Exciting Results In B_c Physics

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About the B_c Meson

- *B_c* mesons are heaviest known mesons composed of different flavored quarks.
- First observed at the Tevatron (15 years ago!) in the $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \mu^+ \nu X$ channel and subsequently in the $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+$ channel.
 - These channels were used to make measurements of the mass and lifetime, and make measurements on production properties.
- There has since been a large amount of theoretical studies of these particles
- On experimental side, still largely unexplored.
 - With the start up of the LHC, they are finally being produced copiously enough to study in detail and put the theory to the test.

What makes this meson interesting?

- The two quarks of different flavors mean it only can decay weakly.
- Despite b quark being heavier, decays through it are suppressed by small CKM matrix element meaning the bottom and charm quark decays compete with each other.
 - Decay rates are appreciable for c quark (70%) and b quark decays (20%), as well as annihilation (10%), leading to rich landscape of possible decays
- Two heavy quarks means it is an ideal laboratory for the study of heavy quark dynamics.
- Their study can test a range of phenomenological models and can provide information about the parameters of weak Lagrangian and hadronic matrix elements.

New Decay Channels At LHCb

• The third ever decay channel was observed in the decay $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+$ and its branching fraction relative to previously observed $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+$ was measured to be

$$\frac{BR(B_c^+ \to J/\psi \,\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+)}{BR(B_c^+ \to J/\psi \,\pi^+)} = 2.41 \,\pm 0.30(stat) \pm 0.33(syst)$$

- This was first ever test of theoretical prediction of B_c^+ branching fractions.
- Good agreement is seen, with theory predictions ranging from 1.5-2.3



Observation of $B_c^+ \rightarrow B_s^0 \pi^+$

• The first observation of B_c^+ decaying via c quark, and first case of B meson decaying to another B meson via weak interaction.

• And the measurement was made for: $\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B_s^0)} \times BR(B_c^+ \to B_s^0 \pi^+) = (2.37 \pm 0.31(stat) \pm 0.11(syst)^{+0.17}_{-0.13}(\tau_{B_c^+})) \times 10^{-3}$



Further Measurements

• Other new decay channels observed at LHCb consist of $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$, $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ K^- \pi^+$, $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^+$, and $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^{*+}$

► Using $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi D_s^+$ the most precise measurement of mass to date was also obtained: 6276.28 ± 1.44 ± 0.36 MeV/ c^2

• The production properties relative to B^+ was also measured

 $\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B^+)} \frac{BR(B_c^+ \to J/\psi\pi^+)}{BR(B^+ \to J/\psiK^+)} = \left(0.68 \pm 0.10(stat) \pm 0.03 \pm 0.05(\tau_{B_c^+}) \right) \%$ For $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, $p_T > 4$ GeV, 2.5 $< \eta < 4.5$

• A similar measurement was made my CDF

$$\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B^+)} \frac{BR(B_c^+ \to J/\psi\mu^+\nu)}{BR(B^+ \to J/\psi K^+)} = (29.5 \pm 4.0(stat)^{+10.7}_{-7.6} \pm 3.6(p_T \ spec))\%$$

For $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV, $p_T > 4$ GeV, $|\eta| < 1.0$

• This measurement leads to order of magnitude discrepancy when compared with theory predictions for $\frac{\sigma(B_c^+)}{\sigma(B^+)}$ and $BR(B_c^+ \to J/\psi \mu^+ v)$.

Further production/branching ratio measurements needed to diagnose what is at fault! What else are we excited about?

- More decay channels waiting to be observed, and to be compared to theory.
- Lifetime measurements! PDG lifetime value currently only 7.3% precision. Better statistics will allow for more precise lifetime measurements. This will have important implications for both experiment and theory.
 - Lifetime uncertainty is sizeable systematic error in many analyses.
 - Will provide information on charm and beauty quark mass and normalization point of non-leptonic weak Lagrangian in B⁺_c decays.
- Search for excited states? Spectrum can be calculated reliably via QCD motivated potentials as well as sum rules.
- More interesting physics certain to be extracted from B_c^+ mesons in the future as well!