

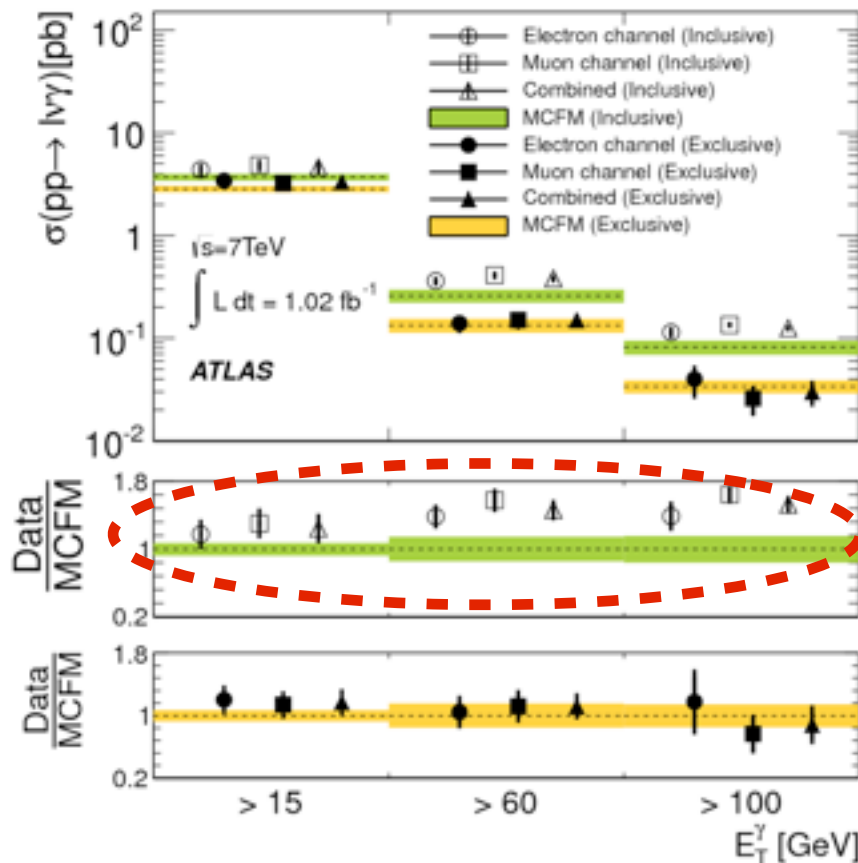
# Cross-Section Measurement of $Z(\nu\nu)\gamma$ in the ATLAS Detector

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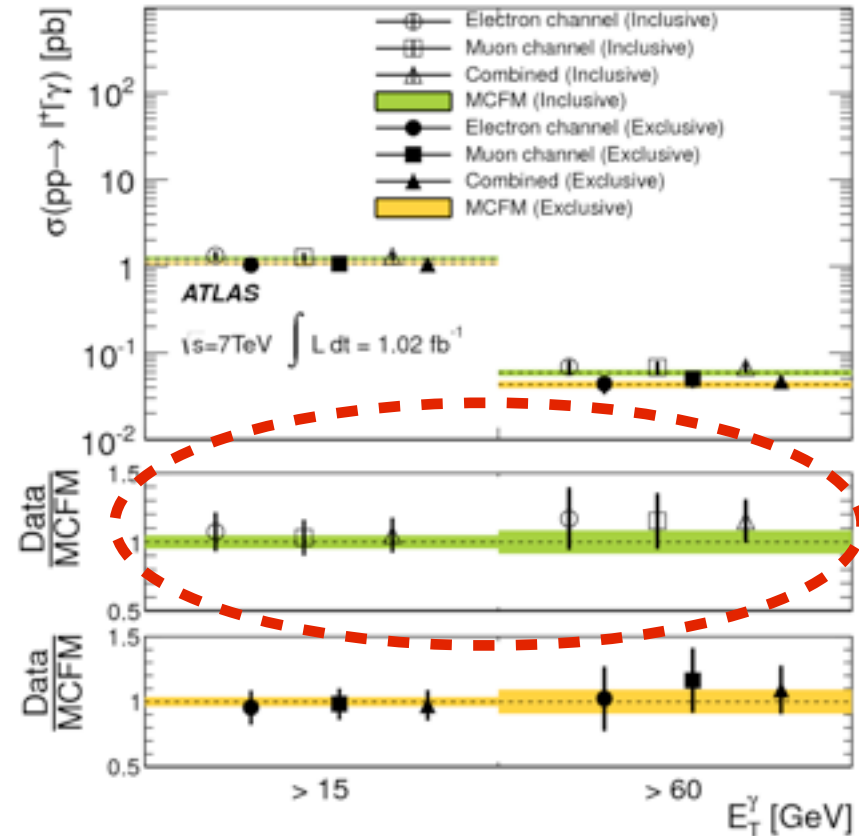
# Why Bother?

- ▶ It has been used as a background for exotic photon + met analyses
  - but (!) Hadn't been measured at ATLAS before
- ▶ If we can collect a pure sample  $Z(\nu\nu)\gamma$  events can help constrain limits on aTGC more than  $Z(l\bar{l})\gamma$
- ▶ Small  $W(l\nu)\gamma$  excess over predictions from previous  $Z(l\bar{l})\gamma$  and  $W(l\nu)\gamma$  analysis
- ▶ Is the excess just  $W\gamma$ ? Or did we not have enough  $Z\gamma$  events?

$W\gamma$



$Z\gamma$



Incl.

0 jet

# Data Sample and Kinematic Cuts

- ▶ Used full 7 TeV dataset =  $4.64 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- ▶ Lowest energy, non-prescaled single photon trigger:
  - photon with  $E_T > 80 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ Photon Cut:  $E_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - Chosen to be consistent with  $W\gamma$  and  $Z(\text{ll})\gamma$
- ▶ Exactly 0 electrons, and exactly 0 muons
- ▶ Require Missing  $E_T > 90 \text{ GeV}$ 
  - Negative vector sum of all energy deposits
  
- ▶ **Largest SM backgrounds:**
  - $W(\text{ev})$ : electron is misidentified as a photon
  - $W(\text{lv})\gamma$ : do not detect the charged lepton
  - $Z(\text{vv})+\text{jets}$ : jet  $\rightarrow$  photon
  
- ▶ **Performed two simultaneous measurements:**
  - Requiring exactly 0 jets (exclusive), and any number of jets (inclusive)

## Putting Everything Together in Tables

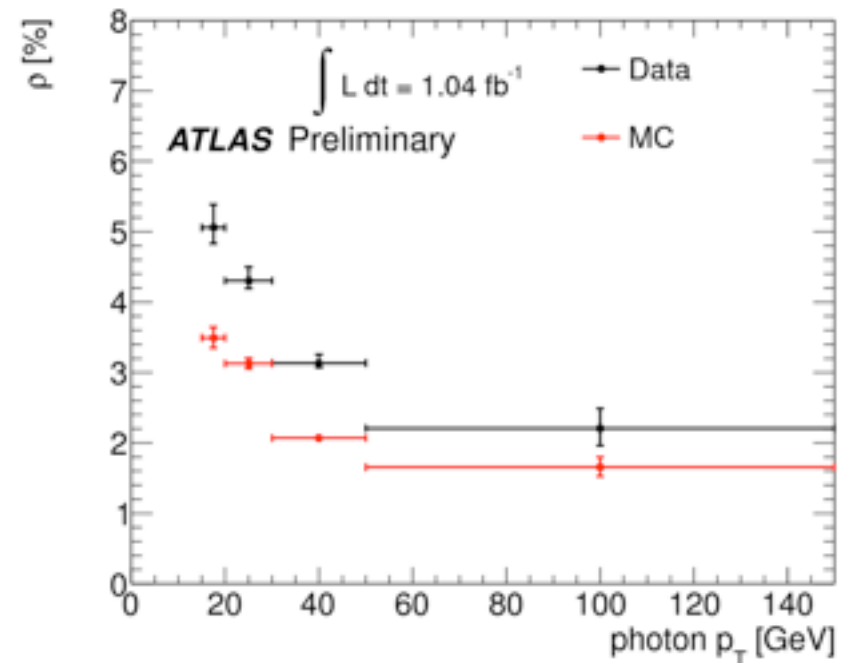
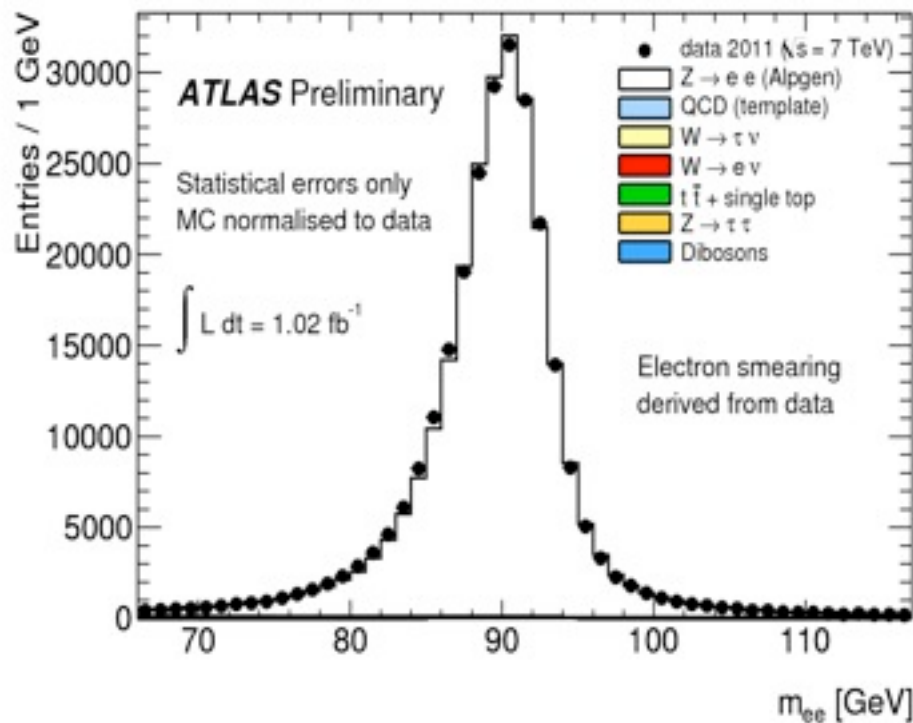
	$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$ $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$	$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$ $N_{\text{jet}} = 0$
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{obs}}$	1094	662
$W(e\nu)$	$171 \pm 2 \pm 17$	$132 \pm 2 \pm 13$
$Z(\nu\bar{\nu})+\text{jets, multi-jet}$	$70 \pm 13 \pm 14$	$29 \pm 5 \pm 3$
$W\gamma$	$238 \pm 12 \pm 37$	$104 \pm 9 \pm 24$
$\gamma+\text{jets}$	$168 \pm 20 \pm 42$	$26 \pm 7 \pm 11$
$Z(\tau^+\tau^-)\gamma$	$11.7 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.9$	$6.5 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.6$
$t\bar{t}$	$11 \pm 1.2 \pm 1.0$	$0.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.1$
$N_{Z\gamma}^{\text{sig}}$	$420 \pm 42 \pm 60$	$360 \pm 29 \pm 30$

[\*Phys. Lett. B 717 \(2012\) 49-69\*](#)

Data-Driven

# Measuring the $W(e\nu)$ background

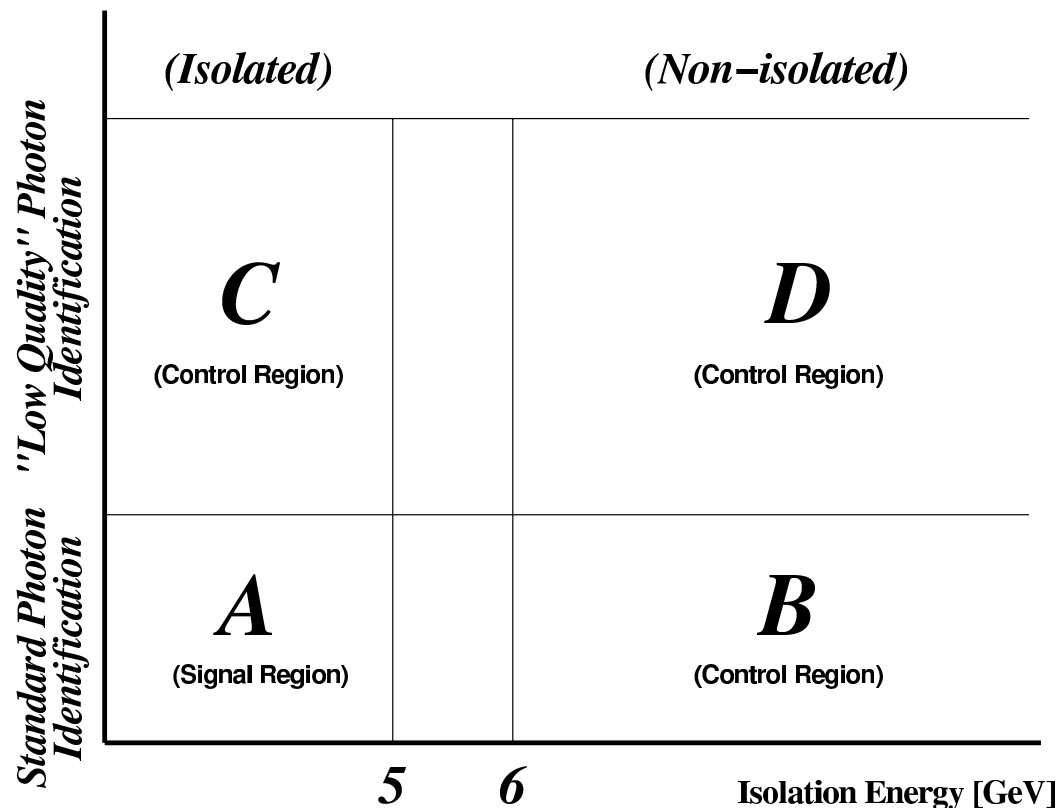
- ▶ Know that electrons can and do fake photons
- ▶  $Z(ee)$  events reconstructed as  $Z(e\gamma)$  gives a perfect control sample
- ▶ Need at least one electron or the photon to have  $E_T > 100$  GeV
- ▶ Use two regions for the higher  $E_T$  object  $|\eta| < 1.37$  and  $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.47$



2% for the central region, and 6% for the forward region

# Jets misidentified as photons

- ▶ Can construct a 2-D grid:
  - ▶ tight and (loose and !tight) and isolation energies
- ▶ Assessing the amount of  $Z(\nu\nu)$  +jets  $\rightarrow$  photon + MET
- ▶ Can calculate the amount in  $A = B \cdot C / D \cdot \text{correlation}$
- ▶ correlation factor comes from  $Z(\nu\nu)$ +jets MC
- ▶ A,B,C, and D corrected from SM processes with real photons
  - $\gamma$ +jets,  $W\gamma$ ,  $Z(l\ell)\gamma$ , ...



Use a region with large statistics to extrapolate into a signal region

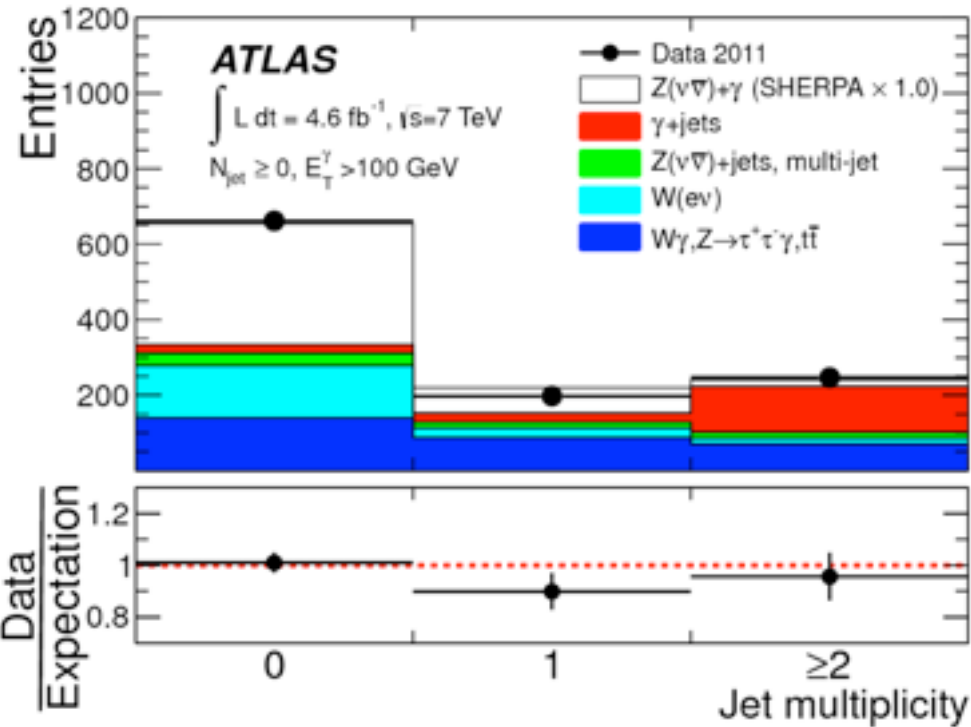
## Measured cross sections in fiducial phase space

	$\sigma^{\text{ext-fid}}$ [pb] Measurement	$\sigma^{\text{ext-fid}}$ [pb] MCFM Prediction
$N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$		
$e^+e^-\gamma$	$1.30 \pm 0.03$ (stat) $\pm 0.13$ (syst) $\pm 0.05$ (lumi)	$1.18 \pm 0.05$
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$1.32 \pm 0.03$ (stat) $\pm 0.11$ (syst) $\pm 0.05$ (lumi)	$1.18 \pm 0.05$
$\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	$1.31 \pm 0.02$ (stat) $\pm 0.11$ (syst) $\pm 0.05$ (lumi)	$1.18 \pm 0.05$
$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$	$0.133 \pm 0.013$ (stat) $\pm 0.020$ (syst) $\pm 0.005$ (lumi)	$0.156 \pm 0.012$
$N_{\text{jet}} = 0$		
$e^+e^-\gamma$	$1.07 \pm 0.03$ (stat) $\pm 0.12$ (syst) $\pm 0.04$ (lumi)	$1.06 \pm 0.05$
$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$	$1.04 \pm 0.03$ (stat) $\pm 0.10$ (syst) $\pm 0.04$ (lumi)	$1.06 \pm 0.05$
$\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$	$1.05 \pm 0.02$ (stat) $\pm 0.10$ (syst) $\pm 0.04$ (lumi)	$1.06 \pm 0.05$
$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma$	$0.116 \pm 0.010$ (stat) $\pm 0.013$ (syst) $\pm 0.004$ (lumi)	$0.115 \pm 0.009$

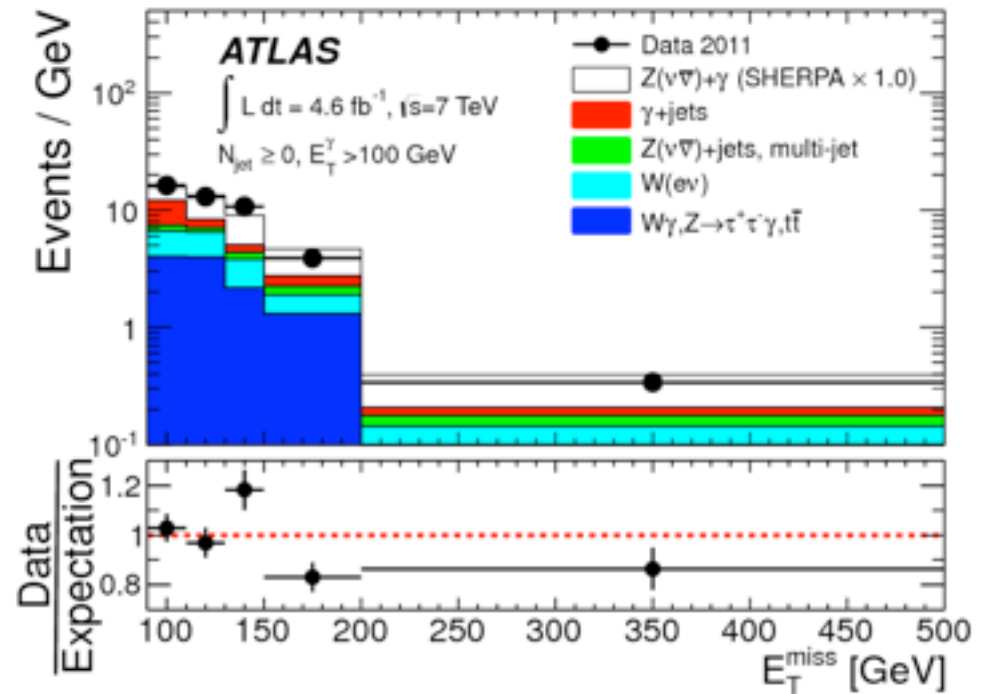
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- ▶  $Z\gamma$  measurements are all consistent with MCFM predictions

# How does data compare to simulation?



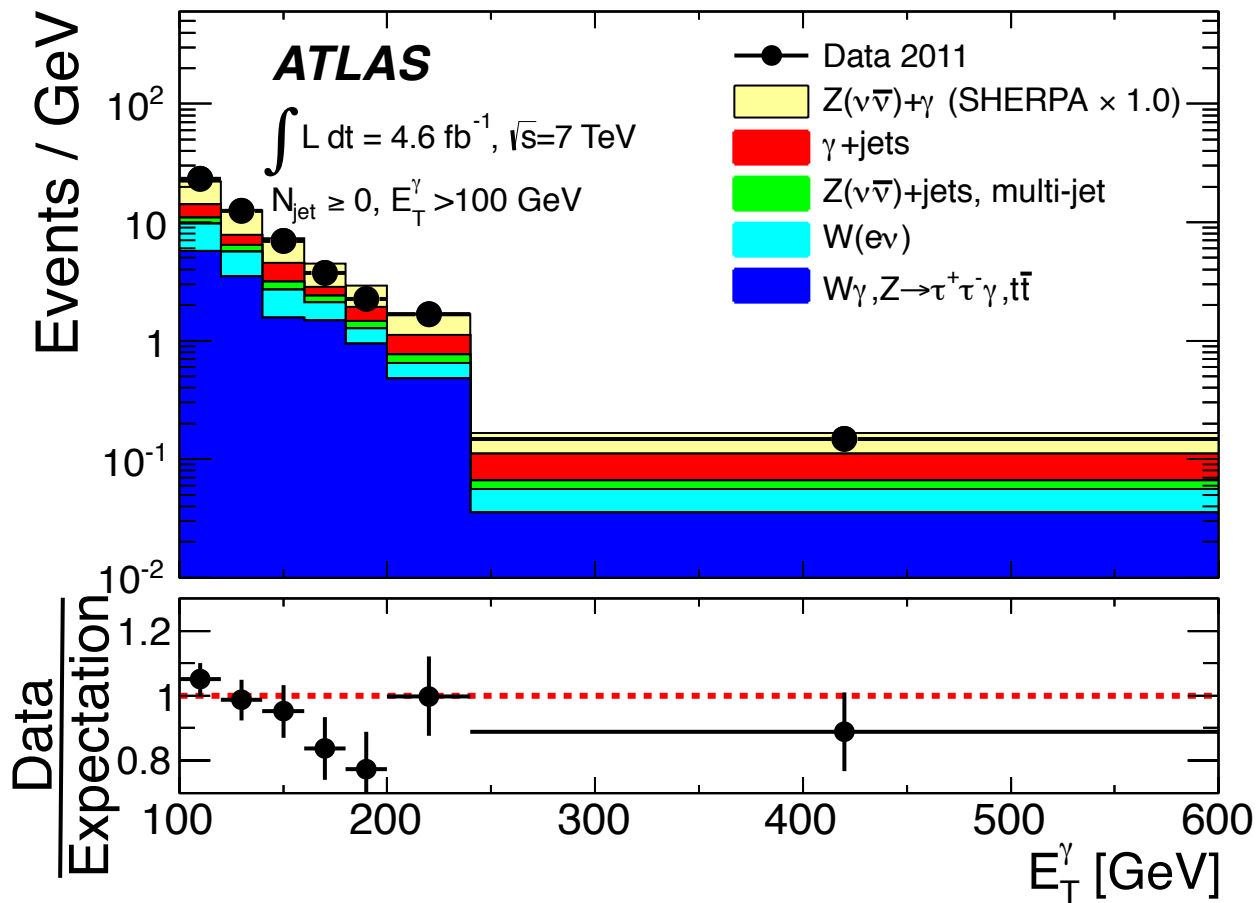
Inclusive jets sample, shows agreement



Agreement in the Missing  $E_T$  sample



# Photon $E_T$ in the $Z(\nu\nu)\gamma$



## Conclusions

- ▶  $Z\gamma$  cross sections have been measured in both inclusive and exclusive jet multiplicity
- ▶ See very good agreement between  $Z\gamma$  and theoretical predictions
- ▶ Improvements to selection and analysis have been identified

# 1-Dimensional Limit Setting on aTGC

	Measured	Expected
processes	$pp \rightarrow \nu\nu\gamma$ and $pp \rightarrow l^+l^-\gamma$	
$\Lambda$	$\infty$	$\infty$
$h_3^\gamma$	(-0.015, 0.016)	(-0.017, 0.018)
$h_3^Z$	(-0.013, 0.014)	(-0.015, 0.016)
$h_4^\gamma$	(-0.000094, 0.000092)	(-0.00010, 0.00010)
$h_4^Z$	(-0.000087, 0.000087)	(-0.000097, 0.000097)
$\Lambda$	3 TeV	3 TeV
$h_3^\gamma$	(-0.023, 0.024)	(-0.027, 0.028)
$h_3^Z$	(-0.018, 0.020)	(-0.022, 0.024)
$h_4^\gamma$	(-0.00037, 0.00036)	(-0.00043, 0.00042)
$h_4^Z$	(-0.00031, 0.00031)	(-0.00037, 0.00036)

$$h_3^V(s) = h_3^V / (1 + \hat{s} / \Lambda^2)^3 \text{ and } h_4^V(s) = h_4^V / (1 + \hat{s} / \Lambda^2)^4$$

## anomalous triple gauge couplings 2-D limits

