An Introduction to Using HTCondor

HTCondor Week 2022 Christina Koch



Covered In This Tutorial

- What is HTCondor?
- Set up and Run a
 Job with HTCondor
- Submit Multiple
 Jobs with HTCondor

(pause for questions)

- How HTCondor Matches and Runs Jobs
- Testing and Troubleshooting
- Use Cases and HTCondor Features
- Automation

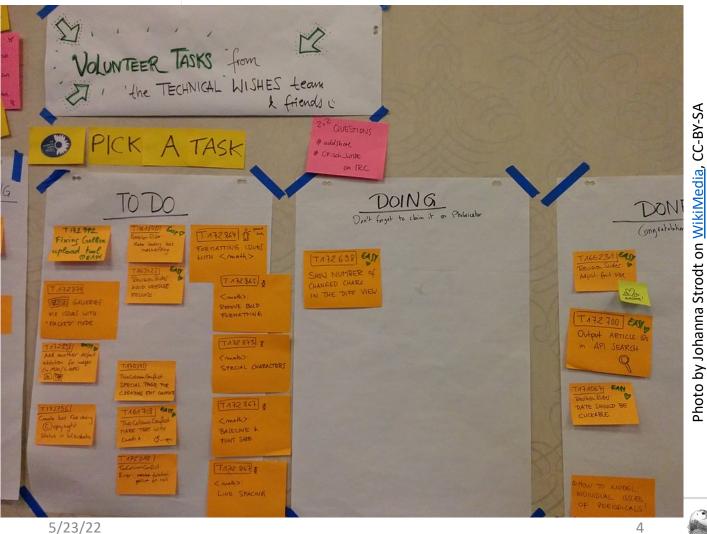


Introduction



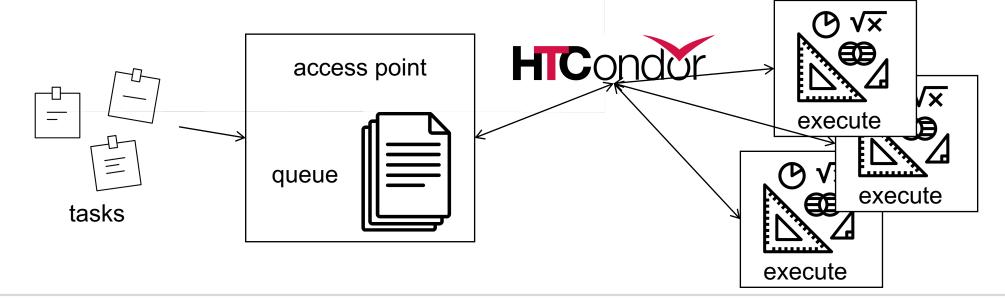
What is HTCondor?

 Software that schedules and runs computing tasks on computers



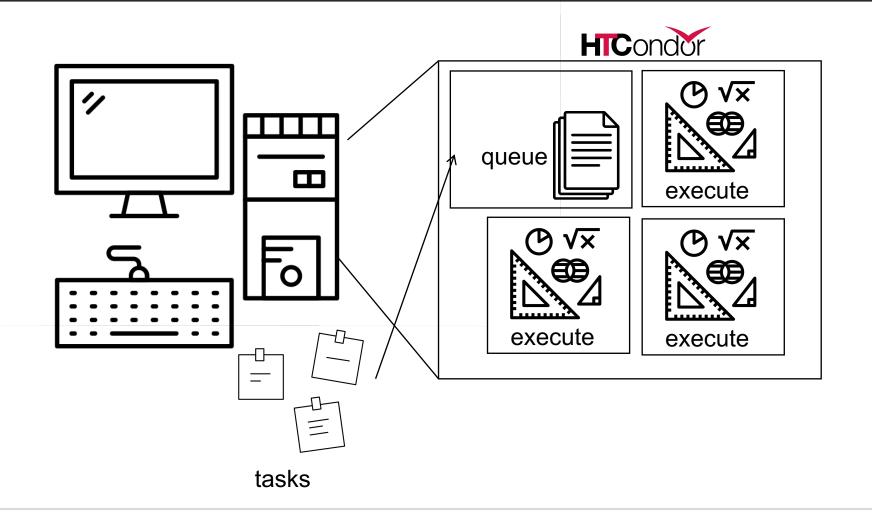
How It Works

- Submit tasks to a queue (on an Access Point)
- HTCondor schedules them to run on computers (Execute Points)



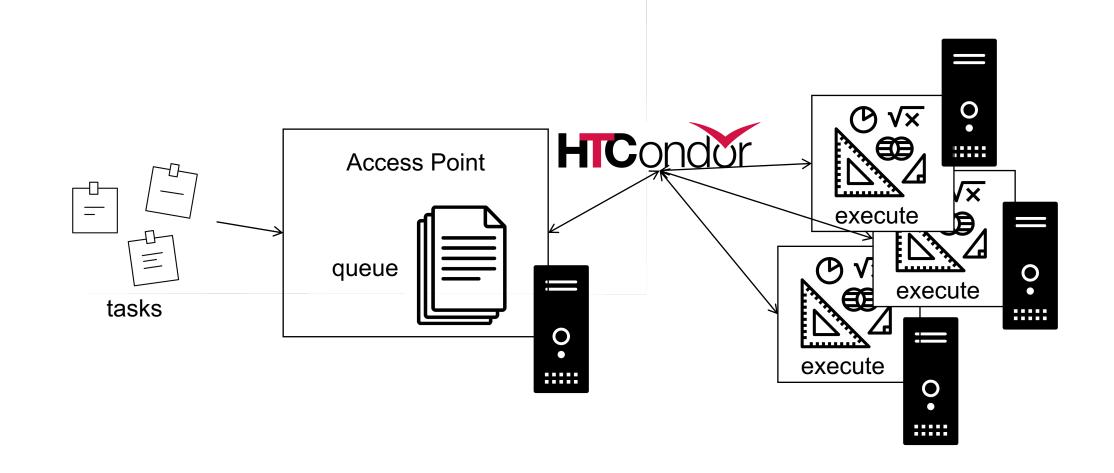


HTCondor on One Computer





HTCondor on Many Computers





Why HTCondor?

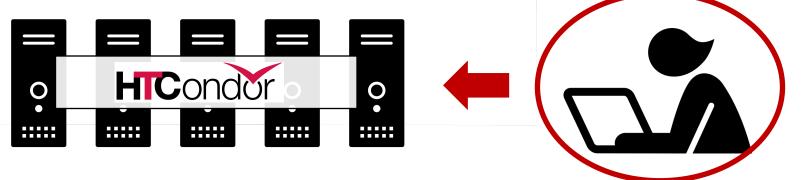
- HTCondor manages and runs work on your behalf.
- Manage shared resources among users:
 - Schedule tasks on a single computer to manage computer capacity.
 - Schedule tasks on a group* of computers (which may/may not be directly accessible to the user).
 - Schedule tasks submitted by multiple users on one or more computers.

*in HTCondor-speak, a "pool"



User-Focused Tutorial

• For the purposes of this tutorial, we are assuming that someone else has set up HTCondor on a computer/computers to create a HTCondor "pool".



• The focus of this talk is how to run computational work on this system.



Set Up and Run a Job with HTCondor



Jobs

A single computing task is called a "job"

• Three main pieces of a job are the input, executable (program)

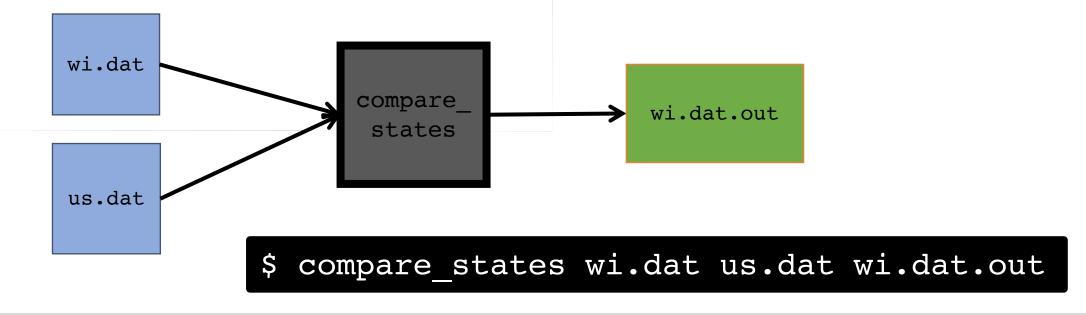




 Executable must be runnable from the command line without any interactive input

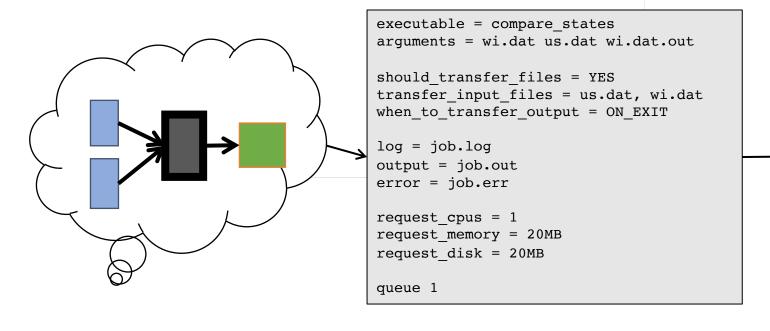
Job Example

• For our example, we will be using an imaginary program called "compare_states", which compares two data files and produces a single output file.



Job Translation

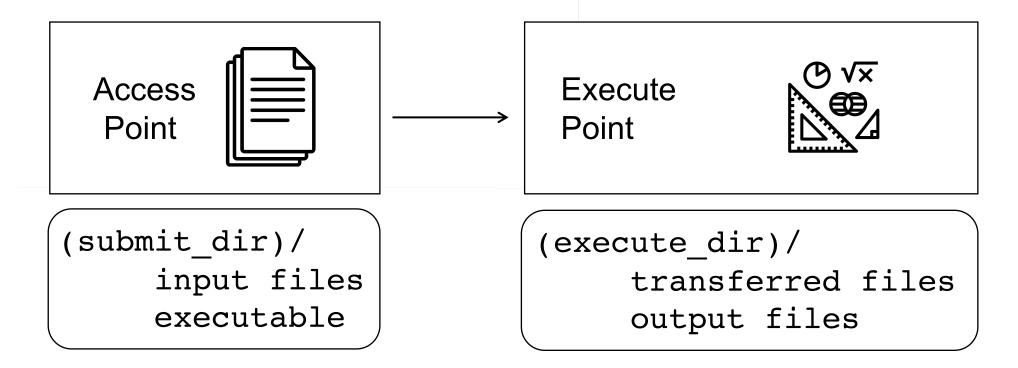
 Submit file: communicates everything about your job(s) to HTCondor





File Transfer

Our example will use HTCondor's file transfer option:





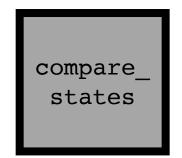
job.submit

```
executable = compare states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out
should transfer files = YES
transfer input files = us.dat, wi.dat
when_to_transfer_output = ON_EXIT
log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err
request cpus = 1
request memory = 20MB
request disk = 20MB
queue 1
```

job.submit

```
executable = compare states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out
should transfer files = YES
transfer input files = us.dat, wi.dat
when to transfer output = ON EXIT
log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err
request cpus = 1
request memory = 20MB
request disk = 20MB
queue 1
```

 List your executable and any arguments it takes.



 Arguments are any options passed to the executable from the command line.

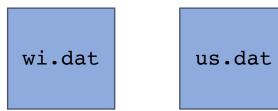
\$ compare_states wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out



job.submit

```
executable = compare states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out
should transfer files = YES
transfer input files = us.dat, wi.dat
when to transfer output = ON EXIT
log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err
request cpus = 1
request memory = 20MB
request disk = 20MB
queue 1
```

Indicate your input files.



 HTCondor will transfer back all new and changed files (usually output) from the job.



job.submit

```
executable = compare states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out
should transfer files = YES
transfer input files = us.dat, wi.dat
when to transfer output = ON EXIT
log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err
request cpus = 1
request memory = 20MB
request disk = 20MB
queue 1
```

 log: file created by HTCondor to track job progress

 output/error: captures stdout and stderr

job.submit

```
executable = compare states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out
should_transfer_files = YES
transfer input files = us.dat, wi.dat
when to transfer output = ON EXIT
log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err
request cpus = 1
request memory = 20MB
request disk = 20MB
queue 1
```

 Request the appropriate resources for your job to run.

 queue: keyword indicating "create a job."

Submitting and Monitoring Jobs

To submit a job/jobs:

```
condor_submit submit_file_name
```

To monitor submitted jobs, use:

```
condor q
```

```
HTCondor Manual: condor_submit
HTCondor Manual: condor_q
```

```
$ condor_submit job.submit
Submitting job(s).
1 job(s) submitted to cluster 128.
```

More about condor_q

- By default condor_q shows:
 - user's job(s) only, summarized in "batches"
- Constrain with username, ClusterId or full JobId, which will be denoted [U/C/J] in the following slides.

5/23/22

JobId = ClusterId .ProcId



More about condor_q

• To see individual job information, use:

```
condor_q -nobatch
```

 We will use the -nobatch option in the following slides to see extra detail about what is happening with a job

Job Idle

Access Point

```
job.submit
compare_states
wi.dat
us.dat
job.log
```

Job Starts

```
$ condor q -nobatch
-- Schedd: submit-1.chtc.wisc.edu : <128.104.101.92:9618?...
ID
           OWNER
                    SUBMITTED
                                RUN TIME PRI SIZE CMD
           alice
                    5/9 11:09
                               0+00:00:00 < 0
                                                0.0 compare states wi.dat us.dat w
128.0
1 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 1 running, 0 held, 0 suspended
                                                  Execute Point
Access Point
(submit_dir)/
                                                  (execute dir)/
                                                    compare_states
  job.submit
                             compare states
                                                    wi.dat
  compare states
                                  wi.dat
  wi.dat
                                                    us.dat
                                  us.dat
  us.dat
  job.log
```



Job Running

Access Point

```
job.submit
compare_states
wi.dat
us.dat
job.log
```

Execute Point

```
(execute_dir)/
compare_states
wi.dat
us.dat
stderr
stdout
wi.dat.out
```

Job Completes

```
$ condor q -nobatch
-- Schedd: submit-1.chtc.wisc.edu : <128.104.101.92:9618?...
ID
           OWNER
                    SUBMITTED
                                RUN TIME PRI SIZE CMD
                               0+00:02:02 > 0
                                                0.0 compare states wi.dat us.dat
128
           alice
                    5/9 11:09
1 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 1 running, 0 held, 0 suspended
Access Point
                                                  Execute Point
 (submit dir)/
                                                  (execute dir)/
   job.submit
                                                    compare states
                                                    wi.dat
  compare states
  wi.dat
                                                    us.dat
                                   stderr
  us.dat
                                                    stderr
                                   stdout
   job.log
                                                    stdout
                                 wi.dat.out
                                                    wi.dat.out
```



Job Completes (cont.)

```
$ condor_q -nobatch
-- Schedd: submit-1.chtc.wisc.edu : <128.104.101.92:9618?...
ID OWNER SUBMITTED RUN_TIME ST PRI SIZE CMD

0 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 0 running, 0 held, 0 suspended</pre>
```

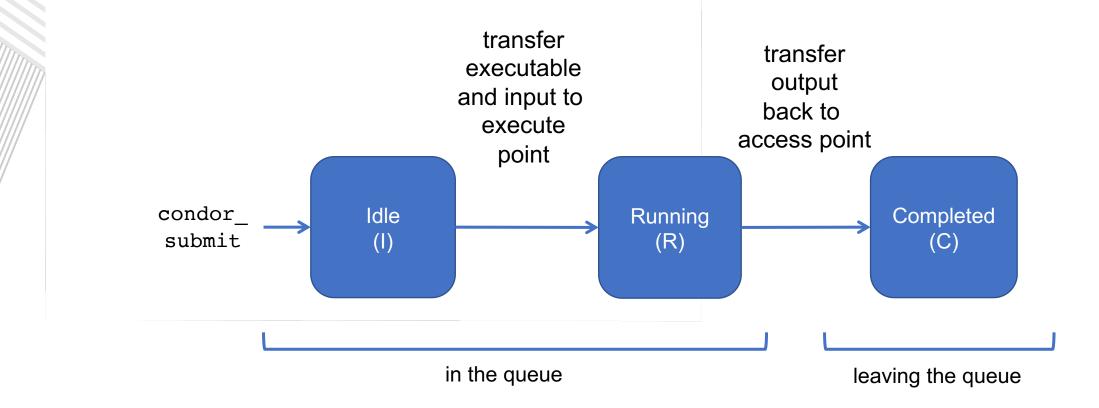
Access Point

```
job.submit
compare_states
wi.dat
us.dat
job.log
job.out job.err
wi.dat.out
```

Log File

```
000 (7195807.000.000) 05/19 14:30:18 Job submitted from host:
<128.105.244.191:9618 ...>
040 (7195807.000.000) 05/19 14:31:55 Started transferring input files
       Transferring to host: <128.105.245.85:9618 ...>
040 (7195807.000.000) 05/19 14:31:55 Finished transferring input files
001 (7195807.000.000) 05/19 14:31:56 Job executing on host:
<128.105.245.85:9618? ...>
005 (7195807.000.000) 05/19 14:35:56 Job terminated.
        (1) Normal termination (return value 0)
        . . .
       Partitionable Resources: Usage Request Allocated
           Cpus
           Disk (KB)
                                   26 1024
                                                      995252
          Memory (MB)
                                              1024
                                                       1024
```

Job States





Assumptions

- Aspects of your submit file may be dictated by infrastructure and configuration.
- For example: file transfer
 - previous example assumed files would need to be transferred between access point/execute point

```
should_transfer_files = YES
```

not the case with a shared filesystem

Shared Filesystem

 If a system has a shared filesystem, where file transfer is not enabled, the submit directory and execute directory are the same.



Execute Point

```
shared_dir/
input
executable
output
```

Shared Filesystem

job.submit

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out
should_transfer_files = NO
log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err
request cpus = 1
request_memory = 20MB
request disk = 20MB
queue 1
```



Resource Request

 Jobs are nearly always using a part of a computer (a slot), not the whole thing.

Very important to request appropriate resources (memory,

cpus, disk) for a job.



Photo by Evan-Amos on WikiMedia, CC-BY-SA



Resource Assumptions

- Even if your system has default CPU, memory and disk requests, these may be too small! (or change, unexpectedly)
- Important to run test jobs and use the log file to request the right amount of resources:
 - requesting too little: causes problems for your and other jobs; jobs might by held by HTCondor
 - requesting too much: jobs will match to fewer "slots", take longer to match

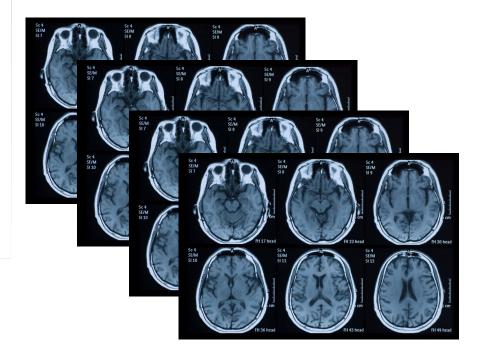


Submit Multiple Jobs with HTCondor



Why do we care?

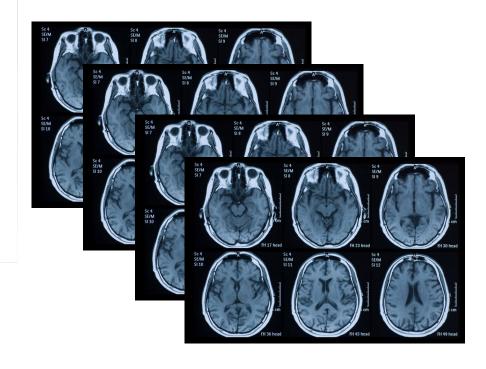
- Run many independent jobs...
 - analyze multiple data files
 - test parameter or input combinations
 - and more!





Why do we care?

- Run many independent jobs...
 - analyze multiple data files
 - test parameter or input combinations
 - and more!
- ...without having to:
 - start each job individually
 - create separate submit files for each job



Many Jobs, One Submit File

 HTCondor has builtin ways to submit multiple independent jobs with one submit file.



Photo by <u>Joanna Kosinska</u> on <u>Unsplash</u>

See Rachel Lombardi's talk next: Organizing and Submitting HTC Workloads

Numbered Input Files

Goal: create 3 jobs that each analyze a different input file.

```
piob.submit

executable = analyze.exe
arguments = file0.in file0.out
transfer_input_files = file0.in

log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err

queue

(submit_dir)/

analyze.exe
file0.in
file1.in
file2.in
job.submit
```



Multiple Jobs, No Variation

 This file generates 3 jobs, but doesn't use multiple inputs and will overwrite outputs

```
piob.submit

executable = analyze.exe
arguments = file0.in file0.out
transfer_input_files = file0.in

log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err

queue 3

(submit_dir)/

analyze.exe
file0.in
file1.in
file2.in
```

Automatic Variables

Each job's
 ClusterId and
 ProcId can be
 accessed inside the
 submit file using:

\$(ClusterId)

\$(ProcId)





Job Variation

 How to uniquely identify each job (filenames, log/out/err names)?

```
job.submit

executable = analyze.exe
arguments = file0.in file0.out
transfer_input_files = file0.in

log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err

queue 3

(submit_dir)/

analyze.exe
file0.in
file1.in
file2.in
```

Using \$(Procld)

 Use the \$(ClusterId), \$(ProcId) variables to provide unique values to jobs.*

```
job.submit
```

```
executable = analyze.exe
arguments = file$(ProcId).in file$(ProcId).out
transfer_input_files = file$(ProcId).in

log = job-$(ClusterId)-$(ProcId).log
output = job-$(ClusterId)-$(ProcId).out
error = job-$(ClusterId)-$(ProcId).err

queue 3
```



analyze.exe
file0.in
file1.in
file2.in
job.submit

^{*} May also see \$(Cluster), \$(Process) in documentation

Submit and Monitor (review)

```
condor_submit submit_file_name
condor_q
```

HTCondor Manual: condor_submit HTCondor Manual: condor_q

 Jobs in the queue will be grouped in batches (in this case by cluster number)

```
$ condor_submit job.submit
Submitting job(s).
3 job(s) submitted to cluster 128.
```

Using Batches

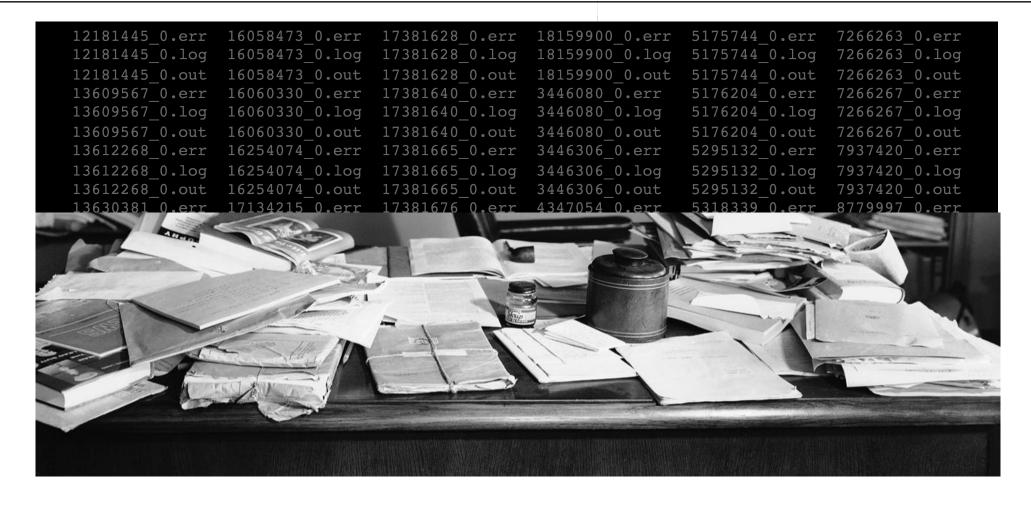
 Alternatively, batches can be grouped manually using the JobBatchName attribute in a submit file:

```
$ condor_q
OWNER BATCH_NAME SUBMITTED DONE RUN IDLE TOTAL JOB_IDS
alice CoolJobs 5/9 11:03 _ 3 3 128.0-2
```

To see individual jobs, use:



Organizing Jobs





Shared Files

- HTCondor can transfer an entire directory or all the contents of a directory
 - transfer whole directory

```
transfer_input_files = shared
```

transfer contents only

```
transfer_input_files = shared/
```

 Useful for jobs with many shared files; transfer a directory of files instead of listing files individually

```
job.submit
shared/
    reference.db
    parse.py
    analyze.py
    cleanup.py
    links.config
```

Shared Files

- HTCondor can transfer an entire directory or all the contents of a directory
 - transfer whole directory

```
transfer_input_files = shared
```

transfer contents only

```
transfer_input_files = shared/
```

 Useful for jobs with many shared files; transfer a directory of files instead of listing files individually

```
job.submit
shared/
    reference.db
    parse.py
    analyze.py
    cleanup.py
    links.config
```



Use Sub-Directories for File Type

 Create sub-directories* and use paths in the submit file to separate input, error, log, and output files.

```
job.submit
```

```
executable = analyze.exe
arguments = file$(Process).in file$(ProcId).out
transfer_input_files = input/file$(ProcId).in

log = log/job$(ProcId).log
queue 3
```

* must be created before the job is submitted

```
(submit dir)/
  job.submit
  analyze.exe
  file0.out
  file1.out
  file2.out
  input/
    file0.in
    file1.in
    file2.in
  log/
    job0.log
    job1.log
    job2.log
```



One Job per Directory

- Change the submission directory for each job using initialdir
- Allows the user to organize job files into separate directories.
- Use the same name for all input/output files
- Useful for jobs with lots of output files





Separate Jobs with InitialDir

```
(submit dir)/
  job.submit
                  job0/
                                  job1/
                                                 job2/
                    file.in
                                    file.in
 analyze.exe
                                                   file.in
                    job.log
                                    job.log
                                                   job.log
                    job.err
                                    job.err
                                                   job.err
                    file.out
                                    file.out
                                                   file.out
job.submit
executable = analyze.exe
initialdir = job$(ProcId)
                                              Executable should be
arguments = file.in file.out
                                              in the directory with
transfer input files = file.in
                                              the submit file, *not*
                                              in the individual job
log = job.log
                                                  directories
error = job.err
queue 3
```



Output Handling

- Only transfer back specific files or directories from the job's execution using transfer_ouput_files
- rename with transfer_output_remaps

Other Submission Methods

- What if your input files/directories aren't numbered from 0 to (N-1)?
- There are other ways to submit many jobs!



Photo by Andrew Toskin on Flickr, CC-BY-SA



Submitting Multiple Jobs

Replacing single job inputs...

...with a variable of choice.

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out

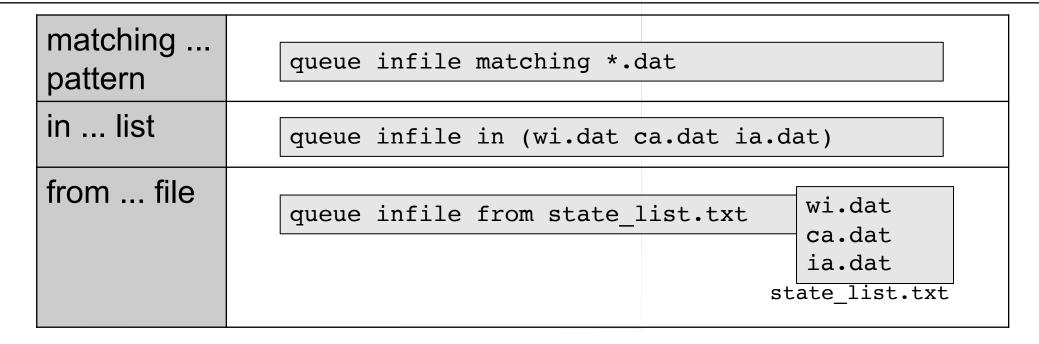
transfer_input_files = us.dat, wi.dat
queue 1
```

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = $(infile) us.dat $(infile).out

transfer_input_files = us.dat, $(infile)

queue ...
```

Possible Queue Statements





Queue Statement Comparison

| matching pattern | Natural nested looping, minimal programming, use optional "files" and "dirs" keywords to only match files or directories Requires good naming conventions, |
|------------------|--|
| in list | Supports multiple variables, all information contained in a single file, reproducible Harder to automate submit file creation |
| from file | Supports multiple variables, highly modular (easy to use one submit file for many job batches), reproducible Additional file needed |



Using Multiple Variables

• The "from" syntax supports using multiple variables from a list.

```
pob.submit

executable = compare_states
arguments = -y $(option) -i $(file)

should_transfer_files = YES
when_to_transfer_output = ON_EXIT
transfer_input_files = $(file)

queue file,option from job_list.txt
```

```
job_list.txt
wi.dat, 2010
wi.dat, 2015
ca.dat, 2010
ca.dat, 2015
ia.dat, 2010
ia.dat, 2015
```

Other Features

Match existing files or directories:

```
queue input matching files *.dat
queue directory matching dirs job*
```

Submit multiple jobs with same input data

```
queue 10 input matching files *.dat
```

Use other automatic variables: \$(Step)

```
arguments = -i $(input) -rep $(Step)
queue 10 input matching files *.dat
```



(60 second) Pause

Questions so far?

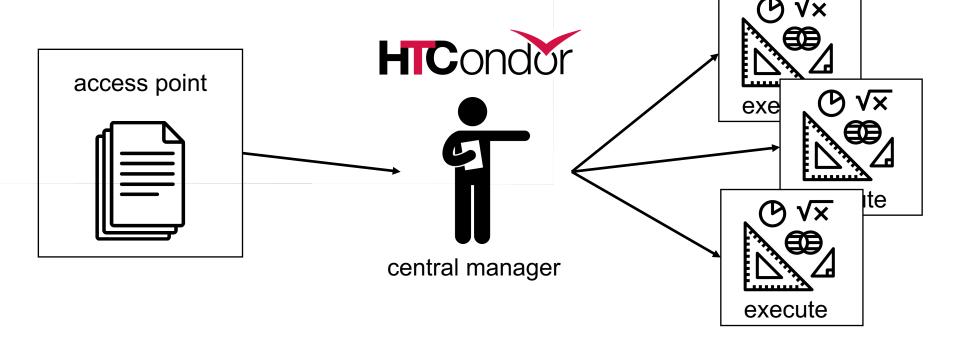


Job Matching and Class Ad Attributes



The Central Manager

 HTCondor matches jobs with computers via a "central manager".





Class Ads

- HTCondor stores a list of information about each job and each computer.
- This information is stored as a "Class" Ad"
- Class Ads have the format:
 - AttributeName = value

can be a boolean,

number, or string

Photo by Wherda Arsianto on <u>Unsplash</u>

HTCondor Manual: Appendix A: Class Ad Attributes

Job Class Ad

```
executable = compare_states
arguments = wi.dat us.dat wi.dat.out

should_transfer_files = YES
transfer_input_files = us.dat, wi.dat
when_to_transfer_output = ON_EXIT

log = job.log
output = job.out
error = job.err

request_cpus = 1
request_disk = 20MB
request_memory = 20MB

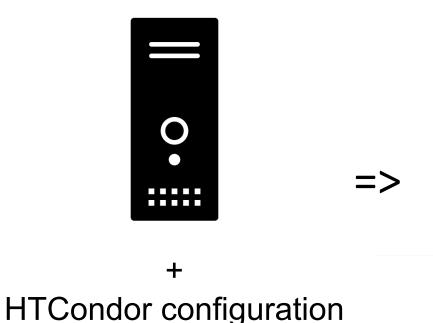
queue 1
```

+

HTCondor configuration*

```
RequestCpus = 1
Err = "job.err"
WhenToTransferOutput = "ON EXIT"
TargetType = "Machine"
Cmd = "/home/alice/compare states"
JobUniverse = 5
Iwd = "/home/alice/tests/htcondor week"
RequestDisk = 20480
NumJobStarts = 0
TransferInput = "us.dat,wi.dat"
Out = "job.out"
UserLog = "/home/alice/job.log"
RequestMemory = 20
```

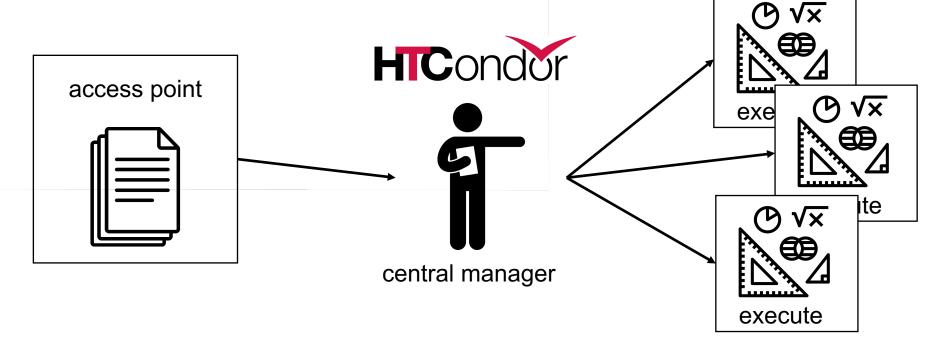
Computer "Machine" Class Ad



```
HasFileTransfer = true
DynamicSlot = true
TotalSlotDisk = 4300218.0
TargetType = "Job"
TotalSlotMemory = 2048
Mips = 17902
Memory = 2048
UtsnameSysname = "Linux"
MAX PREEMPT = (3600 * 72)
OpSysMajorVer = 6
TotalMemory = 9889
OpSysName = "SL"
HasDocker = true
```

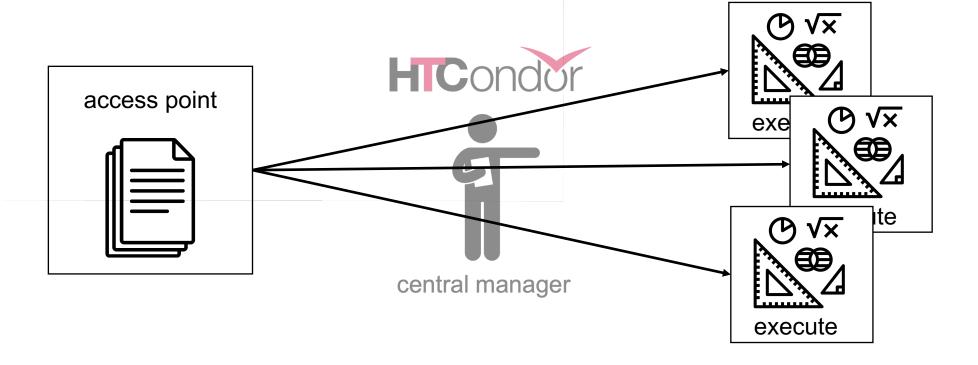
Job Matching

 On a regular basis, the central manager reviews Job and Machine Class Ads and matches jobs to computers.



Job Execution

• (Then the access and execute points communicate directly.)



Class Ads for People

 Class Ads also provide lots of useful information about jobs and computers to HTCondor users and administrators



See later talk: What Are My Jobs Doing?

Photo by Roman Kraft on Unsplash



Finding Job Attributes

Use the "long" option for condor_q
 condor_q -1 JobId

```
$ condor_q -1 128.0
WhenToTransferOutput = "ON_EXIT"
TargetType = "Machine"
Cmd = "/home/alice/tests/htcondor_week/compare_states"
JobUniverse = 5
Iwd = "/home/alice/tests/htcondor_week"
RequestDisk = 20480
NumJobStarts = 0
OnExitRemove = true
TransferInput = "us.dat,wi.dat"
UserLog = "/home/alice/tests/htcondor_week/job.log"
RequestMemory = 20
...
```

Displaying Job Attributes

Use the "auto-format" option:

```
condor_q [U/C/J] -af Attribute1 Attribute2 ...
```

```
$ condor_q -af ClusterId ProcId RemoteHost MemoryUsage

1725 116 slot1_1@e092.chtc.wisc.edu 1709

1725 118 slot1_2@e093.chtc.wisc.edu 1709

1725 137 slot1_8@e125.chtc.wisc.edu 1709

1725 139 slot1_7@e121.chtc.wisc.edu 1709

1861 0 slot1_5@c025.chtc.wisc.edu 196

1863 0 slot1_3@atlas10.chtc.wisc.edu 269

1864 0 slot1_25@e348.chtc.wisc.edu 245

1865 0 slot1_23@e305.chtc.wisc.edu 196
```



Selecting Job Attributes

 Use the "constraint" option, along with an expression for what jobs you want to look at:

```
condor_q [U/C/J] -constraint 'Attribute >/</== value'</pre>
```

```
$ condor_q -constraint 'JobBatchName == "CoolJobs"'

OWNER BATCH_NAME SUBMITTED DONE RUN IDLE TOTAL JOB_IDS
alice CoolJobs 5/9 11:03 _ 3 128.0-2
```



Other Displays

See the whole queue (all users, all jobs)
 condor q -all

```
$ condor q -all
-- Schedd: submit-1.chtc.wisc.edu : <128.104.101.92:9618?...
                                                        HOLD
                                                              TOTAL JOB IDS
OWNER
         BATCH NAME
                      SUBMITTED
                                   DONE
                                          RUN
                                                 IDLE
alice
                      5/9
                                     982
         DAG: 128
                          02:52
                                                                 1000 18888976.0 ...
                      5/9
                                                    89
bob
                           09:21
                                                                  180 18910071.0 ...
         DAG: 139
alice
                      5/9
                          10:31
                                            997
                                                                 1000 18911030.0 ...
         DAG: 219
                      5/9
                                                                   44 18913051.0
bob
         DAG: 226
                          10:51
                                      10
bob
         CMD: ce.sh
                      5/9
                           10:55
                                                                      18913029.0 ...
                                                                      18913030.0-999
alice
         CMD: sb
                      5/9
                           10:57
                                                   998
```

Class Ads for Computers

• as condor_q is to jobs, condor_status is to computers (or "machines")

| \$ condor_status | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-----|--------|--------|------------|--------|------|------|-------|-----------|--|--|
| Name | | | | | (| OpSys | Arch | | State | | | |
| Activity I | | Mem | Actvty | | | | | | | | | |
| slot1@c001.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X8 | 6_64 Uncla | imed : | Idle | 0.00 | 0 0 | 673 25+01 | | |
| slot1_1@c001.chtc.wis | sc.edu | | LINUX | X86_64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+01 | | |
| slot1_2@c001.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86_64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+01 | | |
| slot1_3@c001.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86_64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+00 | | |
| slot1 4@c001.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86_64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+14 | | |
| slot1@c002.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86_64 | Unclaimed | Idle | 1 | .000 | 2693 | 19+19 | | |
| slot1 1@c002.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86_64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+04 | | |
| slot1 2@c002.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86 64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+01 | | |
| slot1@c004.chtc.wisc.edu | | | LINUX | X86 64 | Unclaimed | Idle | 0 | .010 | 645 | 25+05 | | |
| slot1_1@c004.chtc.wis | sc.edu | | LINUX | X86_64 | Claimed | Busy | 1 | .000 | 2048 | 0+01 | | |
| Total Owner Claimed Unclaimed Matched Preempting Backfill Drain | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| X86 64/LINUX | 10962 | 0 | 10340 | 613 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 9 | | | |
| X86_64/WINDOWS | | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Total | 10964 | 2 | 10340 | 613 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 9 | | | |



Find Machine Attributes

 Use same options as condor_q: to get attributes for a specific machine, use:

```
condor_status -1 Slot/Machine
```

```
$ condor_status -l slot1_1@c001.chtc.wisc.edu
HasFileTransfer = true
COLLECTOR_HOST_STRING = "cm.chtc.wisc.edu"
TotalTimeClaimedBusy = 43334c001.chtc.wisc.edu
Mips = 17902
MAX_PREEMPT = ( 3600 * ( 72 - 68 * ( WantGlidein =?= true ) ) )
Requirements = ( START ) && ( IsValidCheckpointPlatform ) && ( WithinResourceLimits )
State = "Claimed"
OpSysMajorVer = 6
OpSysName = "SL"
...
```

Useful Machine Attributes

- Machine, Name: name of the server, or slot
- Cpus, Memory, Disk: resources on that server
- GPUs, GPUs_DeviceName: number and type of GPUs
- RemoteOwner: Who is running
- **CPUModel**: type of CPU
- ...and more (see the <u>manual</u>)



Display Machine Attributes

 Use same options as condor_q, part 2, to display attributes, use

```
condor_status [Machine] -af Attribute1 Attribute2 ...
```

```
$ condor_status e000.chtc.wisc.edu —af Name CPUs Memory Disk HasCHTCStaging slot1@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 1 80116 82285091 false slot1_1@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 1 768 12992383 false slot1_2@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 2 1536 1332553 false slot1_3@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 1 768 12992383 false slot1_4@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 2 1536 1332553 false slot1_5@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 2 1536 1332553 false slot1_7@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 2 1536 1332553 false slot1_7@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 2 1536 1332553 false slot1_8@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 1 2048 2331967 false slot1_9@e1013.chtc.wisc.edu 2 1536 1332553 false
```

Machine Attributes

To summarize, use the "-compact" option
 condor_status -compact

| \$ condor status -compact | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|---------|---------|-------|--------|----------|----------|---------|-----------|-----|
| Machine | Plat | form | Slots | Cpus | Gpus | TotalGb | FreCpu | FreeGb | CpuLoad S | ST |
| e007.chtc.wisc.edu | x64/ | SL6 | 8 | 8 | | 23.46 | 0 | 0.00 | 1.24 | Cb |
| e008.chtc.wisc.edu | x64/ | SL6 | 8 | 8 | | 23.46 | 0 | 0.46 | 0.97 | Cb |
| e009.chtc.wisc.edu | x64/ | SL6 | 11 | 16 | | 23.46 | 5 | 0.00 | 0.81 | * * |
| e010.chtc.wisc.edu | x64/ | SL6 | 8 | 8 | | 23.46 | 0 | 4.46 | 0.76 | Cb |
| matlab-build-1.chtc.wisc. | edu x64/ | SL6 | 1 | 12 | | 23.45 | 11 | 13.45 | 0.00 | * * |
| matlab-build-5.chtc.wisc. | edu x64/ | SL6 | 0 | 24 | | 23.45 | 24 | 23.45 | 0.04 | Ui |
| mem1.chtc.wisc.edu | x64/ | SL6 | 24 | 80 | | 1009.67 | 8 | 0.17 | 0.60 | * * |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tota | l Owner | Claimed | Unclain | ned M | atched | Preempti | ing Back | fill Dr | ain | |
| x64/SL6 1041 | 6 0 | 9984 | 4 | 127 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 5 | |
| x64/WinVista | 2 2 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total 1041 | 8 2 | 9984 | 4 | 127 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 5 | |

Testing and Troubleshooting

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What Can Go Wrong?

- Jobs can go wrong "internally":
 - something happens after the executable begins to run
- Jobs can go wrong from HTCondor's perspective:
 - A job can't be started at all,
 - Uses too much memory,
 - Has a badly formatted executable,
 - And more...



"Live" Troubleshooting

To log in to a job where it is running, use:
 condor_ssh_to_job JobId

```
$ condor_ssh_to_job 128.0
Welcome to slot1_31@e395.chtc.wisc.edu!
Your condor job is running with pid(s) 3954839.
```



Reviewing Failed Jobs

 A job's log, output and error files can provide valuable information for troubleshooting

| Log | Output | Error |
|--|--|----------------------------------|
| When jobs were submitted, started, and stopped Resources used Exit status Where job ran Interruption reasons | Any "print" or "display" information from your program | Captured by the operating system |

Reviewing Recent Jobs

- To review a large group of jobs at once, use condor_history
 [U/C/J]
- As condor_q is to the present, condor_history is to the past

```
$ condor history alice
                                             COMPLETED
ID
        OWNER
                 SUBMITTED
                             RUN TIME
                                                         CMD
189.1012 alice
                 5/11 09:52
                              0+00:07:37 C
                                             5/11 16:00 /home/alice
189.1002 alice
                 5/11 09:52
                                             5/11 16:00 /home/alice
                              0+00:08:03 C
189.1081 alice
                 5/11 09:52
                              0+00:03:16 C
                                             5/11 16:00 /home/alice
               5/11 09:52
                                             5/11 16:00 /home/alice
189.944 alice
                              0+00:11:15 C
189.659 alice
                 5/11 09:52
                              0+00:26:56 C
                                             5/11 16:00 /home/alice
189.1003 alice
                 5/11 09:52
                              0+00:07:38 C
                                             5/11 15:59 /home/alice
189.962 alice
                 5/11 09:52
                              0+00:09:36 C
                                             5/11 15:59 /home/alice
189.898
        alice
                 5/11 09:52
                              0+00:13:47 C
                                             5/11 15:59 /home/alice
```



Held Jobs

- HTCondor will put your job on hold if there's something YOU need to fix.
- A job that goes on hold is interrupted (all progress is lost) and kept from running again, but remains in the queue in the "H" state.



\$ condor_q -nobatch
ID OWNER SOMMITTED RUN_TIME ST PRI SIZE CMD
128.0 alice 5/9 11:09 0+00:00:00 H 0 0.0 analyze.exe
1 jobs; 0 completed, 0 removed, 0 idle, 0 running, 1 held, 0 suspended

Diagnosing Holds

 If HTCondor puts jobs on hold, it provides a hold reason, which can be viewed with:

condor_q -hold

```
$ condor_q -hold
ID OWNER HELD_SINCE HOLD_REASON
125.0 bob     5/09 17:12 Error from slot1_1@wid=003.chtc.wisc.edu: Job has
   gone over memory limit of 2048 megabytes.
128.0 alice     5/11 12:06 Error from slot1_11@e138.chtc.wisc.edu: STARTER
   at 128.104.101.138 failed to send file(s) to <128.104.101.92:9618>; SHADOW at
   128.104.101.92 failed to write to file /home/alice/Test_18925319_16.err:
   (errno 122) Disk quota exceeded
131.0 bob     5/12 09:02 Error from slot1_38@e270.chtc.wisc.edu: Failed
   to execute '/var/lib/condor/execute/slot1/dir_2471876/condor_exec.exe' with
   arguments 2: (errno=2: 'No such file or directory')
```

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Fixing Holds

Job attributes can be edited while jobs are in the queue using:

```
condor_qedit [U/C/J] Attribute Value
```

```
$ condor_qedit 128.0 RequestMemory 3072
Set attribute "RequestMemory".
```

• If a job has been fixed and can run again, release it with:

```
condor_release [U/C/J]
```

```
$ condor_release 128.0
Job 18933774.0 released
```



Holding or Removing Jobs

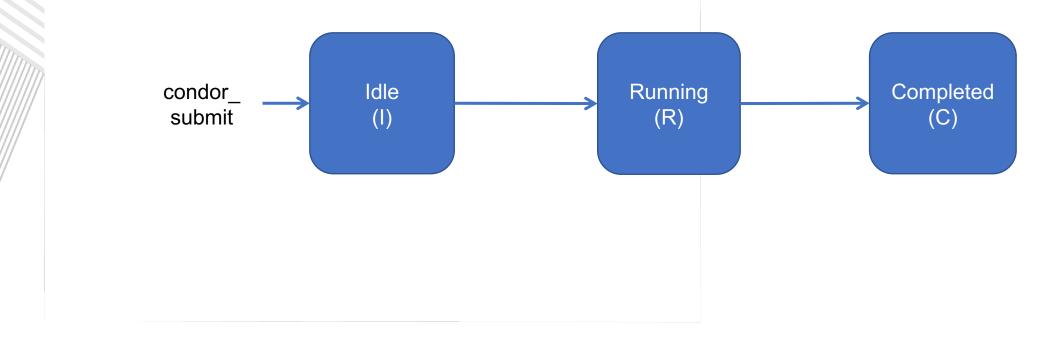
- If you know your job has a problem and it hasn't yet completed, you can:
 - Place it on hold yourself, with condor_hold [U/C/J]

```
$ condor_hold bob
All jobs of user "bob" have been held
$ condor_hold 128
All jobs in cluster 128 have been held
$ condor_hold 128.0
Job 128.0 held
```

• Remove it from the queue, using condor_rm [U/C/J]

HTCondor Manual: condor_hold HTCondor Manual: condor_rm

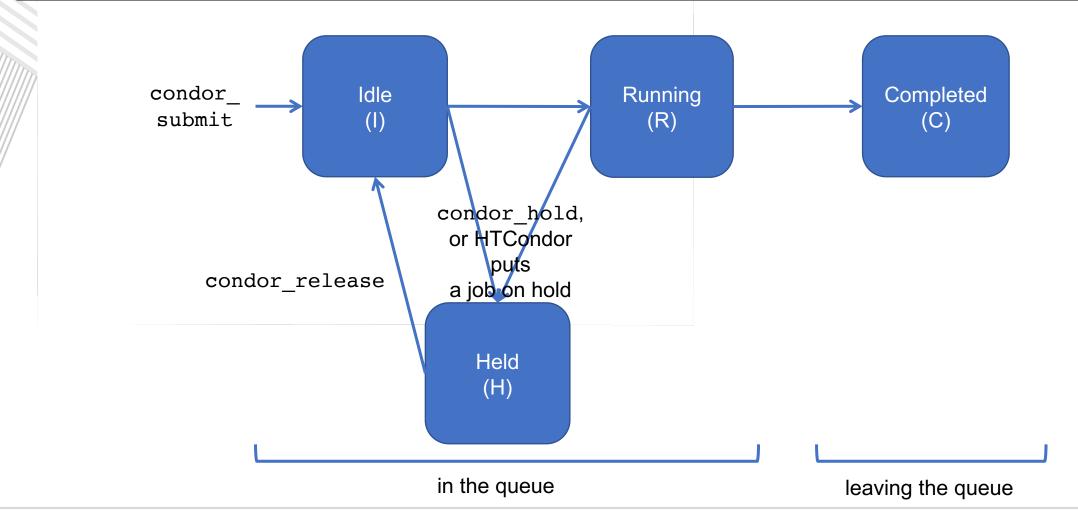
Job States, Revisited



in the queue leaving the queue



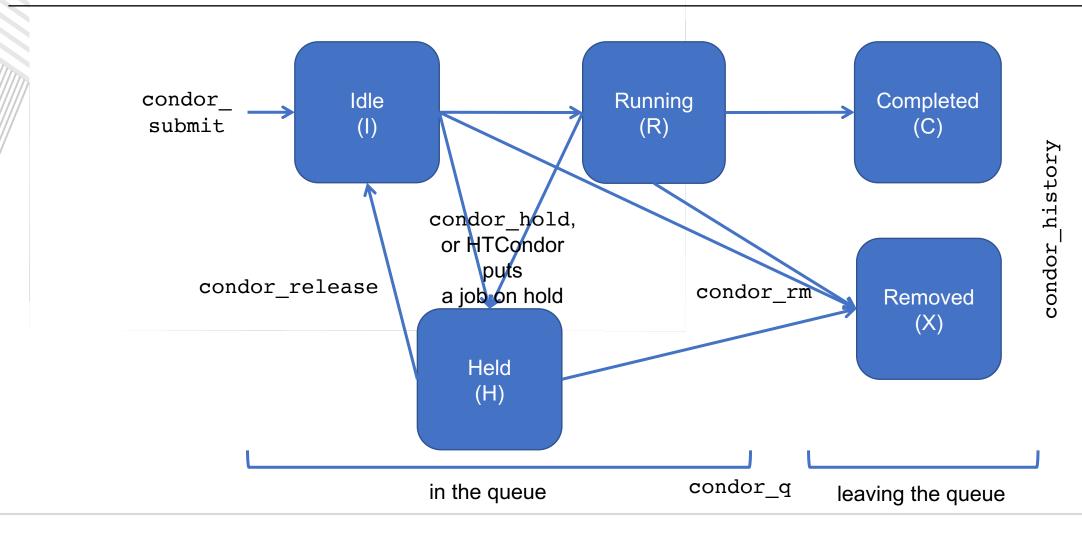
Job States, Revisited





Job States, Revisited*

*not comprehensive



Use Cases and HTCondor Features



Interactive Jobs

 An interactive job proceeds like a normal batch job, but opens a bash session into the job's execution directory instead of running an executable.

```
condor_submit -i submit_file
```

```
$ condor_submit -i interactive.submit
Submitting job(s).
1 job(s) submitted to cluster 18980881.
Waiting for job to start...
Welcome to slot1_9@e184.chtc.wisc.edu!
```

Useful for testing and troubleshooting



Self-Checkpointing

- By default, a job that is interrupted will start from the beginning if it is restarted.
- It is possible to implement self-checkpointing, which will allow a job to restart from a saved state if interrupted.
- Self-checkpointing is useful for:
 - very long jobs
 - running on opportunistic resources.



Self-Checkpointing How-To

- Edit executable:
 - Regularly exit with a non-zero exit code, after saving intermediate states to a checkpoint file
 - Always check for a checkpoint file when starting
- Add HTCondor options that transfer checkpoint files back to the Access Point and then restarts the executable:

```
checkpoint_exit_code = 85
transfer_checkpoint_files = check.point
```

See Todd Miller's afternoon talk: Self-Checkpointing Jobs



Job Universes

- HTCondor has different "universes" for running specialized job types
 - HTCondor Manual: Choosing an HTCondor Universe
- Vanilla (default)
 - good for most software
 - HTCondor Manual: Vanilla Universe
 - Set in the submit file using:

```
universe = vanilla
```

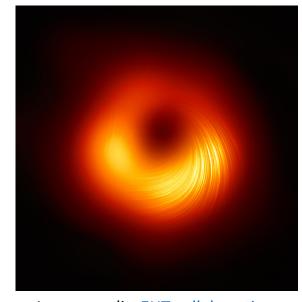
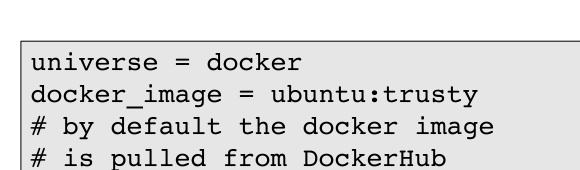
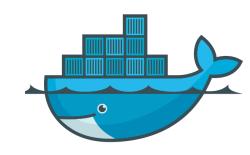


Image credit: EHT collaboration

Docker Universe

- Use docker universe to
 - Run jobs inside a Docker container
 - HTCondor Manual: Docker Universe Applications





Execute Node



Multi-CPU and GPU Computing

 Jobs that use multiple cores on a single computer can be run in the vanilla universe (parallel universe not needed):

```
request_cpus = 16
```

• If there are computers with GPUs, request them with:

```
request_gpus = 1
```

Automation



Automation

- After job submission, HTCondor manages jobs based on its configuration
- You can use options that will customize job management even further
- These options can automate when jobs are started, stopped, and removed.



Photo by Mixabest on WikiMedia, CC-BY-S

Retries

- **Problem**: a small number of jobs fail; if they run again, they complete successfully.
- **Solution**: If the job exits with an error, leave it in the queue to run again. This is done via the automatic option max retries.

max_retries = 5

Limiting Jobs

- Problem: Submitting more than a few thousand jobs to the queue at once
- **Solution**: Use the max_idle option. This limits the number of jobs submitted at one time, but allows there to always be idle jobs ready to run.

 $max_idle = 1000$

Useful Job Attributes for Automation

- Current Time: current time
- EnteredCurrentStatus: time of last status change
- ExitCode: the exit code from the job
- HoldReasonCode: number corresponding to a hold reason
- NumJobStarts: how many times the job has gone from idle to running
- JobStatus: number indicating idle, running, held, etc.

HTCondor Manual: Appendix A: JobStatus and HoldReason Codes



Automatically Hold Jobs

- Problem: Your job should run in 2 hours or less, but a few jobs "hang" randomly and run for days
- **Solution**: Put jobs on hold if they run for over 2 hours, using a periodic hold statement

```
job is running
```

Automatically Release Jobs

- Problem (related to previous): A few jobs are being held for running long; they will complete if they run again.
- Solution: automatically release those held jobs with a periodic_release option, up to 3 times

```
job is held

periodic_release = (JobStatus == 5) &&
    (HoldReasonCode == 3) && (NumJobStarts < 3)

job was put on hold
by periodic_hold

job has started running
less than 3 times</pre>
```

Automatically Remove Jobs

- Problem: Jobs are repetitively failing
- Solution: Remove jobs from the queue using a periodic_remove statement

```
periodic_remove = (NumJobStarts > 5)
```

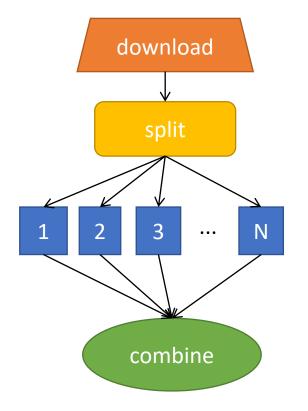
job has started running more than 5 times



Workflows

- Problem: Want to submit jobs in a particular order, with dependencies between groups of jobs
- Solution: Write a DAG

 To learn about this, stay for the later talk, <u>DAGMan: HTCondor and</u> <u>Workflows</u> by Lauren Michael.





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