

Instrumental Systematics for HERA

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Preliminaries

• Terminology may be specific to the EoR, but technical challenges are generally similar for low and high-z telescopes

- In some cases (for coupling mitigation), the techniques described assume drift-scan observations
- Calibration -> direction-independent calibration
- "fringe-rate" is the Fourier dual to observing time (e.g. LST)

Hydrogen Epoch of Reionization Array

• 350 14-m dishes (0.05 km²) DeBoer et al. 2017

Observing 50 - 250 MHz (4.7 < z < 27.4)

ERA

300 m





Phase I & II: two distinct telescopes

Phase I dipole with cage (retired 2018)

Phase II Vivaldi w/o cage (present)





150 m coax -> AMP -> 20 m coax

500 m optical fiber

DeBoer et al. 2017, Fagnoni et al. 2019

Fagnoni et al. 2021

Context: HERA's recent limits (Phase I)



HERA Collaboration 2022a, 2022b

Phase I systematics

Fourier transform of the gains show the limiting systematics



Phase I systematics



Visibilities show the impact of cross coupling in Phase I



Reflections: autocorrelation peak finding

 Derive per-antenna reflection parameters which are combined with the smoothed gains

 $A_{11}e^{2\pi i\tau_{11}\nu+i\phi_{11}}$

Autos have high SNR, and have minimal overlap with cross corrs



Reflections: autocorrelation peak finding

· Can include more terms to reduce "shoulder"



Reflections: autocorrelation peak finding

Extra degrees of freedom not lossy in cross correlations



Phase I cross coupling model

- The coupling systematic in Phase I visibilities is very bright
- Occupies a wide range of delays
- Confined to low fringe-rates



Phase I cross coupling model

 The model that describes this is a coupling term in a two-antenna system



Kern et al. 2019

- This creates a copy of the auto-corr in the cross-corr, which explains the low fringe-rate footprint (autos are slowly time variable)
- Culprit was likely a malfunctioning node.
 See Kern et al. 2019b (HERA Memo #64) and Dillon et al. 2022 (HERA Memo #104) for more details. See also Fagnoni et al. 2019 for mutual coupling EM sims.

Fringe-rate filtering as a mitigation strategy

• For **drift-scan observations**, the sky moves through the baseline fringes, creating a distinct sinusoidal response



Effective fringe-rate in the visibilities



Parsons et al. 2016

Confirming intuition with simulations

Foreground visibility simulation for HERA but with the coupling terms included show expected footprint in fringe-rate & delay space



The actual algorithm is a combination of SVD to isolate specific delay modes and GPR to isolate the low-fringe rate modes. See Kern2019 for details.

Kern et al. 2019

Combined result on power spectra

Reflection and cross coupling mitigation enable high dynamic ranges recovery of the noise floor in integrated Phase I data



Kern et al. 2020b

Combined result on power spectra

Reflection and cross coupling mitigation enable high dynamic ranges recovery of the noise floor in integrated Phase I data



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Largely noise dominated outside wedge

top: measured power bottom: ratio with noise floor |b| [meters] 206080 100 10^{14} $P(k_{\parallel},k_{\perp}) \; [\mathrm{mK}^2 \; h^{-3} \; \mathrm{Mpc}^3]$ Band 2, Field 1 10^{0} $k_{\parallel} \left[h \ \mathrm{Mpc}^{-1}
ight]$ 10^{11} -10^{8} < 0 10^0 $P(k_\parallel,k_\perp)/P_{
m N}(k_\parallel,k_\perp)$ $k_{\parallel} \left[h \ \mathrm{Mpc}^{-1}
ight]$ 0 10^{-2} $k_{\perp} \; [h \; \mathrm{Mpc}^{-1}]$

2D power spectra for cleanest field

1D power spectra yielding new limits at low k, marginal systematic detections



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Phase II challenges

 No cage means less dish reflections, and no coax means less cable reflections



Phase II challenges

- No cage means less dish reflections, and no coax means less cable reflections
- However, Vivaldi structures are more exposed to each other



Phase II challenges

 Higher order semi-analytic data model needed when multipathway coupling is important

Aggressive fringe-rate filtering may help but can also be lossy.
 Currently work in progress.



Summary

 HERA Phase I sees strong reflection and coupling systematics, but have been mitigated by orders of magnitude to yield the most sensitive limits at z~8

• Exploiting time correlations of the systematic with drift-scans has been key to separating cross coupling from the cosmological signal

• HERA Phase II sees less reflections but more complex mutual coupling. Fringe-rate filtering will help but this is work in progress

