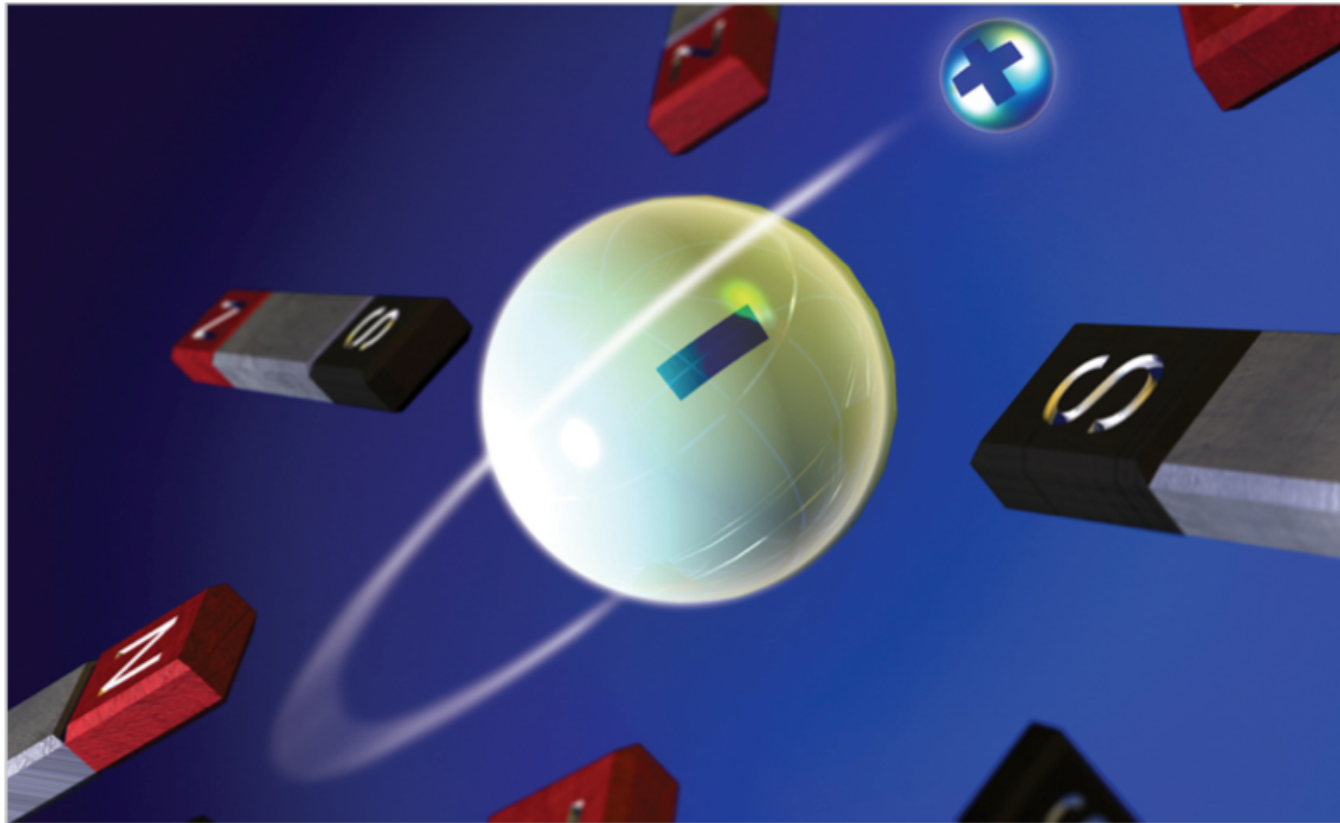


Precision Studies with Trapped Antihydrogen



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The University of Manchester
The Cockcroft Institute



The University of Manchester



The Cockcroft Institute
of Accelerator Science and Technology



ALPHA Experiment @ CERN

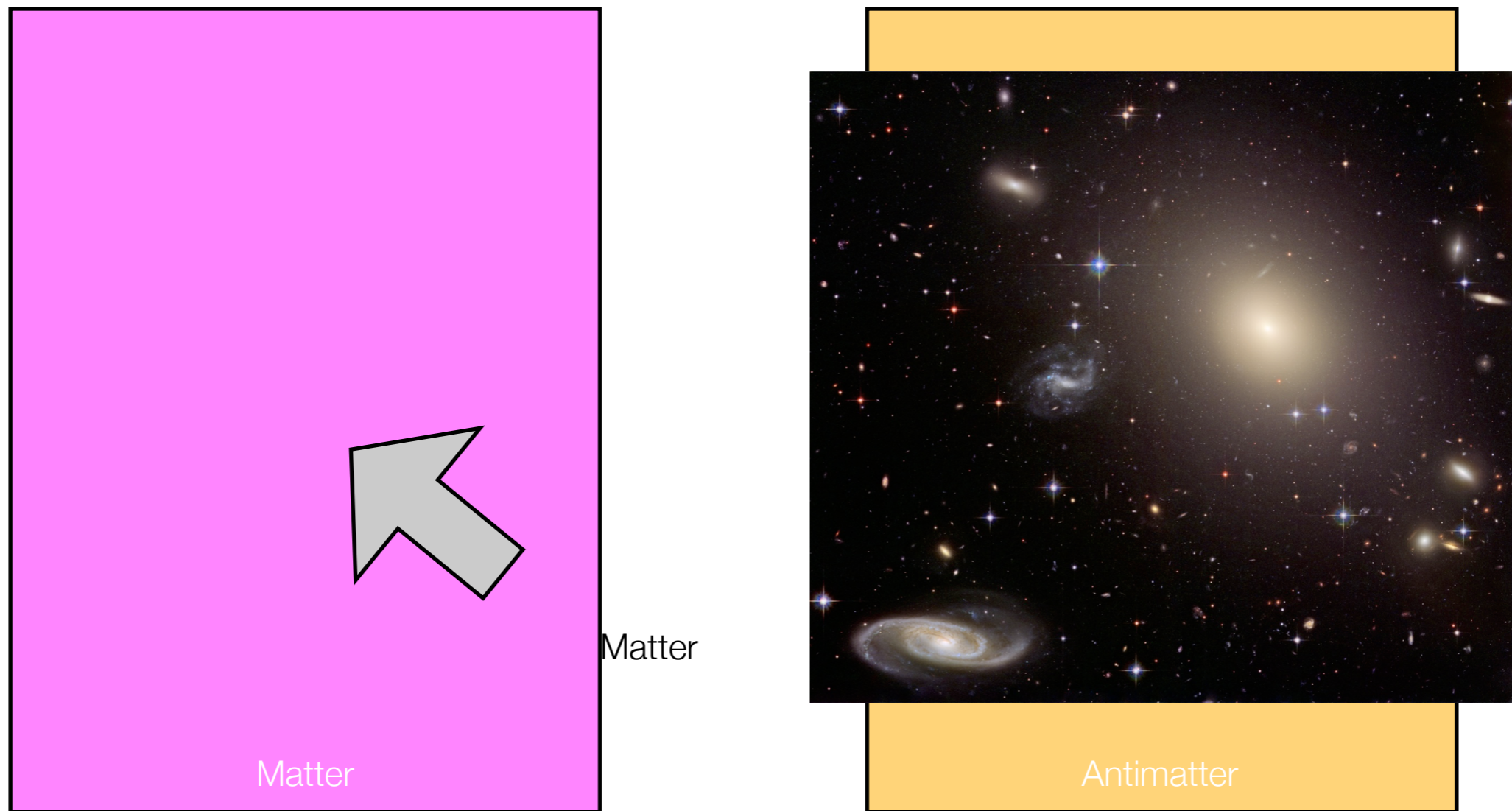


- 17 institutions, ~60 members world-wide



What's the matter with Antimatter?

- Should be equal amounts produced at the beginning...



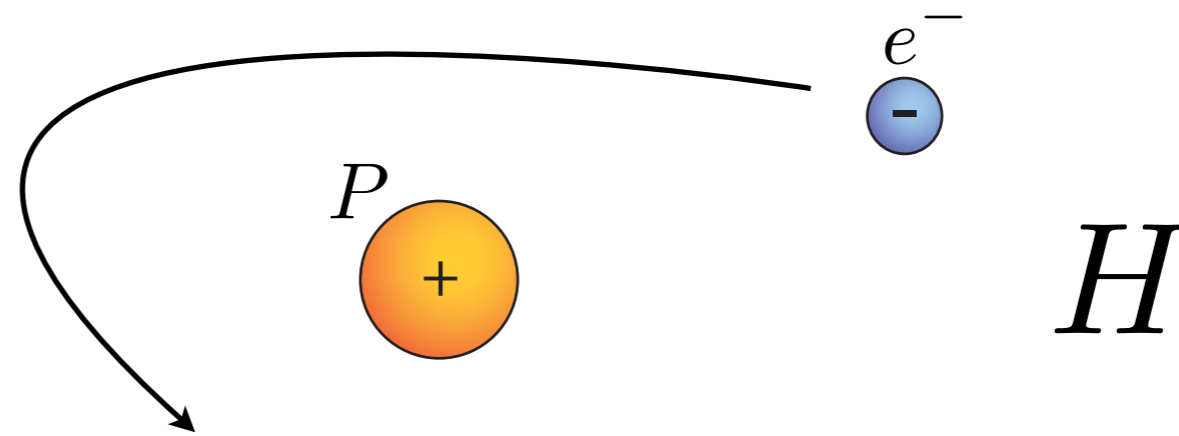
Possible Explanations: Fundamental Flaw?

- C. P. T. Symmetry?
- Weak Equivalence Principal?
- Lorentz Invariance?
- Swap Matter for Antimatter: ***uniquely sensitive!***

Atoms and antimatter: Hydrogen and Antihydrogen

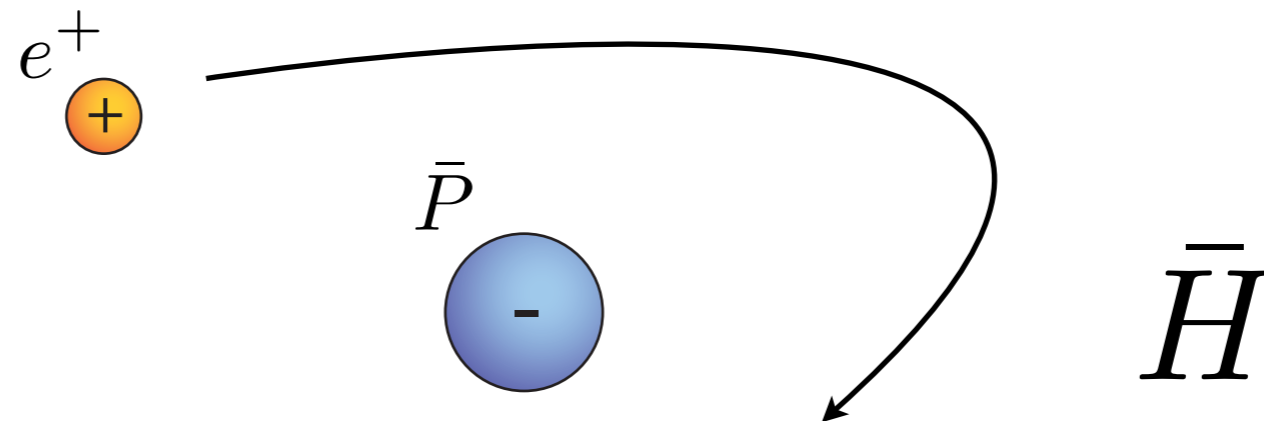
Matter:

Hydrogen

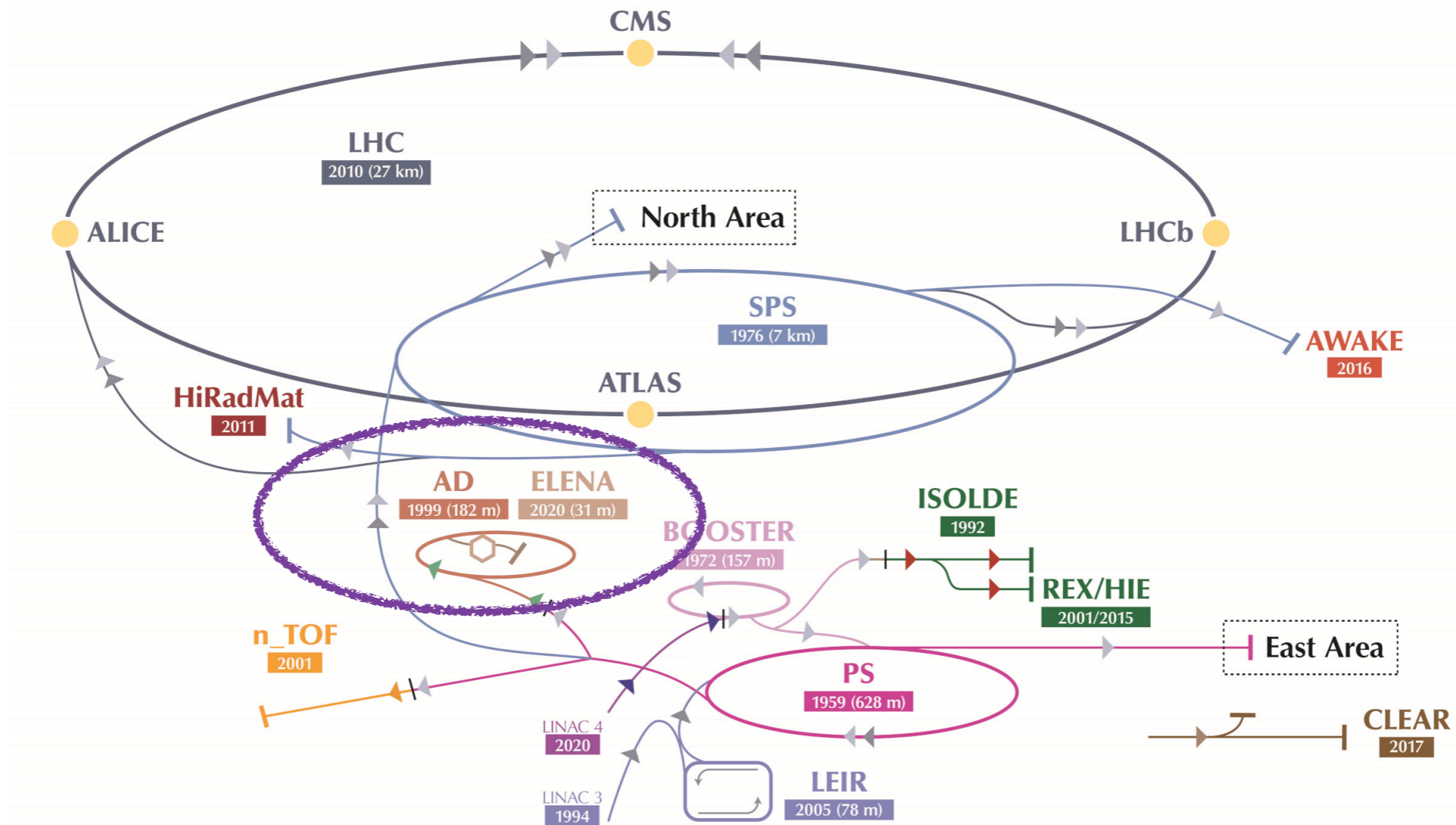


Antimatter:

Antihydrogen



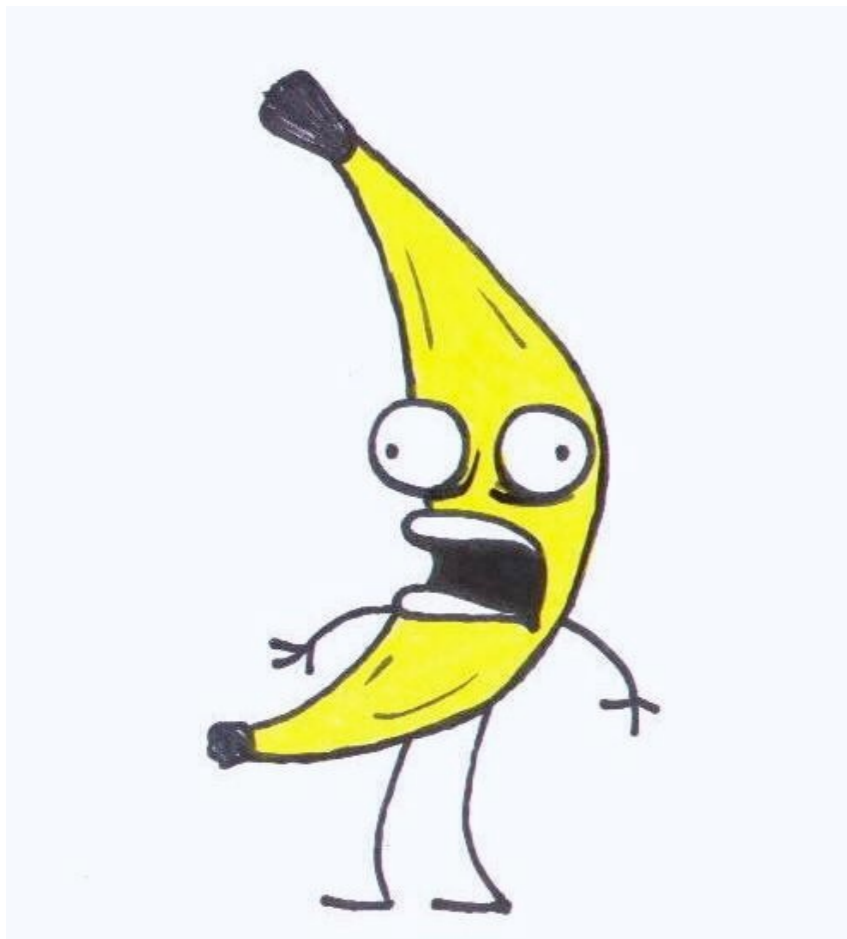
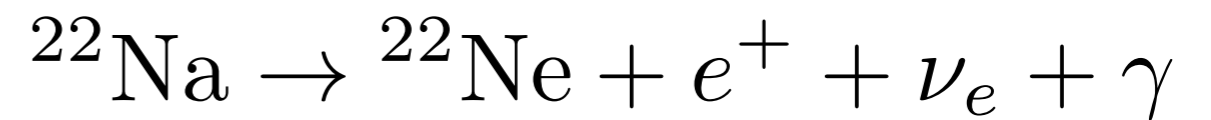
Antimatter sources: Low energy antiprotons from CERN



~ 5×10^6 antiprotons per minute, 1×10^5 per minute in experiment

Where do Positrons come from?

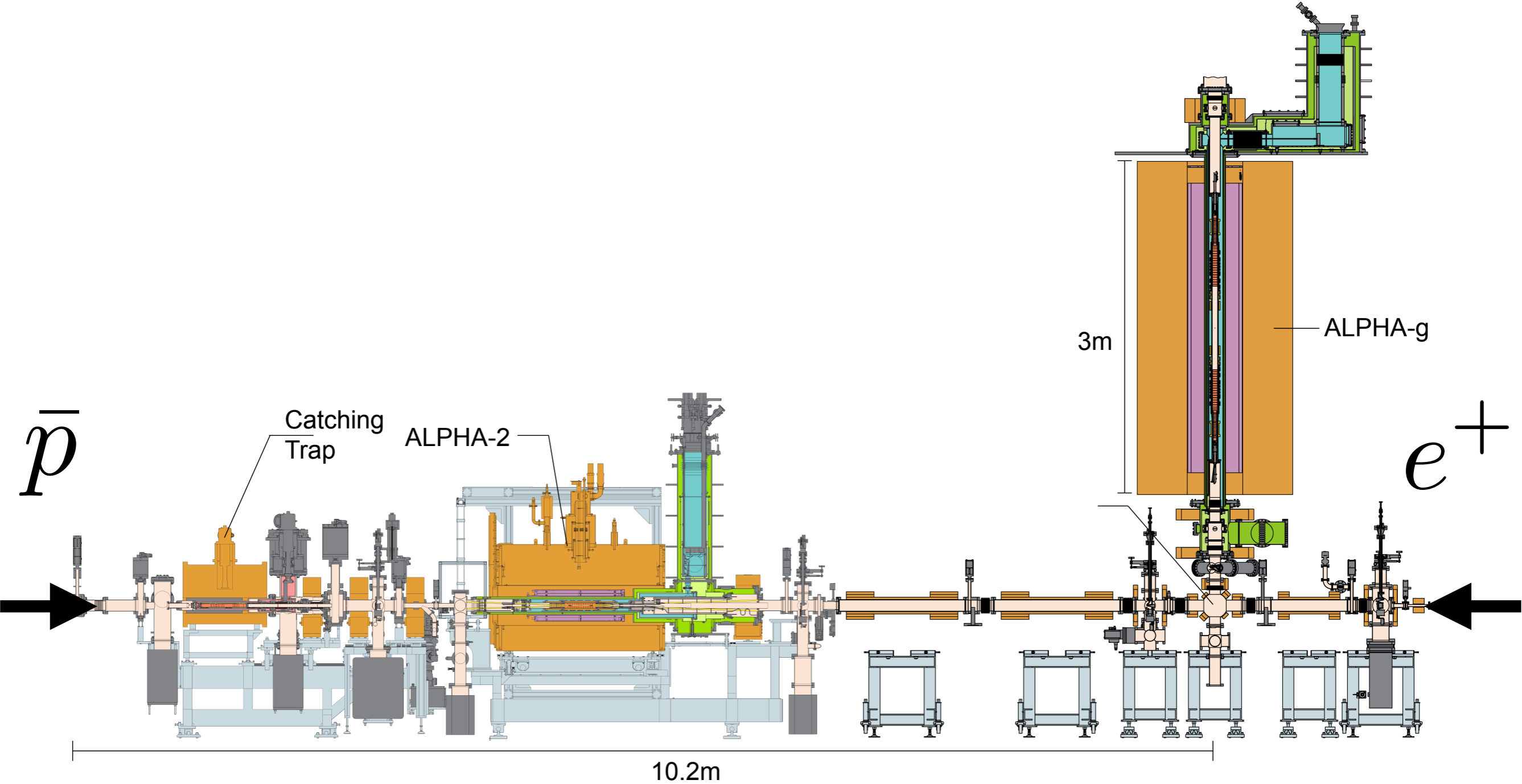
- Easy: Some radioactive isotopes

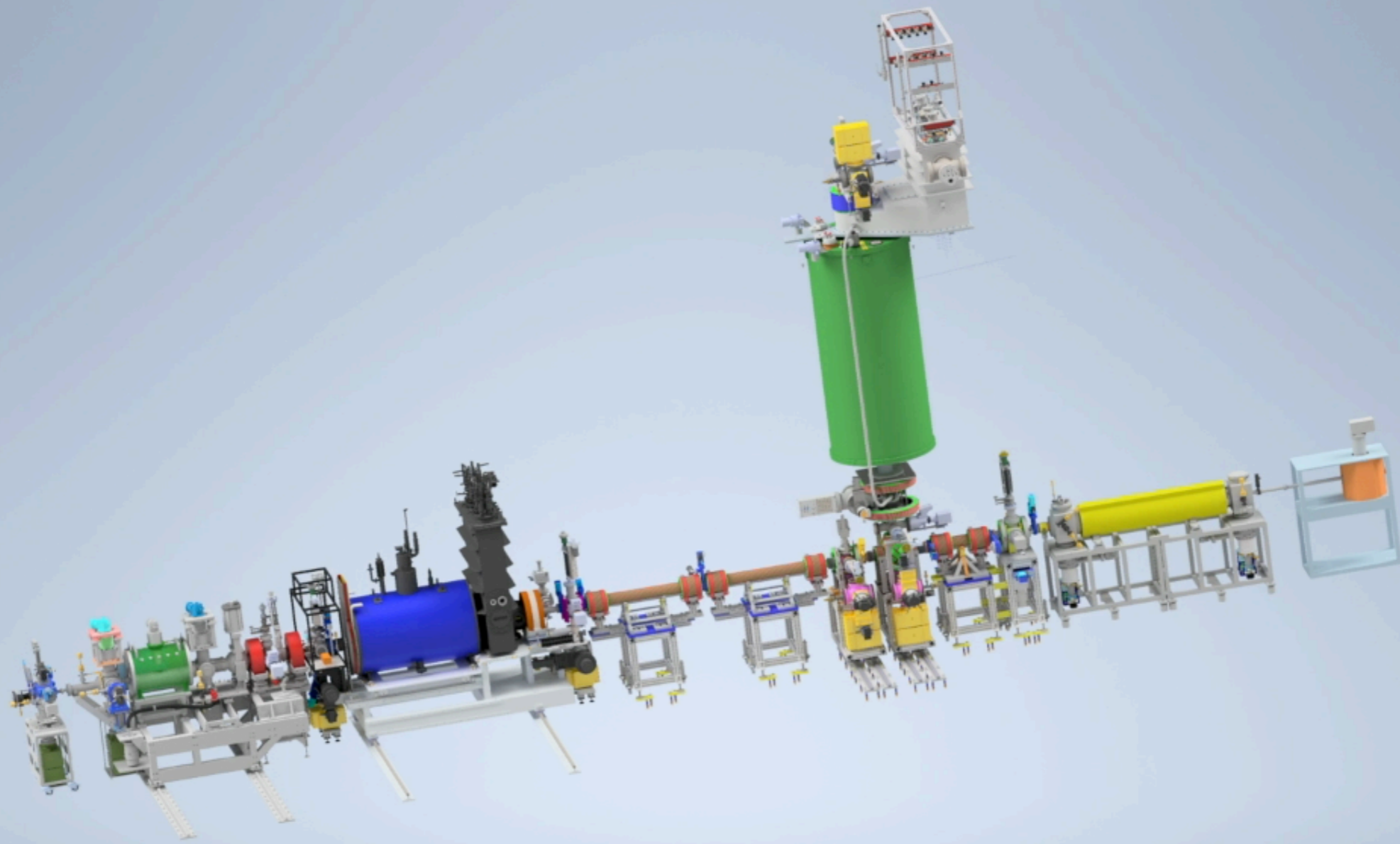


"I am a banana!" Don Hertzfeld



ALPHA as installed, 2022

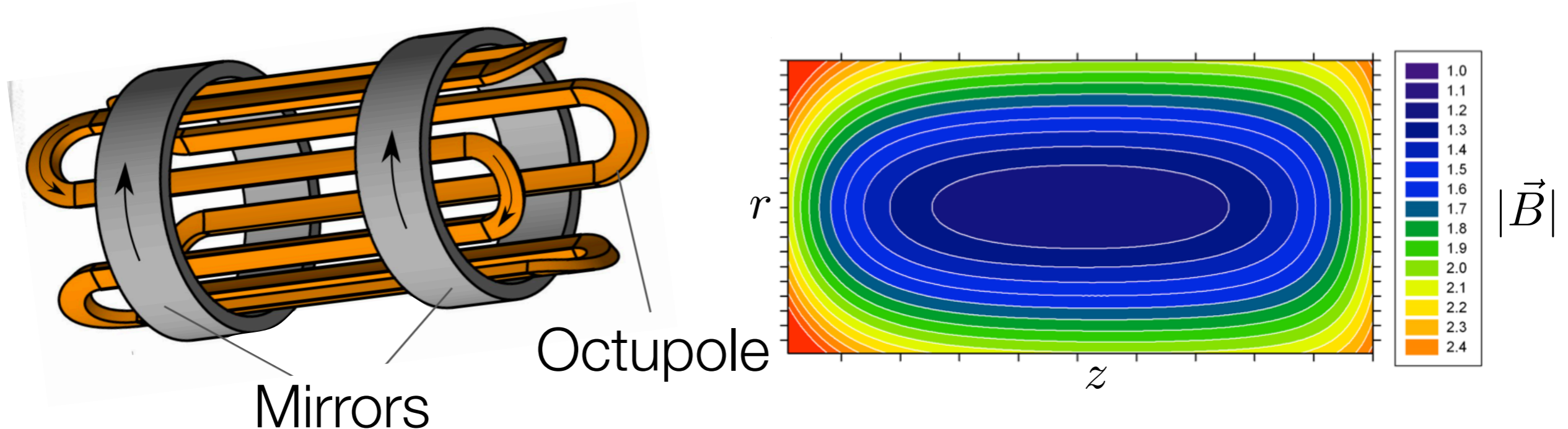




<https://alpha.web.cern.ch/experimental-cycle>

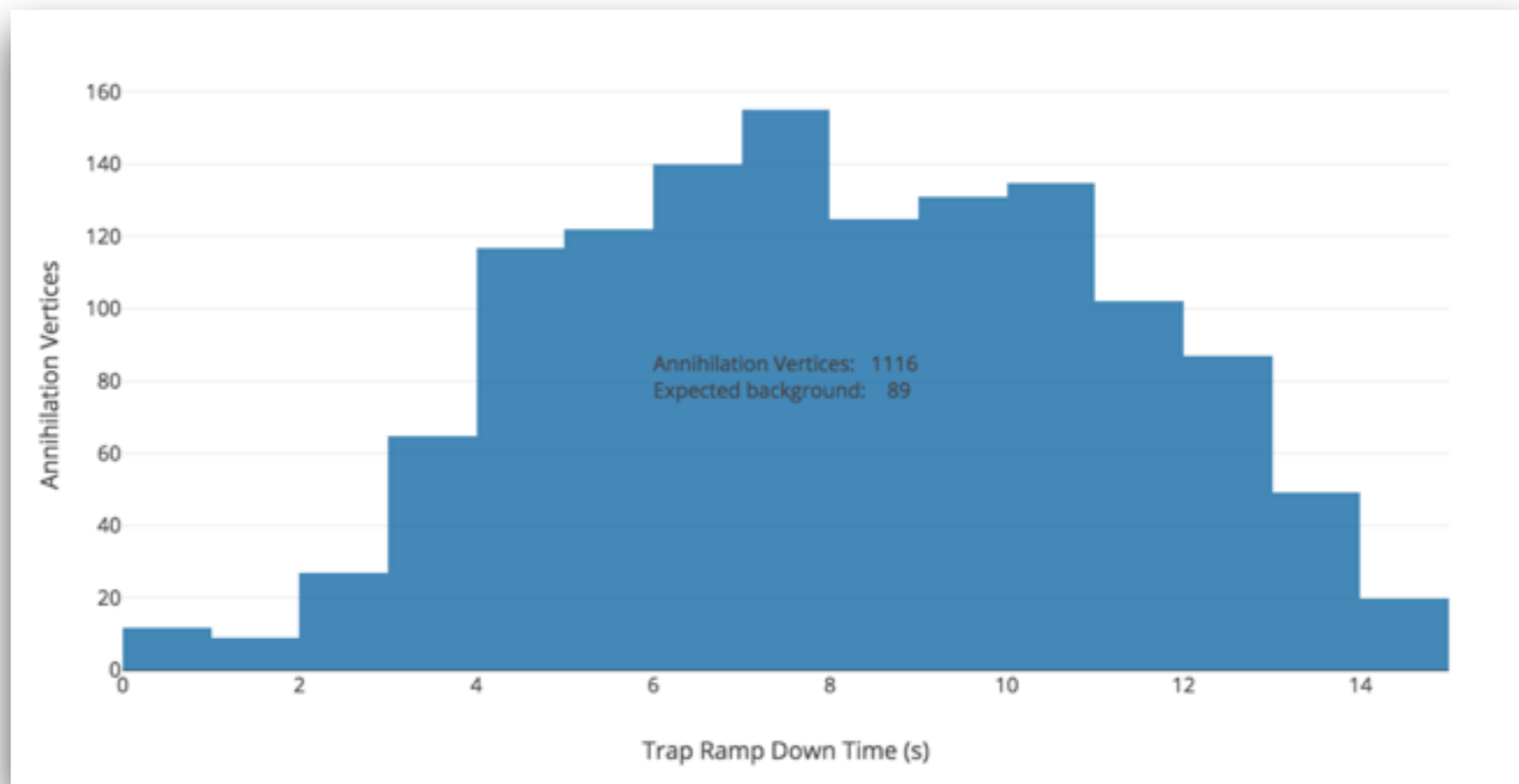
Trapping Antihydrogen

- Octupole-based *magnetic minimum* trap
- Low-field-seeking states are trapped
- Shallow potential well: **T < 0.5 K**



How much antihydrogen can we trap?

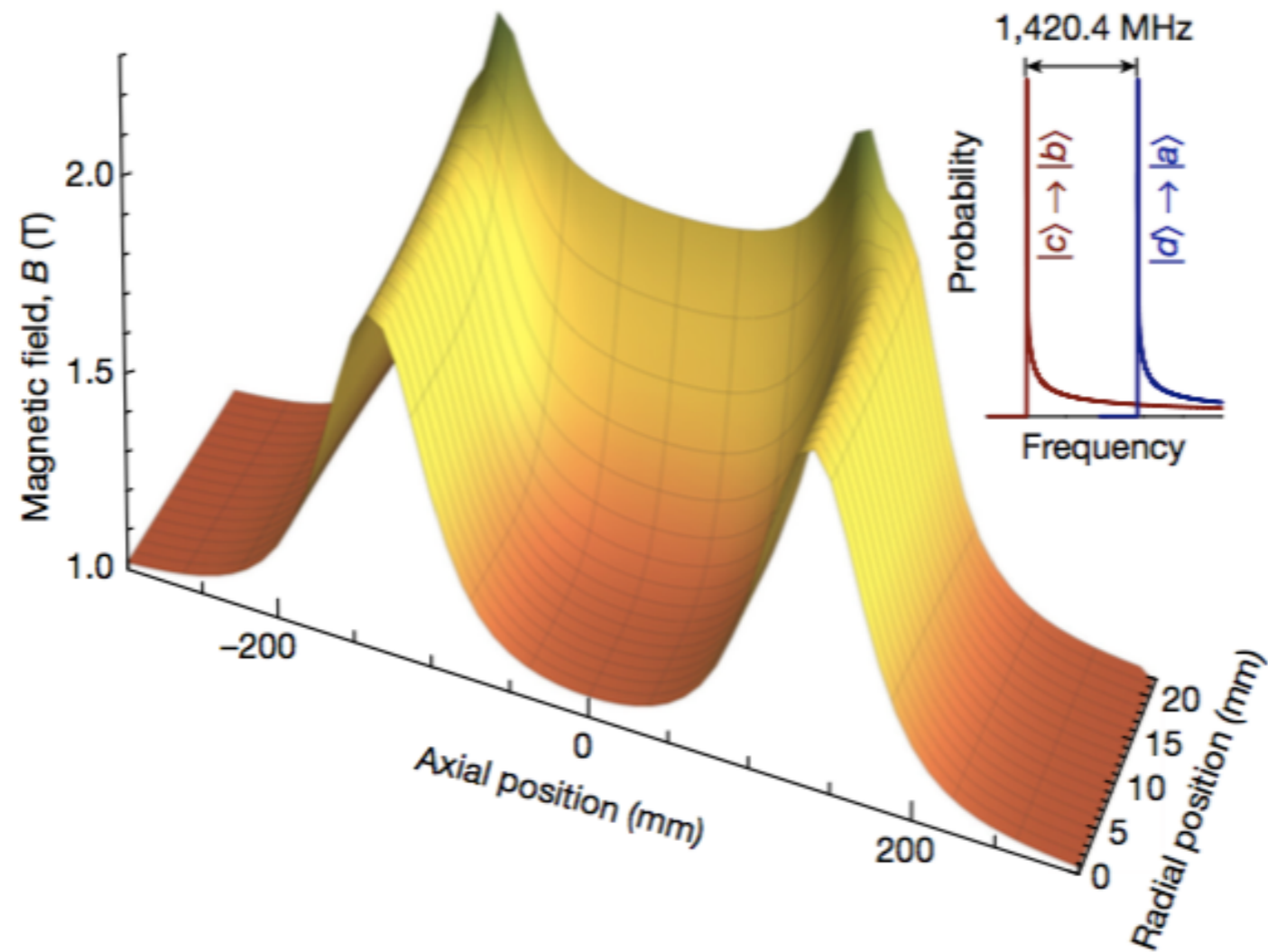
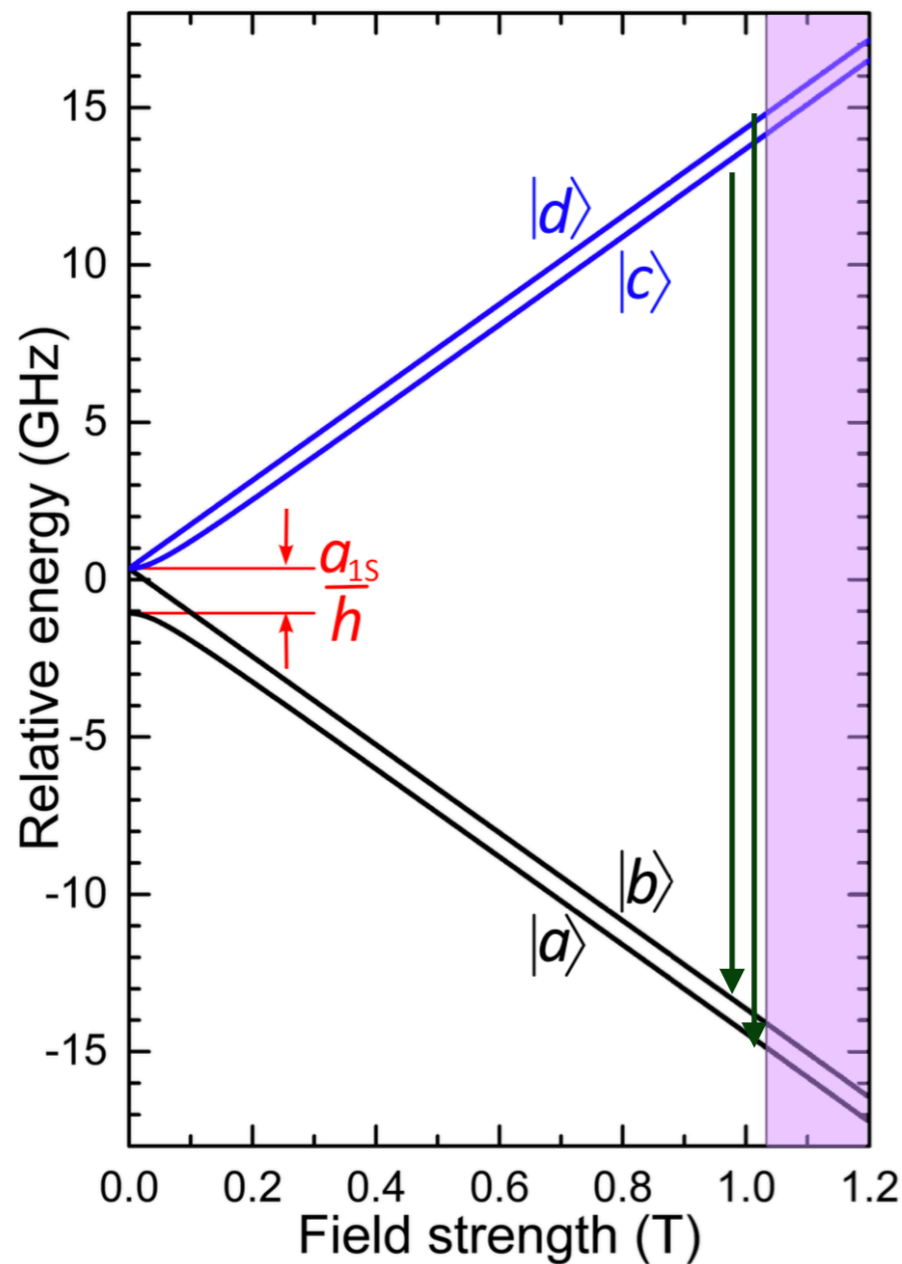
- ~1000 simultaneously trapped atoms (8 hours)



“Enhanced control and reproducibility of non-neutral plasmas.” *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **120**, 025001 (2018).

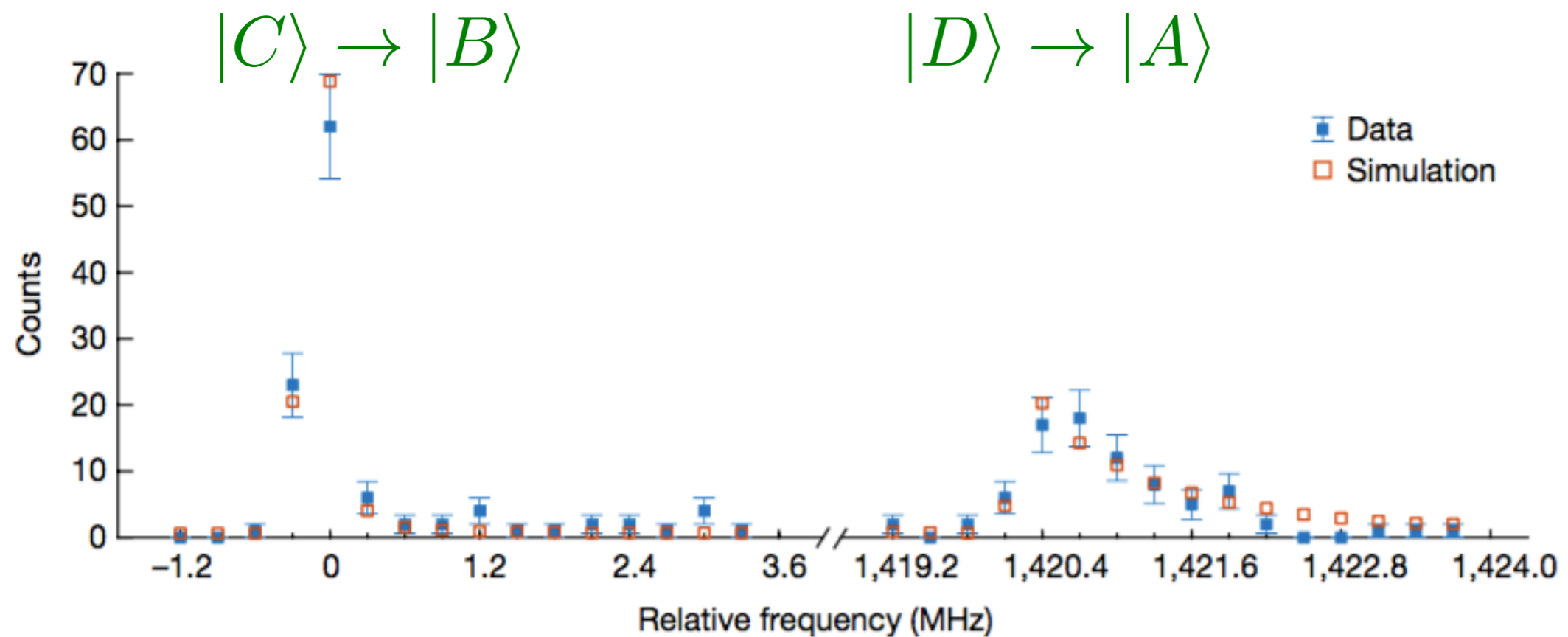
“Antihydrogen accumulation for fundamental symmetry tests.” *Nat. Commun.* **8**, 681 (2017).

Antihydrogen ground state hyperfine spectrum:



Antihydrogen hyperfine spectrum

Illuminate trap with successive microwave frequencies ~ 29 GHz
Count annihilations in each frequency bin

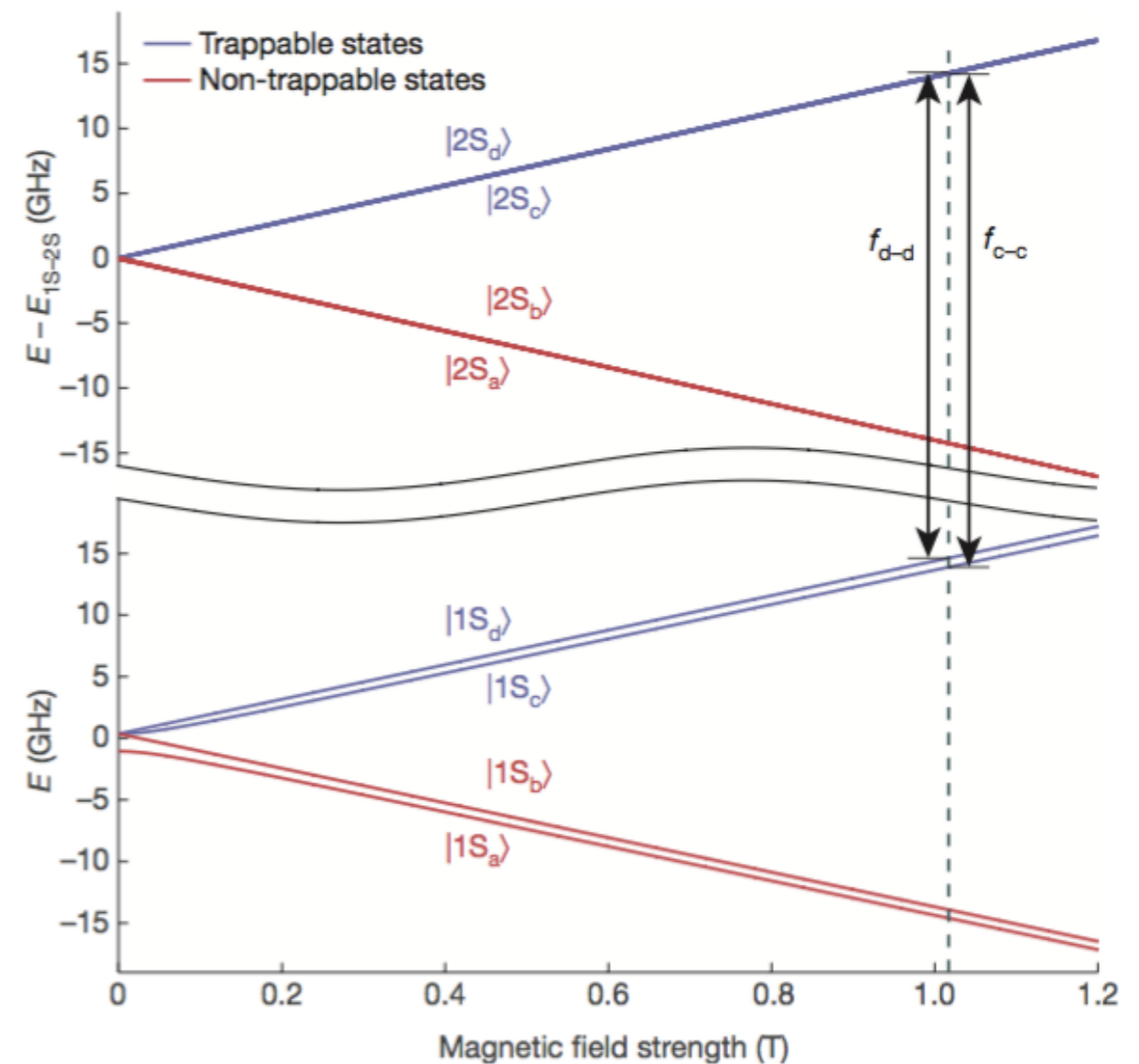


$$1,420.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ MHz}$$

Ahmadi, M. *et al.* "Observation of the hyperfine spectrum of antihydrogen." *Nature* 548, 66–69 (2017).

1S - 2S Transition in (anti) hydrogen

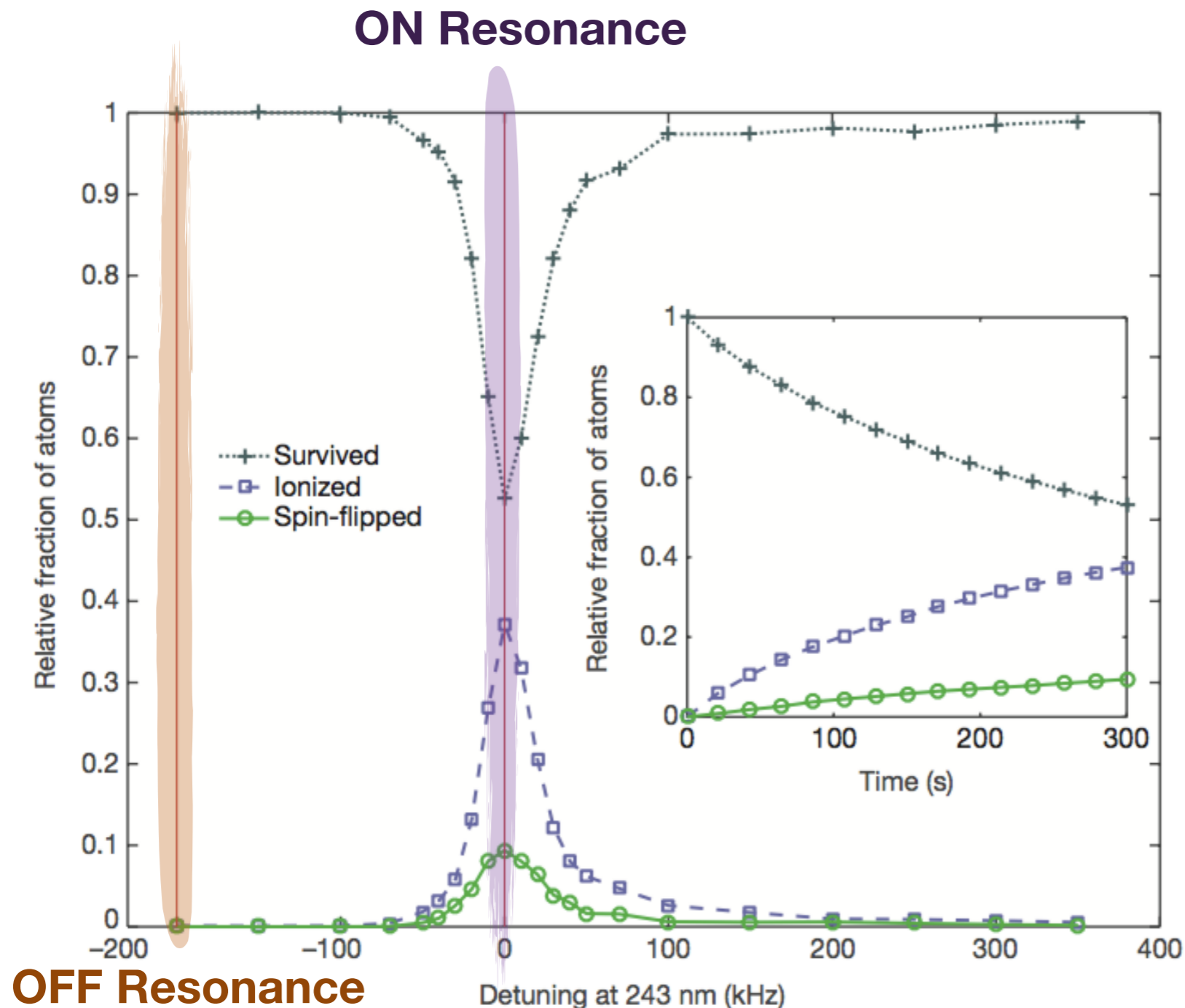
- 2 - photon Doppler-free spectroscopy (243 nm)
- Drive between trapped hyperfine states
- Compare against Hydrogen model in ALPHA trap



C. Parthey, et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 203001 (2011)

$$f_{d-d} = 2,466,061,103,064(2) \text{ kHz}$$
$$f_{c-c} = 2,466,061,707,104(2) \text{ kHz}$$

1S - 2S possible outcomes: Simulations with hydrogen for **c** and **d** states

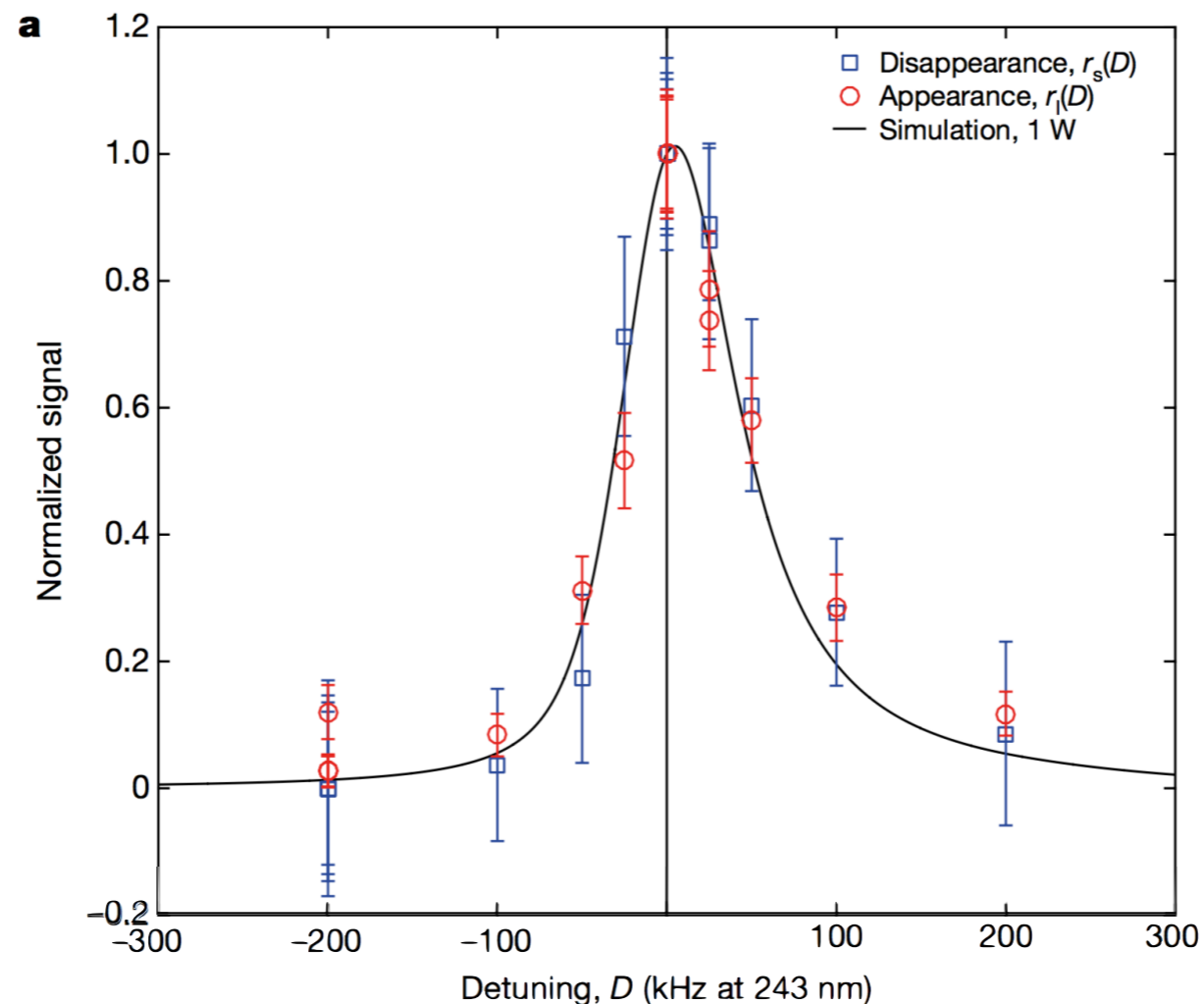


ON resonance:
47% Removal
(1 Watt circulating power)

OFF resonance:
200 kHz detuned

Precision measurements with Antihydrogen: 1S - 2S transition

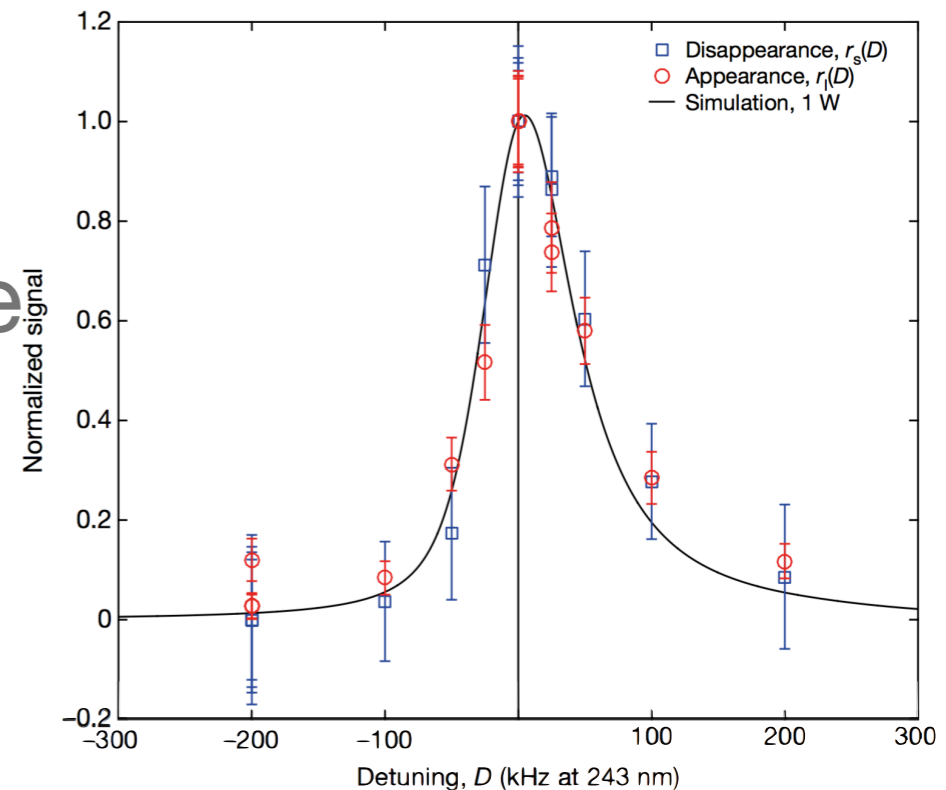
Best measurement to date (2018):
CPT consistent at 2×10^{-12}



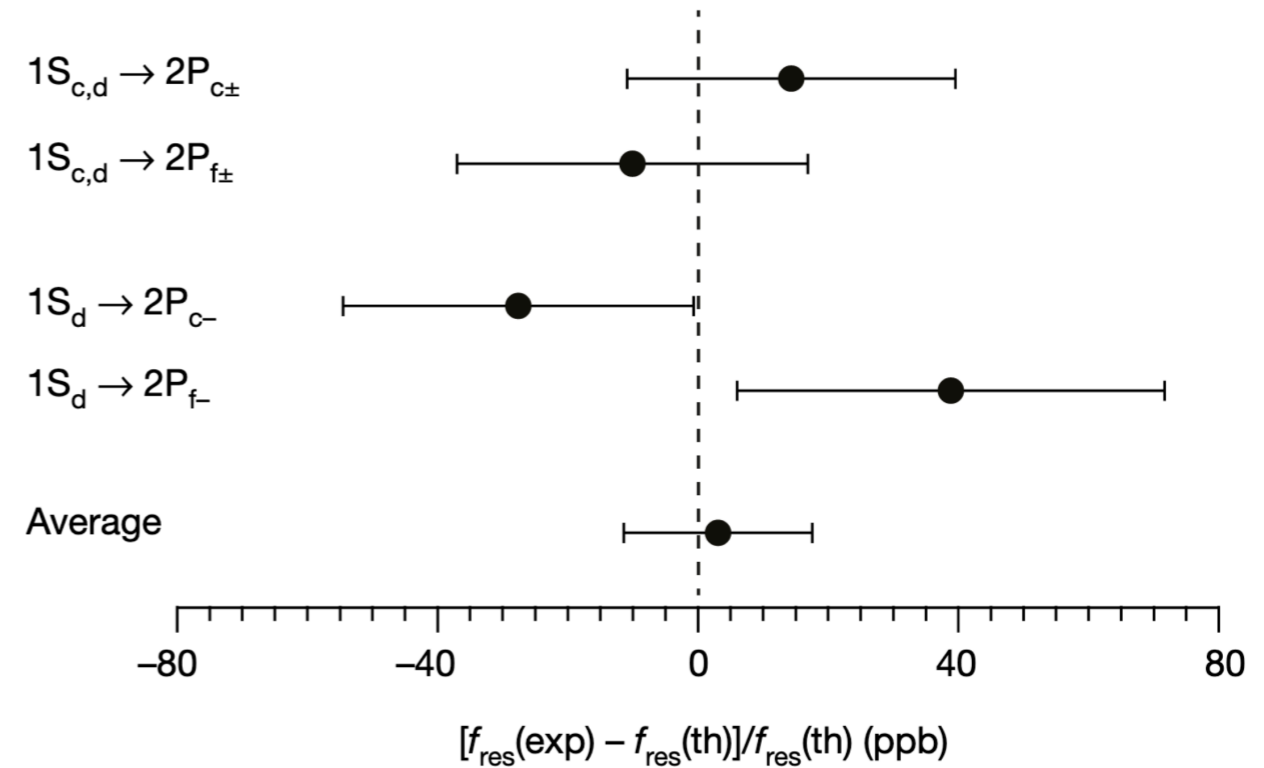
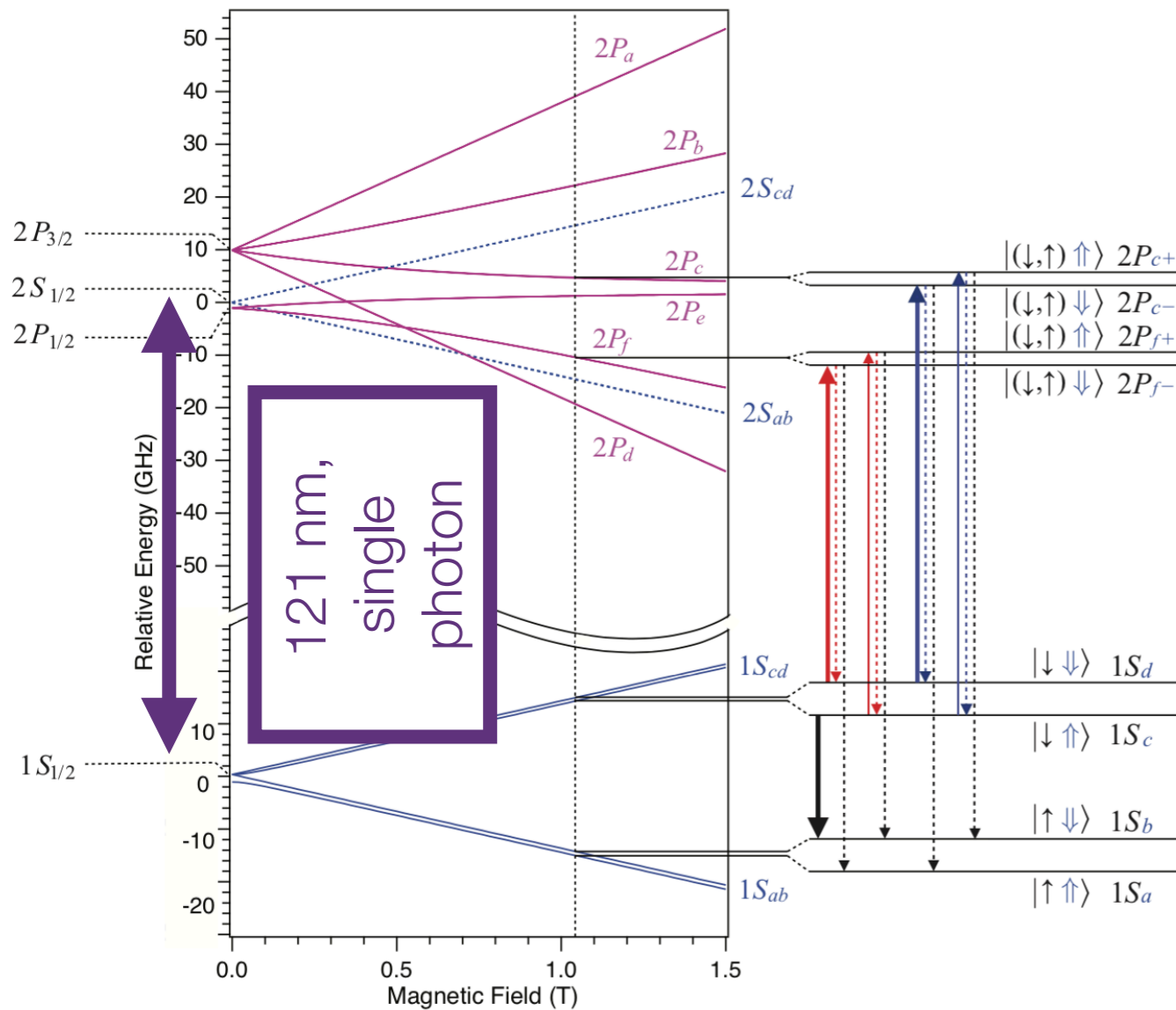
Ahmadi, M. *et al.* "Characterisation of the 1S-2S transition in antihydrogen." *Nature* 557, 71-75 (2018).

Precision measurements with Antihydrogen: 1S - 2S transition Limits

- Sample Statistics
- Temperature of antihydrogen sample
- Laser / trap volume
- Laser frequency stability
- Absolute precision of our clock (at $\sim 8 \times 10^{-13}$)



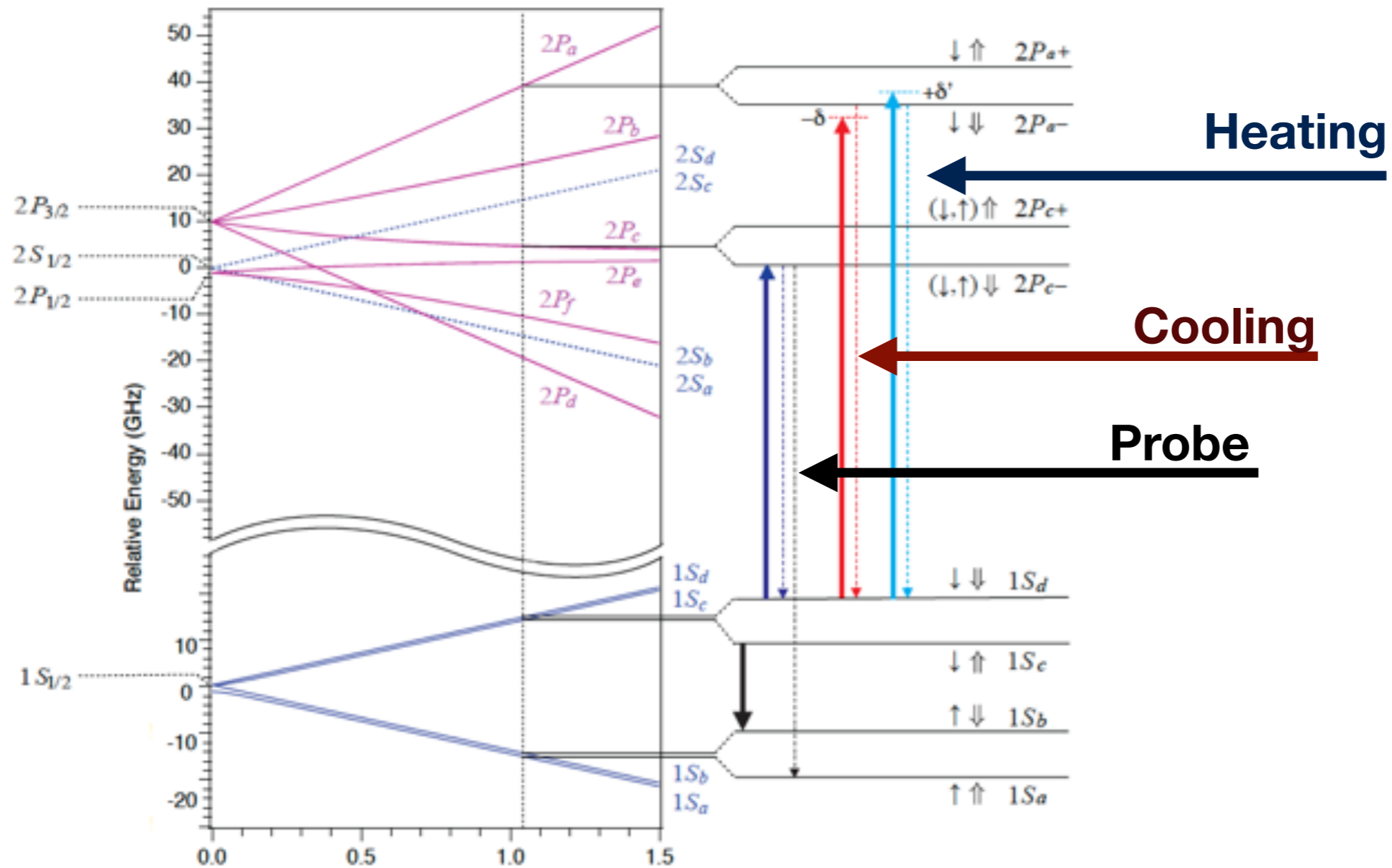
Antihydrogen 1S - 2P transitions: Fine structure



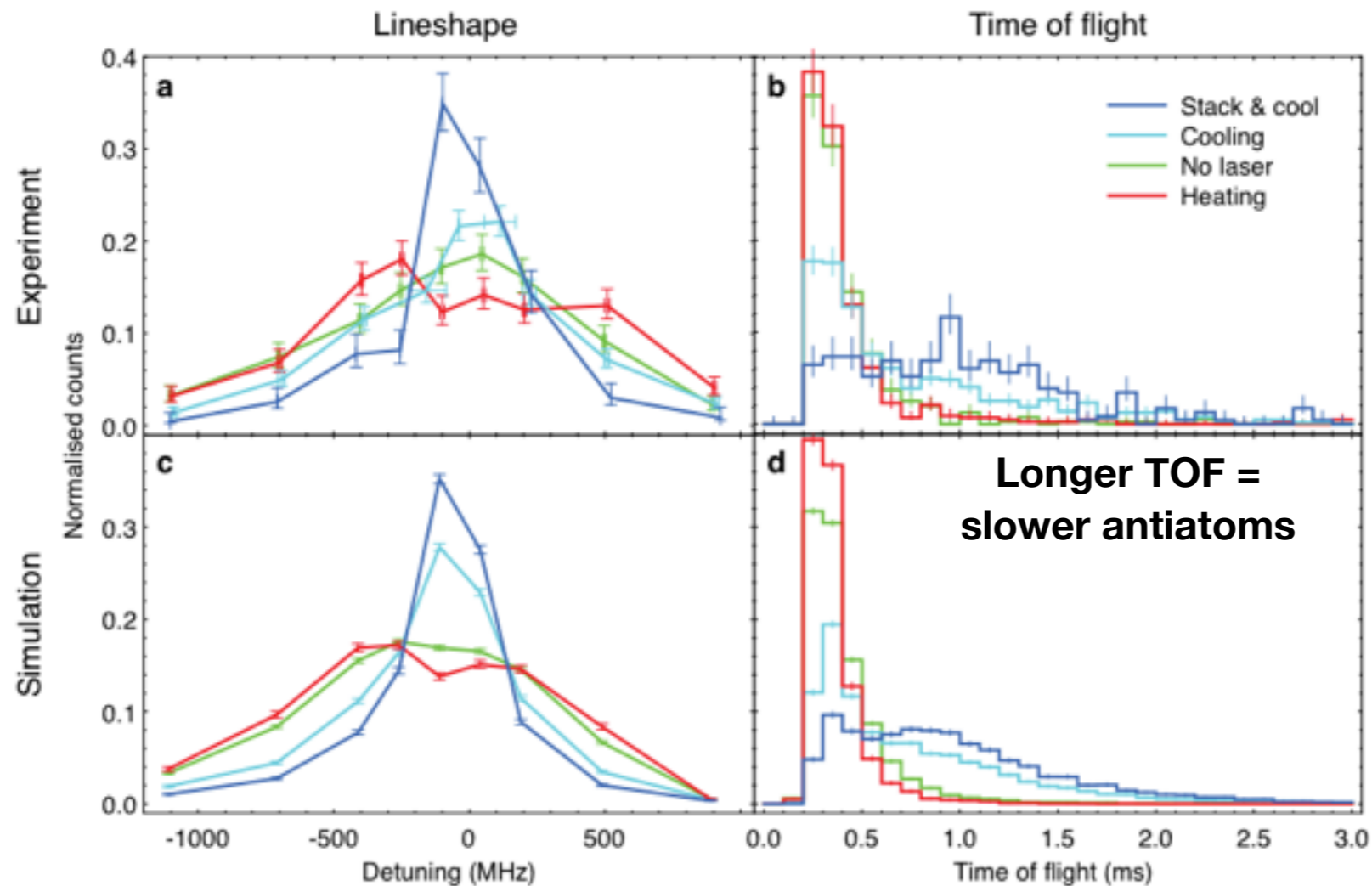
Lineshape: CPT at 20 ppb
Fine structure inferred at ~ 2%
Classic Lamb Shift inferred at ~ 11%

Ahmadi, M. et al. "Investigation of the fine structure of antihydrogen." *Nature* **578**, 375-380 (2020).

Antihydrogen Laser Cooling: Closed transitions



Antihydrogen Laser Cooling



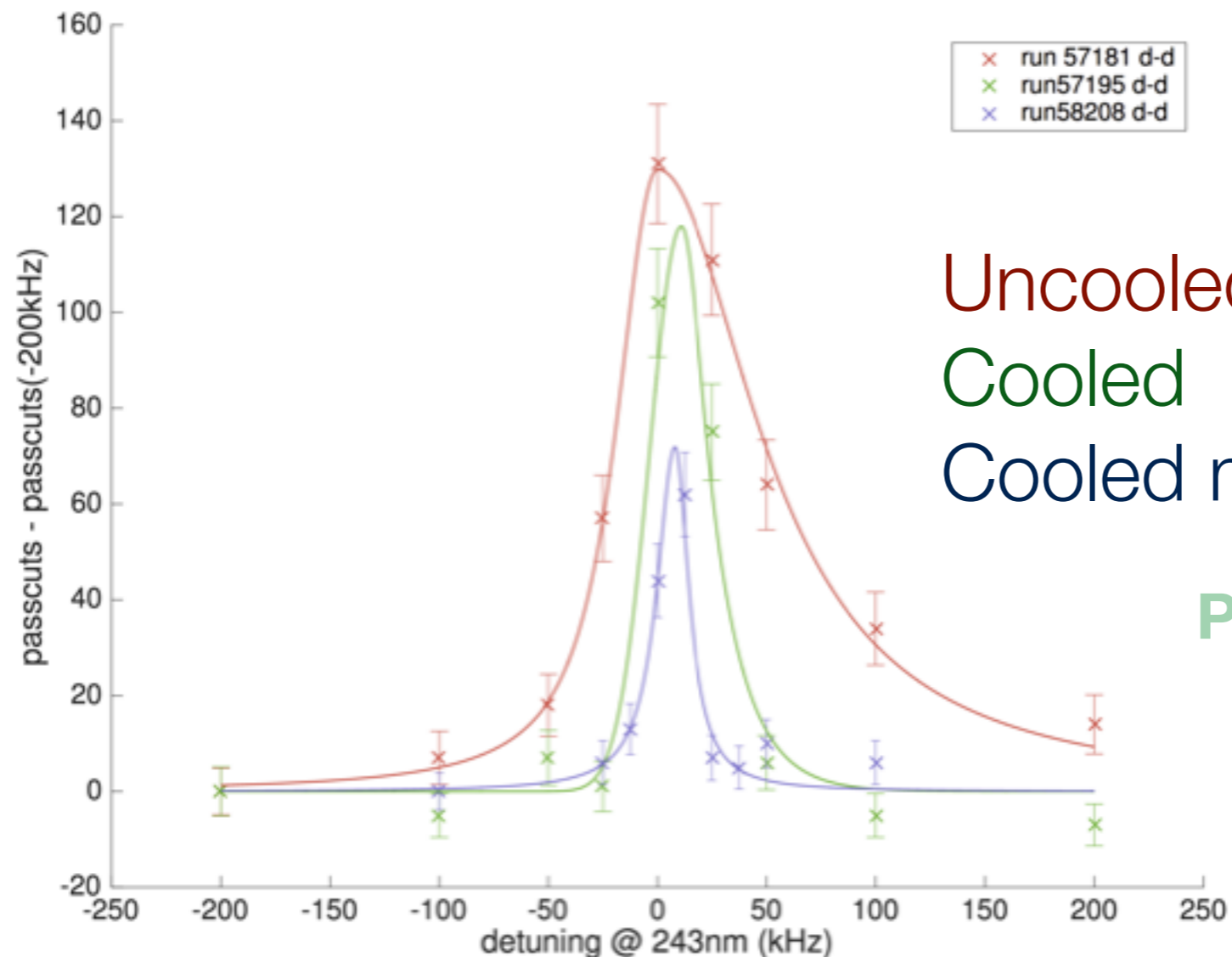
Non-thermal distribution:

**Reduction of median energy by about an order of magnitude
~ 500 mK - 50 mK in about 3/4 of a day!**

C. J. Baker, *et al.* "Laser cooling of antihydrogen atoms." *Nature* **592**, 35-42 (2021).

Revisit the 1S - 2S transition

- Measured lineshape is *narrower*



Uncooled (previously)

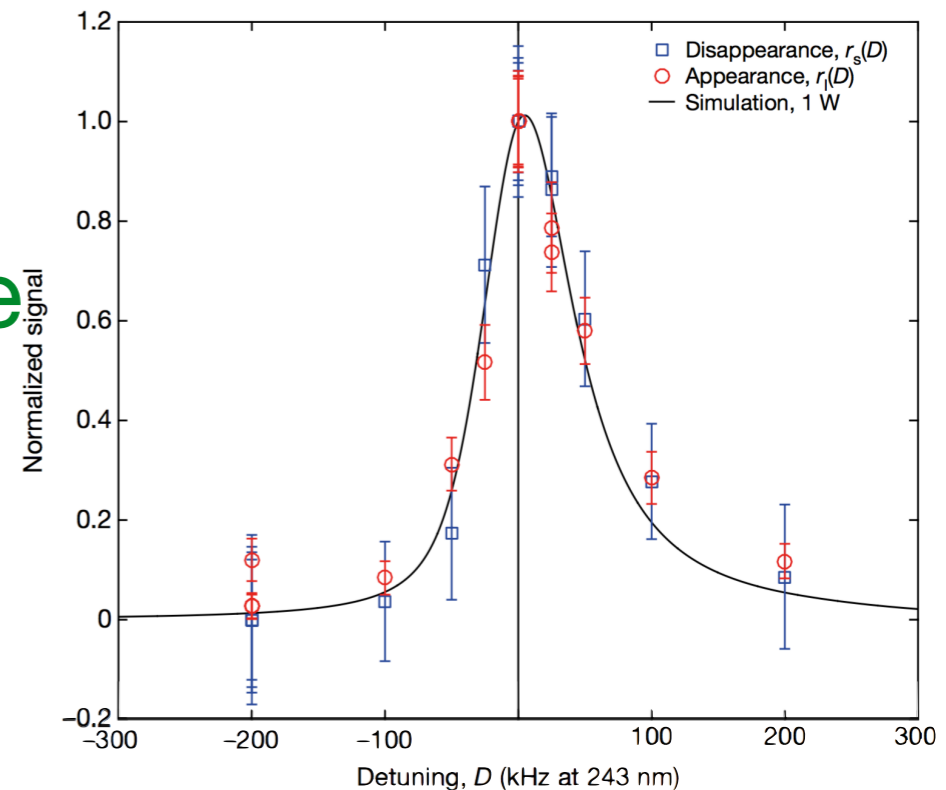
Cooled

Cooled more (small sample)

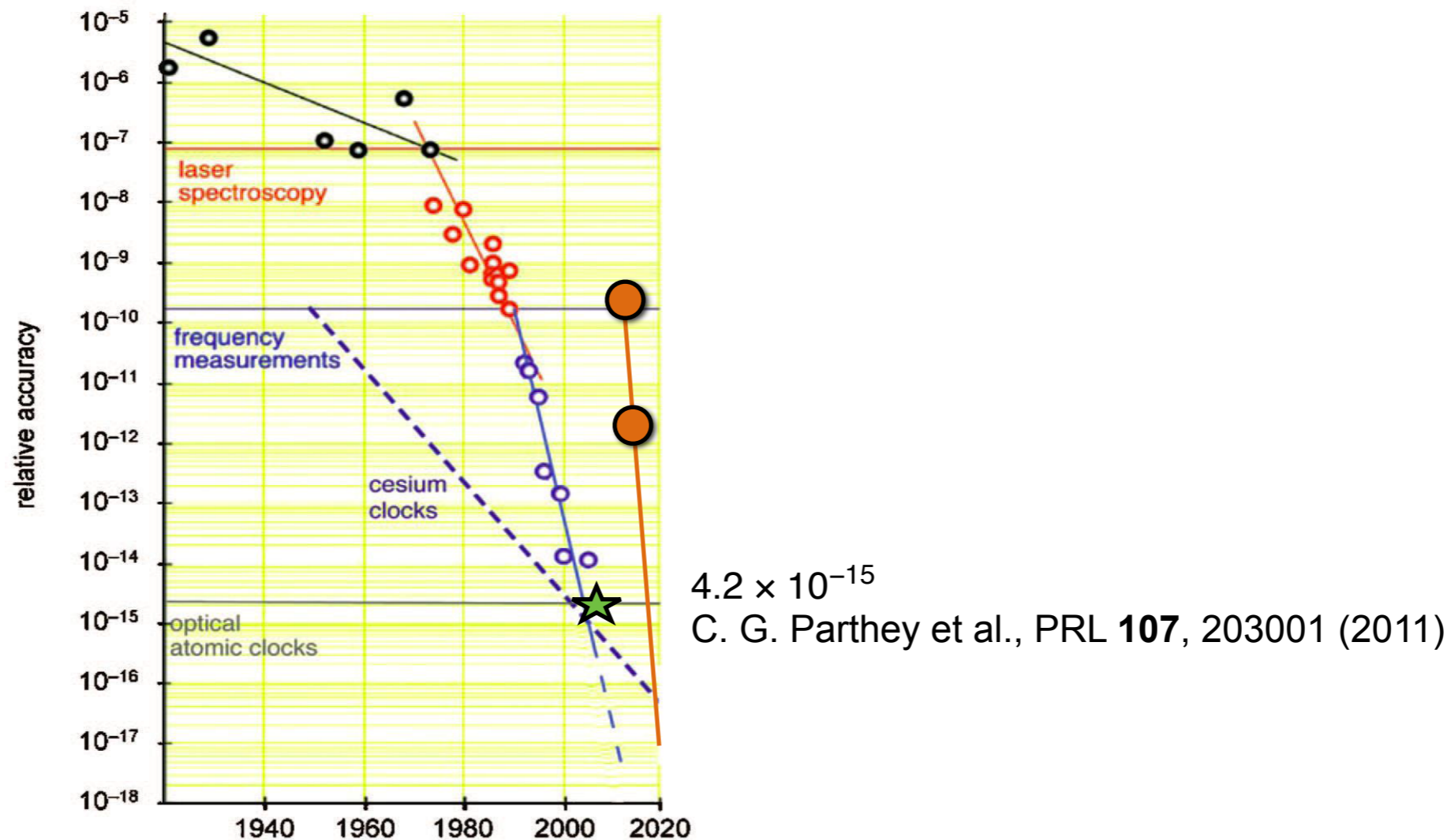
PRELIMINARY

Precision measurements with Antihydrogen: 1S - 2S transition Limits

- **Sample Statistics**
 - Improved trapping techniques
- **Temperature of antihydrogen sample**
 - Laser cooling
- **Laser / trap volume**
 - Improvements to laser cavity
- **Laser frequency stability**
 - Upgrade of clock reference (maser)
- **Absolute precision of our clock (at $\sim 8 \times 10^{-13}$)**
 - Local Cs fountain clock: a few 10^{-16}



Hydrogen vs. Antihydrogen: 1S - 2S

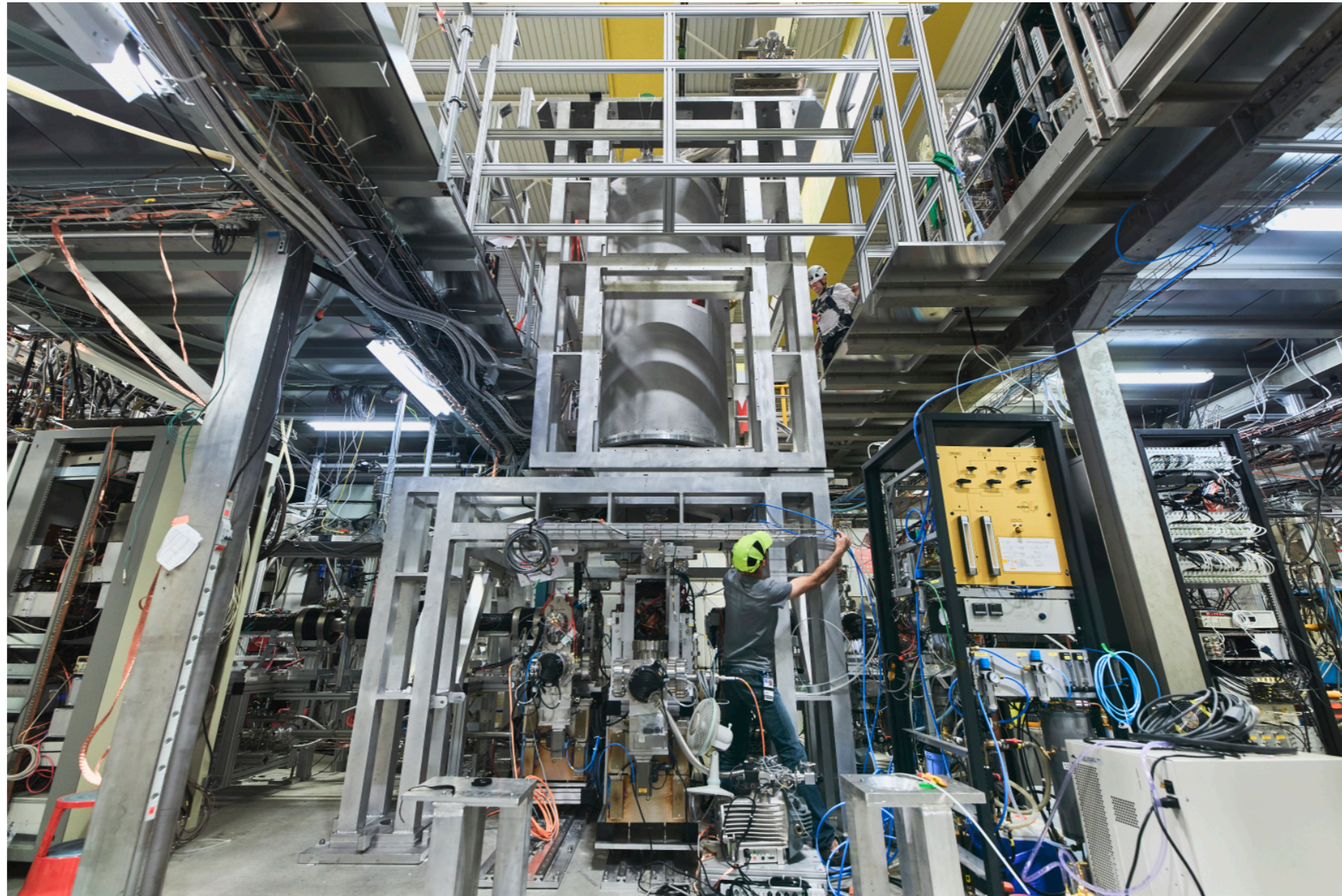


T. W. Hänsch, Rev. Mod. Phys. **78** 1297 (2005)

M. Ahmadi, et al. "Observation of the 1S-2S transition in trapped antihydrogen". *Nature* **541**, 506 (2017)

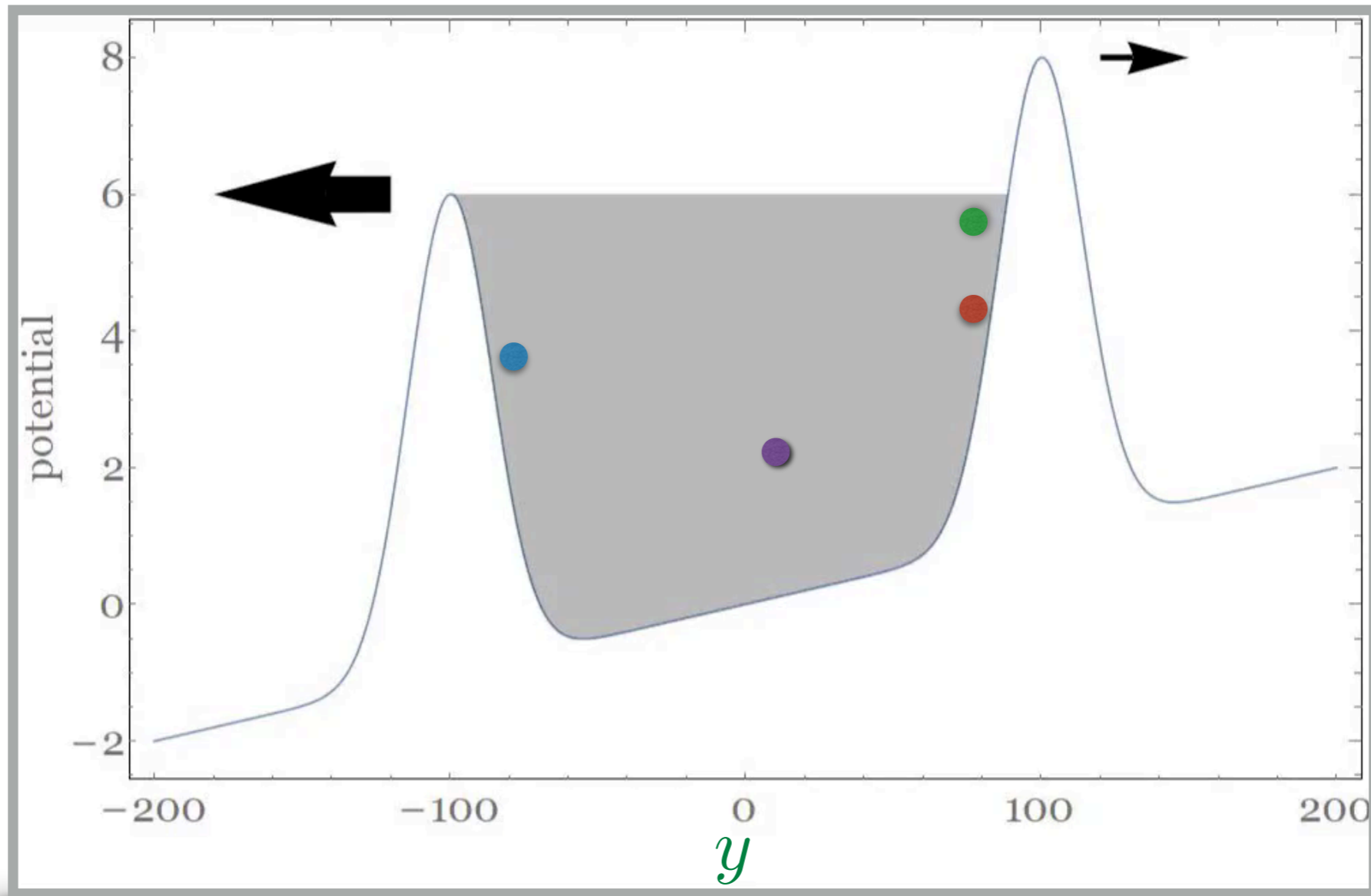
M. Ahmadi, et al. "Characterization of the 1S-2S transition in antihydrogen". *Nature* **557**, 71 (2018)

ALPHA-g: an antimatter gravity experiment



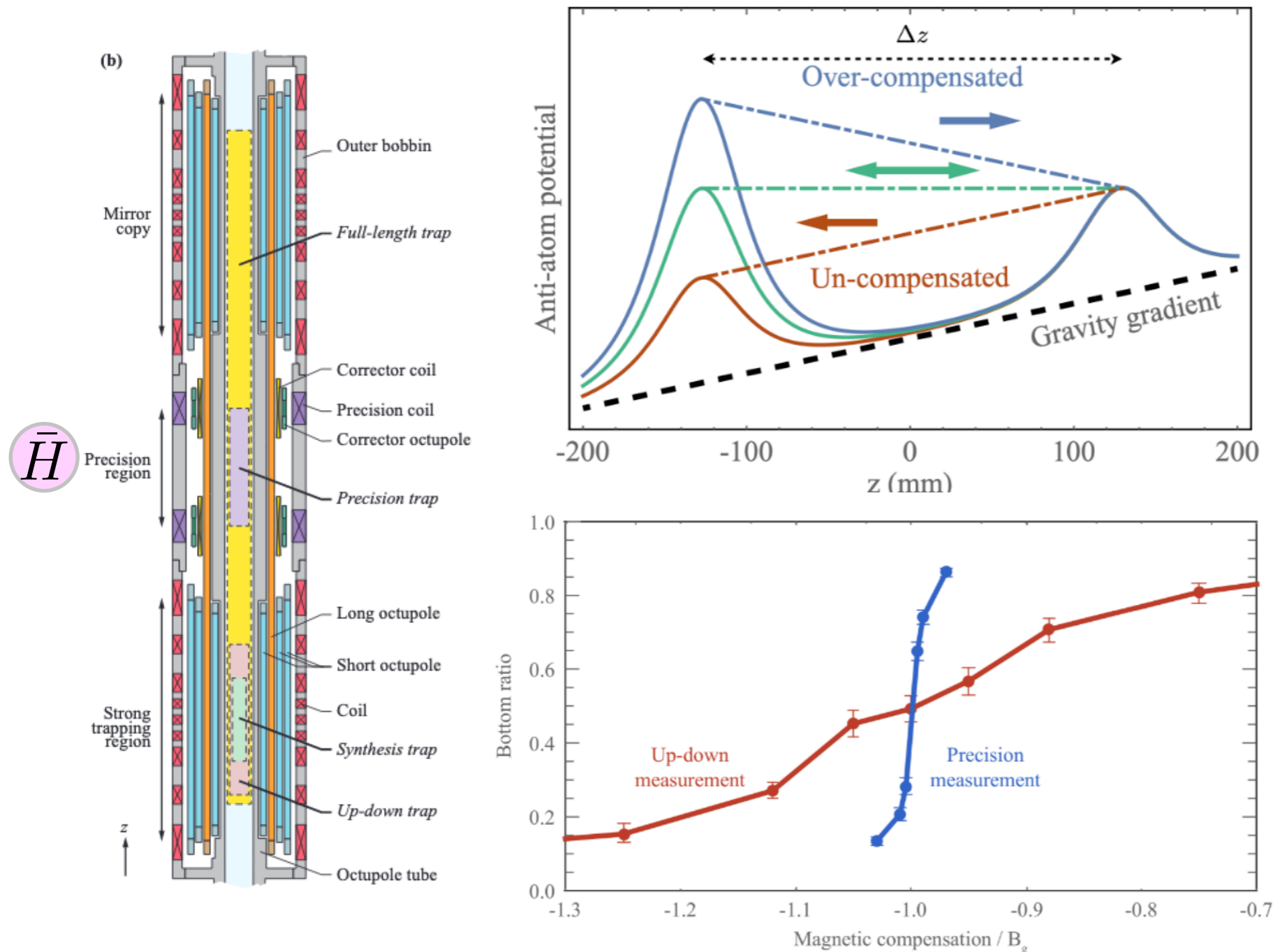
A simple Up / Down measurement

Magnetic + Gravitational potential



W. Bertsche, "Prospects for comparison of matter and antimatter gravitation with ALPHA-g", RSTA, 376, 2116, 2018

ALPHA-g Measurement Scheme

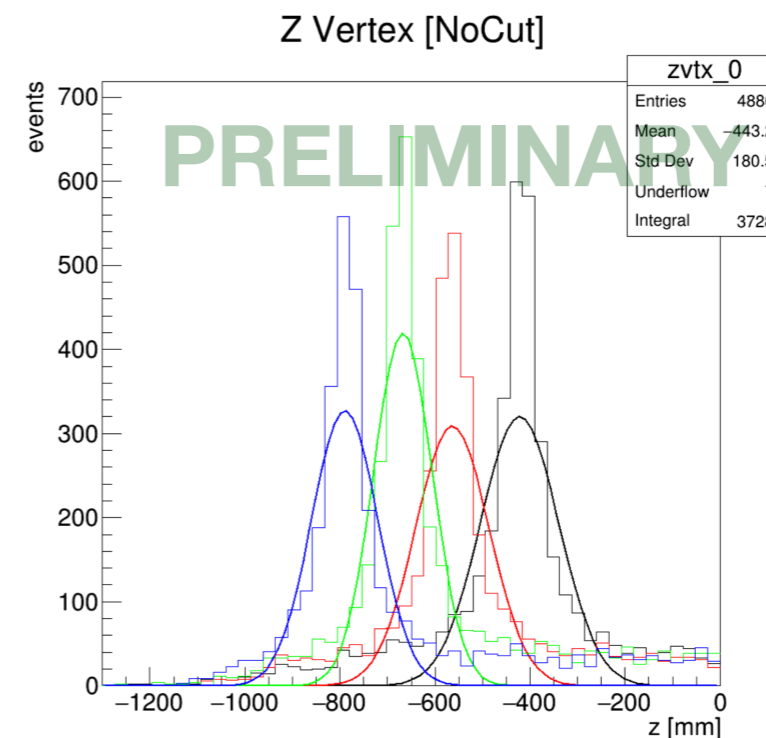
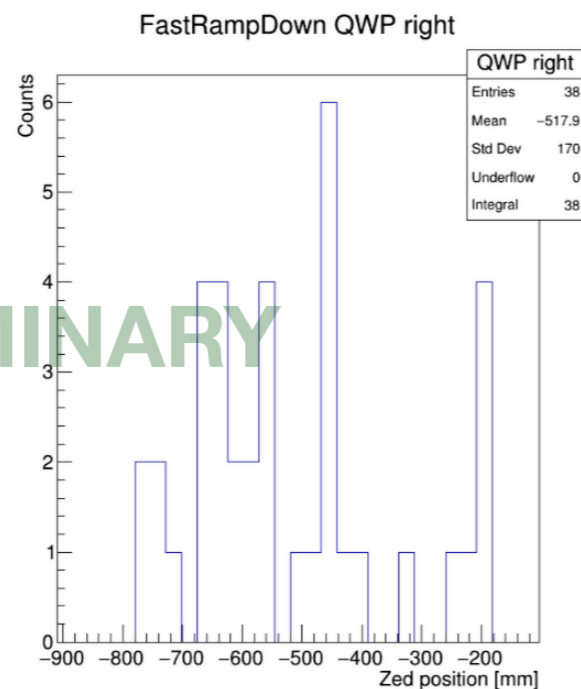
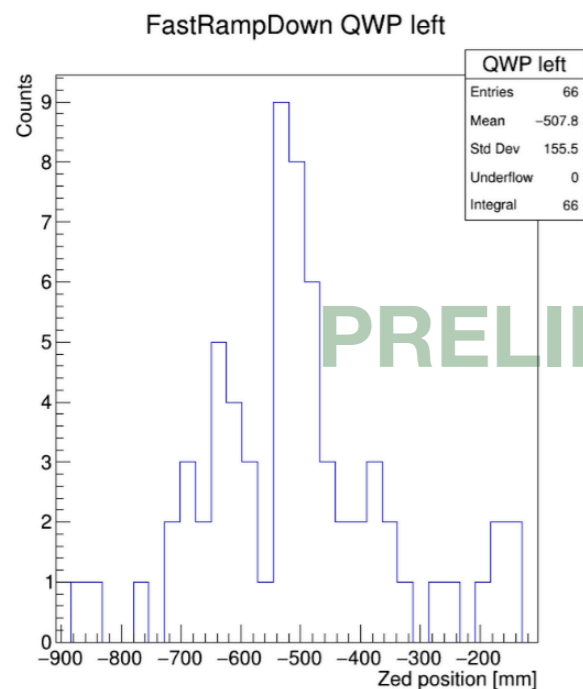


Up/Down Test:
“Antigravity”

Precision Test:
Measure g
To 1%

ALPHA-g commissioning

- Beamlines, traps, detectors commissioned in 2018
- Components repaired and upgraded (CERN LS-2)
- June 6, 2022: First antihydrogen production
- July 4, 2022: first trapping evidence
- To-date: systematic field and detector studies



Summary to date

Highest precision CPT measurements to date

- 1S - 2S to ~ 2 ppt
- 1S - 2P to ~ 20 ppb
- Hyperfine splitting ~ 400 ppm
- Fine structure constant (inferred) $\sim 2\%$
- Lamb shift (inferred) $\sim 11\%$
- Laser cooling of antihydrogen atoms
- Improved line shape of 1S-2S (*pub pending*)

Prospects: 2022-2025

- Hydrogen-level precision on 1S-2S
- Antimatter gravitation: ALPHA-g
 - Up / Down test
 - Precision measurement at 1%
- New spectroscopy efforts
 - Direct Lamb shift measurements,
 - Direct Ground State Hyperfine Splitting measurement
- Frame-dependent measurements
 - Complete measurements in fixed time-frames
 - (Earths position in solar system)