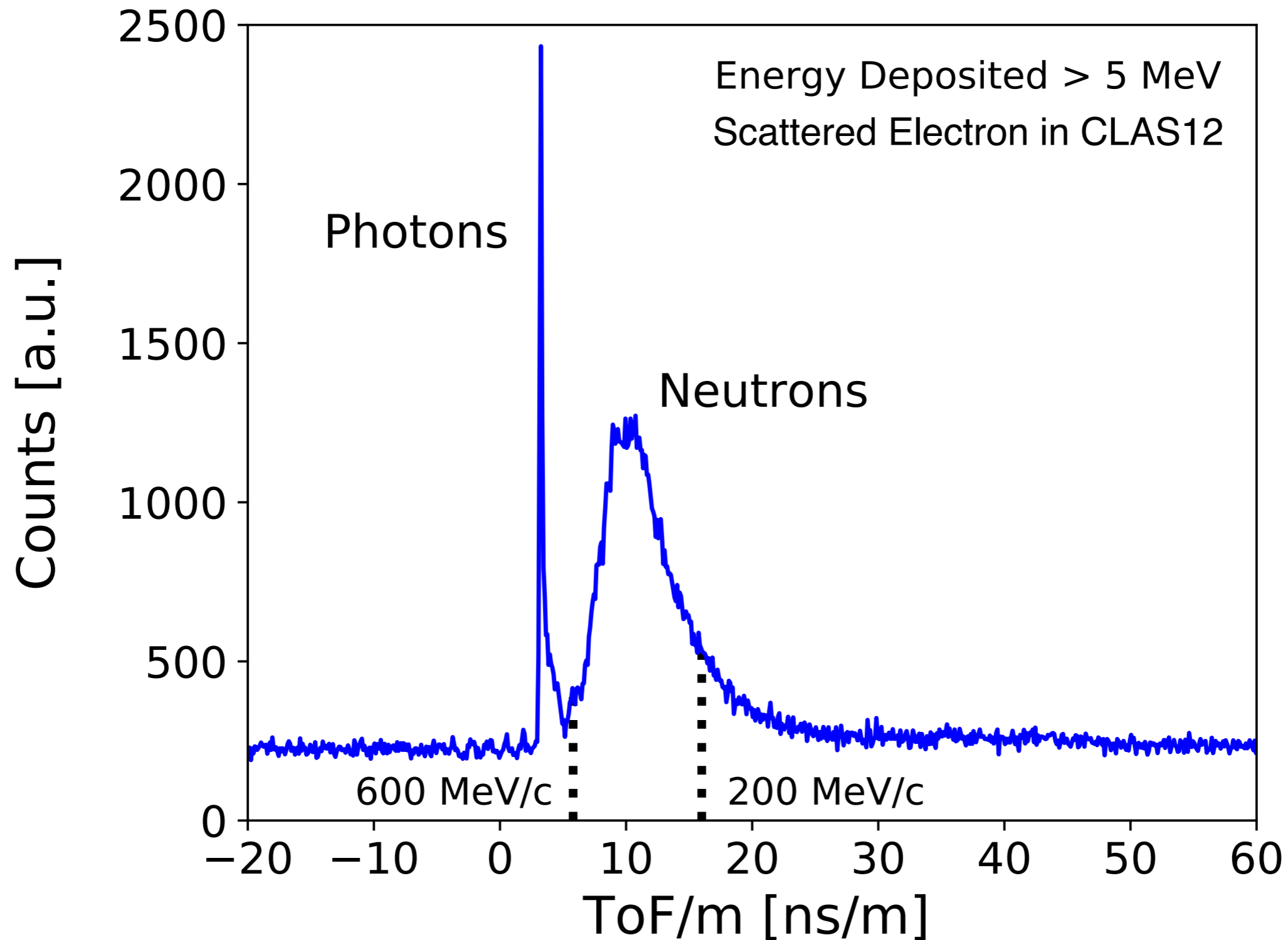
Laser

Photons



Clear Signal of Neutrons in BAND

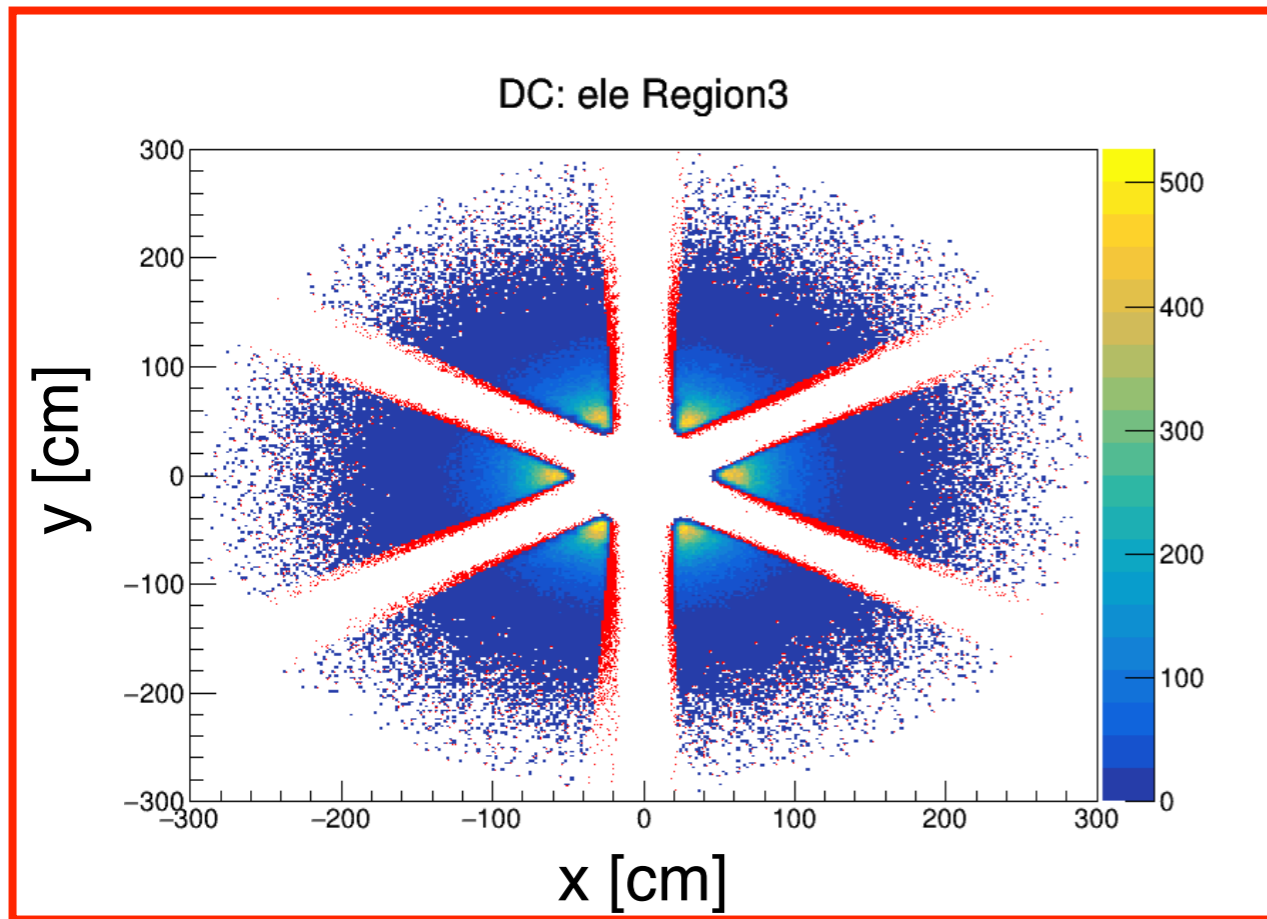
Segarra et al., NIM A978 (2020)



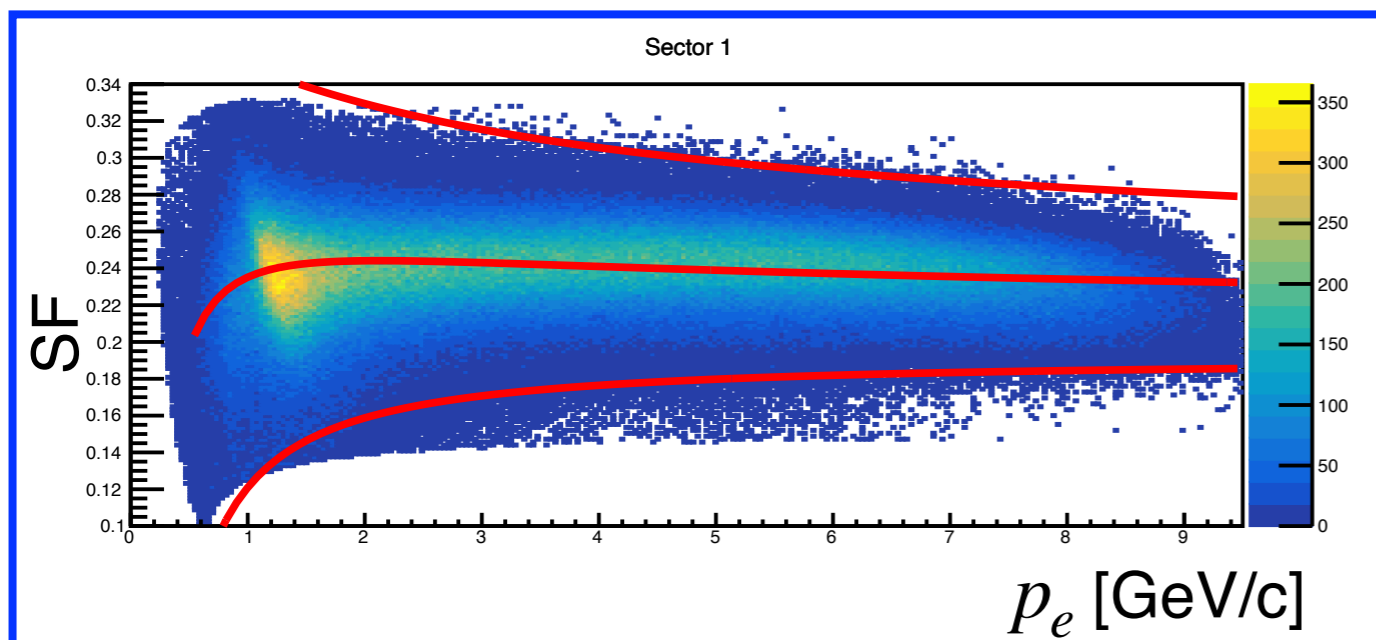
Data and Analysis Overview

- Run group B data
 - beam energies: 10.2, 10.4, 10.6 and 4.2 GeV
 - liquid deuterium target
- Event selection
 - Electrons in CLAS12
 - Neutrons in BAND
 - Background subtraction
- Inclusive $d(e,e')$ analysis
- Quasi-elastic $d(e,e'pn)$ and $d(e,e'p)n$ analysis
- Tagged DIS analysis

Analysis: Electron Selection

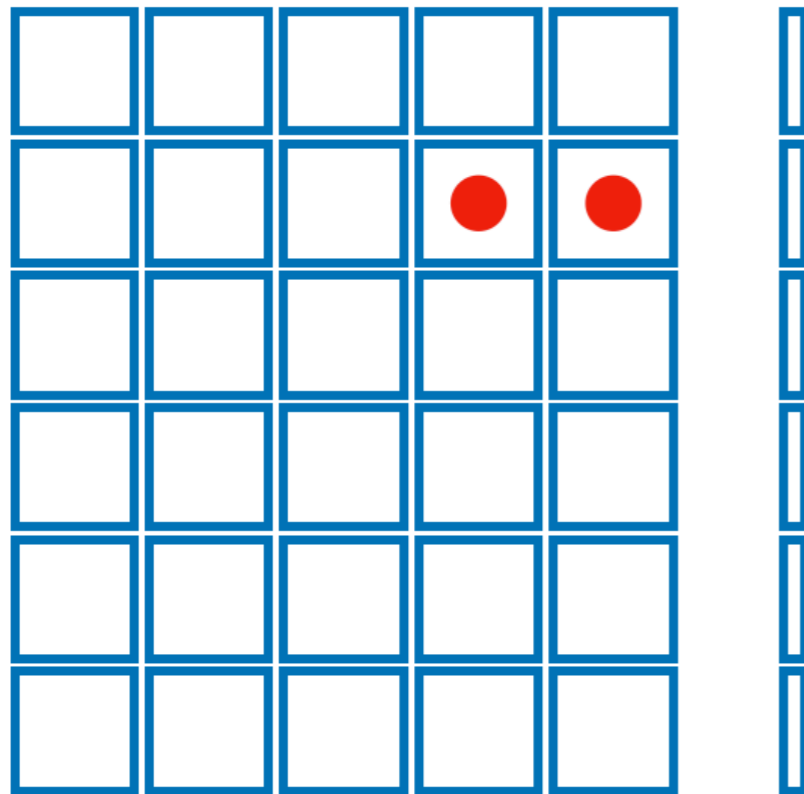


- Charge/PID requirement
- Driftchamber fiducial cuts
- Calorimeter fiducial cuts
- Calorimeter sampling fraction cuts



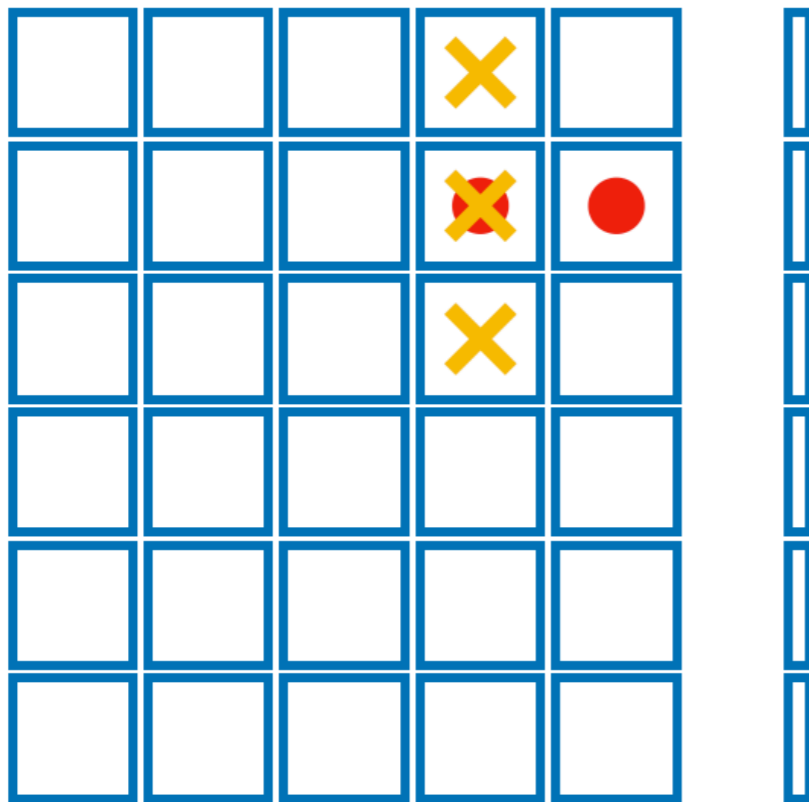
Neutron Selection: Identifying Good Hits

- Hit must have $E_{dep} > 2$ MeVee to be considered
- Veto algorithm:



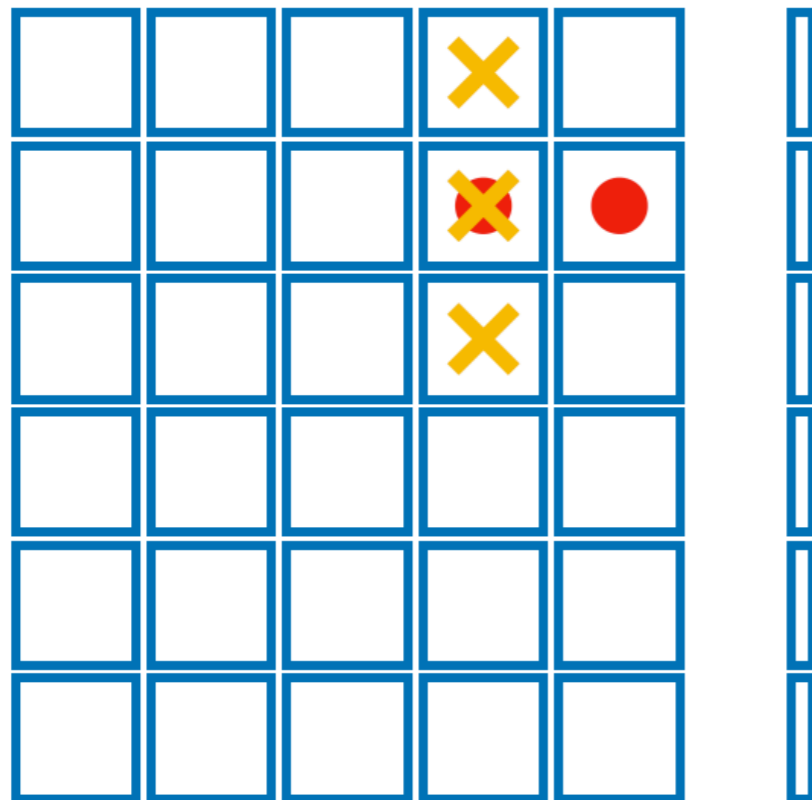
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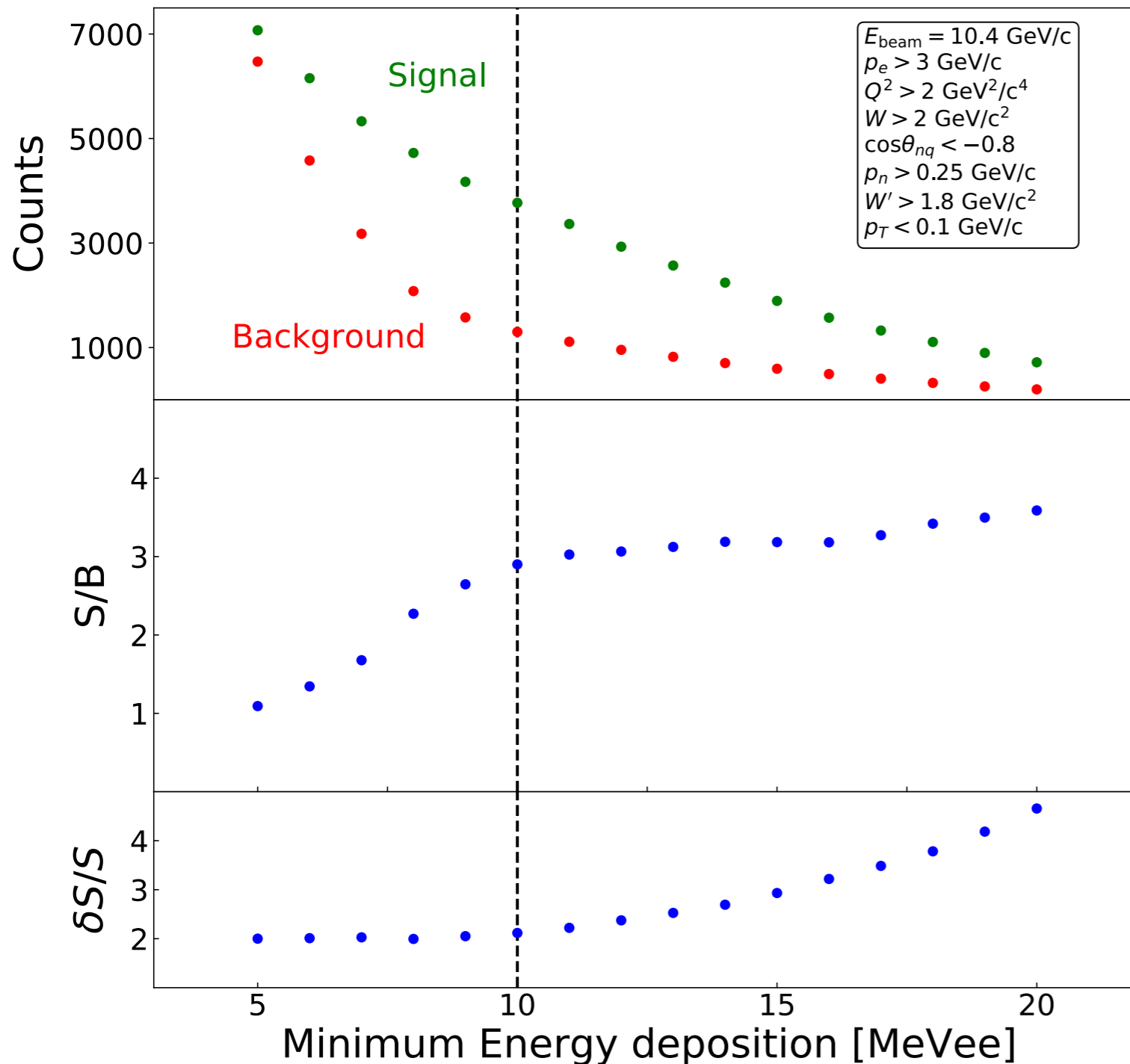
- Hit must have $E_{dep} > 2$ MeVee to be considered
- Veto algorithm:



- If single hit (most of the time) ✓
- If 2 hits:
 - Close together (from same interaction)? ✓
 - Far apart? ✗
- If > 2 hits ✗

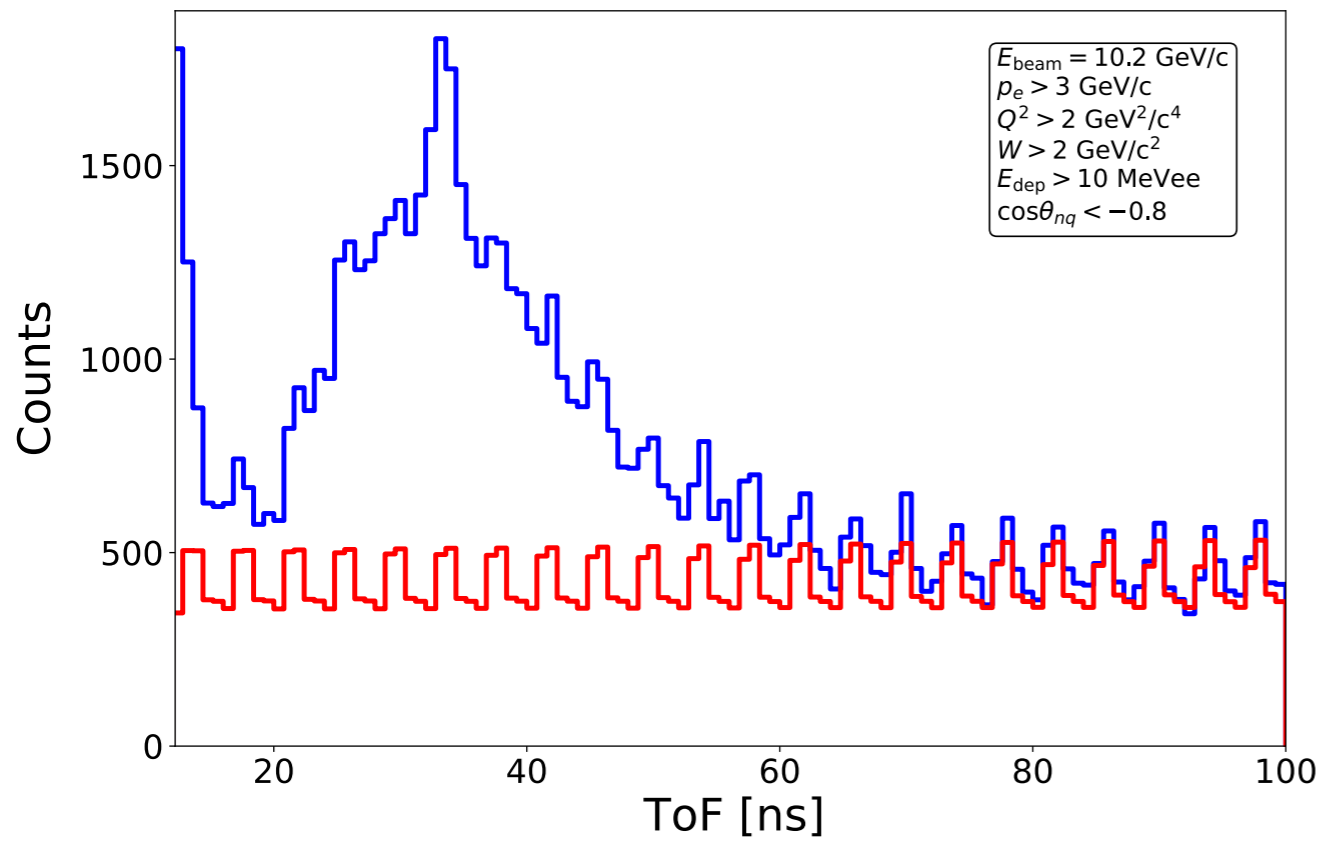
Neutron Selection: E_{dep} and Fiducials

- $E_{dep} > 10$ MeVee



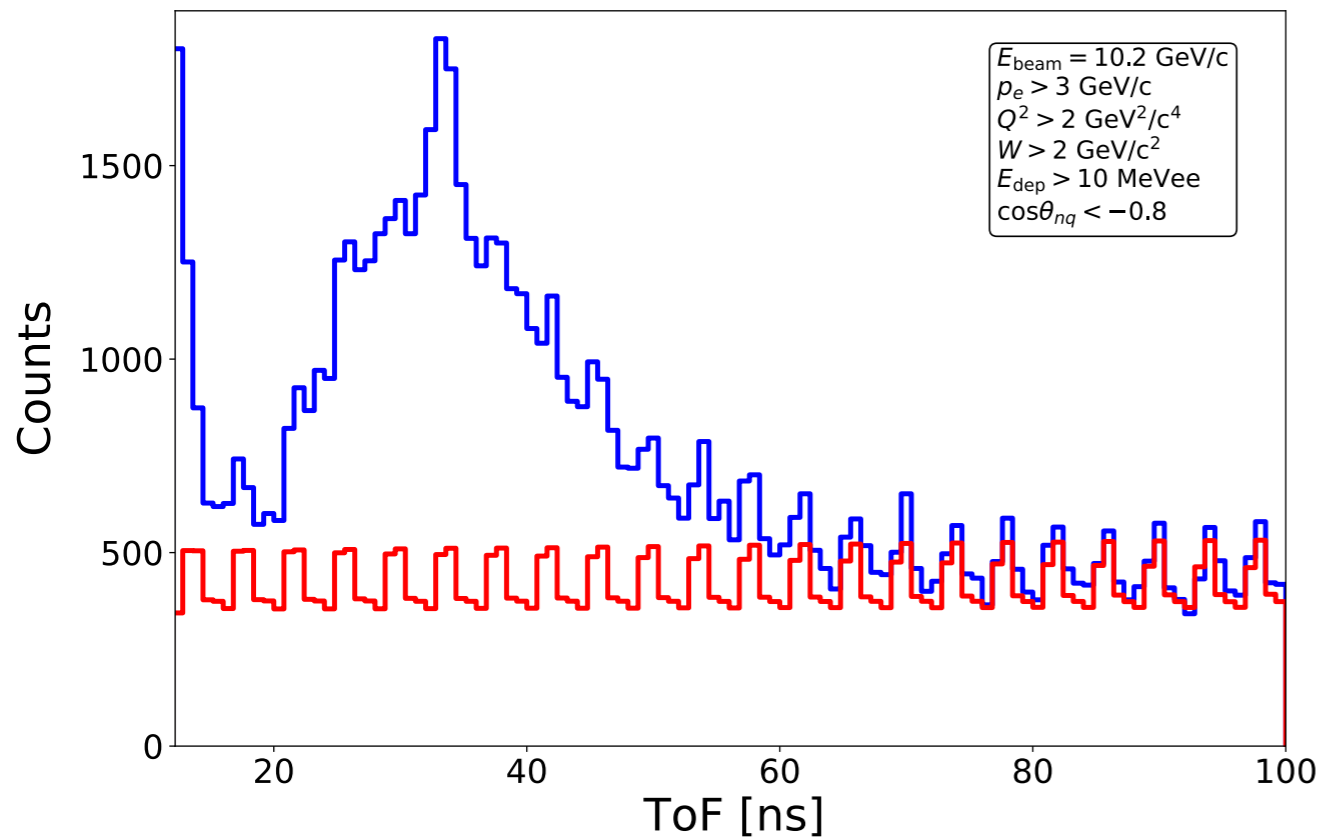
- Fiducial cut 10 cm from BAND edges (reflection)
- $\theta_n < 168.5^\circ$ (beam pipe)

Random Coincidence Background Subtraction

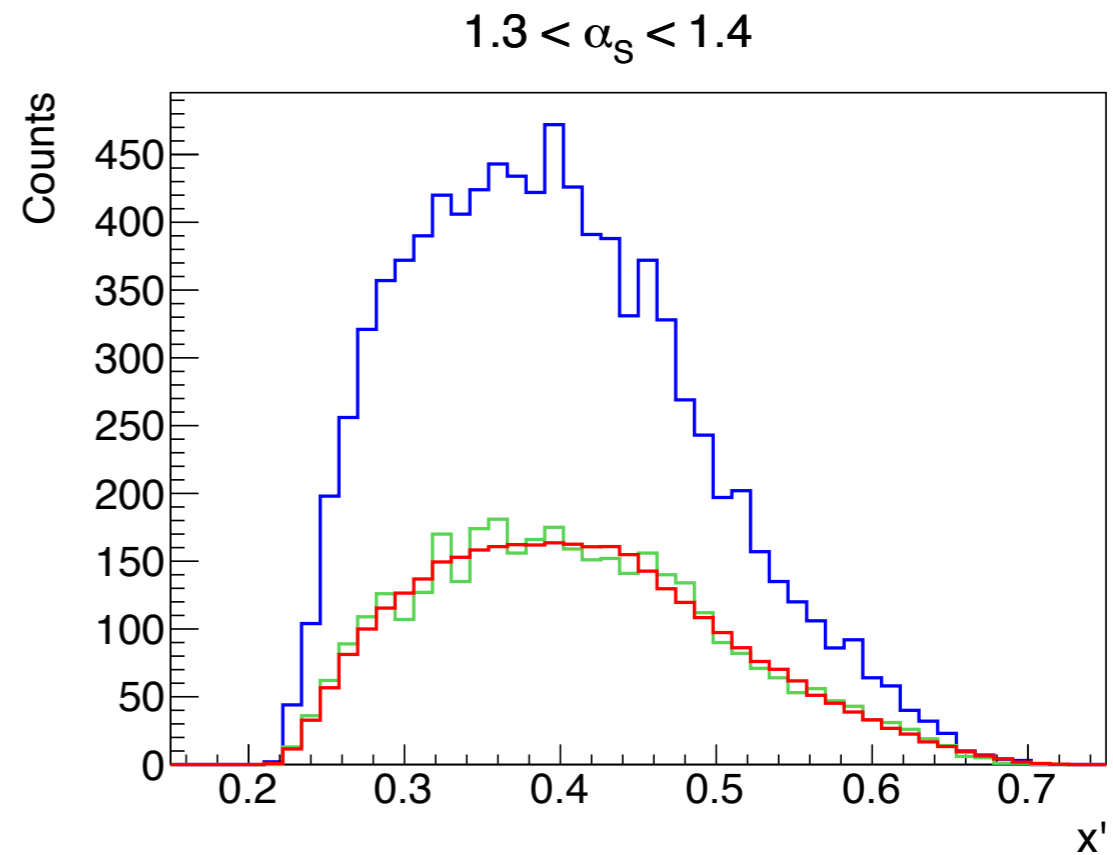
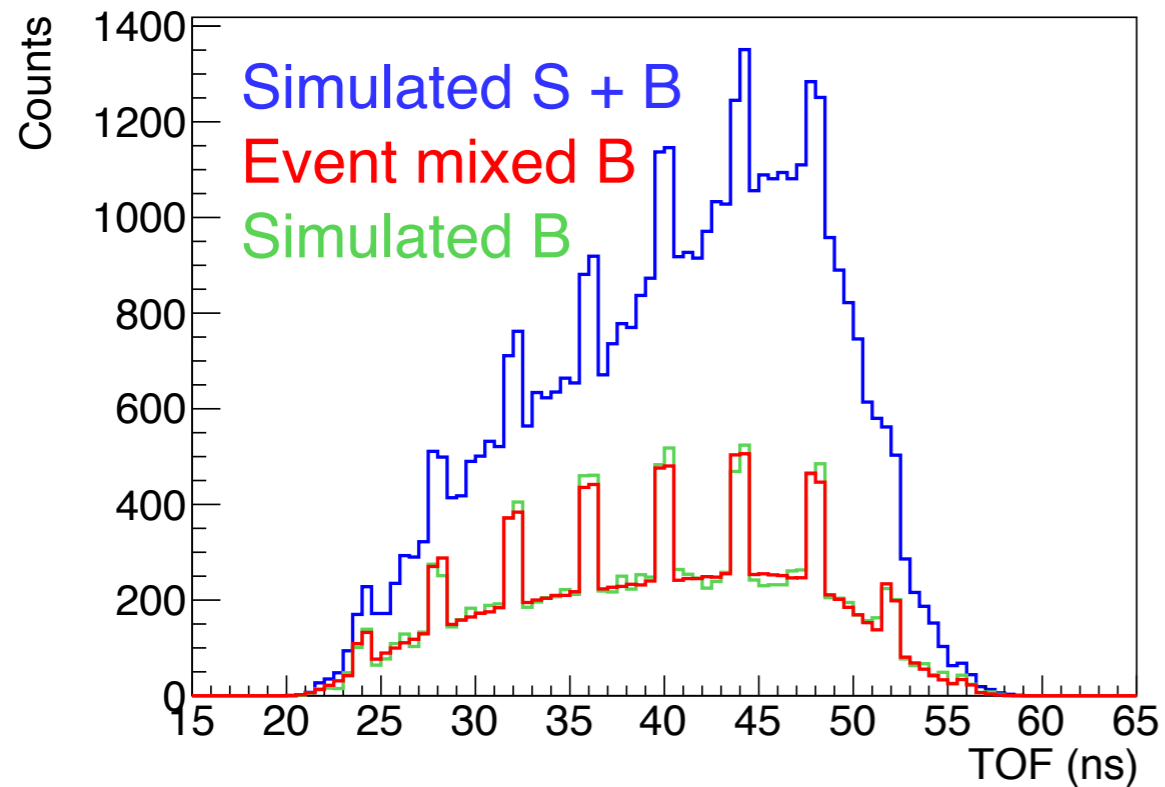


- Event mixing for background subtraction
- Account for beam structure

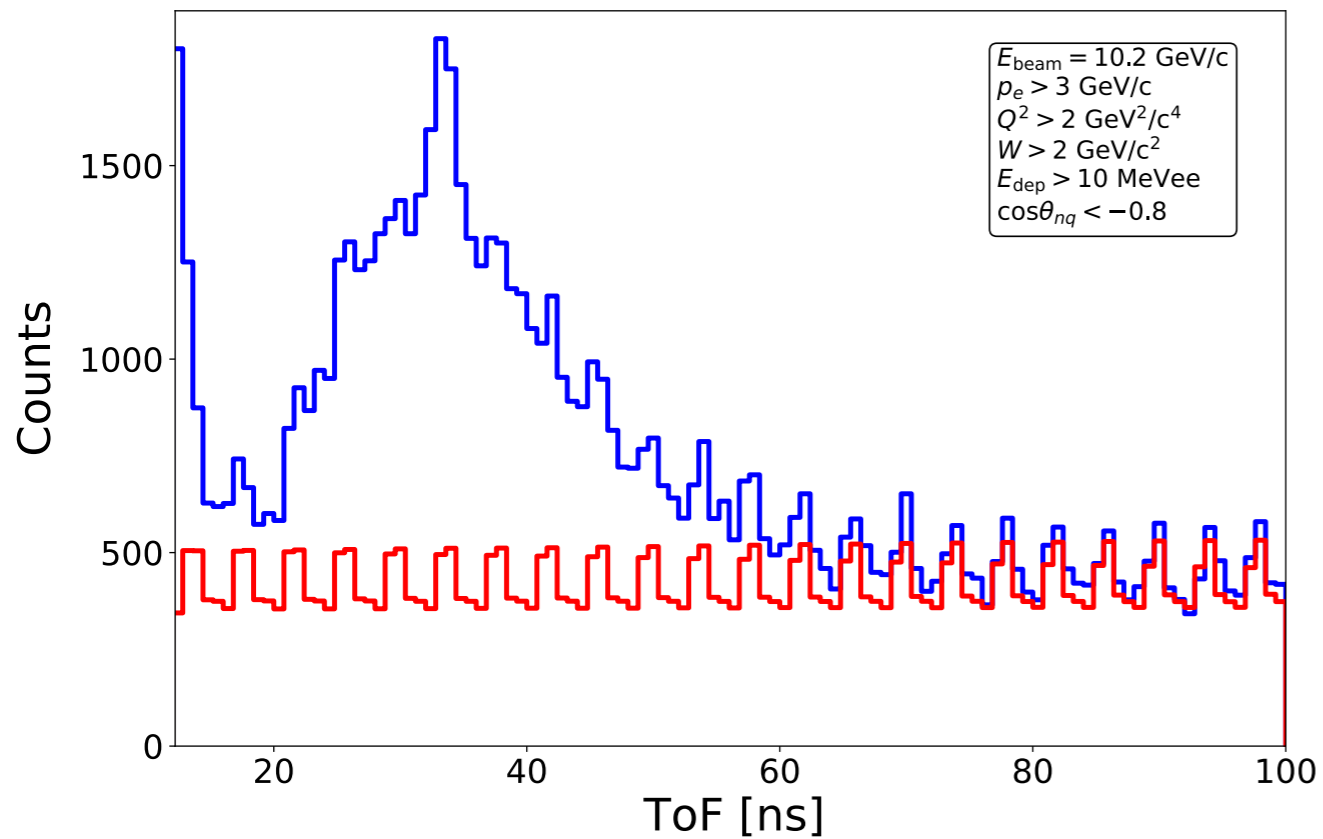
Random Coincidence Background Subtraction



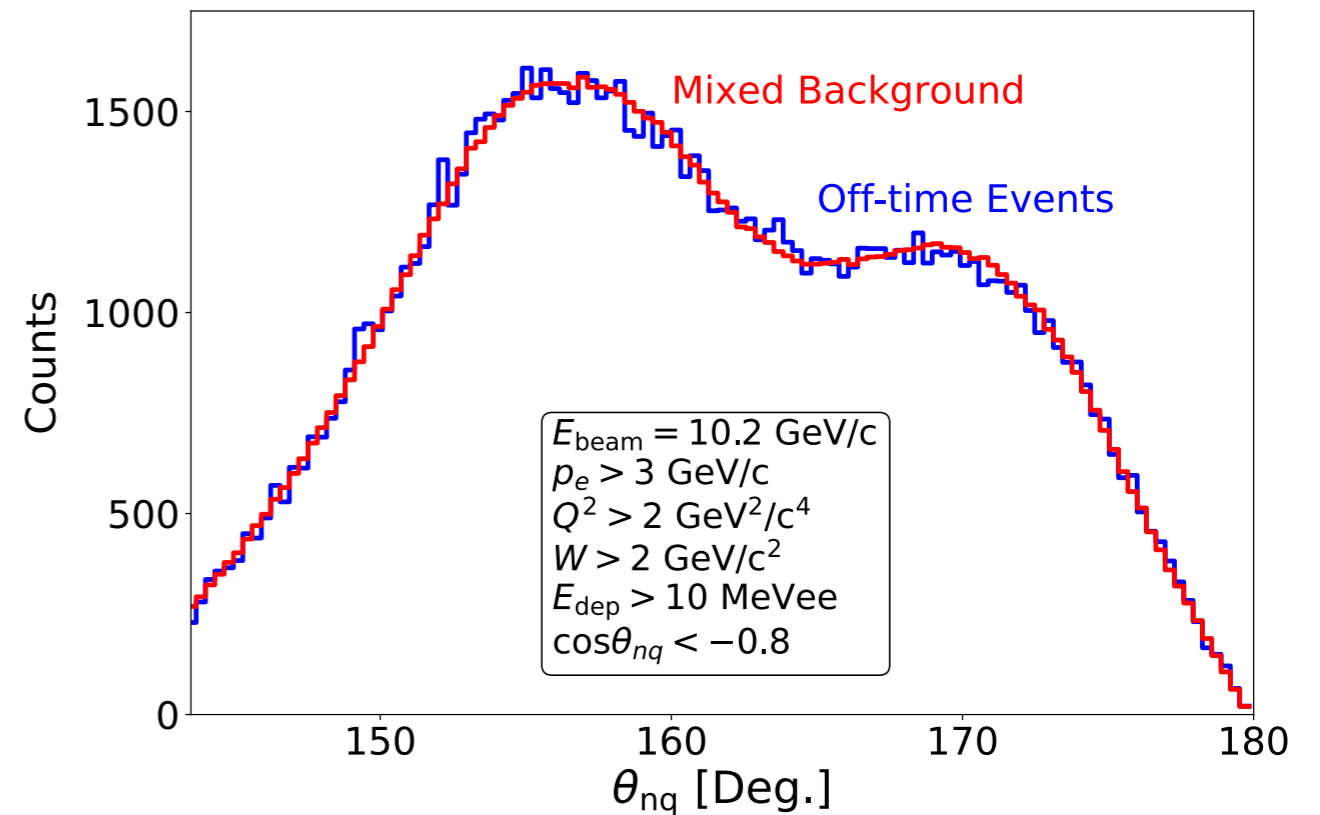
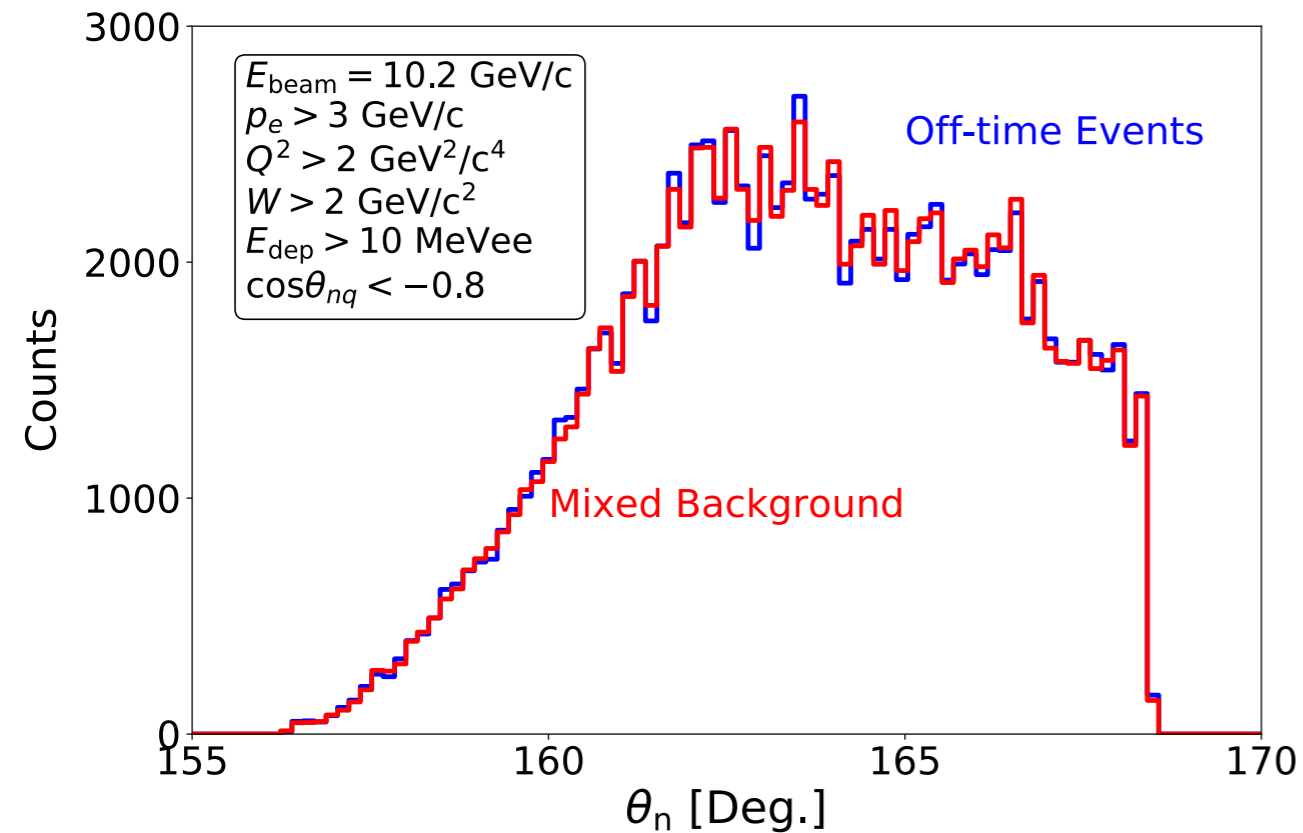
- Event mixing for background subtraction
- Account for beam structure
- Simulation closure test



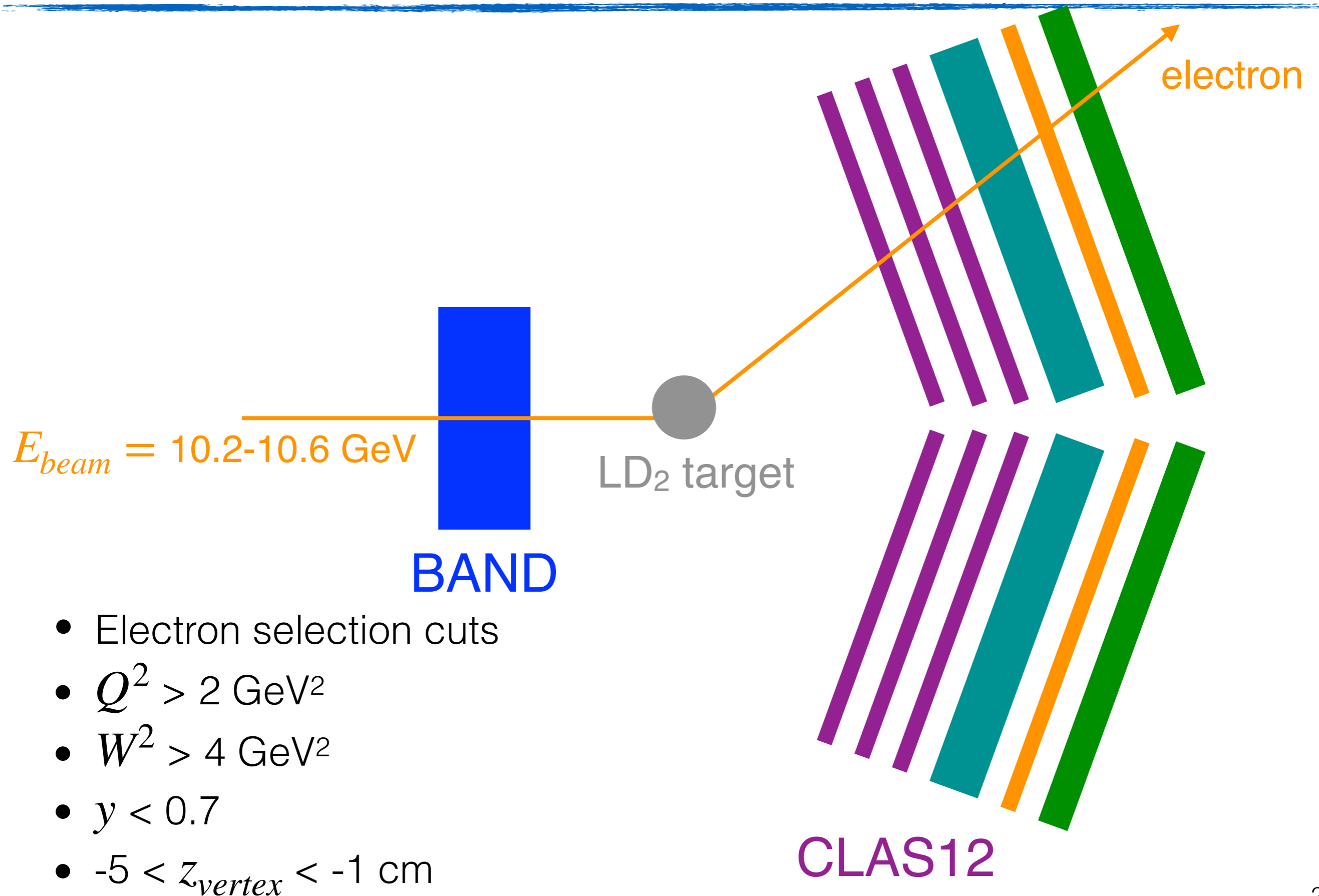
Random Coincidence Background Subtraction



- Event mixing for background subtraction
- Account for beam structure
- Simulation closure test
- Offtime/event mixed consistency

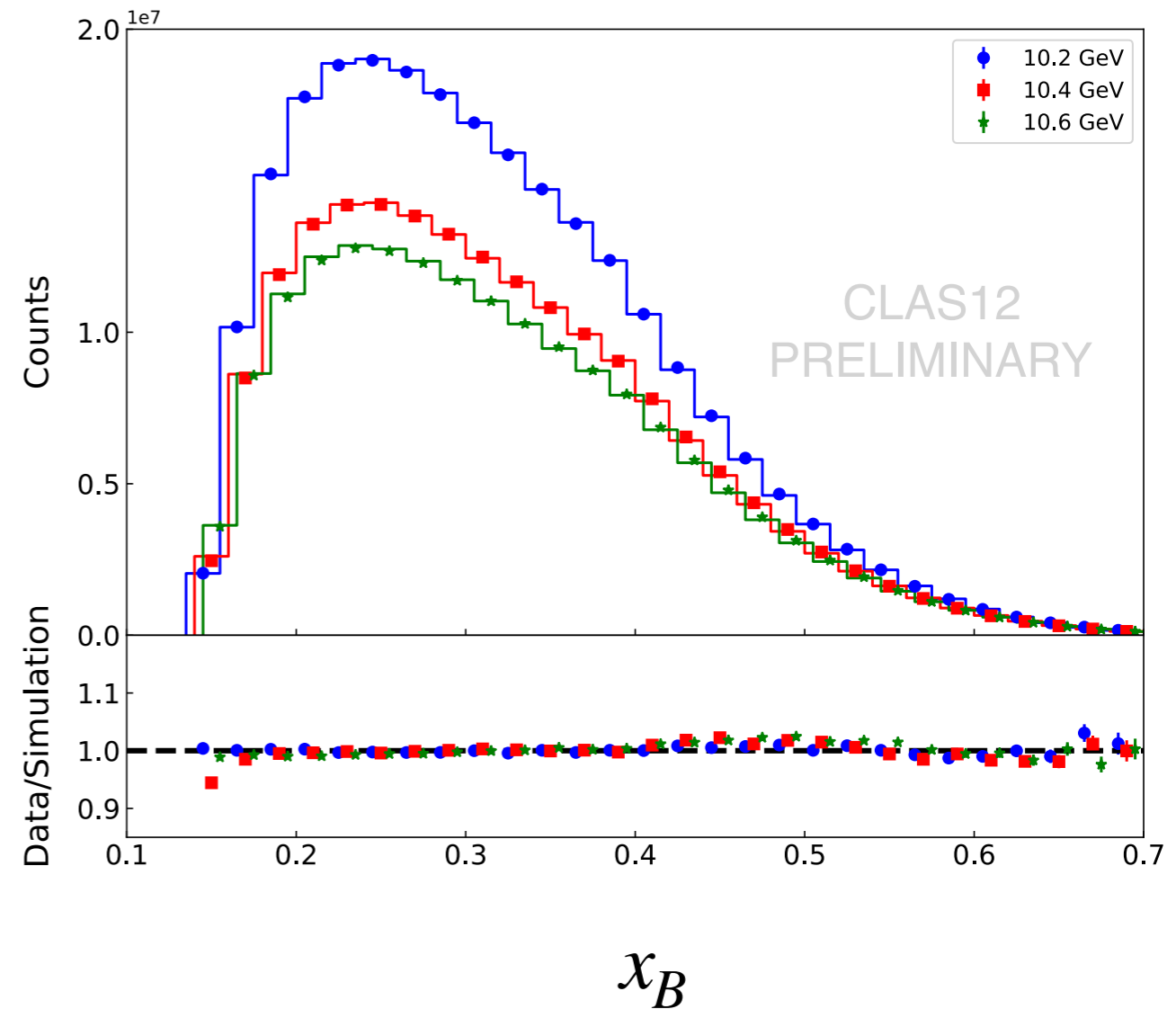
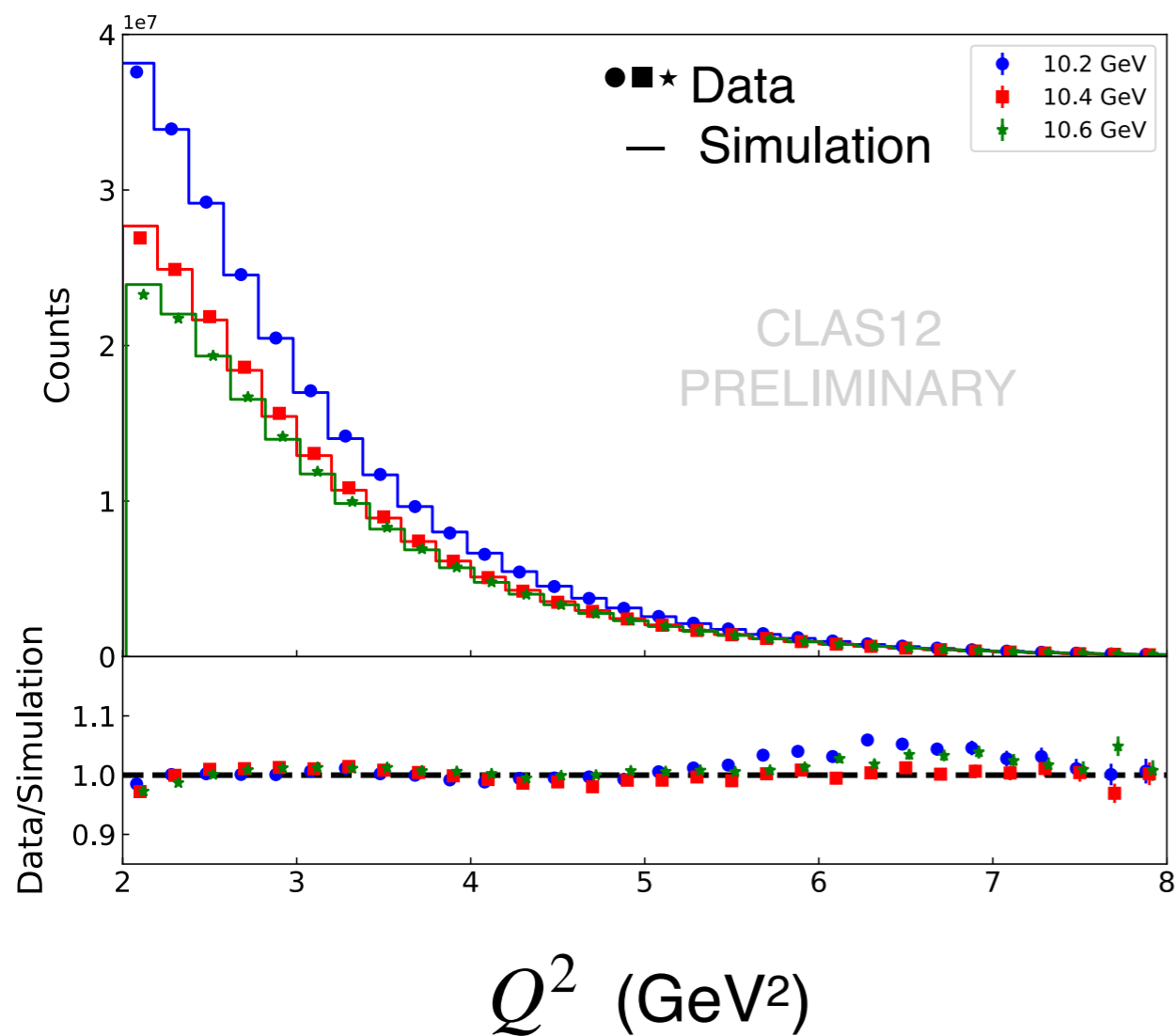


Inclusive $d(e, e')X$



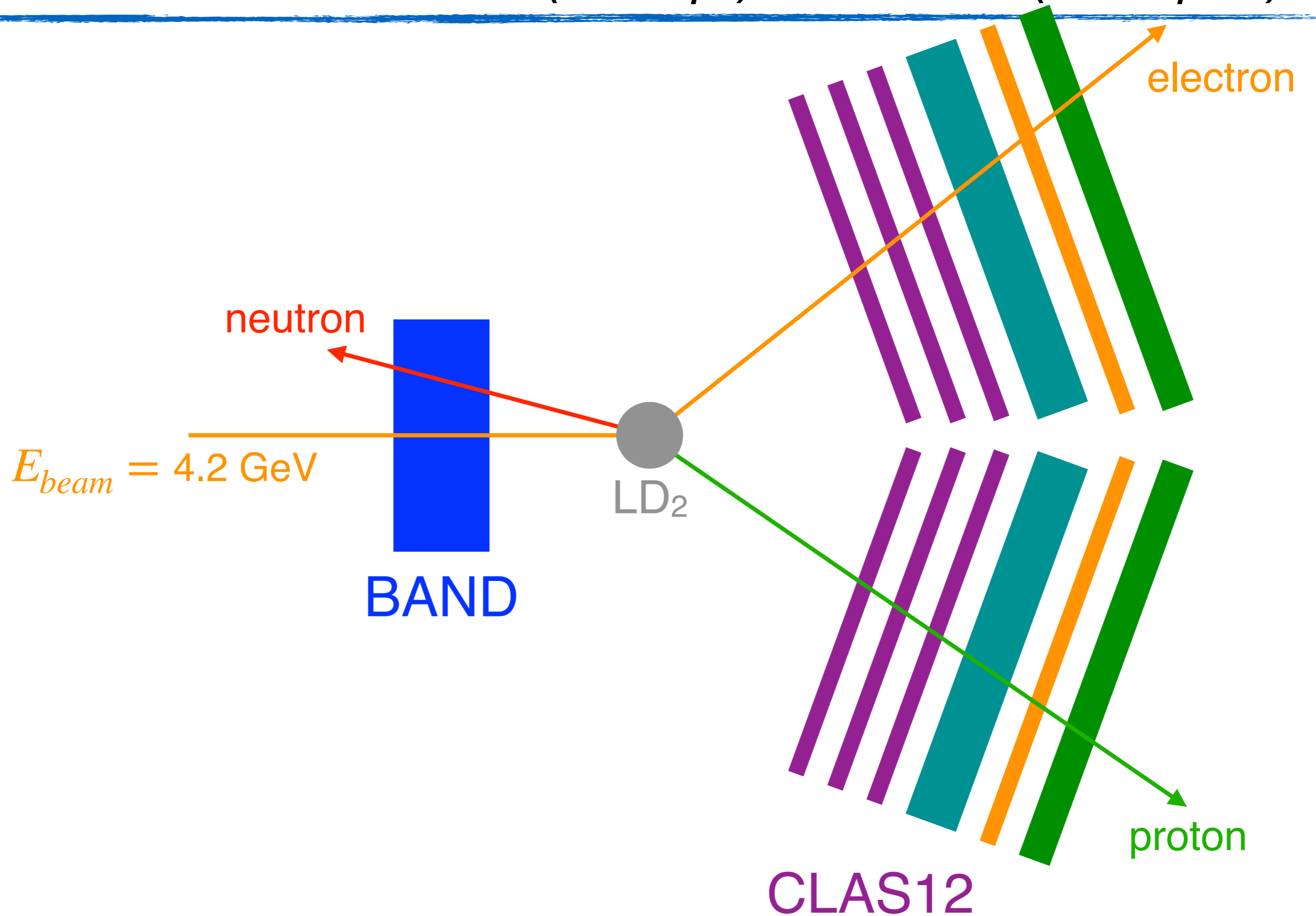
Inclusive Data - MC comparisons

Integral normalized



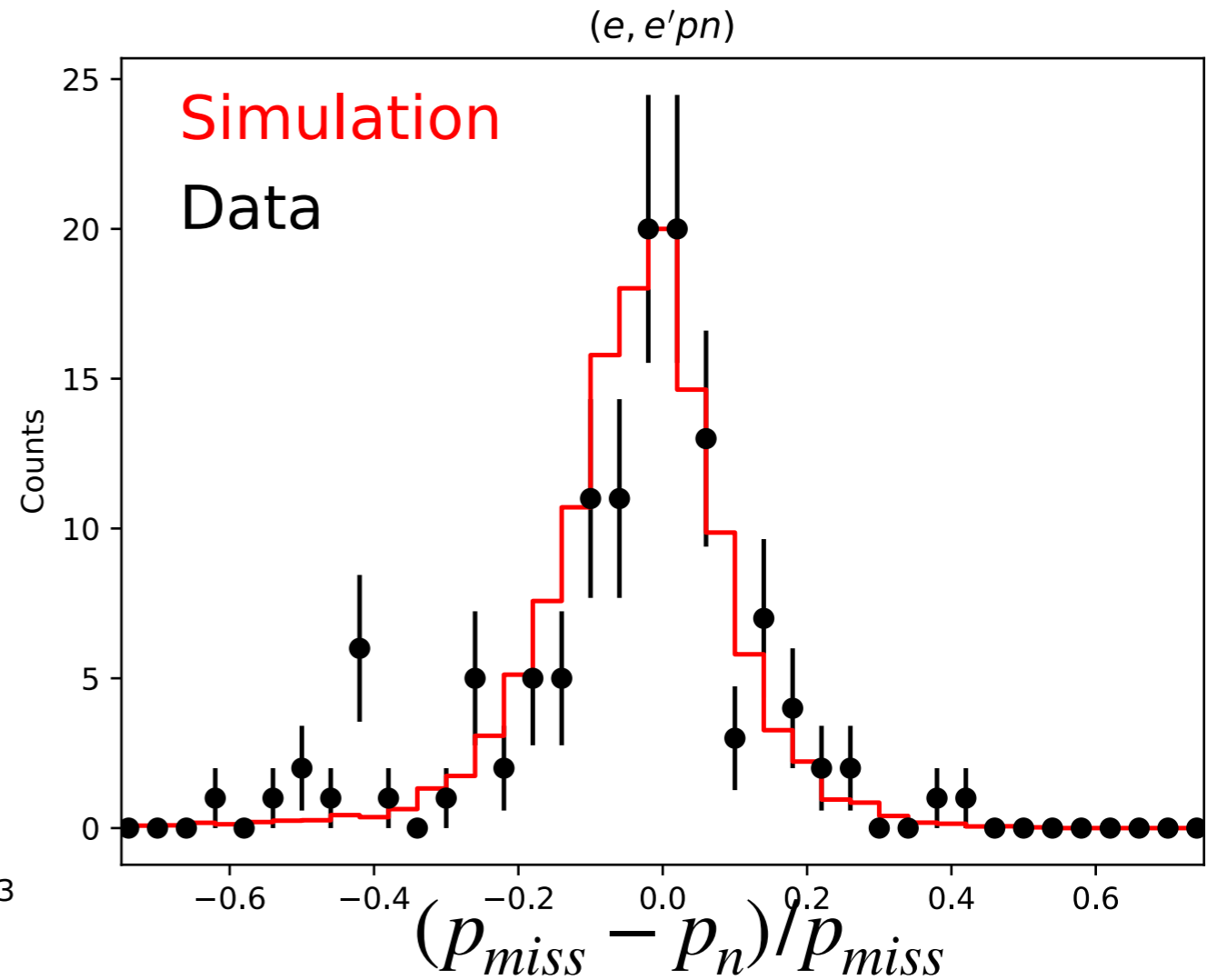
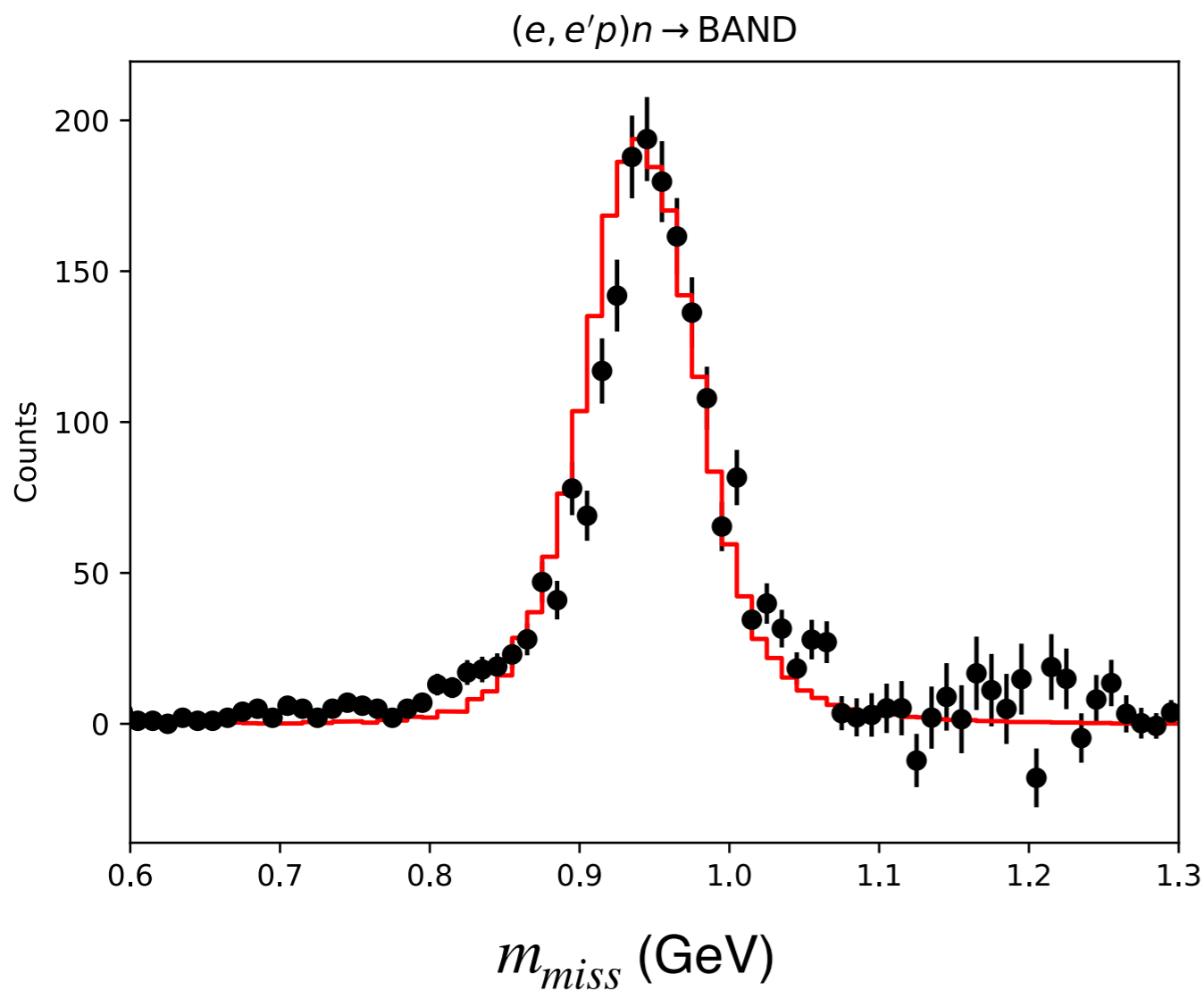
- Inclusive data well described by simulation

Quasi-elastic $d(e, e'p)n$ and $d(e, e'pn)$



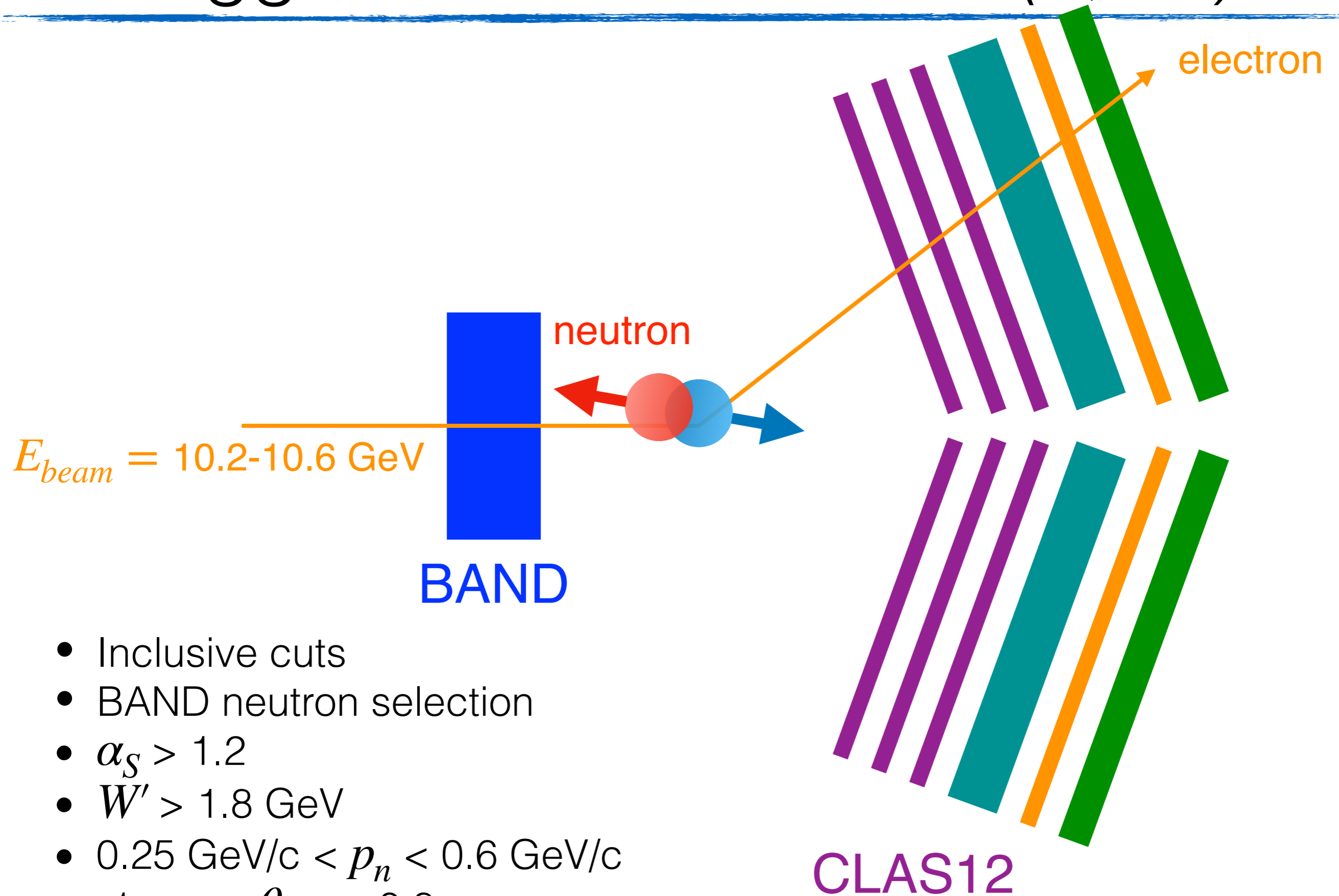
Quasielastic $d(e, e'p)n$ and $d(e, e'pn)$

Integral-normalized



- Excellent agreement in resolution of data and simulation


Tagged DIS with BAND $d(e, e'n)n$



- Inclusive cuts
- BAND neutron selection
- $\alpha_S > 1.2$
- $W' > 1.8 \text{ GeV}$
- $0.25 \text{ GeV}/c < p_n < 0.6 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $-1 < \cos \theta_{nq} < -0.8$

Tagged Yield Ratio

$$R_{tag} = \frac{\sigma_{tag}^{exp} (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / \sigma_{tag}^{exp} (Q_0^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}{\sigma_{tag}^{theory} (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / \sigma_{tag}^{theory} (Q_0^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}$$



$$R_{tag} = \frac{Y_{exp} (x') / Y_{exp} (x' = x_0)}{Y_{sim} (x') / Y_{sim} (x' = x_0)} = \frac{\sigma_{tag}^{exp} (x') / \sigma_{tag}^{exp} (x' = x_0)}{\sigma_{tag}^{theory} (x') / \sigma_{tag}^{theory} (x' = x_0)}$$

- Cancellation of systematics in ratio
- Choose to normalize to $x'_0 = 0.3$
- Sensitive to ratio of **bound** to **free** proton structure

$$R \approx \frac{F_2^* (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / F_2 (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x')}{F_2^* (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0) / F_2 (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}$$

Theoretical PWIA Model

- Cross section model - [Strikman & Weiss PRC 97, 035209 \(2018\)](#):

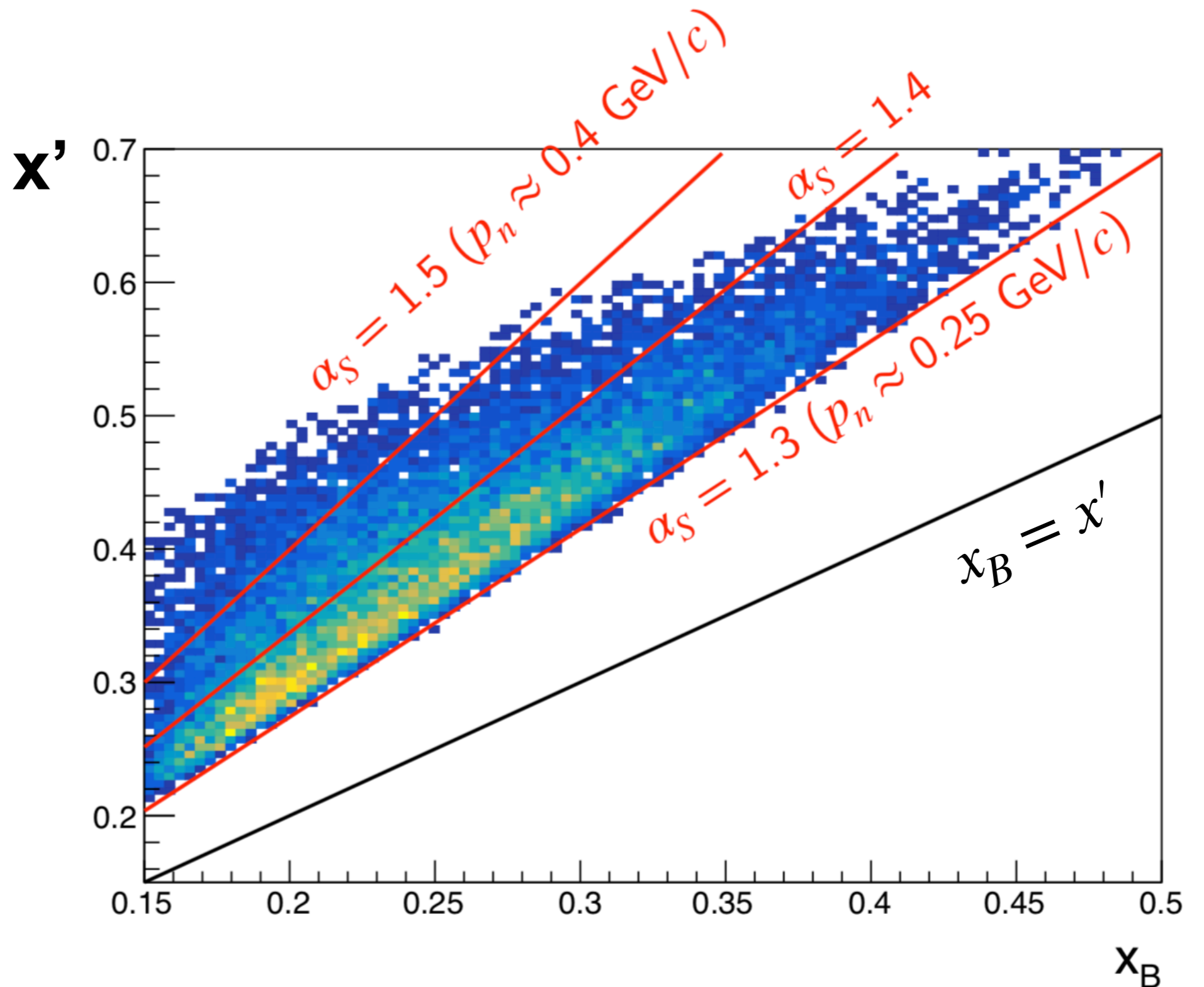
$$d\sigma[eD \rightarrow e'n_s X] = K \frac{2S(\alpha_s, p_{sT})}{2 - \alpha_s} \times F_2$$

- Kinematic factors
- Deuterium spectral function (momentum distribution of bound protons)
- Free proton structure function
- Includes finite Q^2 effects
- Simulate generated events with radiation in CLAS12-GEANT4 (GEMC)

Tagged $d(e, e'n)X$ Kinematics

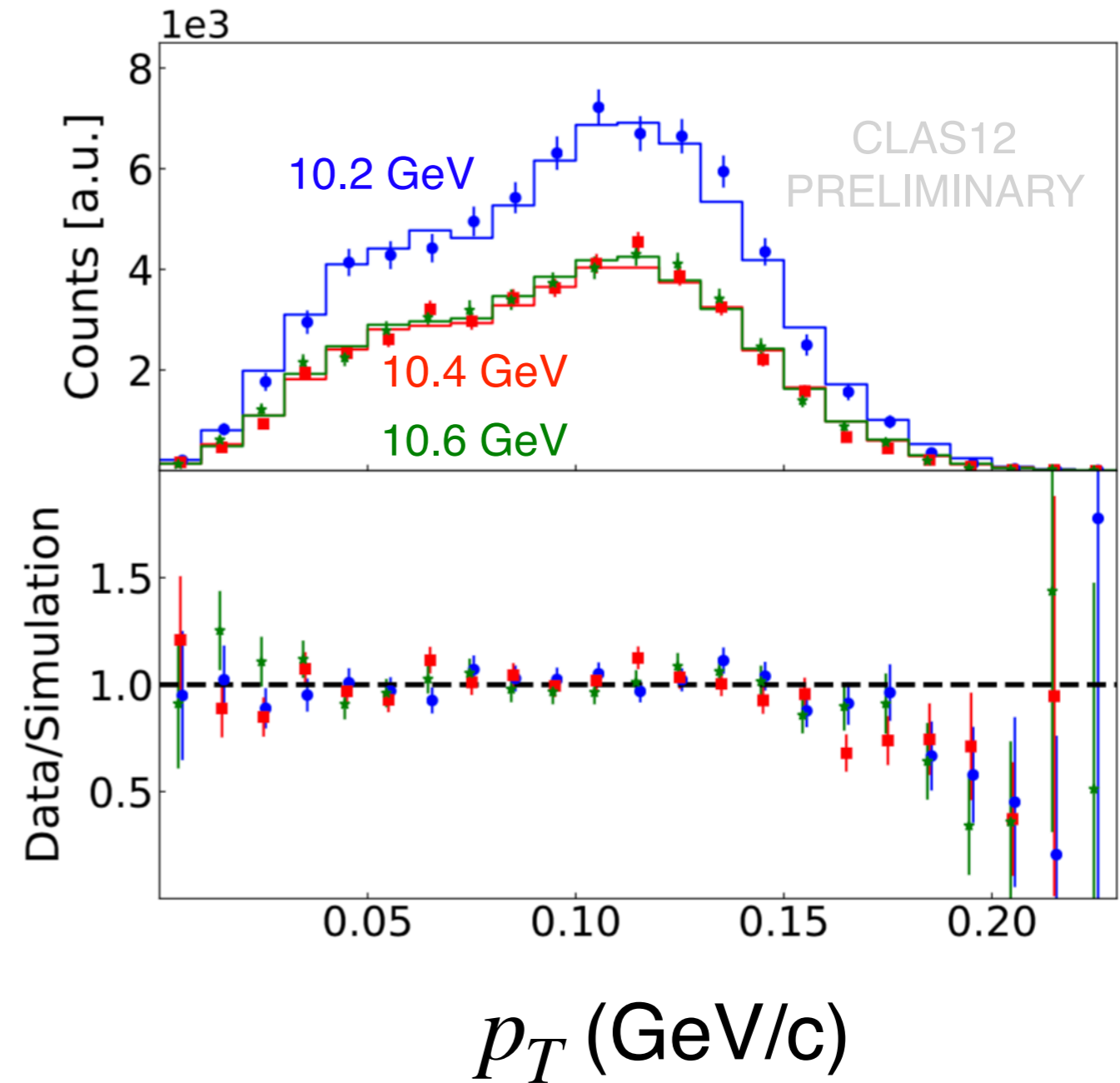
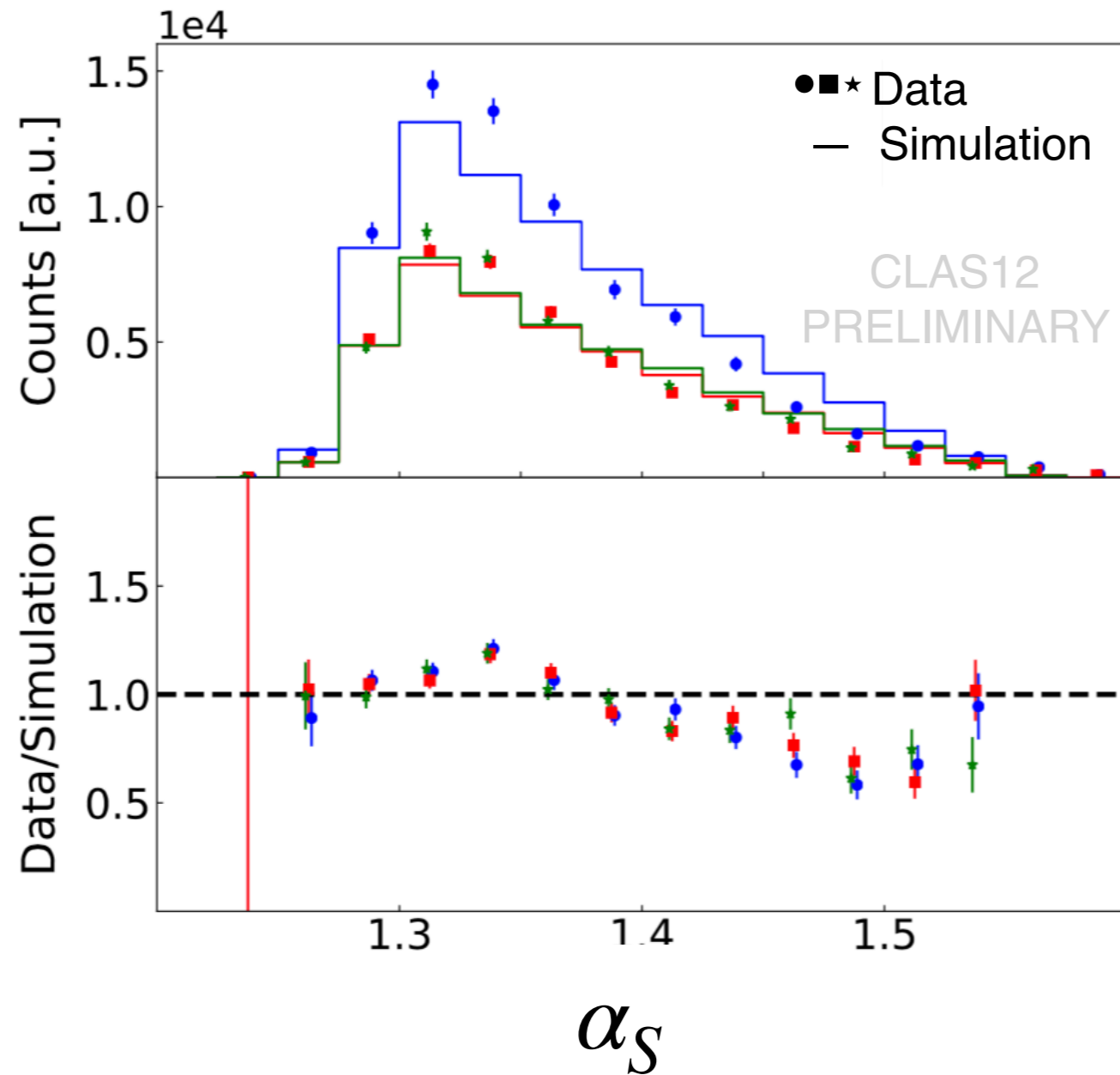
- $Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $W^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2$
- $y < 0.7$

- $\cos \theta_{nq} < -0.8$
- $W' > 1.8 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_T < 0.1 \text{ GeV}/c$
- $p_n > 0.25 \text{ GeV}/c$



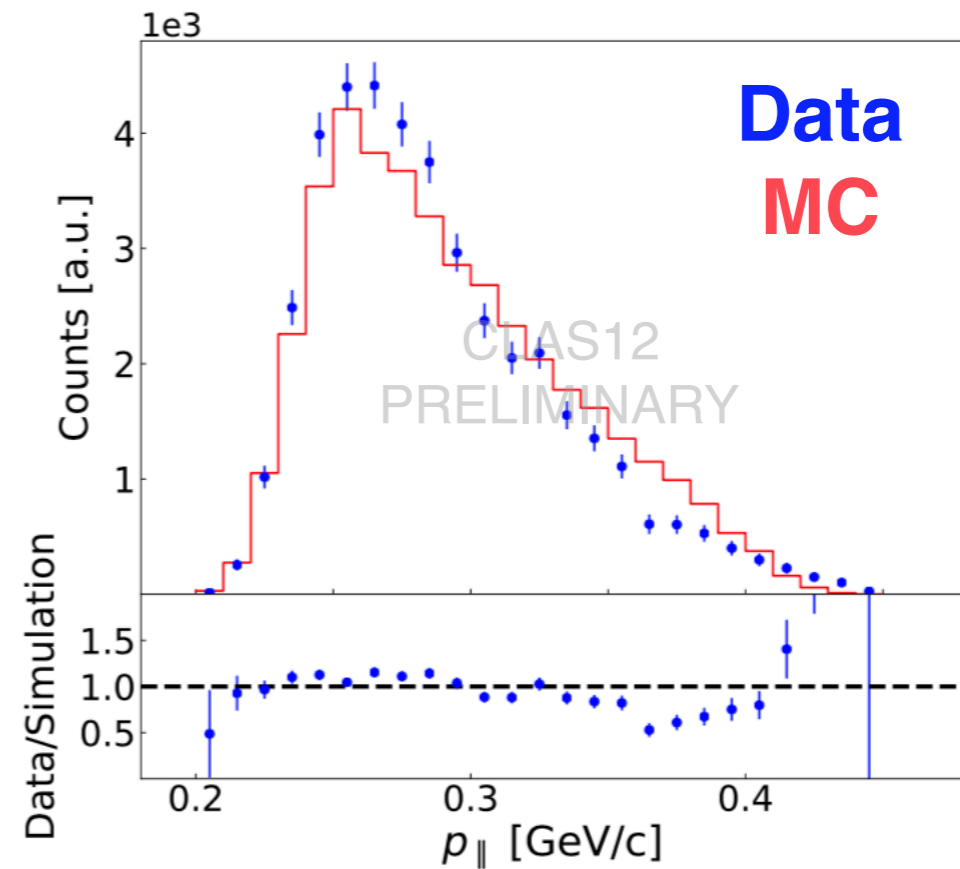
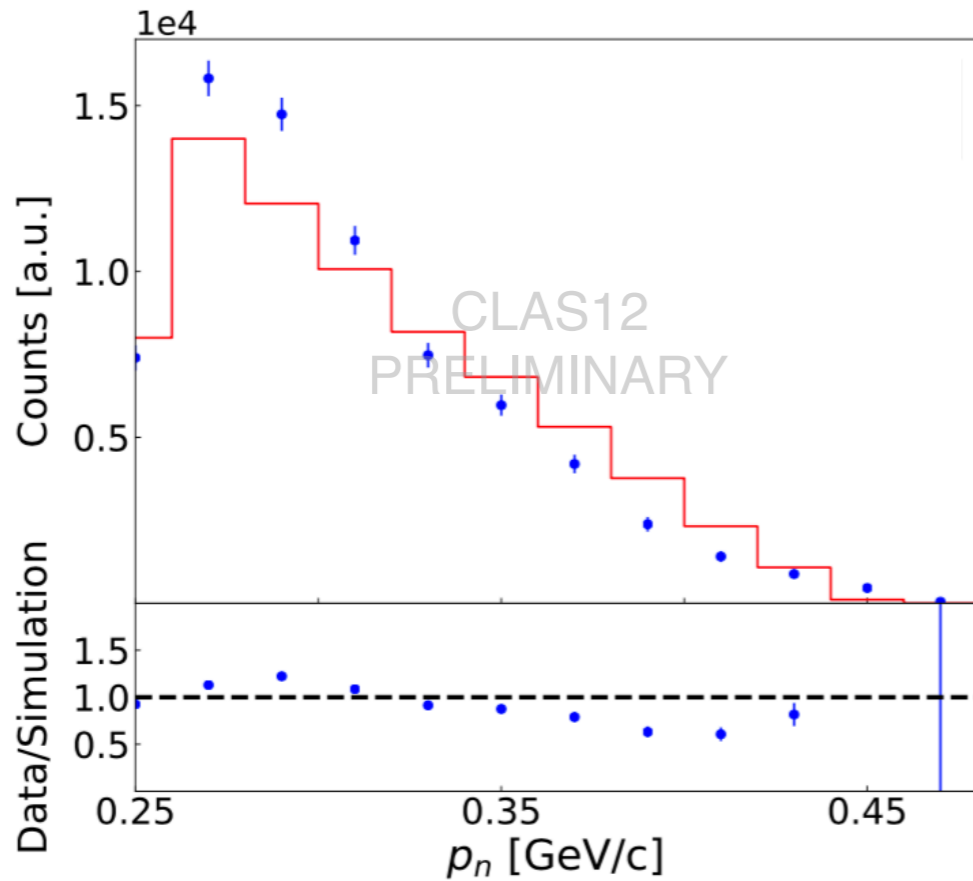
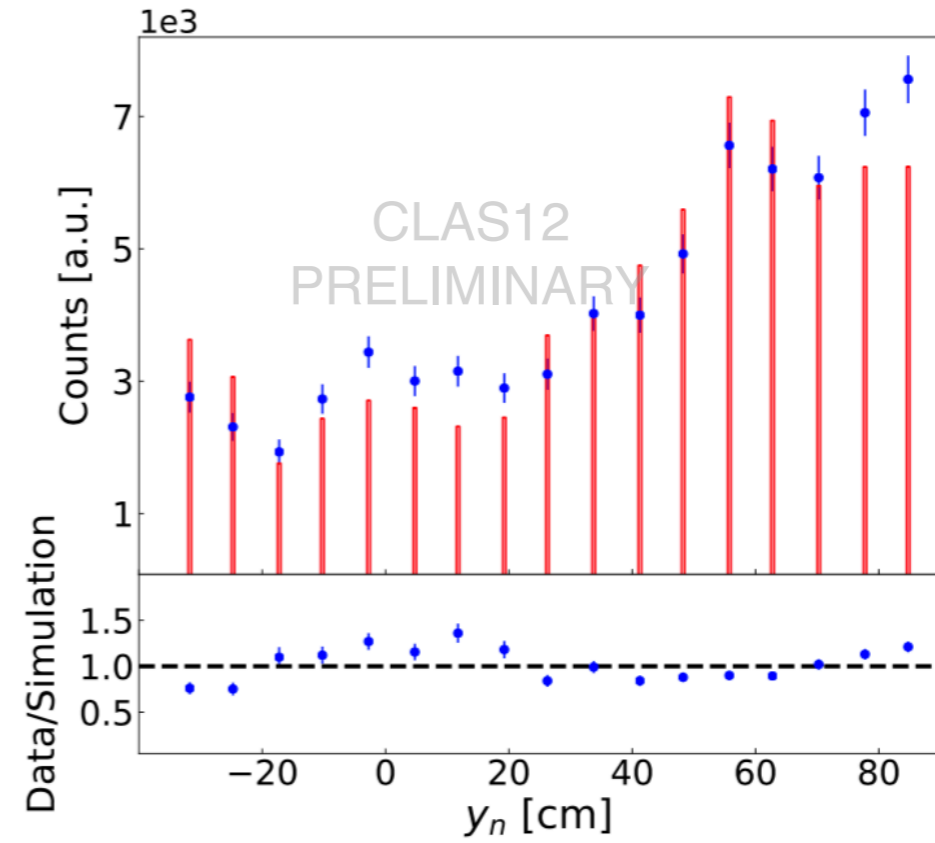
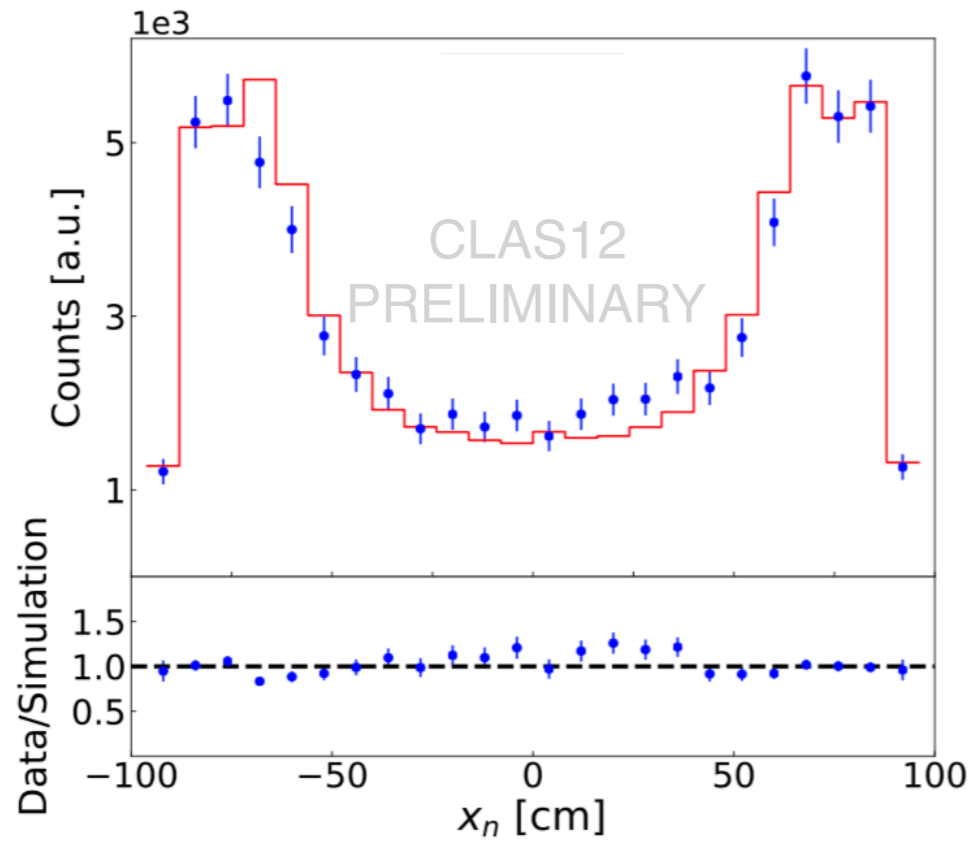
$d(e, e'n)X$: Data/MC comparisons

Integral normalized



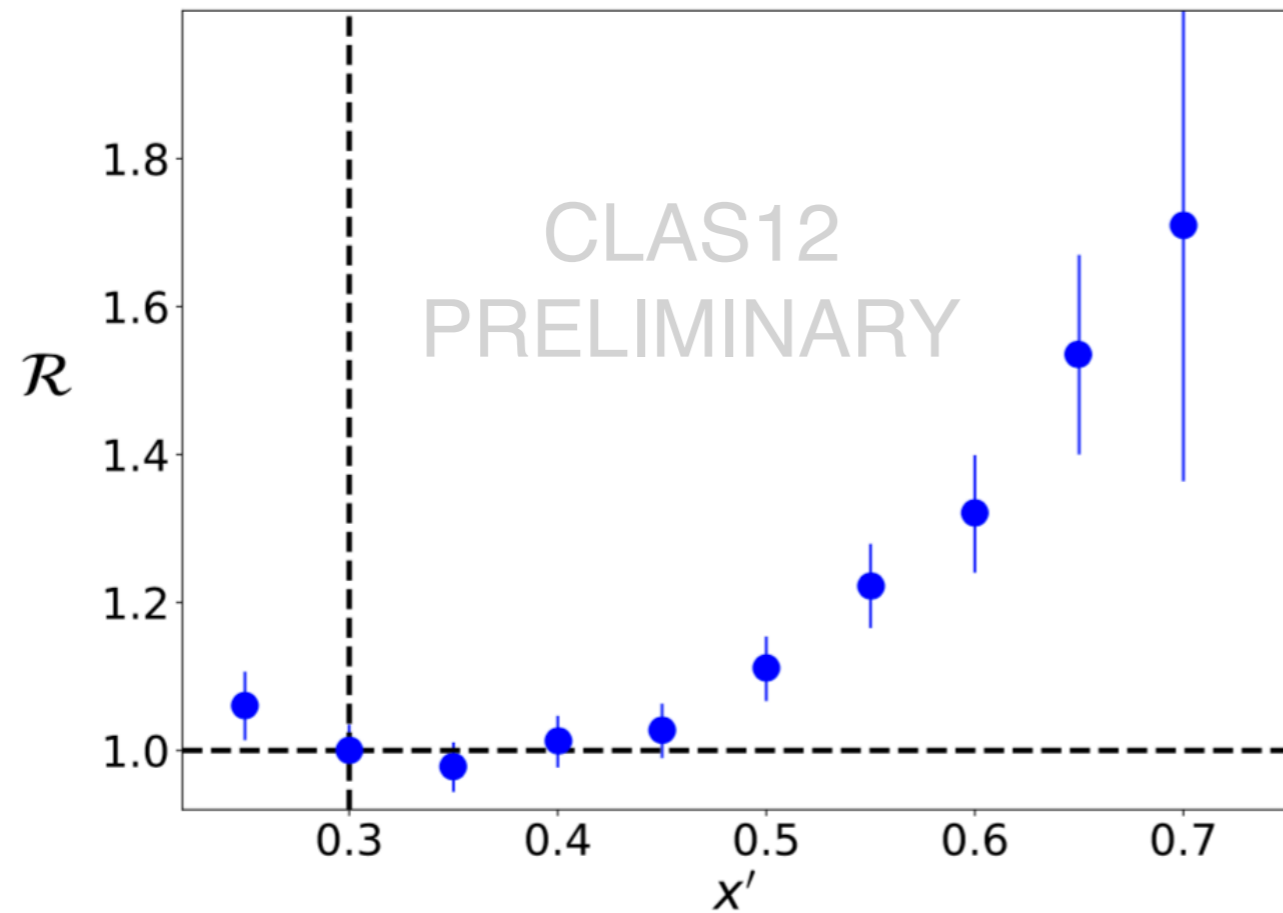
(transv. mom with respect to q)

More Tagged Comparisons (10.2 GeV)

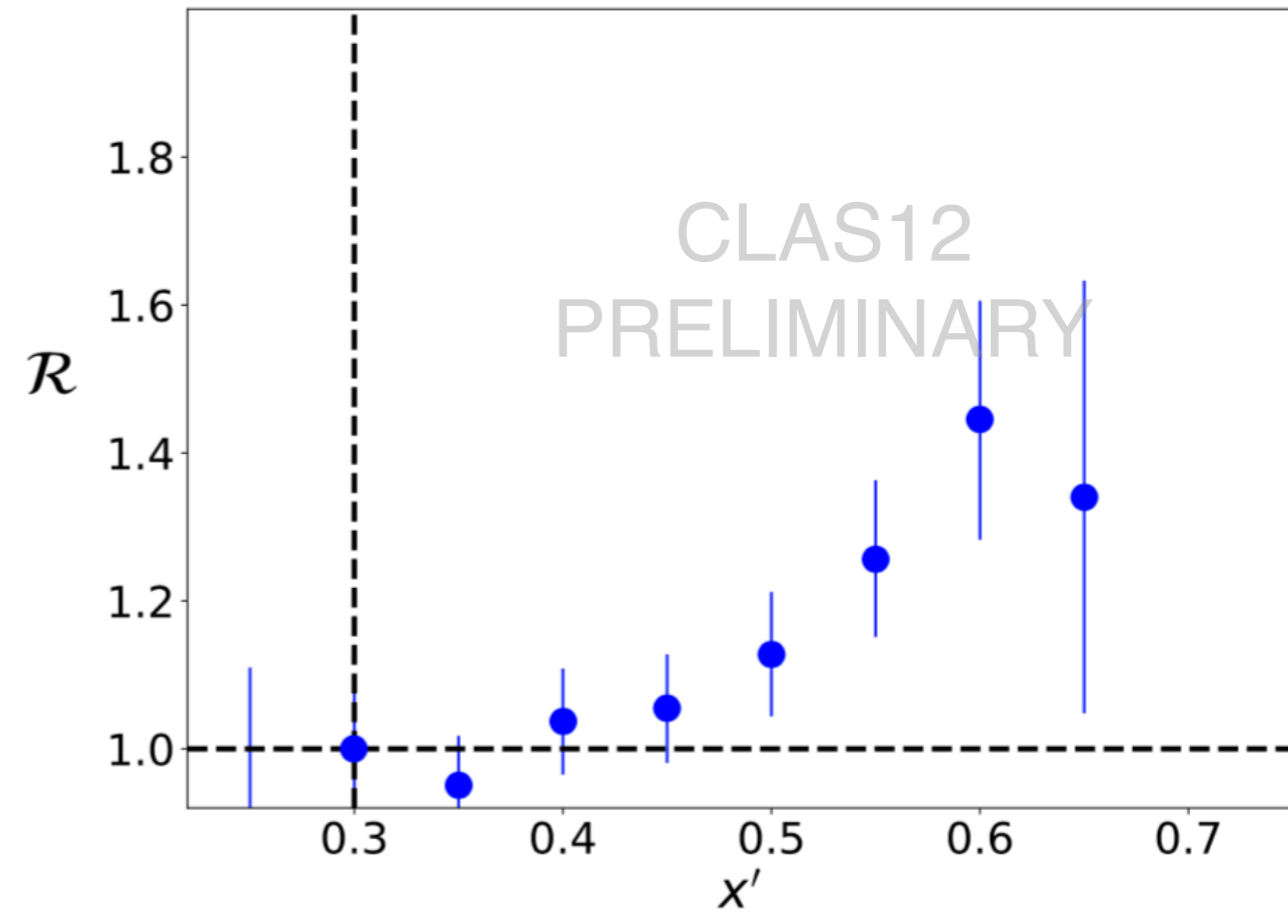


Tagged Double Ratio

$1.3 < \alpha_s < 1.4$



$1.4 < \alpha_s < 1.5$



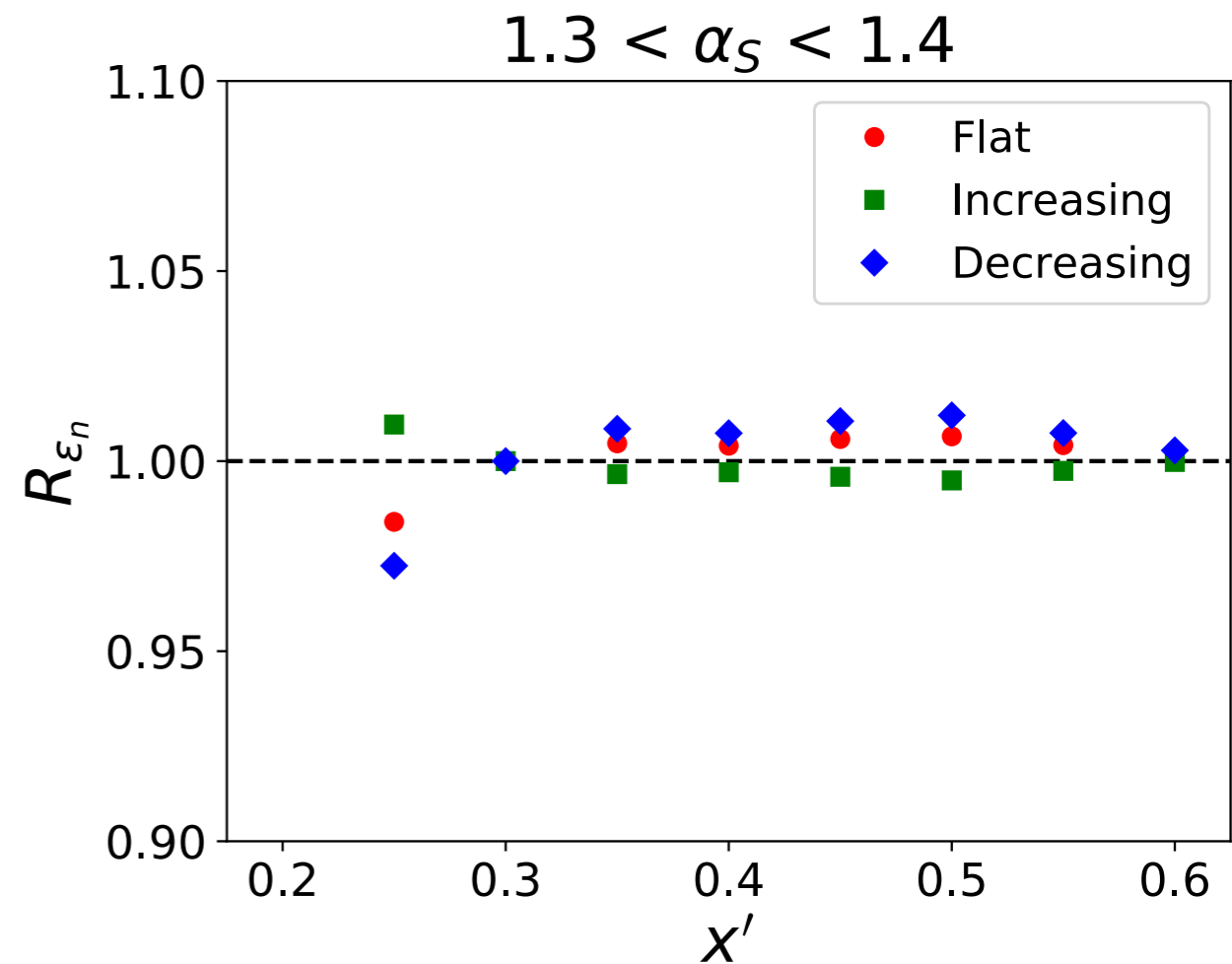
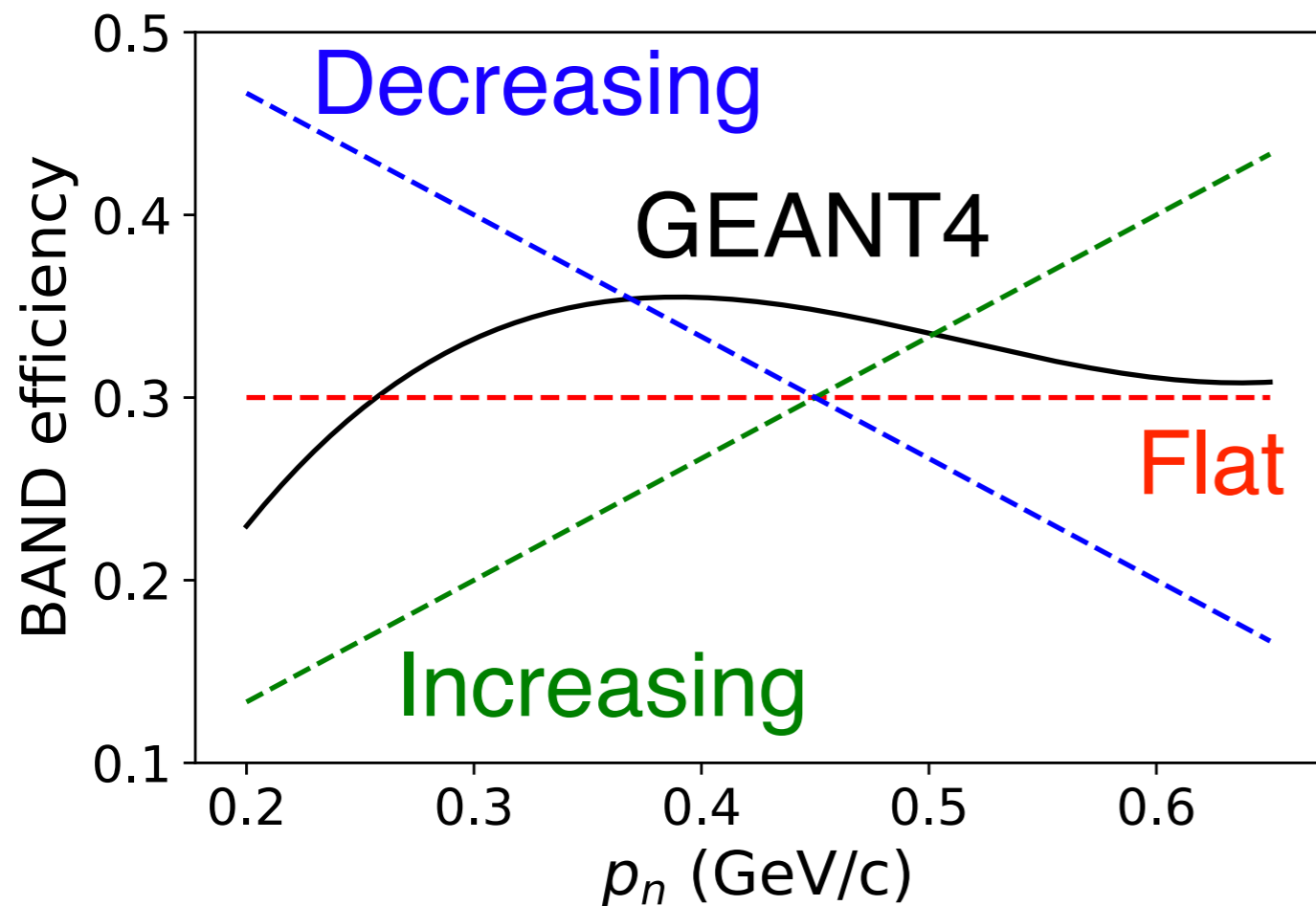
$$\mathcal{R} \approx \frac{F_2^* (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / F_2 (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x')}{F_2^* (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0) / F_2 (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}$$

Systematics

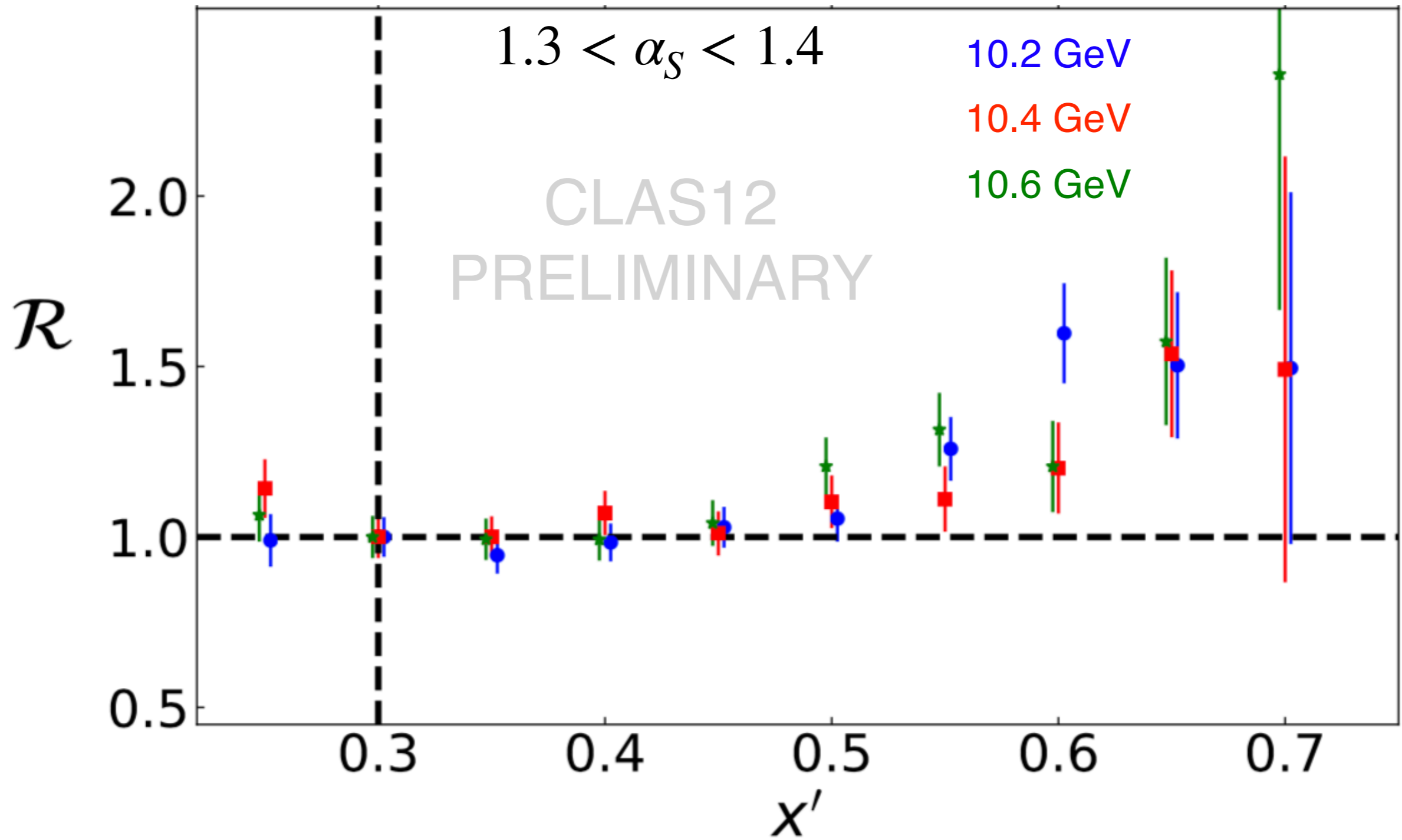
- Impact of BAND neutron detection efficiency
- Measurement stability with different beam energies
- Other studies:
 - Impact of finite Q^2 effects
 - Different event generators
 - Cut sensitivity

Systematics: BAND Efficiency

$$R_{\epsilon_n} = \frac{N_{standard}(x') / N_{standard}(x' = x_0)}{N_{reweight}(x') / N_{reweight}(x' = x_0)}$$



Systematics: Stability with Beam Energy

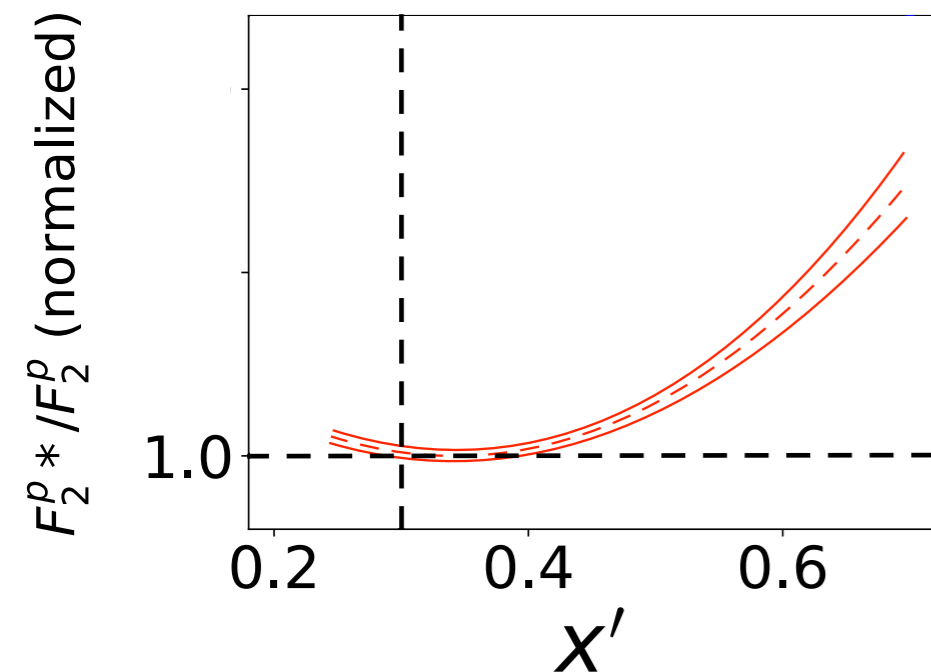


Impact on EMC studies with light nuclei

- Convolution model - [Segarra et al, Phys. Rev. Research 3 \(2021\)](#)
- Allow isospin-dependent n , p modification
- Fit light nuclear structure functions with tagged double ratio as constraint

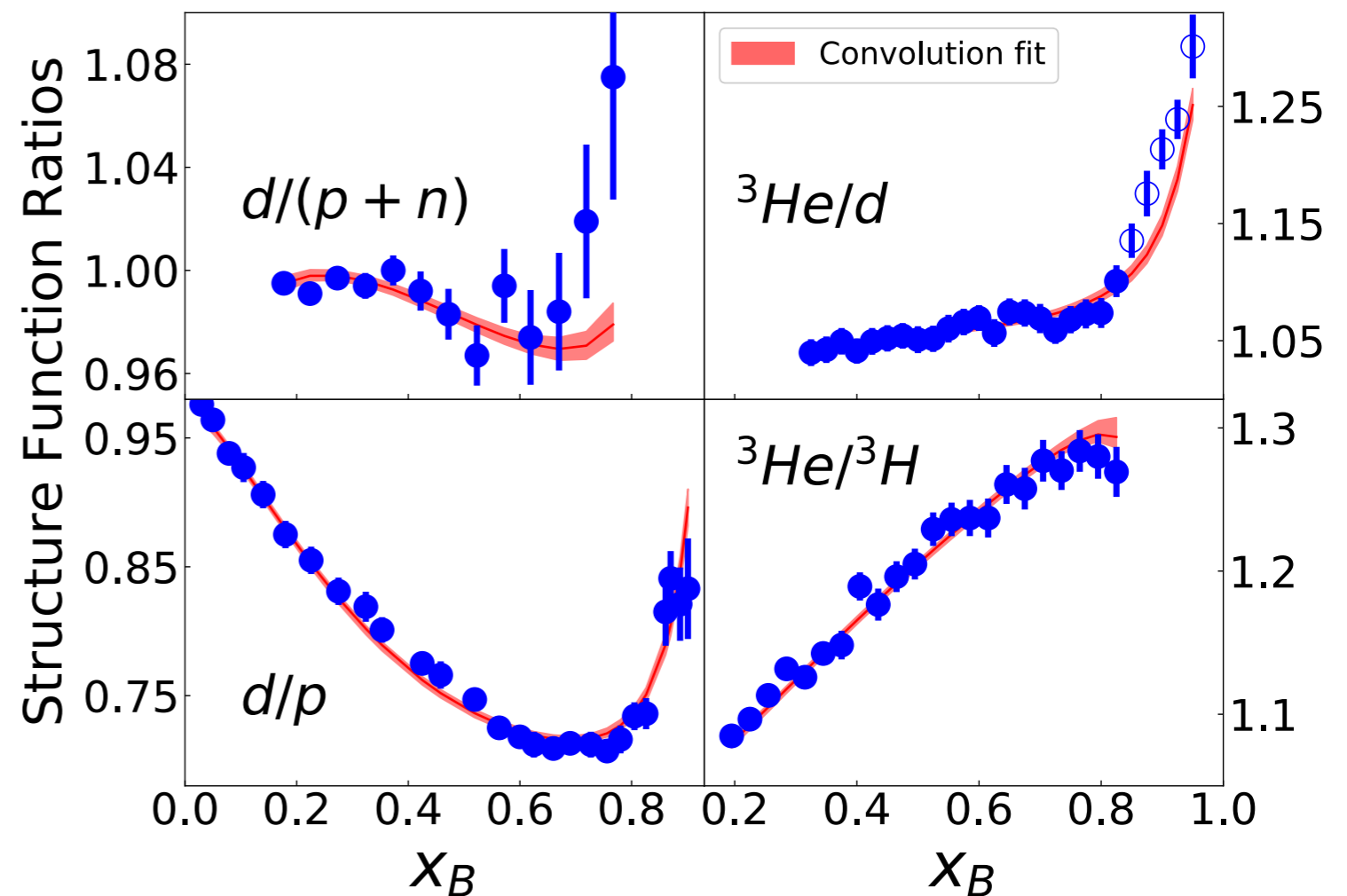
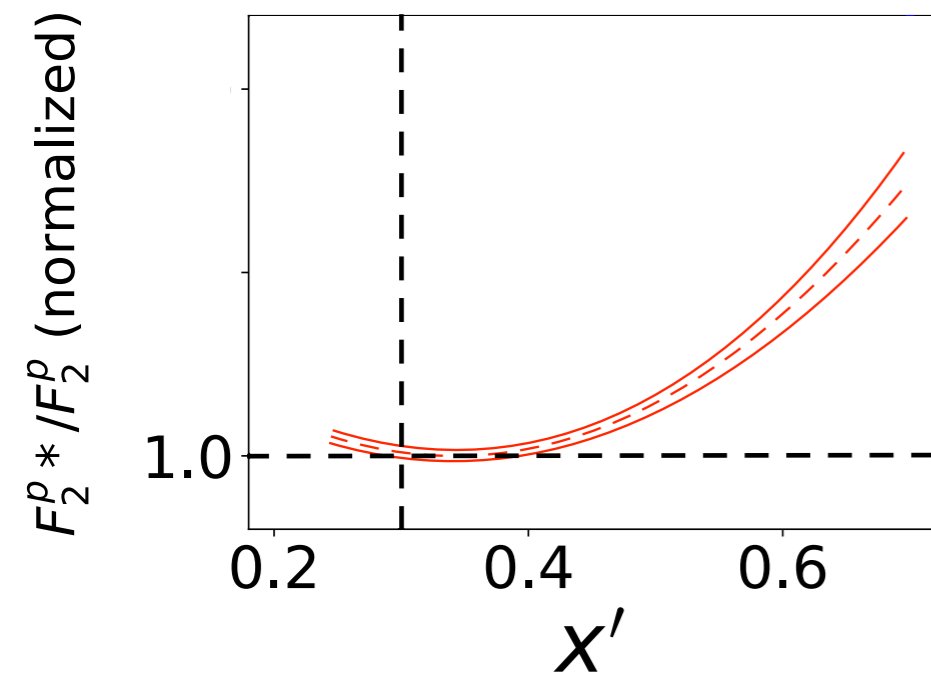
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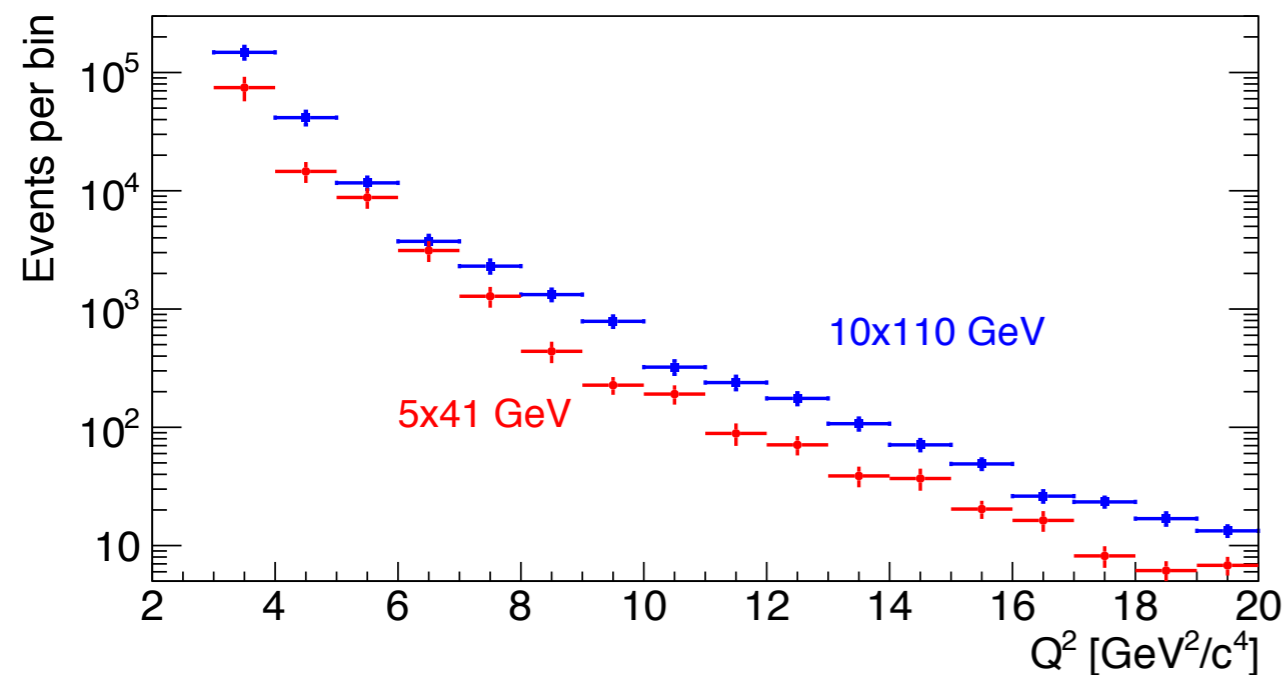
Summary

- Tagged DIS measurements to understand nucleon modification for high momentum nucleons
- First measurement of neutron-tagged DIS with CLAS12 + BAND
- Preliminary ratios show large modification of deeply bound proton structure
- CLAS12 analysis review is underway

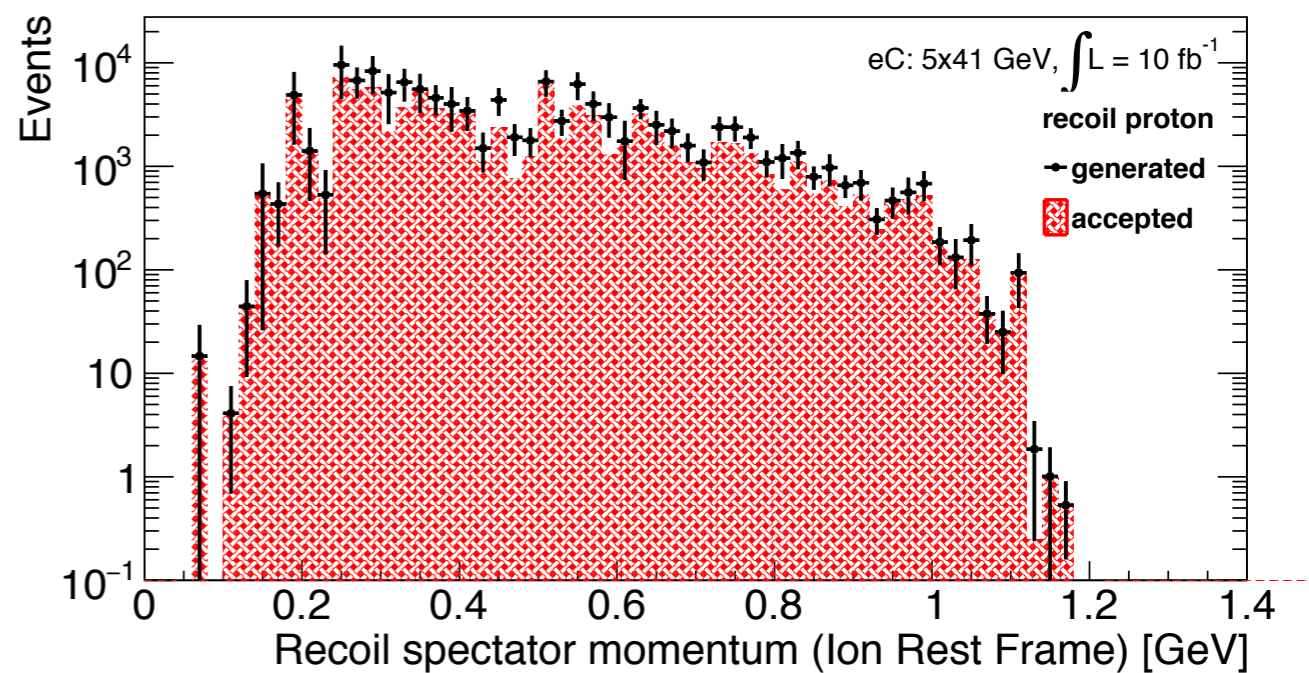
Outlook

- Publication next year
- LAD experiment in HallC (complemental to BAND)
- ALERT experiment in HallB (tagging on recoil nuclei from $^4\text{He}(e,e')$)
- Tagged SRC measurements at EIC (DIS and QE kinematics)

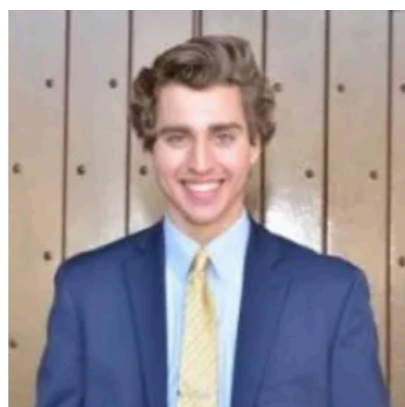
F. Hauenstein et al., PRC 105, 034001 (2022)



High Q^2 coverage



Large recoil acceptances



Efrain Segarra
(Student)



Tyler Kutz
(Postdoc)



Caleb Fogler
(Student)



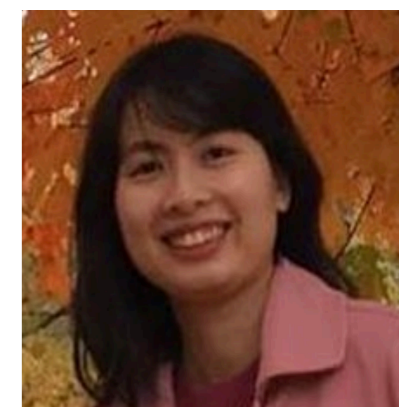
Noah Swan
(Student)



Andrew Denniston
(Student)



Justin Estee
(Postdoc)

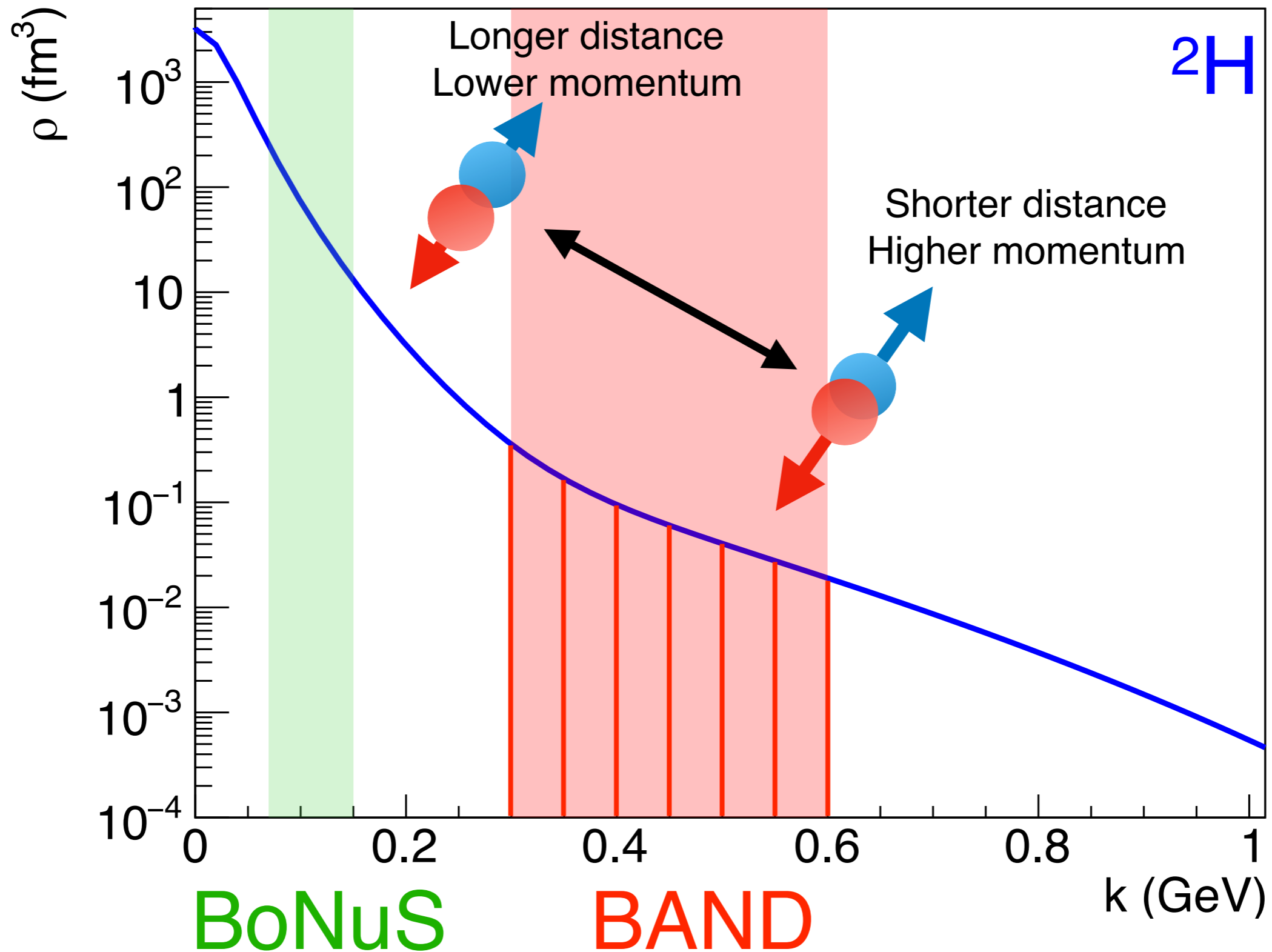


Dien Nguyen
(Isgur postdoc)

Thank you

Backup slides

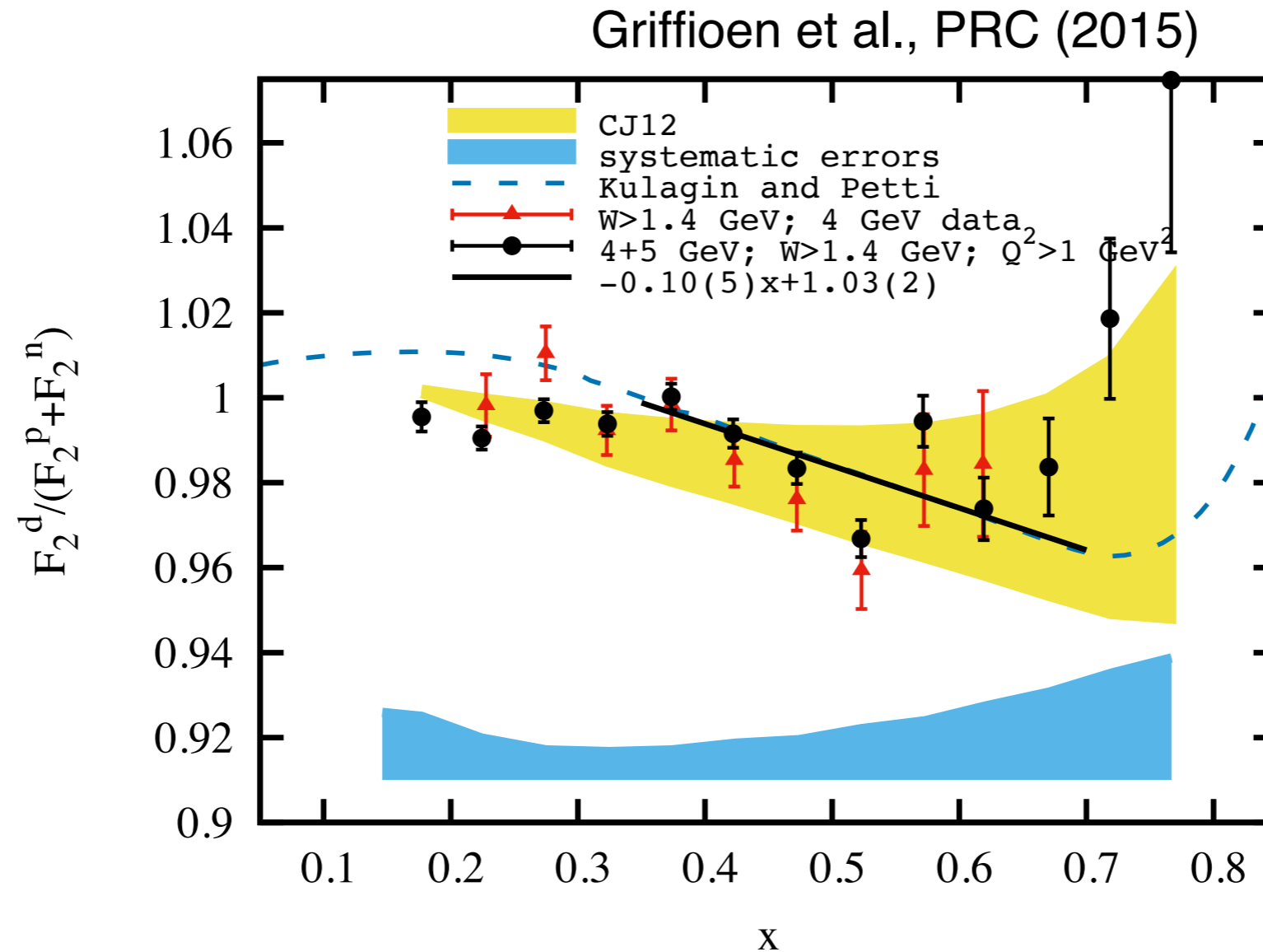
Momentum Coverage



EMC Effect in Deuterium

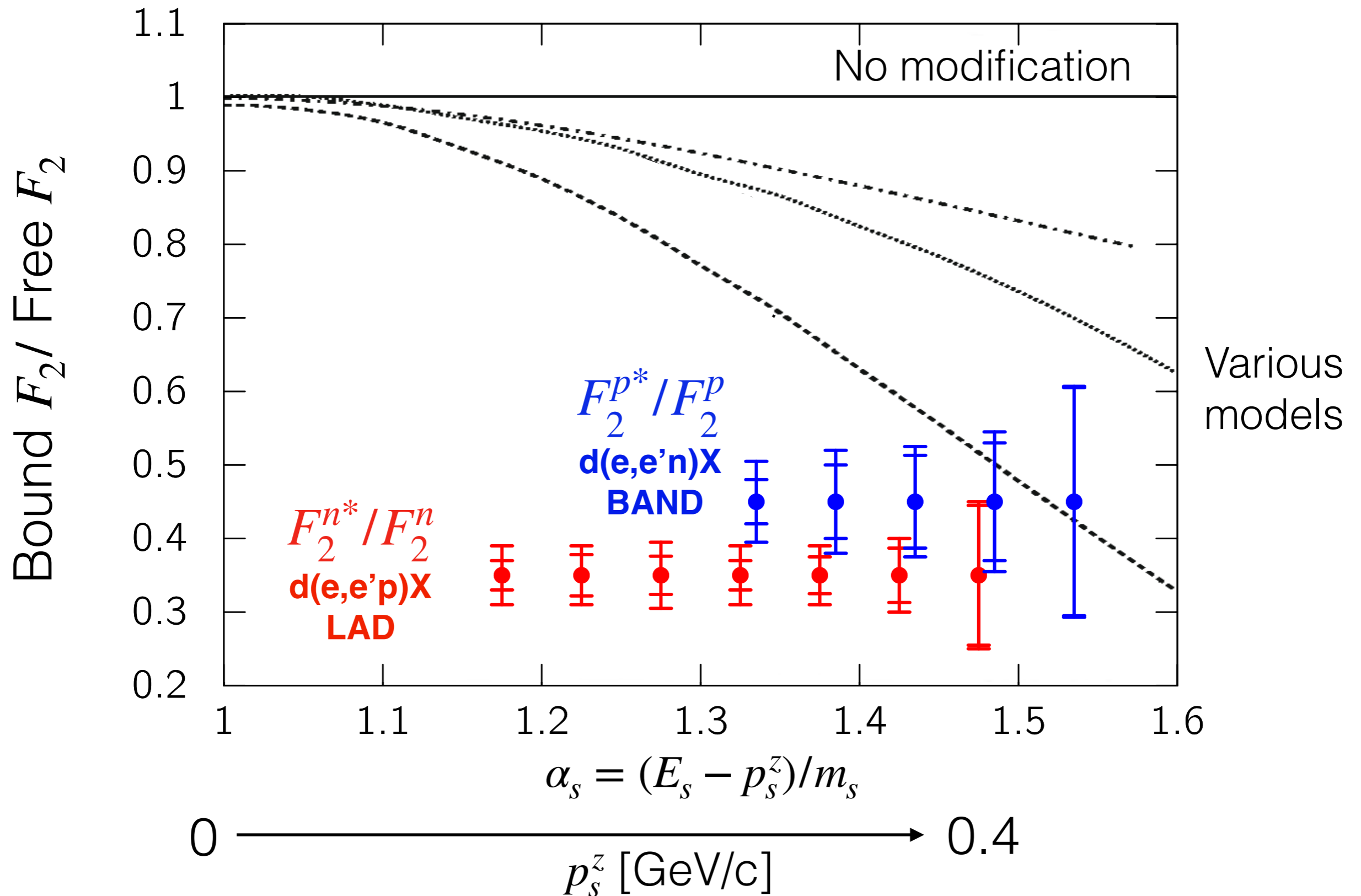
- EMC is small BUT
- SRC hypothesis predicts large modification of (rare) SRC states!

EMC Effect in Deuterium

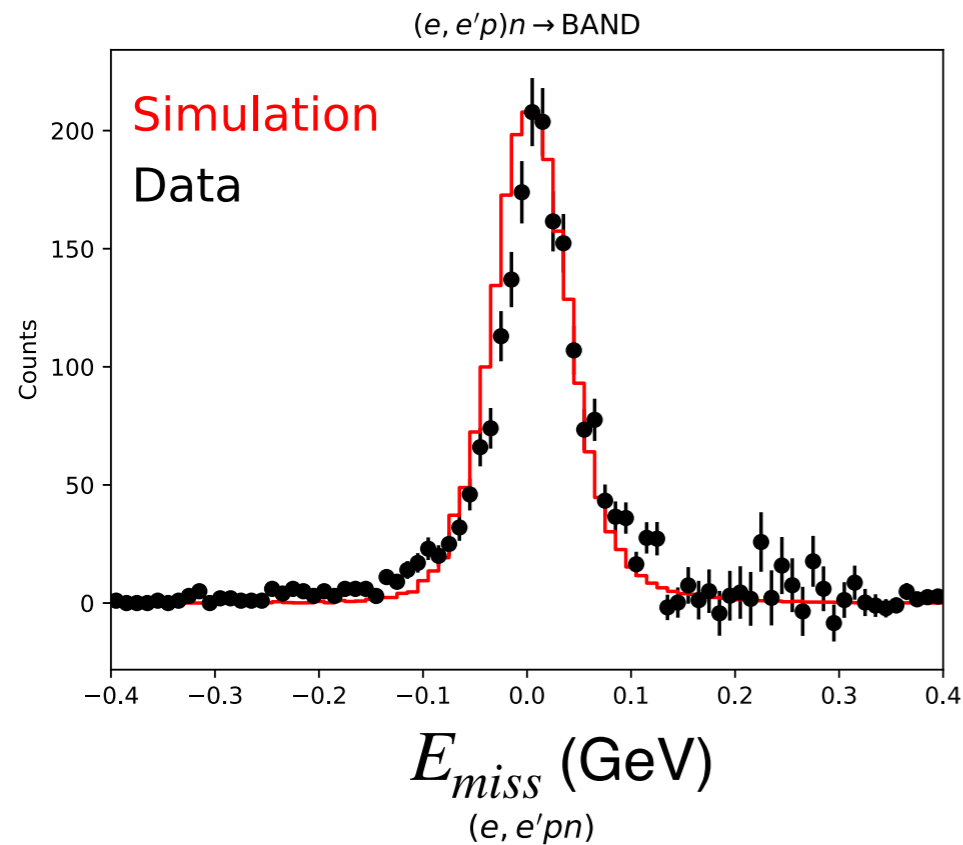


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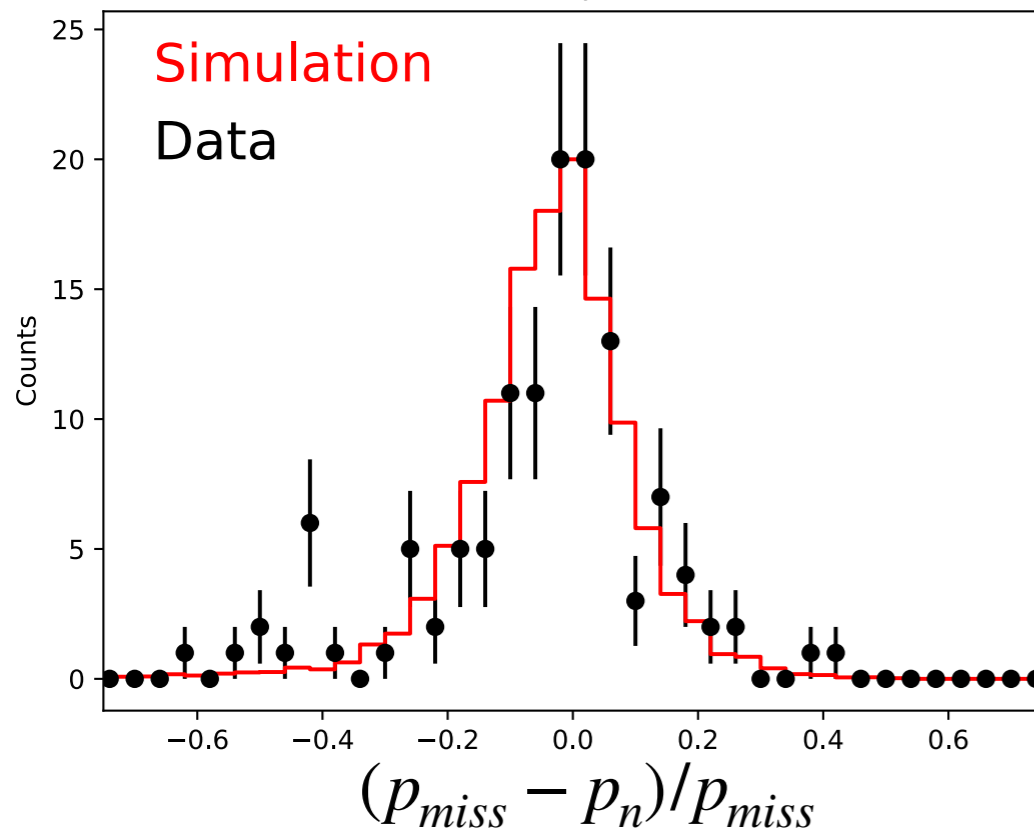
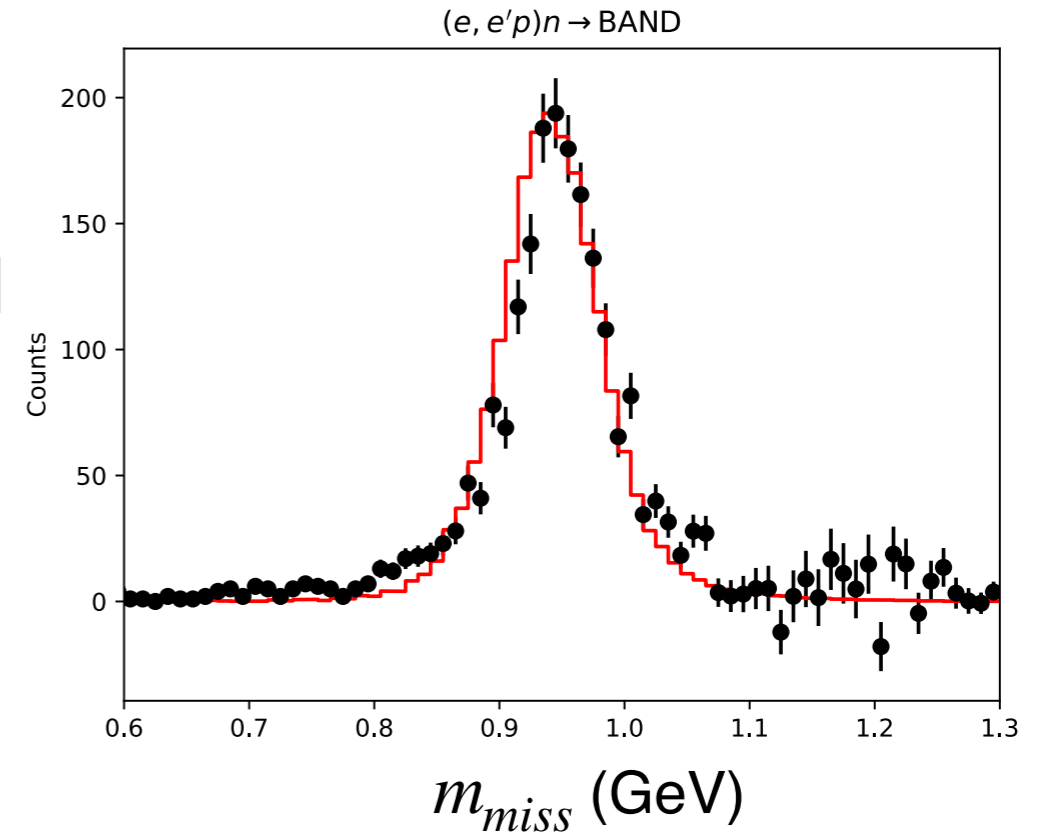
DIS Recoil Tagging $d(e, e'N)X$ - Expected Results



Quasielastic $d(e, e'p)n$ and $d(e, e'pn)$

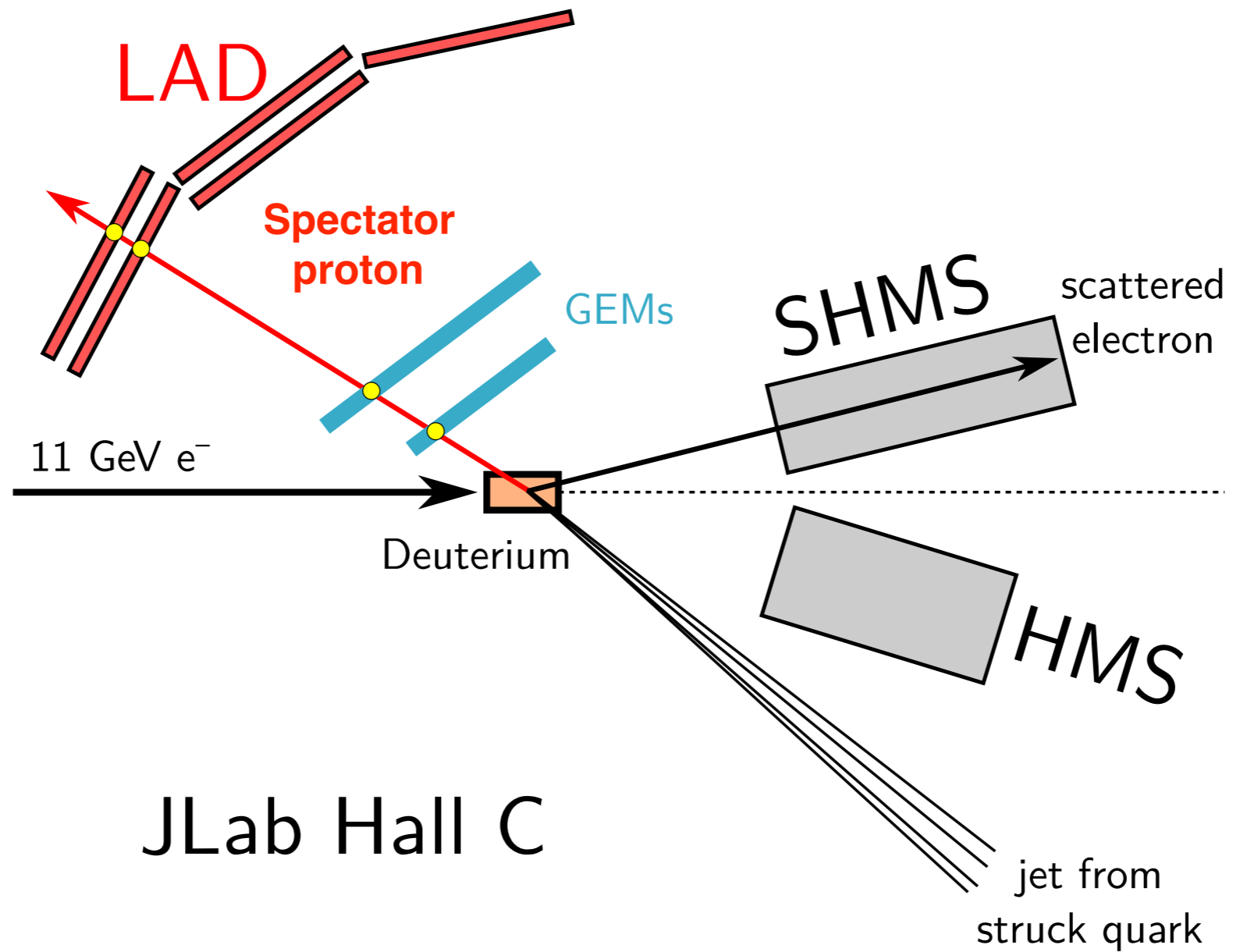


Integral-normalized



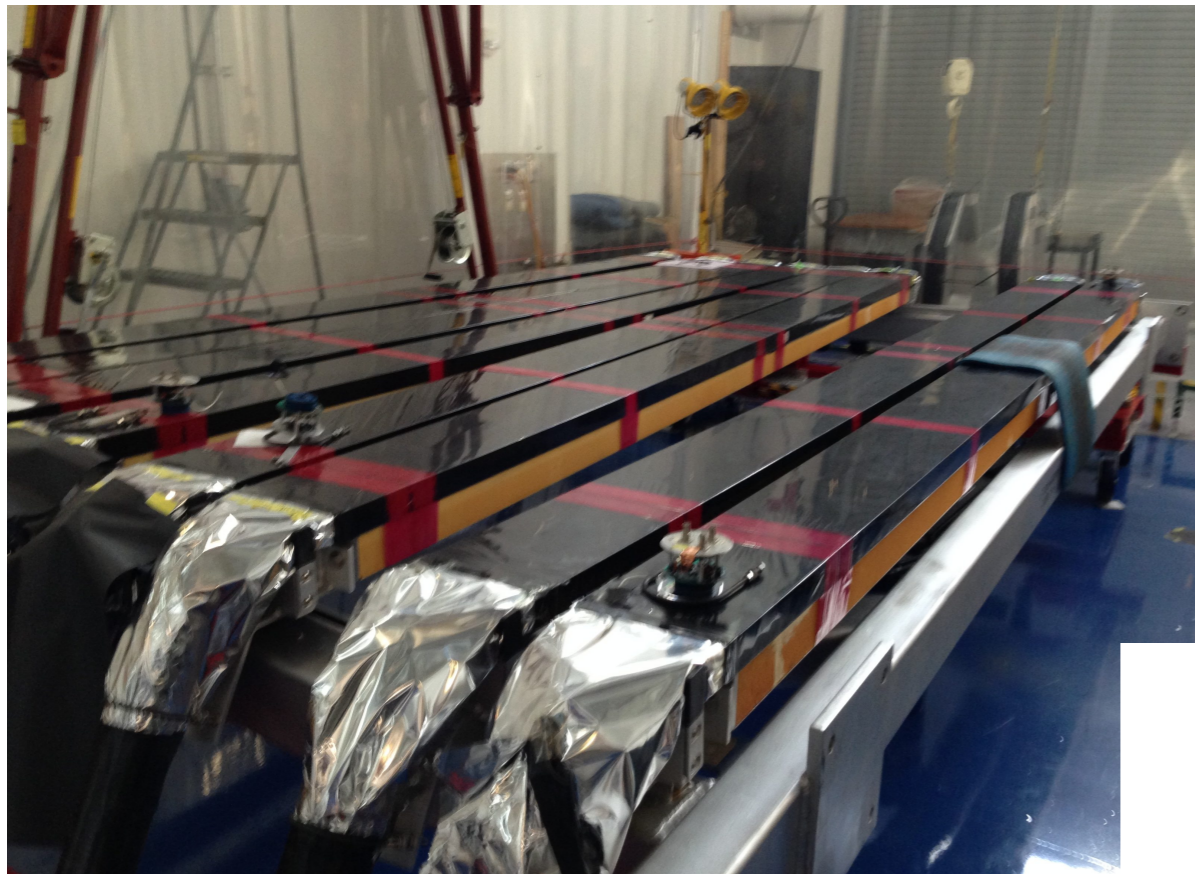
- Excellent agreement in resolution of data and simulation
- Luminosity-normalized data/simulation ratio $\approx 2-3$

LAD in Hall-C



JLab Hall C

LAD - Refurbished CLAS6 Scintillators



- 4m long, 5 panels, 55 bars
- 6m away from the target
- coverage 90 - 157 degree
- ~200ps time resolution

