



Feasibility Study of Measuring the Higgs Self-coupling Using the Muon Collider

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Summer plan

- Maybe GRE and PhyGRE prep in the last month of summer



Ideas on $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu HH \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu b \bar{b} \tau \tau$

- Both hadronic decay $\nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu b \bar{b} \tau_h \tau_h$, Branching ratio = 41%
- One hadronic decay, one leptonic decay $\nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu b \bar{b} \tau_l \tau_h$, Branching ratio = 46%
- Both leptonic decay $\nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu b \bar{b} \tau_l \tau_l$, Branching ratio = 13%

Start with both hadronic decay



Implementing TauTagging module for anti-kt jets

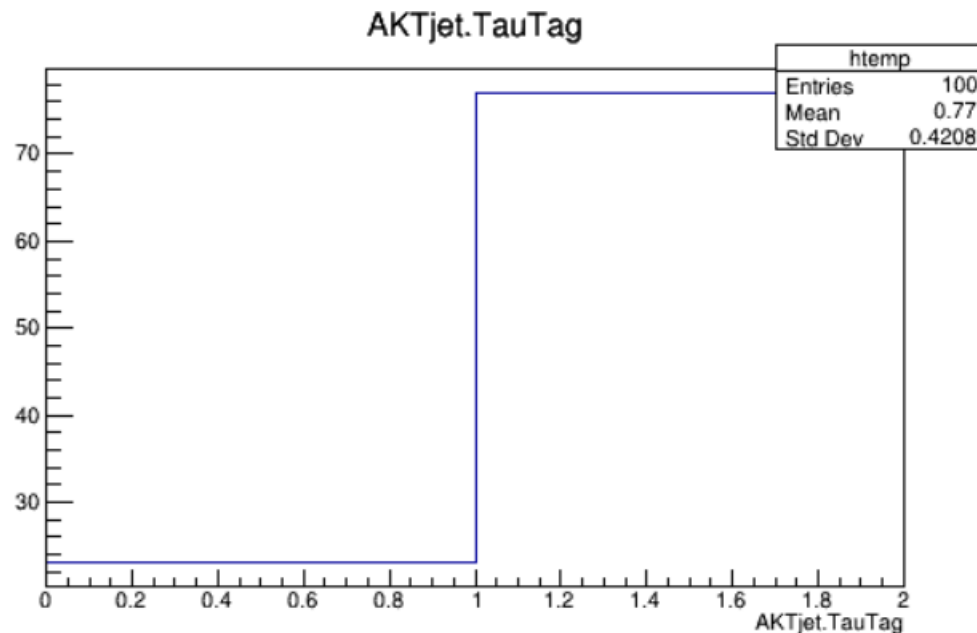
- No general mis-tag rate: drop from ~ 20000 to ~ 16500

```
#####  
# Anti-KT jets Tau-Tagging Module  
#####  
module TauTagging AKT_TauTagging_R05_inclusive {  
  set ParticleInputArray Delphes/allParticles  
  set PartonInputArray Delphes/partons  
  set JetInputArray FastJetFinderAKt/AKTjets  
  set DeltaR 0.5  
  set TauPTMin 1.0  
  set TauEtaMax 2.5  
  add EfficiencyFormula {0} {0}  
  add EfficiencyFormula {11} {0.001}  
  add EfficiencyFormula {15} {  
    (pt < 10) * (0.0) +  
    (pt >=10) * (0.80)  
  }  
}
```



Test with $H \rightarrow \tau \tau$ at 10 TeV

- Highly boosted Higgs produce two tau jet that merge into one:

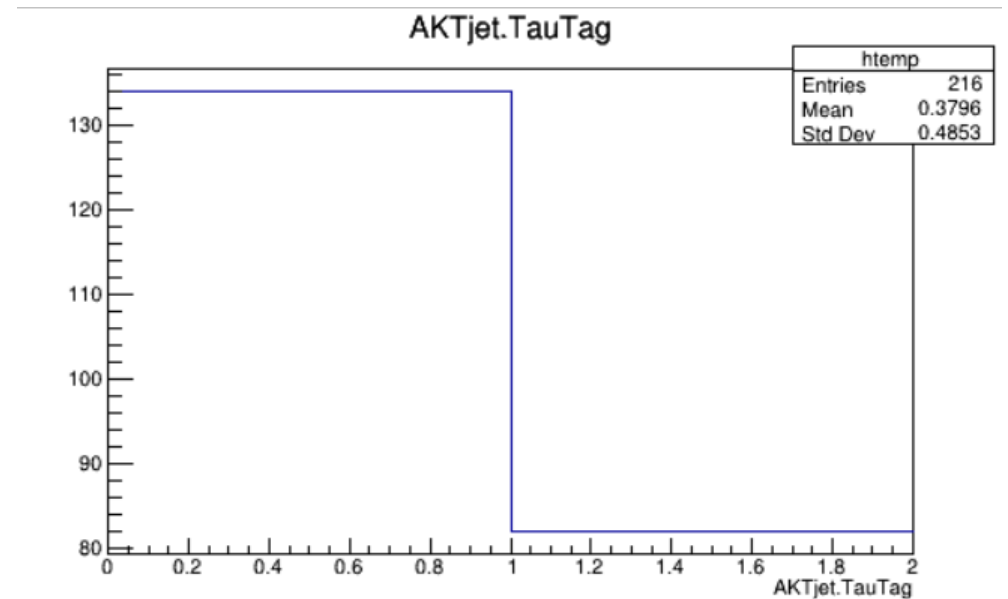




Test with HH \rightarrow bbtautau at 10 TeV

- If tau jets doesn't merge by boosting, we expect $(13*2+46*3+41*4) = 328$ jets with 128 tau-tagged
- If tau jets merged as Higgs are boosted, we expect $(13*2+46*3+41*3) = 287$ jets with 87 tau-tagged
- It seems we should deal with $\tau_h\tau_h$ and $\tau_l\tau_h$ at the same time.

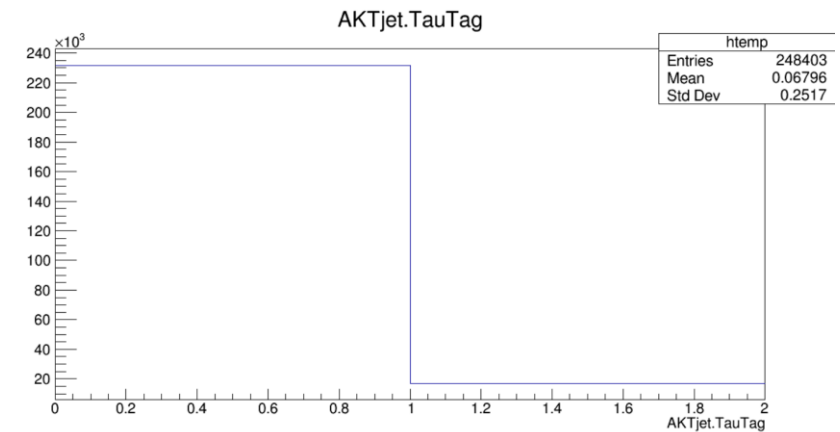
$216/328*128=84$, boost effect?





Generating 100k events of HH at 10 TeV

- Neglected boosted higgs effect
- Wrong calculation last time:
 - $100000 * 7.3% * (46% + 2 * 41%) = 9344$ X
- Correct calculation: Very close to what we have !
 - $100000 * \{ [(2 * 6.28%) - (6.28% * 6.28%)] * (46% + 41% * 2) + (6.28% * 6.28%) * (46% + 41% * 2) * 2 \} = 16581$
- Green part for the percentage that only one of the Higgs decays to two tau
- Blue part for the expected tau-tagged jet from one Higgs decays to two tau
- Purple part for the percentage that both Higgs decays to two tau





Next step:

- Run 100k events specificy HH to bbtatau, compare with no specification in order to see whether it is one or two tau-tagged jets for the case which both tau decays hadronically.



Ideas on $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu HH \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu b \bar{b} \tau_h \tau_h$

- Signal: $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu HH \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu b \bar{b} \tau_h \tau_h$
- Background:
 - $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu q \bar{q} \tau_h \tau_h, :$
 - $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu q \bar{q} H(\tau_h \tau_h).$
 - $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \nu_\mu \bar{\nu}_\mu Z(q \bar{q}) H(\tau_h \tau_h).$